

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

The Damage Caused by the Fraser Flood—Light Salmon Catch—Heavy Gun Drill.

Vancouver's Market Day—Accident on the C. P. R.—Mining and Mainland Matters.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, July 13.—Most of the consignment of lobsters and oysters which arrived from the East are in their staid water prisons along the coast awaiting the arrival of the government steamer Danube for distribution and liberation.

The companies of the Fifth in Vancouver are about commencing heavy gun drill for the next inspection. The Morris tube machine will commence next week in the drill shed.

The Canadian team is a good one—all crack men. The Sergeant-major is putting in some hard practice before starting for England.

Vancouver's market day is becoming quite a feature in the business life of the Terminal City. Large quantities of vegetables, eggs, butter, and fowls changed hands on Saturday.

A two story brick building is to be erected on the corner of Hastings and Homer streets for Messrs. Innes, Richards & Akroyd, agents for Harvey Hadden, London, Eng.

The Burnaby municipality are somewhat alarmed owing to the advice of Attorney-General Eberts on the municipal tax sale, which is, in brief, that if the land sold for taxes is not redeemed the municipality loses the arrears of taxes.

A meeting was held in the city hall tonight for the purpose of nominating a provincial committee to circulate a petition praying the federal government to take such action as may be necessary to restrict the immigration of Mongolians.

To-day the French national holiday was celebrated by the French speaking people of Vancouver at North Vancouver, by picnic, etc.

A by-law was introduced at the council last night to exempt the B. C. Iron Works from taxation—under certain conditions—for a term of years.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, July 13.—Mr. A. C. Wells told a reporter that a deal of damage had been done by the high water in the Fraser, but not so much in the aggregate as in 1894.

The lowest price offered for salmon is 20 cents each. Contracts for the season have been made, and at 25 cents each. The week's catch has been light.

WESTMINSTER, July 14.—The water in the river is at last going down very rapidly. The high tides have kept at an unusual elevation along the city front, but the high tides are commencing to fall away.

A great deal of thieving of nets and fish is going on along the river. Cannermen and fishermen are asking for a police boat.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, June 13.—Eva Booth, youngest daughter of General Booth, recently appointed to the command of the Salvation Army in Canada, will visit Nanaimo on Thursday week, June 23, when she will deliver a public address, particulars of which will be published shortly.

It is stated that the New Vancouver Coal Company have been awarded for continuing the Wilkinson level and "the slope" of the No. 1 shaft, the two drifts having open up what to all appearances will prove a large and valuable area of coal.

The Free Press is reliably informed that there is not a particle of foundation for the report that a seam of coal 7 feet 9 inches in thickness had been struck by the Gabriola Coal Co. in the Mudge island bore.

NANAIMO, July 14.—South Gabriola Island, thanks to the skill of young Petersen, has been cleared of panthers, but now a bear or two have made their appearance. Phasants are also to be seen on the island, and it is to be hoped they will be allowed to increase.

D. M. Linnard, one of the best known mining and real estate men of Roseland, has been in town on a brief business visit. He spoke most hopefully of the outlook in that part of the province, and intimated that considerable accessions to the present development might be looked for in the near future.

The Sicilian district, he believes, now justifies the attention of business men. Nelson and Kaslo will have a race for precedence, which will, he thinks, eventually terminate in the victory of the latter.

KAMLOOPS.

(From the Inland Sentinel.) W. Thibadeau has located a lime rock on the west side of the North Thompson, near the Venn ranch.

William Cook, a trapper, last autumn came across some good looking quartz in the vicinity of Fish Trap creek, which empties into the North Thompson river, and has taken Messrs. Redpath and Robinson, two experts, to examine the ledge. They are well provided with the necessary tools, etc., to make a thorough test.

J. McGregor, of Brandon, brought in from Manitoba some 50 Polled Angus bulls and a number of heifers of the same strain. He has already succeeded in disposing of most of them at 35 to 40 dollars and 11 heifers going to J. B. Graves.

