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FOURTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 30, 1883. PRICE ONE CENT

CAUGHT WITH EXPLOSIVES

A MAN FROM CORK AND A PORTER TAKEN IN TOW.

The Prisoners Alleged to be Confederates—Some Cunningly Contrived Infernal Machines Seized.

LIVERPOOL, March 29—A man who carried a box containing explosives and infernal machines was arrested here. He had just arrived from Cork. An Irish railway porter, supposed to be an accomplice of the man, was also arrested.

The explosive in the box carried by the men arrested here was nitro-glycerine. The infernal machines were most cunningly devised. The police are certain the prisoners are confederates, although the porter was arrested at St. Helens. Passengers by the Cork boats have been carefully scrutinized for some days.

CORK, March 29—Featherston, an American, and O'Herlity, a Parnellite, have been arrested here, charged with conspiracy to murder. It is supposed they are connected with the man arrested in Liverpool to-day. The post office here is occupied by police, as threats have been made to blow up the building.

Casmody, a plasterer, has also been arrested. The police are searching for another person who has fled. Documents were found upon O'Herlity. The arrests are believed to be due to information given by the man arrested at Liverpool.

DETERMINED TO DIE.

A Murderer Shoots Himself Five Times in The Head.

HALIFAX, March 29.—Eaton, the Calais homicide, shot himself yesterday on the Quebec train bound for Halifax, when between Amhurst and Truro. He was taken off at Truro and conveyed to the hotel, where he was attended by two doctors. He had shot himself in the head five times. All the bullets have been extracted except one, which lodges in his head back of the left ear. This is a very serious wound; the other wounds are not bad. He was arrested last night, and as soon as sufficiently recovered to be moved will be taken back to Calais to stand his trial. He seems to feel his position very keenly, and says he had no motive for shooting either his brother or Kelly. He admits he was under the influence of liquor at the time and he did not know what he was doing.

THOSE TERRIBLE INDIANS.

Wholesale Slaughter of Whites in New Mexico and Arizona.

SILVER CITY, N.M., March 29.—Judge McCallas, of this city, formerly of Illinois, en route to Pyramid City with his wife and child, have been killed by Apaches in Thompson Canon, 25 miles northeast of here. The wife and child are prisoners. A party have left to bring in the body. A large body of armed citizens are now equipping to follow the trail. The soldiers stationed at Fort Bayard are all in the field. The country west of here is reported full of Indians. Several camps along the Gila have been attacked. Probably 50 whites have been murdered in the last four days. The Arizona reports are to the effect that the Indians threatened the annihilation of all the whites in Grant county.

A NEW TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

Italy, Austria, and Germany against France.

ROME, March 29—The recent speech of Mancini, minister af foreign affairs, regarding the relations of Italy, Germany and Austria is believed to refer to the defensive triple alliance against France with whom all are agreed to endeavor to maintain friendship. Should one of the three be compelled to make war against France, the others pledge themselves to maintain a neutral attitude, even if they do not aid in carrying out the war.

LADY DIXIE REFUTED.

A Gentleman Declares he Saw her the Whole Time she Was Out.

LONDON, March 29—A gentleman from Eton of high position has deposed that he saw Lady Florence Dixie the whole time she was standing on the spot where the alleged outrage was committed, and saw her walk away without anybody accosting her.

EGAN'S NEW YORK INTERVIEW.

Anna Parnell Doubts that he made Statements Attributed to him.

DUBLIN, March 29.—Anna Parnell in a published letter states she doubts that Egan made the statements relative to the affairs of the ladies' land league contained in his interview printed in the New York newspapers on the 14th inst.

ENGLISH TELEGRAPHY.

A Reduction in Rates Agreed to by the House of Commons.

LONDON, March 29—In the house of commons a motion in favor of six penny telegrams was adopted by 68 to 50 The government opposed the motion.

None But Union Men.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29—The calf kid manufacturers had a conference with the knights of labor. The latter contend that no tanners except union men should be employed. It is understood this proposition will not be acceded to, and a strike is probable to-morrow.

The Results of a Corner in Wheat.

CHICAGO, March 29—The supreme court has filed an opinion in the case of Lester and others against the board of trade in favor of the latter. The suits numbering twenty grew our of the July wheat corner. The market for the close of that month reached $1.36. A large number of operators refused to settle at the figure named The amount thus held back was estimated at from two to three million dollars. The matter has been taken before the arbitration committee of the board. The arbitration committee fixed the settling price at $1 35. The matter was carried into court and the board of trade was enjoined from attempting to discipline members for their failure to pay the difference. The lower court decided that members were amenable to the rates of the board and the court could afford them no relief from obligations voluntarily taken in joining the board. The supreme court sustains this view. The result created considerable excitement on 'change.

TRAFFICKING IN MAN BODIES.

Investigation by a Massachusetts Legislative Committee.

BOSTON, March 29—There was a large attendance at the beginning of the investigation before the legislative committee on the charges of the governor regarding the management of Tewksbury alms houses, selling bodies against the law, etc. Counsel for the officers made a statement denying the charges, but the governor said this was not a trial. He was not a public prosecutor, but present to give evidence by witnesses. "I have neither a white-wash brush nor a blacking brush to use as weapons," said he. Dr. Dixwell, graduate of Harvard medical school, testified that the students received a large number of infant bodies that they bought from Wm. Andrews, janitor, at $5 to $6 each. Andrews said he obtained all the bodies from the almshouse. He has since suicided. Dissection showed in many cases the infants had no food for 24 hours before death. Witness said the bodies were dissected on the same table as animals, and the remains swept in the same receptacle. Adult bodies cost so much the students "chip in" to obtain them. John Chase, an employee in the almshouse in 1880 but subsequently discharged, testified to driving a team containing a large number of bodies from the almshouse to Harvard. He heard Marsh, the assistant-superintendent, received $10 for adult bodies from Harvard and $12 from the female college. There were between three hundred and four hundred deaths a year. Some of the bodies were pickled quietly in pork barrels and sent to Boston by order of Marsh. Sometimes funeral services were held over coffins filled with wood. Butler offered a letter alleging Marsh prevaricated about the disposition of the bodies.

FREE TRADE IN NEW YORK.

Serious Charges Against Members of Congress and High Officials.

NEW YORK, March 29.—At a meeting of the Trade club to-night Col. F. A. Conkling delivered an address on "the knit goods swindle." Conkling said he was not a free trader in the common acceptance of the term, but he thought proper revenue laws should be enacted. He said there was an organized conspiracy represented by the knit goods manufacturers' association to cheat the people and the government out of enormous sums by manipulating the importations of knit goods This was done in the face of the decision of the United States supreme court in February, 1881, when the conspirators were assisted, not only by Secretary Windom, but by his assistant Trench, and the conduct of the judges was answerable for much of the corruption that was done by the different classification of goods to evade the law. A further victory had recently been gained by this organization by the passage of a bill through congress, which the speaker intimated was passed by the bribery and trickery of its foremost movers, among whom was Senator Miller. His state association had raised $90,000 and where this sum went had never been disclosed. He advised congress to make an investigation, and it would be no doubt found that most of the money went "into the pockets of some of our upright legislators."

"A RATHER HARD CASE."

An Ottawaite's Throat Deliberately Cut While Drinking.

DETROIT, Mich., March 29—A Hillsdale, Mich., despatch last night says that a terrible murder was committed in a saloon in this city to-night by John Mulqueen. He killed a man named Adam Glasgow, whose home is in Ottawa, Ont, and who had been in the city only a short time. There had been bad blood between the parties for some time, and they met to-night in Wyatt's saloon, when Mulqueen asked Glasgow to take a drink As Glasgow raised the glass to his lips, Mulqueen drew a razor and cut the poor fellow's throat. Glasgow staggered to the door, and fell dead upon the walk. Mulqueen is rather a hard case, and served a while in the reform school at Ann Arbor.

AN INFORMER SHOT DEAD.

Eleven Persons Arrested for Intimidation.

MARYBOROUGH, March 29.—David Whelan, an informer, was shot dead here today. One arrest has been made.

LIMERICK, March 29.—Eleven persons have been arrested at Castle Connell charged with intimidation.

The Oil Market.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., March 29.— The oil market to-day was very excited in consequence of the opening of the much expected Porcupine well in Forest county, north of Bill Town. Its condition has been a mystery for the past few days. Drilling was recommenced at 2 p. m., and in a few minutes the well was flowing at a rate of 1500 barrels a day. Notwithstanding this, the market advanced in a few minutes from 95c to $1. A break followed with 98⅝c bid at the close.

The Cape Breton Miners.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 29—The report from Lingan this morning says Magistrate McNeil, seven volunteers and seven constables were completely overpowered by the mob at Little Glace Bay this morning while attempting to arrest the Lingan rioters. Chief Constable Musgrove escaped to the lock-up at Glace Bay to save himself from the mob. The magistrate was glad to escape with his life. Captain Hill has ordered the volunteers back to their barracks to await instructions from headquarters.