The exportation of horses from this province to Manitoba is a business that has not been active of late years. This

week, however, J. McGregor, the well-known stock man of Brandon, came in and purchased 40 head from J. B. Graves. They were all heavy horses and are intended for farm work in the Prairie Province.

On Wednesday afternoon an accident occurred on the C.P.R. about nine miles east of Kamloops, by which the engine drawing a heavy train of loaded freight cars was turned upside down in the ditch and four cars were derailed.

The accident was caused by the failure of a gang of track repairs to set out flag signals to prevent the approach of trains. The track had been taken up, and the approach of the train, on account of a curve, was not noticed until too late to bring it to a standstill before the gap in the track had been reached.

Engineer James Connacher and Fireman Kilby saved themselves by jumping. The train was in charge of Conductor James Wright. No one was injured.

Wentworth W. Woods returned from the Homestake mine up the North Thompson river, the other day. He was accompanied on his trip by a gentleman who was looking at the mine with a view to its purchase. Several parties, it is understood, are bidding for the property, and it is hoped that one or more of them will shortly secure it and begin active work of development and reduction.

Mr. Woods brought down with him a chunk of ore weighing over 100 pounds, and assaying a prodigious amount in the precious metals.

On Tuesday evening a large number of prominent citizens and farmers assembled at the provincial home to witness and participate in the wedding ceremony of the superintendent of the institution, Mr. Joseph Ratchford, and Mrs. Alice Finckeb, the matron. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Flewelling, of the English church.

TRAIL CREEK.

(From the Trail Creek News.) Fred Cowan has given Hon. D. W. Higgins, of Victoria, a thirty day option on the Montana. This claim joins the Waterloo, that has been bonded for \$40,000.

Mr. A. B. Irvin, business manager for the Trail Mining Co., was at the water front Monday, receiving the machinery for that company. The City of Trail made a special trip to Northport Monday to bring up the machinery, there being about 107 tons, which was unloaded at the foot of Spokane street.

The plant is an Ingersoll-Sergeant air compressor thirty three inches in diameter, and will be placed on the Copper Jack, one of the four claims; the principal work will be done on the Columbia and Kootenay, on Columbia mountain, where considerable development work has been done under the former management.

The machinery on the Copper Jack is \$5,000 foundation coating will be laid, being near a stream, from which place the drills will be worked. The Tip Top is the month property company of this group. Martin King is the manager under the new incorporation. Mr. Irvin says it will require about six weeks to get the machinery in place and in operation. Jas. Bassett will deliver it to the mine.

D. S. Fotheringham and R. B. Spronl have given an option on the Waterloo claim and the surface rights to two others, to the Horne-Payne Company; this option was for six weeks to give the manager, Sir Charles Ross, an opportunity to look them over, which he has done, and it is rumored to his entire satisfaction. The option will expire in a few days and if the bond is taken up it will be for \$40,000, ten per cent. of which will be paid down, the balance in payments covering several months.

Mr. Fotheringham is in communication with parties in New York, Minneapolis and San Francisco who are inquiring as to surface showings and should the bond on the Waterloo go through, it can be reasonably expected that a rush will be made into that section that will make it as well known as the Trail Creek district.

The Le Roi Mining and Smelting Company is sinking a shaft from the 450-foot level, and will continue it for 100 feet. The work has been progressing for about three weeks. When this is completed it is said that if the ore continues there will be \$7,000,000 in sight, and that there is now in sight between the 350-foot and the 450-foot levels, where the present work is being done, \$2,000,000. If there is no mistake in these figures the Le Roi is all that has been claimed for it, the biggest gold mine in North America. One hundred tons of ore are being taken out of the mine daily; faster than it can be taken away, and there is said to be 10,000 tons on the dump ready to be taken to the smelter.