Children in Factories.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29—It is alleged the children employed at the Tracy mills at Darby have been compelled to work twelve hours at night. Part of the watchman's duty was to go about among the looms and give the drowsy children a vigorous shake or prod with a stick to keep them from dropping asleep as they stood The society for the prevention of cruelty to children notified the mill owners that the law forbidding the employment of children under the age of 8, would be enforced.

Ottawa Committees.

OTTAWA, March 29.—In the committee on banking and commerce this morning, bills to reduce the capital stock of the Citizens' Fire Insurance company, and of the Quebec Fire Insurance company, and to wind up the affairs of the National Fire Insurance company, were passed. Bills to incorporate the Bank of London in Canada, Federal Insurance company, and Grange Trust company, were partially considered and held over for further inquiry.

IN A FRIENDLY WAY.

BRITISH CORRESPONDENCE WITH WASHINGTON.

President Arthur Requests His Government to Submit their Views in Writing On Irish Agitation in the United States.

NEW YORK, March 29—A Washington special says the British minister has formally, but in entirely a friendly way, called the attention of the government to the utterances of the Irish agitators. The president called the cabinet's attention to the minister's communication, stated his own views, and requested the members of the cabinet to submit their views in writing. This was done on Friday last. There was no dissent in the opinion that in the existing situation of affairs this government would not be justified in interfering with the Irish sympathizers now in this country.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

Ninety women missionaries are working in the south, and claim six hundred converts annually.

The Cincinnati whisky pool have decided to place the price at $1.13 with a probable increase to $1.14.

The Central American states have decided to hold a conference soon to decide the question of confederation.

It is supposed Foote, the defaulting cashier of the second national bank of St. Paul, Minn., has come to Canada.

Pneumonia is alarmingly prevalent in Wyoming county, N. Y., and many deaths are daily recorded. Physicians are in great demand.

The Scranton steel company yesterday started new mills, which are the most complete in the country. Over 1000 men will be employed.

The United States cabinet have decided that it will be necessary to appoint a postmaster-general within 10 days from the death of Howe.

Mrs Philip Jacobs, robbed and assaulted on Monday, at Chicago, in broad daylight, in one of the most popular thoroughfares of the city, is dying.

Morgan, a Mormon elder, has arrived at Chattanooga en route to Utah and Colorado with a hundred and sixty converts from the southern states.

A large meeting of passenger agents of the Western railroads at Toledo have agreed to adhere to the tariff after April 1st, and to sell no more tickets to scalpers.

The earnings of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba railway for the third week in March were $180,000, showing an increase of $57,700 on the corresponding period of last year.

The new iron steamer Pilgrim, built for the Fall River line, made a trial trip yesterday with entirely satisfactory results. This is the largest iron steamer ever constructed in the United States.

It is estimated that the new law, which goes into effect on July 4, prohibiting the employment of persons under 14 years of age will throw 2,000 to 3,000 employees of silk manufacturers out of work.

C. T. Hightower, an informer and a guide to a party of revenue officers, in search of moonshiners, was shot and killed by one of the band in ambush, yesterday, in Soluda mountains, South Carolina.

Mrs. Jacobs, attending a store at Chicago during her husband's absence, was on Wednesday night attacked by robbers. Her head was almost beaten to a jelly with brass knuckles. She died yesterday morning.

James Baldwin, of Brandon, Vt., and one Gill, an old offender, have been arrested in New York for counterfeiting $2000 in counterfeit five-cent pieces. Some bogus half-dollars and tools for coining were captured.

The men recently convicted of violating the graves at Lebanon cemetery, Philadelphia, were sentenced yesterday afternoon, Robt. Chew to two years, Levi Chew to 18 months, McNamee to 8 months, and Pillett to 4 months.

Chas. Booth has been arrested at New York, and James Burnett at Silverton, Col., on a charge of robbing their former employers, Anthony & Co., photographers, of $18,000. Booth was the bookeeper and Burnett cashier. Booth pleaded not guilty.

It is stated the Washington government has placed in the hands of the British minister a notification that there is no objection to the Canadian government modifying the existing regulations respecting the admission of American whiskies into Canada.

There is the best authority for the statement that no correspondence has passed between the United States government and Great Britain regarding international police or reciprocal watch to be kept in each country upon criminals or enemies of either.

Several claims against the Geneva award have recently been filed in the court of claims. The parties interested ignoring the Alabama claims court, there is a question as to the jurisdiction of the court of claims over such cases, which can only be settled by a decision of the court itself.

A "Mashed" Masher.
From the London Free Press.

The police magistrate of Toronto has fined a "masher" $20 for jostling ladies on the street. The masher is generally a contemptible miscreant, who infests the streets and public assemblies, particularly excursion trains. He is usually a vile wretch, with a superabundance of vanity, but devoid of principle, culture or breeding, who travels on his clothes, his supposed fine form, and his adamantine cheek. He is, in his own estimation, irresistible, and his principal occupation is to captivate and flirt with silly girls unable to detect or too thoughtless to analyze his villainous designs. This travesty on manhood sees nothing pure, lovely or lovable in woman, but regards every female with any attractions of form or feature as legitimate prey, never hesitating by his brazen advances to take advantage of the unsuspecting or to insult the more wary who repel, or, through timidity, fail to resent his first advances. This species of human puppy is on the increase.

Robert Munroe, engine driver between Kincardine and Hamilton, says: "It was impossible for any person to be a worse subject of Dyspepsia and a greater sufferer than I was. I often had to lie down in the caboose, and actually thought I would die before I reached my destination. I purchased a bottle of McGregor's Speedy Cure, and it cured me." Free trial bottles at Drug Store. Regular size, fifty cents and one dollar.

ANOTHER LOTTERY SWINDLE

That is Flourishing in New Brunswick for Catching New England Suckers—Canadian Officials Who Wink at It.

CALAIS, Me., March 27.—One of the most deliberate swindles in the lottery line yet unearthed has been flourishing in Canada for years. It is called, "The Royal New Brunswick Gift Drawing Enterprise," and that this concern is the greatest swindling affair fostered in the Canadian territory no person need have the slighest doubt, as the following facts will show: About four years ago a notorious New York lottery man, gambler, and blackleg, made his appearance in the quiet little town of St. Stephens, N. B. This town is on the border line and right opposite Calais, Me., divided only by the St. Croix river, upon which float many lumber schooners, and which business partially supports both towns, joined by a wooden bridge. Here in St. Stephens the sharper opened out his lottery game by sending his circulars into the states of Maine and New Hampshire, and gradually extending his business into the surrounding country. Having realized about $20,000 from his venture, he abandoned the field to his brother-in-law, also a New York gambler, but without money. Soon the prospectus reached far and near. After working along for a while, Anthony Comstock paid the little man a visit but could do nothing. Neither could all the traps set by him avail anything, for the gambler took care not to cross the bridge into Calais for fear of arrest by United States authorities. Comstock then tried the virtue of complaint to the postmaster-general of Canada, but did not succeed to his efforts to break up this affair, although the assistant-postmaster tried his best to assist Comstock against this system of robbery which is allowed, as it is claimed under political protection, to continue unabated.

The circulars, generally printed on gaudy yellow paper, set forth that on the 30th day of each month a chance is given to win $100,000, $50,000, $25,000, $10,000, $5000, 2 cash gifts of $2000 each, 10 cash gifts of $1000 each, 10 cash gifts of $500 each, 100 cash gifts of $50 each, 100 cash gifts of $20 each, and 10,000 cash gifts of $5 each, in all $266,000 These circulars are generally mailed by eight women and two men, and are not posted all in one place, but in a peculiar manner in order to avoid the United States authorities, and the number of such circulars can be nearly estimated when, as it is not denied by the St. Croix newspaper, that the printing of the circulars of the lottery has built their establishment and is to day the main support of the firm. This is also backed by the words of the gambler himself, who claims to pay $30,000 per year to the local office for stamps.

The mode of mailing is peculiar; first a certain number are dropped into the regular mail bag in St. Stephens, but the largest bulk is carried along the railroad lines leading to Maine and St. John, N. B., and deposited at local stations and in the city of St. John. This is done to avoid Uncle Sam. Not only is delivery peculiar but so is the drawing. In the circular stress is laid upon the fairness, but with what claim the reader can judge. From the tickets printed for one month a number having been sold, the rest are put into a box, shaken up and the fair (?) drawing commences, the result printed, circulars sent out, imagination excited, but no lucky holders of the magic numbers ever turn up, simply because the tickets shaken for are never sold, and the concern is so much in, whilst the dupe is so much out. On enquiry through the town, it is found that the firm, for there are more than one (the other partner being also made rich by the nefarious business), are counselled and advised by a prominent firm of lawyers and that the merchants here think it a good joke upon the Americans, and even go far in defending the sleek rat, who is very liberal with his money, and who, from the proceeds of his swindles, has with his partner purchased quite a number of small sailing vessels and erected a block of buildings in Philadelphia.