DECEASED WIFE'S SISTER. LONDON, July 13.—In the course of the debate in the House of Lords on Friday night Baron Herschel, formerly lord chancellor, and a Liberal, in a crisp speech, demolished one of the leading arguments put forward by the Bishop of Ely, who appealed to the canonical law as denouncing the marriage of a man with his wife's sister.

Baron Herschel reported that the canonical law forbids the marriage of first cousins, which the Church of England allows. Lord Dunraven made a telling point when he produced a "whip" sent to the Catholic peers, in which Cardinal Vaughan declared that he had the authority of the Pope to call upon all Catholics to oppose the bill. This has been seized upon by the newspapers to-day as an interference with English politics, and it is certain to intensify the feeling in favor of the measure.

The members of the House of Lords who voted in favor of the bill last evening included the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught, the Duke of York, the Duke of Fife, Lord Rosebery, Baron Herschel, the Duke of Devonshire, Lord Rothschild, and others. Their opponents included two archbishops, all of the nineteen bishops, the Duke of Argyll, the Marquis of Salisbury, the Duke of Cranbrooke and the Duke of Richmond.

Killed by the Cars.

HALIFAX, July 11.—Joseph C. Dodge, aged 20, son of the proprietor of the Middleton hotel, fell under the wheels while attempting to board the "Flying Blue Nose" at Middleton yesterday. He was decapitated and his body was horribly mangled.

The All-England tennis championship matches opened yesterday at Wimbledon with an attendance of scarcely one hundred, and thirty-one entries for the singles.

NEWS FROM LONDON.

Matabele Reverse—300 Insurgents Killed—Li Hung Chang's Orders for Armament.

Condition of Affairs in Crete More Horrible Than Supposed—Andree's Expedition.

LONDON, July 14.—Capetown advices say that Cecil Rhodes was in the thick of the fight with the insurgent Matabele at Amamabe, near Bulawayo, 300 rebel natives being killed in the battle, the British loss was only thirteen.

There is fighting along the line in Matabeleland. Gwelo and Pretoria dispatches agree that the proclamation of amnesty to all rebel chiefs who will surrender before August 10 is condemned on all sides as a weak policy and seems likely to lead to more trouble.

News of the utmost gravity has reached Bulawayo from Langwe and Tati districts to the effect that a rebel impi has taken up a position on the Tati road, about twenty-five miles south of Bulawayo. Fakhri, one of the most noted of the native chiefs, has joined the impi with reinforcements and has ordered the construction of forts on the Tati road. Makalagas are already in great force in the northwestern part of the empire, and fighting is expected to take place immediately.

The Daily News reports that the second blue book on Venezuela, which is to be submitted to the United States boundary commission is complete.

The Brussels correspondent of the Times says the papers there state that Li Hung Chang places large orders for cannon and Cockerell rifles at Horst and Liege, and also asked the Cockerells to establish in China a steel foundry managed by Belgians.

The complete returns of the election of members of the chamber of representatives show 105 Clericals, 18 Liberals, 29 Socialists chosen. This gives the Clericals a majority of 68.

The British House of Commons has agreed to the amendments made in his return from the island. He says: "Civilized people can scarcely credit the outrages which the Turks have perpetrated on Christian women and children. Europeans have but a faint idea of the horrors which have taken place. The powers must absolutely intervene to prevent a renewal of such scenes. There is but one course to pursue, that is to turn the Turks out of Europe." He adds: "The insurgents intend to start on an aerial voyage to a plentiful supply of arms. The utmost disorder prevails."

Lord Salisbury has written to the Crete Relief Committee stating that owing to the objections of the powers he has been unable to obtain the English consul in Crete to abstain from distributing funds. The committee has now invited the chaplain of the British Embassy at Athens to undertake the relief work in Crete.

A dispatch from Canada to the Times says that the preliminary disturbances have occurred at Retimo and Heraklion. Four Turkish villages have been burned and a Turkish vessel has been firing on a village near Kalvyer.