Since the success of the St. Stephens scheme, the New Yorker and his partner conceived the brilliant idea of starting a series of these lottery schemes, one of which was to be worked at St. Andrews, another town upon the border, and several more in border towns in Upper Canada, and accordingly proceeded to work through a stool-pigeon who lived upon the American side. The lawyers drew up an agreement, printing was ordered, and furnished offices were hired to commence business; everything went on swimmingly until the morning of the stool pigeon's departure for St Andrews, when a storm gathered, and the sharper refused to allow his tool to break open the express packages and handle the money The affair fell through and resulted in much feeling between the parties, but which in about three months after was settled by the gambler paying his pigeon $200 for lost time, the money being wrung from him by a few words from a high town officer of St. Stephens, who expected to get part of a debt owed him by the pigeon.

One of the systems adopted by this firm is to hire as many agents as they possibly can, and pay them large commissions to push the sale of their tickets, and in some instances declare a lucky ticket in a town where extra profits might be reaped from the investment. Much more may be said outside of the fact that no tickets are sold in Canada under word of honor (?) from the gambler. As a movement is on foot on the Calais side to start a similar lottery, as an act of retaliation soon, we may hear of our own countrymen being fleeced to pay for assisting at the fleecing of others.

LATEST SPORTING NEWS.

The Chicago Billiard Tournament.

CHICAGO, March 29—In the billiard tournament to-day Dion defeated Wallace by 600 to 549; winner's average, 8 32 71. Schaefer to-night defeated Morris; score, 600 to 357. Schaefer's best run was 153; average, 15 30 38. Morris' best run was 76.

The Clifton Lacrosse Club.

NIAGARA FALL, Ont., March 29—The Clifton lacrosse club held their annual meeting this evening. The following are the officers: president, R. Law; vice-president, J. P. Lundy; secretary, Alex. Logan; treasurer, F. Anderson; captain, John Neil.

Carver and Bogardus Tie Again.

DAYTON, O., March 29—In a match here to-day, Dr. Carver and Capt. Bogardus each killed 94 birds out of a hundred.

"Rough on Rats."

Clear out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers, 15c. Druggists.

MACLEAN, OF ANN ARBOR.

HIS LIBEL SUIT AGAINST THE DETROIT NEWS.

Evidence of the Lady in the Case—A too Suspicious Husband—Sad Scene in a Family Circle.

DETROIT, March 29—In the Maclean News libel suit, Mrs. Wardle, continuing her evidence, said her husband told her he had found that her name was C. D. Brenton, that he charged her with being intimate with Maclean, and produced, as evidence, the letter he had, which he said was addressed to her as C. D. Brenton. "He said that I had committed adultery with Prof. Maclean, and I replied that I knew nothing about it. I said, 'man you must be crazy,' and he turned to my daughter and said: 'Lizzie I have paid that professor as high as five dollars a day, and she can go with her professor, she can go to her professor.' My husband had money of mine at the time, and I said I will not go without you will give me my money. Said he, 'When you are ready to go your money will be ready for you.' When he brought the C. D. Brenton letter he called Josephine Ostrander, who worked for us, and my daughter Lizzie into a room, and said, 'Come here, my child—stick to me. I will support you. I will take care of you if you will only stick to me.' Lizzie spoke up and said, 'Pa, what does it mean.' Then he forbade me ever to do any work in the house, ever to touch anything in the house, ever to go to the store, and to buy anything, ever to take any pony to drive, and he gave his horse up to Lizzie and Josephine Ostrander. When he went on with this letter and began to read it, Lizzie looked up and said, 'Ma, doesn't look as if she was guilty.' 'Guilty!' he said, 'guilty! the fiery fiend of hell,' and he went on with language that I could not express. He said, 'She has been intimate with others.' Lizzie said, 'Why, how do you know it?' Said he, 'God told me. God would not let the like of this go on without letting me know it. I have seen them together.'" Mrs. Wardle was asked: "Did you at any time sustain improper relations with Dr. Maclean?" and she replied, with great emphasis, "No, sir."

The court then adjourned.

CANADIAN TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

It is stated that a permanent military school is to be established at Montreal.

A movement is on the tapis in Montreal to hold an Irish convention there on Dominion day.

F. X. Gougeon & Co., hardware merchants of Montreal, have offered their creditors sixty cents on the dollar which has been accepted.

The Heyneman estate of Montreal only shows a dividend of 25 cents on the dollar. A loss of $40,000 in two years is shown chiefly by selling under cost, and bad management generally.

The Atlantic and Northwest railway company is pushing on the surveys from Montreal to Smith's Falls in order to complete connection with the new line now under construction to Toronto.

The first Grand Trunk immigrant train of the season, consisting of eighteen coaches, arrived at Winnipeg, Man., on Wednesday morning, having been on the road since Wednesday last from Brockville, Ont.

It is said that a writ of habeas corpus will be applied for in Montreal in a few days addressed to the Roman catholic bishop of the diocese and lady superior of the Hochelaga convent, to compel the release of a young nun who wishes to retire from the sisterhood.

The traffic of the Midland railway of Canada for the week ending March 24th, 1883, was as follows: Passengers and mails, $4,322 66; freight, $9,059 88; total, $13,382 54 as compared with $20,233.38 for the corresponding week of 1882, being a decrease of $6 850.84; and the aggregate traffic to date is $165,776.04, being a decrease of $5,801.15 over 1882.

Great activity is observed in the Petrolea oil district. Major Savage struck oil in Thom's well at a depth of 201 feet from top; the well has pumped since Thursday, when the pump was put in, at the rate of 100 barrels per day, and was as good as ever up to Saturday night. The well stands about 600 feet from the town line of Dawn, on sub-lot 7, range 4, con. 1.

FOREIGN CABLE NEWS.

Vannatelli, papal nuncio at Brazil, will represent the pope at the coronation of the czar.

M. Leon Say, in his speech at Lyons, declared in favor of opening a free trade campaign.

A London despatch says Antonio Louis Schulte & Co., general merchants and cigar importers, have failed. Liabilities, £22,000.

Mr. Horace Davy, M. P. for Christchurch, has been appointed master of the rolls in place of Sir George Jessel, deceased.

The marriage of Prince Louis Ferdinand, of Bavaria, to the infanta Maria Delle Paz, is announced to take place at Madrid on April 2.

The craters of Mount Etna are again active. The rumblings of the volcano are frequent, and signs of an earthquake are becoming more evident.

In the house of commons yesterday Sir Vernon Harcourt, the home secretary, said the inquiry of the police into the alleged attack upon Lady Dixie has been futile.

Lieut. Voy and other members of the American expedition sent to Patagonia to take observations of the transit of Venus have arrived at Liverpool on their way home.

The statement that Minister Lowell will not intercede in the case of Michael Boyton, is an inference from the fact that it had been proved that Boyton is not an American citizen.

Several Turkish ministers having been charged with receiving bribes in connection with the collection of the tobacco tax, tendered their resignations, but the sultan declined to accept them.

A Cairo, Egypt, letter says that thousands of burned out Alexandrians are now reduced to the last stages of destitution, and are only kept alive by public charity. The misery in this city of ruins is appalling. All business is at a standstill.

Dr. Benson, the new archbishop of Canterbury, was duly enthroned yesterday. Some American bishops were present, including the bishop of Long Island. A dense crowd of people were in the cathedral. The duke of Edinburgh, representatives of Oxford and Cambridge universities, and a great concourse of clergymen were present.

The Eichberg Quartette.

The young ladies of the Eichberg string quartette appeared for the first time in Toronto last night at the Gardens, where a fair sized audience was assembled. It is something new in this city to see girls translating Mozart, Mendelssohn and the other masters on stringed instruments. The appearance of these young ladies last night ought to give an impetus to the study of the violin by the young ladies of Toronto. The quartette exhibited a high degree of skill on the violin, and evinced proof of well directed study on these difficult instruments. The pieces selected were sweetly and carefully rendered, and the audience demanded an encore to every appearance of the quartette. Their playing of course is not characterized by the force and energy of the Mendelssohn club, nor do they exhibit the gymnastics of such a soloist as Remenyi. Their style nevertheless is interesting and pleasing, and takes well with the lovers of music in general. In addition to the quartette, was Miss Carrie E. Mason of Brooklyn, a singer who, in the two or three pieces she rendered, showed the qualities that go to make a pleasing voice. Mr. Sonnekalb presided at the piano and executed a couple of solos, which were very well done and received a very enthusiastic reception. The concert, on the whole, passed off very successfully, and the quartette will no doubt meet with increased success as they become better known throughout the province.

The Striking Printers.

A large and orderly mass meeting of workingmen for the purpose of expressing condemnation of the hostility evinced against trades unionism by the Telegram newspaper, was held last evening in the Temperance hall. The chair was occupied by Mr. Carter, of the painters' union, and on the platform were a number of gentlemen known for their earnestness in all that pertains to the cause of labor. Mr. John Armstrong, of the typographical union, entered into a full history of the antecedents of Mr. John Ross Robertson, in so far as they bore upon his action towards the printers' and other unions. Resolutions condemning the action of the Telegram, and pledging the meeting not to patronize any merchant who supported that paper by advertisements or otherwise, were put and carried. Speeches were made in support of these resolutions by Messrs Heakes, Jury, March and O'Donoghue, and explanatory of their discharge by Messrs. Gott, Scott and Quinton. At the close a vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Carter, as chairman, and three rousing cheers for the typographical union.