Advices have been received from Tromsø, Norway, that the Swedish steamer Victoria has arrived there after having visited the Swedish coast, Herr Andree, at Danes island. The erection of a balloon house has been begun, and Herr Andree expected to be ready to start on his aerial voyage toward the North Pole early in July.

It is semi-officially announced that the amendments offered by Gerald Balfour to the Irish land bill introduced in the House of Commons on April 13 are to be withdrawn. It is also stated that the whole of clause 13 will be dropped in consequence of the attitude assumed by W. T. Russell, member of parliament for the south division of Tyrone, upon whose proposal the government consented.

A Paris dispatch to the Daily Telegraph says the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts were received with much enthusiasm at Dieppe. They will probably be invited to attend a military review in uniform on the 15th inst. The general who is with the Ancients, reports one of them as having said: "I reckon since I left Boston I haven't averaged two hours' sleep out of twenty-four." Col. Russell, who is acting as the reporter as to the address of the Ancients, received in London. He said: "It will do much to put down jingoism on both sides." The members of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts, who are visiting there, have been enrolled as honorary members of the Cercle Militaire.

It is officially announced that the Italian cabinet has decided to postpone discussion of the military measures until November. The minister of war, Gen. Ricotti, resigned, whereupon the premier, the Marquis di Rudini, submitted to King Humbert the resignation of the whole cabinet. The King charged the Marquis di Rudini to form a ministry. The chamber of deputies was crowded when the Marquis di Rudini announced the resignation of the minister of war, and added that the King had charged him with the formation of another cabinet. The Marquis then asked the chamber to elect a new minister of war.

A selected body of thirty Russian government experts are making a circular tour of South Germany in order to study the recent improvements of factories, mines, etc., for the benefit of the workmen.

Cloudbursts and hail storms devastated many districts in Silesia on Monday and Tuesday. Hailstones the size of walnuts fell in the Landsberg district, destroying the crops, and the Oder rose eight feet within a few hours, and lasted six feet at Breslau. Large districts were inundated.

The members of the German cabinet have nearly all gone on their summer vacations. The Chancellor, Prince

Hohenlohe, spends his time at his estate of Aulse, near Ischel, Upper Austria, where, if his health continues good, he will do some mountain climbing and chamois hunting.

Before leaving Berlin, Emperor William expressed to Prince Hohenlohe his high regard and great satisfaction at what had been accomplished in the Reichstag and foreign politics through him. The relations between the Emperor and Prince Hohenlohe are at present most cordial. The Prince is now occupied with his best efforts to prevent Greece from creating international difficulties.

The Chancellor's health is at present good, but it is known he has made his continuance in office after next fall dependent upon His Majesty's consent for the Bismarck reform, and so has had the Bismarck bill drafted and made ready for introduction in the Reichstag. But the bill still lies in the Emperor's private military cabinet, where General Hanke, on whose judgment the Emperor greatly relies, wishes it to remain.

The bundsrath this year convenes earlier than usual, probably on September 10, but there is no doubt that the Reichstag will be opened on the 15th. The imports of all oleomargarine is impossible will be rejected by that body. Both Dr. von Boetticher, the secretary of state for the interior, and Baron von Hammerstein, the minister of agriculture, urge its rejection.

Gen. Meredith, after a search for years in behalf of the Sons of the Revolution, has ascertained the burial place of Paul Jones to be in a Protestant cemetery formerly in the site of the present hospital of St. Louis, Paris. The spot is now covered with houses, but as the body was incased in a lead coffin with the view of having it transported to the United States, it is believed it may yet be discovered.

BATTLE OF WATERLOO.

An Old Survivor Gives Some of His Reminiscences of the Engagement.

The battle of Waterloo was fought on June 18, 1815, and the hundreds of thousands of men who struggled that day for supremacy have all passed away except two in America, four in the British Isles and six in France, and most of these men are centenarians.

James B. Green, ninety-eight years old, a resident of Elsworth, Marquette county, Ohio, while not a participant in the great battle, had the privilege of witnessing the thrilling events of that week in Belgium, which marked the downfall of the Napoleon dynasty and who viewed that battle from a better vantage ground perhaps than any other of the participants.

He gave a vivid description recently of the battle of Waterloo. Mr. Green is a remarkable character and possesses a personality which impresses all who come in contact with him. He was born in Bolton, Lancashire, England, July 25, 1790, and entered the English navy when sixteen years old as a midshipman. The next year his ship was captured in the presence of English soldiers for Wellington's army across the Channel from Southampton to Antwerp, and it was at this time that he accidentally witnessed Waterloo. He describes the battle as follows:

"I was a sailor lad of King George III, and was employed as a midshipman on a warship in June, 1815. After the British army had crossed the English Channel, my vessel was ordered to anchor in the harbor at that place. The soldiers had told me that great fighting was expected, as they were about to meet Napoleon, who I about making a desperate dash at the English coast, which he had once held over Europe. Securing permission, five boys, myself included, left the ship and started across Belgium in the direction we were told the British army was camping. We were first to Ligny, where the preliminary battle of that terrible week in Belgium took place. We were two miles distant from the left flank of Napoleon's army after Ligny, and we concluded to follow and see the battle from a distance. At Quatre Bras Napoleon attacked the outposts of the Duke of Wellington, but he was repulsed, falling back to Waterloo that night, where he determined to make his final stand. The French army attacked in large bodies of men, which was almost ripe, the pretty plain of Waterloo. On the night of June 17 there was a continuous hailstorm, making it very disagreeable for the soldiers. It cleared away the following morning, and with a sea glass which we had taken from the ship we stood on the heights some distance away and saw the great struggle.

We could see Napoleon on his charger, riding along his lines preparing for the battle. The lines were formed and soon the field was filled with smoke, and the roar of cannon reverberated through the hills of Belgium. In the afternoon the fierce struggle ceased, and the field was a smoking plain. The green flag had been trampled down, and the field was nothing but dust, like the middle of the road, while the dead and wounded lay scattered thickly over the great plain.

After the battle we went over the field and saw some dreadful sights. "I can remember distinctly seeing Blucher, Napoleon, the Duke of Wellington and George IV. I remember seeing George III. and his courtiers riding down to the London docks upon many a morning. During the reign of William IV. I remember having seen Queen Victoria in a villa near London paying in a garden, and I have distinct remembrance of the last four ruling monarchs of the House of Hanover.

"Napoleon was a cruel tyrant, and, if you had known him in the age which I knew him, you would have thought so, too."

BELLEVILLE, July 13.—Caterpillars are devouring the grain fields near this city.

MONTREAL, July 13.—F. C. Caswell, of Stanstead dropped dead of heart disease recently. He had been taken to the hospital by an unlicensed Mrs. Caswell's maid, and the other night she hanged herself in the room where her husband had died.

WHITBY, July 13.—A shock of earthquake was felt here about one o'clock this morning. Hundreds of people were awakened by the shock, which lasted twenty seconds, while the windows rattled, dishes moved, and in some instances the furniture tottered. The atmosphere at the time was hot and close.

DOMINION HAPPENINGS.

Serious Shooting Affray at Newcastle, N. B.—Tramps Suspected of Murder.

New Balloting Paper—A Nova Scotian's Beneficence—Ottawa's Street By-law.

ONTARIO. Two young tramps arrested in Ogdensburg, N.Y., for highway robbery, turned out to be Tommy and 'The Kid,' wanted in Smith's Falls in connection with the murder of the tramp on June 30. After being recognized by a man from Smith's Falls, who had a conversation with them on Dominion Day, they admitted being with the gang that murdered Barnes, but further than that refused to say anything. A revolver of the same calibre as the bullet in the dead man's body was found on one of them, which throws a different complexion on the case altogether.