Trying to Unseat Them.

Up to the present time nine petitions have been filed in the court of appeal against the return of members elected to the Ontario legislature last month. The following are the names of petitioners, respondents, and electoral districts: Kingston—John Stewart, petitioner; James H. Metcalfe, respondent. East Northumberland—James Stanley, petitioner; J. M. Ferris, respondent. North Ontario—Thomas Treleaven, petitioner; Isaac J. Gould, respondent. Welland—George L. Hobson, petitioner; James E. Morin, respondent. South Renfrew—John Harvey, petitioner; J. P. Dowling, respondent. North Renfrew—J. B. Dickson, petitioner; Thomas Murray, respondent. South Victoria—J. C. Rodden, petitioner; Duncan McIntyre, respondent. South Wentworth—S. R McIlroy, petitioner; Nicholas Awrey, respondent West Hastings—J. P. Reeves, petitioner; E. G. Sills, respondent.

The Dinner of Company A.

The annual supper of A company Q. O. R., was held at the Hub restaurant last night. Between thirty and forty members sat down. Owing to the unavoidable absence of Capt. Allan the chair was taken by the subaltern of the company, Lieutenant Boyce Thompson. The usual military toasts were drunk after which a pleasant evening was spent. Sergeant-Major Cunningham and Color-Sergt. Sutherland responded to the toasts of "Our Guests," and Corporals Gorrie and Aldrich to the toast of "our non-commissioned officers." Private Slack, Major, Burke, Higgins and others entertained the company with songs etc. The gathering broke up about 12 o'clock. The boys all went straight home.

Funeral of a Promising Young Man.

The funeral of the late Clarence C. Galt, son of Judge Galt, took place yesterday afternoon from his father's residence in Pembroke street. The pall-bearers were his three brothers (George, J. P., and Bertie), W. Hodgins, F. E. Hodgins and R. Hodgins. The chief mourners were Judge Galt, Mr. Fred. Perkins, Mr. Duncan Campbell, of Simcoe, and Mr. Henry Beecher, of London. The services at the house were conducted by the Rev. Arthur Baldwin, and at the grave by the Rev. Mr. Greene. Deceased was an engineer of great promise, and filled at the time of his death the responsible position of inspector of locomotives for the Canada Pacific railway.

Western Assize Court.

Mr. Justice Morrison presided at the Western assize court yesterday morning. The case against the Steel association of Ontario, entered by the Mail printing company, was non-suited. The case of Mace and Jones false imprisonment was adjourned to April 7th. The case of Joseph Wey and the city next came up. This is an action entered by Joseph Wey against the city for damages sustained by falling on a slippery sidewalk on Wellington street on the 4th of December. The damages were laid at $1500. The jury returned a verdict for plaintiff for $400.

The Corsican Brothers.

Manager Sheppard promises another great attraction next week in Booth's Theatre company, under the management of Mr. John Stetson, who will give us the Corsican Brothers in a style that for perfection of detail and magnificence of effect has never been attempted in Canada before. Mr. F. C. Bangs, one of the foremost actors of the day, will take the dual part of the twin brothers, and will be supported by an unequalled company. Many pleasing spectacular effects are promised.

The Place for a Laugh.

The Grand to-night and to-morrow is the place for a hearty laugh. The Salsbury Troubadours are clever, versatile and humorous. Everything bubbles over with fun of a genial and cleanly kind. You can't help but laugh at their oddities, and you can't help but be pleased at their singing, dancing and capering. They had a good house last night; we predict a still better one for to-night.

THE TRUSTEES WRANGLE

OVER THE MATTER OF THE PROMOTION OF TEACHERS.

Charges of Favoritism, Canvassing and Log-Rolling—No Business Accomplished—Four Against a Dozen.

A special meeting of the public school board was held last night to reconsider the amendment to the report of the committee on school management, as moved by Mr. McMurrich at the last meeting. The amendment reads as follows: "That Mr. Crane be transferred from Church to Elizabeth street school, Mr. Pine from Louisa to Church street, and Mr. Powell from Elizabeth to Louisa street." Mr. Galley occupied the chair. All the members of the board were present. At the offset a great deal of discussion occurred as to whether the reconsideration of the report was legal or not, since it had been fully sifted and adopted by the board. The legality was allowed, and the board went into committee on the whole with Mr. Roden in the chair.