The American authorities refuse to give them up as they have been committed for trial for highway robbery.

A call from the congregation of Selkirk, in the Presbytery of Winnipeg, in favor of the Rev. James Mr. Gray, of Sterling, in the Presbytery of Kingston, Ontario, has been forwarded to the latter presbytery with a request for his translation, and all parties interested in the matter are invited to attend the meeting of the presbytery of Kingston in Belleville shortly, when the question of Mr. Gray's translation will be considered.—Kingston Whig.

The city council of Ottawa has adopted a by-law making it a punishable offence for any one to throw glass, tacks, nails, tin, or other articles on the roadway. Bicyclists are required not to run at greater speed than eight miles an hour within the city limits, to carry an alarm bell to be sounded within fifty feet of every crossing or when about to pass a vehicle traveling in the same direction. The practice of coasting is also prohibited. The penalty for infraction of non-compliance with the by-law upon conviction of the magistrate is a fine of not less than \$1 and costs or more than \$50, or, in default of payment, imprisonment in jail for a length of time at the discretion of the magistrate.

The first sod for the building of the Cobourg, Northumberland & Pacific Railway was turned at Cobourg on 8th inst. The decision of the court in favor of Mr. C. H. Bowen, the contractor, is being superintended by the latter, who must be completed within two years, and will extend from Cobourg to a point on the C. P. R., called Springbrook, twelve miles north-east of Campbellford.

QUEBEC. A court of inquiry held by the Board of Harbor Commissioners at Montreal relative to the grounding of the steamship Kingswell near the Molson's wharf on May 28, found "that the grounding of the steamship was due to the want of care on the part of the pilot in approaching his berth without ascertaining the exact depth of water at the stern of the vessel, and that he was censured."

The Dominion Line has added a new freight steamship to its fleet. This is the Megantic, built by Alex. Stephen & Sons, the Clyde shipbuilders. Her dimensions are: Length, 450 feet; beam, 49 feet; depth of hold, 31 feet. She has seven hatches, eight steam winches, and can carry 1,000 cattle between decks. Her speed is 13 knots, and she is equipped with triple expansive engines. Messrs. Harling, Ronald & Co., the agents, state that on her outward voyage she will carry a large cargo of live stock.

Last week a party consisting of some gentlemen of the Oblat Order and about a hundred settlers and their families, left Montreal for Mattawa, thence to proceed to Gordon Creek, on Lake Temiscamingue, and thence again to proceed by steamer to Baie des Peres, the headquarters of the Oblat Fathers, also situated on Temiscamingue. The purpose of the expedition was to give the settlers an opportunity of visiting the farm lots in the vicinity, with a view to their taking them up and cultivating them. Some already cleared farms were greatly admired, and it was seen that the crop from this district this year will certainly be a large one. The country is already traversed by excellent roads, and the work of road-making is being vigorously carried on.

The case of Thomson & Hurdman and the Attorney-General of Quebec, which was to have been taken to the Privy Council this month has been settled. The plaintiff sold his land grant claim to J. C. Brown, broker, of Ottawa, for \$85,000, and the appeal to England from the decision of the Court of Appeal was withdrawn. The judgment of the Court of Appeal, therefore, remains undisturbed, to the effect that the province, and not the Dominion, is the owner of the beach and water lots along navigable rivers, whether there be falls or rapids or other obstructions to the navigability of the stream at the points or places in dispute.

Mr. W. F. Wilkins, of Adamsville, is the designer of a ballot, or ballot and ballot binder, the adoption of which, he thinks, calculated to prevent the numerous cases of "spoiled ballots" that have attracted so much attention during the counting up of the results of the election. Mr. Wilkins' device consists of a bookbinders' or metallic frame with a celluloid face, through which the ballot, after being inserted in the frame, is visible. In the celluloid face, over the proper space on the ballot, is cut an opening, through which only the voter can mark the ballot with his pencil, when marked the ballot is withdrawn, folded and handed to the returning officer.

NOVA SCOTIA. The will of Godfrey P. Paysant, of Nova Scotia, has been recorded. He bequeaths to Acadia college \$100,000, to be known as the G. P. Paysant fund, and to be divided into two parts, one to go towards endowing a chair for theology, and the other to form a fund for the assistance of students; \$1,000 to Acadia college, over the purchase of prizes for the students of the institution; Baptist church at Chester road, \$6,000; Baptist church at Three Mile Plains, \$1,000; British and Foreign Bible Society, Brit-

ish Home Mission Board and Foreign Mission Board, \$1,000 each; libraries of Sunday schools at Windsor, Upper Falmouth, Middle Falmouth, and Windsor Plains, \$200 each; town of Windsor, \$20,000 for founding hospital, providing an equal sum raised within seven years. The balance of the estate goes to relatives.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

The Patriot says: "A turn in the country on Dominion day enables us to say that probably never in the history of this province have the grain crops presented a better appearance at this season than now. Wheat and oats have a rich deep color and a breadth of leaf that betokens a heavy crop if no insect or other enemy comes to mar the present promise. Hay, however, notwithstanding the fine showers of the last few weeks, is disappointing. The cold, backward weather during the spring seems to have checked a healthy growth; and though there will be an average crop, it will not be abundant except in fields well prepared for such a crop. Roots of all kinds and fruit also promise exceedingly well."

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The Woodstock Wrapper Factory expect to get into their new building about the middle of the month. In their building back of Dickinson's tannery they now employ some thirty-five hands. When they go to the new building they will give employment to about sixty.

A farewell address was presented to Rev. Dr. Macrae, St. John, who has been appointed president of Morrin college, Quebec, in the Y.M.C.A. rooms. There was a large attendance of clergymen and citizens, and the chair was occupied by Rev. Henry Daniel. The chairman said that there was a speciality connected with this meeting, and that was to meet and present to Dr. Macrae an address of farewell. He had first met Dr. Macrae in St. John, Newfoundland, many years ago, and a friendship and regard for him had sprung up which had continued to exist. He was sorry that St. John was losing such an able and highly adapted minister, but he felt Dr. Macrae would be blessed wherever he went, and he congratulated him on entering a wider sphere of usefulness.

A shooting affray of a very serious nature occurred at Newcastle, on the 6th inst., about 3 o'clock in the morning in the Waverley Hotel. On the second floor of this hotel was J. H. Beynon, of New York. He is representing a Montreal house, having through poor health given up his studies for a while. The next room was occupied by E. A. Hall, of Toronto, N. S., a commercial traveler, who, at a late hour, was invited to the next room by Mr. Jack McKane, manager of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, and Mr. McKenzie, druggist of Newcastle. They were making a noise, which disturbed the occupants of the second floor. Dr. Beynon, politely went to their room and asked them if they would kindly keep quiet. They asked him who he was. They swore at him, asking if he was a Canadian or American. He told them he was from New York, whereat one of them said: "Damn the American!" The three men beat him in an unmerciful manner; one held him while the other punched him. Dr. Beynon fled himself and ran to his room. They followed him in, and he was punched and choked him while McKenzie continued punching him. Seeing no help for himself the doctor got his revolver and fired three shots. The third struck in the back of the head, and immediately sent for the sheriff and gave himself up. He received brutal treatment, both eyes being blackened and almost closed, while his throat is dreadfully sore from the choking.

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Is a very remarkable remedy, both for INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use, and wonderful in its quick action to relieve distress. PAIN-KILLER is a sure cure for Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, and all other ailments.

PAIN-KILLER is THE BEST remedy known for Headache, Neuralgia, Back or Side Ache, Rheumatism, and all other pains. PAIN-KILLER is the BEST LINIMENT for all cases of Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, Severe Burns, etc., and is a most valuable remedy.

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