Mr. McMurrich said that as nearly all the members of the board were satisfied to allow Mr. Lee's motion for striking out the clause, to be carried without a word of discussion, he thought it was evident that everything had been cut and dried, and that the board had been thoroughly canvassed. Accusations, he said, had been brought against him to the effect that he had allowed his friendship for certain parties to overrule his judgment and also that he had made the change on political grounds. All this he denied and called upon any member of the board who could produce such information as would prove his guilt to do so. He said he would vote against the change if any injustice had been done to Mr. Crane, in whom all the difficulty seems to originate. Mr. Crane's salary while teacher of the junior fourth book class in Church street school was $875, and on account of the increase granted to teachers at the beginning of the current year his salary as teacher of the senior third book class in Elizabeth street school would remain unchanged. The question at stake is, shall the promotion of teachers be made according to length of service, grade of certificate, and ability, or, as now, through the teachers canvassing the individual members of the board

Mr. Hamilton said that such an ideal board, such a glaring instance of corruption, as was sitting around him he had never witnessed; since men who had cast their votes in favor of recommendation at the last meeting of the board would now turn round and cast their votes with the opposition, without hearing anything against the measure. The canvassed members—all the board but about four—sit with a broad smile of satisfaction, as much as to say, you can talk as much as you like but it is of no avail for we've got the vote. Every one has a right to infer that influence has been used since the last board meeting on the members to change their votes, and that the trustees of the Toronto school board are but the football of one of its members and represent nothing but voting machines.

The four members who claimed that they had not yielded to the voices of the canvasser Messrs McMurrich, Hamilton, Kennedy and Lamb, were determined that Mr. Lee's motion should not be carried and kept going over the same ground, each speaking for 15 minutes, their scheme being to prolong the meeting until 11 o'clock, then procrastinate an adjournment ere Mr. Lee's motion could be put from the chair.

Dr. Kennedy inquired if the secretary had sent out notices of these changes, as adopted at the last meeting of the board, and received a negative answer from the chairman of the committee, who made the extraordinary statement that the chairman of the board had advised the secretary not to send out the notices ere another meeting could be called. Eleven o'clock put an end to discussion. The matter will be sifted at the next meeting of the board.

PERSONAL.

Madame Albani has given $500 for distribution among the charities of Montreal.

The queen's journey to the Isle of Wight has been postponed.

Gen. N. B. Buford died last night at Chicago, aged 76. He graduated at West Point and was a brigadier-general of volunteers in the war of the rebellion.

Parnell has arranged to come to America the second week of April, but he has not yet decided to accept the invitation to the Philadelphia convention.

Rev. Derwent Coleridge, son of the celebrated poet, is dead.

The London Lancet says the Queen's health is excellent.

Bismarck is suffering from neuralgia, both sides of his face being affected. His condition is not improving. He is compelled to maintain a recumbent position.

Ladies buying a sewing machine for their spring sewing should see the light-running, noiseless Wanzer "C" before trying any other, as they are more improved, are better all round value than any of the old-fashioned American makes. It should not be forgotten that the Wanzer machine took the only medal last fall given to any sewing machine in Canada. Only depot 82 King street west' G. C. Elliott, manager. 246

Night.

Mary Cole Baker, in the Washington (D. C.) Republic, calls the following from Walt Whitman a long swell of melody with never a false note to mar the music:

I am he that walks with the tender and growing night;
I call to the earth and sea half-held by the night.

Press close, bare-bos med night! Press close, magnetic nourishing night!
Night of south winds! Night of the large few stars!
Still, nodding night! Mad, naked summer night!

Smile, O voluptuous, cool-breathed earth!
Earth of the slumbering and liquid trees!
Earth of departed sunset!
Earth of the mountains, misty-topt!
Earth of the virtuous pour or the full moon just tinged with blue!
Earth of shine and dark mottling the tide of the river!
Earth of the limpid gray of clouds, brighter and clearer for my sake!
Far-swooping, elbowed earth! Rich apple-blossomed earth!
Smile, for your lover comes.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 30, 1 a.m.—*Lakes, easterly to northeasterly winds; fair weather; followed by some snow or rain to-night or to-morrow.*

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

Date	Steamship	Reported at	from
March 29	California	New York	Hamburg
March 29	Britannic	Liverpool	New York
March 29	Belgenland	Antwerp	New York
March 29	Hohenstauffer	Southampton	New York
March 29	State of Penn	New York	Glasgow
March 29	Mass	Rotterdam	New York