

The Advertiser

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THE DAILY ADVERTISER.

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THE WESTERN ADVERTISER.

(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)
 By mail, per annum — \$1 00

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

ADVERTISING RATES

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ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,
 LONDON, - CANADA.

Gods in his heaven,
 All's right with the world.

—[BROWNING.]

London, Thursday, August 9.

—Only those communications to which the
 writers are willing to have their names ap-
 pended in print will be published in these
 columns. Neither the writing nor the pub-
 lication of anonymous letters can be justified.

—The chances in favor of soon passing a
 reasonable good compromise bill at Wash-
 ington are now considered promising.

—The Michigan Prohibitionists are run-
 ning their own candidate for Governor.
 They declare in favor of a non-partisan
 tariff commission, in order to get the tariff
 out of politics.

—The Canadian Manufacturer—albeit
 we seldom agree with it—is a capable,
 well-edited paper. Here is what it says
 about the sugar monopolies on either side
 of the line:

"It is somewhat remarkable that the
 sugar tariff question in the United States
 excites almost as much interest in Canada
 as it does in that country. The general
 character of the tariffs of the two countries
 is almost identical, the only difference be-
 ing that while the American duty upon
 refined sugar is only \$10 per ton, the Cana-
 dian duty was, until quite recently, 60 per
 cent higher, and is now at the rate of
 \$12 80 per ton. Refined sugar can be manu-
 factured in Canada quite as cheaply as in
 the United States, yet with a lower rate of
 duty the American refiners are making
 more than \$30,000,000 a year above a fair
 profit. It is a grand thing to be a sugar
 refiner in either the United States or Cana-
 ada."

—Here's a New York druggist kicking
 like a steer against the hard times because
 it makes people too healthy. "When
 money came easy to people they lived too
 high, they ate too much, and spent more
 money in drink and tobacco than they
 ought. The result was derangements con-
 sequent on such excesses and a lively de-
 mand for drugs to remedy them. Now
 workingmen are on short commons. They
 eat plain food, and not too much. The diet
 is as good as medicine and conducive to
 health. Of course, if the times were so
 hard as to cause actual privation, the in-
 evitable result would be poorly nurtured
 bodies, disease, and a bigger demand for
 drugs. I have studied the present con-
 dition very carefully, and am satisfied that
 we are very healthy just now, and are so
 because we have not the ready money to
 waste in excesses."

—Scottish politicians are noted for their
 clear-headed views on economic questions,
 for the good reason that they are usually
 inclined to trace effects to their original
 causes. To remove the cause of evils is
 deemed with many of them "practical
 politics," rather than merely dealing with
 results. In a recent address before the
 East Fife Liberal Association, Mr. Saun-
 ders, of Dundee, paid particular attention
 to the social condition of Dundee at the
 present time. He declared that the con-
 dition of many of the people was truly
 appalling. There are no fewer than 28,000
 people in that city living in houses of but
 one room. Many of them are very desti-
 tute of both clothing and food. In con-
 sequence families are growing up familiar
 with poverty, idleness and crime. One
 great cause of all this, he declared, was the
 existing licensed liquor traffic. There is
 now twice as much money expended each
 year on liquors as on rent, and to solve the
 problem of poverty and crime it is neces-
 sary to deal with the liquor problem.

—A prominent American, Mr. Addison
 Porter, in a recent address, contended that
 half the political troubles of the United
 States grow out of political indifference,
 and that the chief blame rests not with the
 perverseness of the poor, but with the sel-
 fishness of the rich; not with the activity
 of the ignorant, but with the lethargy of
 the well educated. "The state of mind
 with the average citizen is a state rather
 of lassitude than of carelessness. He comes
 to think that politicians have a morality
 of their own and must be judged by it." The
 most serious difficulty, in the
 words of Prof. Bryce, is "the
 apathy of the respectable, steady-
 going population, to turn out in respectable
 numbers. They have their engagements of
 business or pleasure to attend to, or it is a
 snowy night and their wives persuade them
 to stay indoors. They are jostled about

and no deference is shown to them. Their
 servants are better known and more in-
 fluential than they are. 'Politics,' they
 say in their chagrin, 'is no business for
 gentlemen,' and they are even inclined, by
 their personal experience, to believe that
 Dr. Johnson was more than half right when
 he said in his cynicism and disgust at place
 hunters, 'Patriotism is the last resource of
 scoundrels.' * * * Remember
 that it is not a government mastered by
 ignorance; it is a government betrayed by
 intelligence; it is not the victory of the
 slums, it is the strength of the schools; it
 is not that bad men are politically shrewd,
 it is that good men are political infidels and
 cowards. We believe that a considerable
 portion of the evils above enumerated would
 be cured by making the exercise of the
 franchise obligatory. This would not only
 be a reminder on the specific point, and a
 check to the corruption usually involved in
 "getting out the vote," but would be an
 educative admonition as to what the State
 has a right to expect from the citizen
 along the whole line of civic duty. The
 pulpit, too, ought to do a great deal more
 than it has yet done in the way of incul-
 cating the plain duties of good citizenship.

METHODIST SUPERANNUATION.

The Methodist Quadrennial Conference
 at its last meeting appointed a committee
 to make a thorough investigation of the
 subject of the superannuation allowances to
 Methodist ministers. The committee,
 making the Methodist world its field of
 inquiry, has acquired a large amount of in-
 formation. It is ascertained that the aver-
 age allowance to British Wesleyan super-
 annuates is \$320 a year, exactly the
 average in Canada. Australia has the
 strongest fund, which permits an annuity
 of \$480, or 50 per cent more than in Great
 Britain or the Dominion of Canada. Hav-
 ing epitomized the replies of some 2,000
 circuit superintendents, the committee
 thinks the Canadian system leaves little
 room for amendment, and will recommend
 to the General Conference to be held next
 month in this city that no change be made
 in the scale of superannuation payable to
 ministers, their widows and children, and
 that the amounts collected from circuits,
 societies and ministers remain practically
 the same.

THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE SOUTH.

The Hon. Hoke Smith, United States
 Secretary of the Interior, has an article in
 the last North American Review on the
 latent possibilities of the Southern States.
 He alludes to the great fertility of the soil,
 which enabled a country drained almost to
 its last penny, ravaged and demoralized by
 civil war in 1860, to produce 60 per cent of
 the world's cotton and \$6,000,000 worth of
 fruit and vegetables from Norfolk alone
 not 30 years later. The Southern States
 show a percentage of increase during the
 time considered, in the true value of real
 and personal property and in the value of
 manufactured products nearly twice as
 great as that of the Eastern and Middle
 States, and yet only one-fifth of
 the land is in cultivation; 4,000,000
 acres yet remain uncultivated, three-fourths
 of which are suitable for cultivation. The
 gross product from agriculture in the South
 for 1890 was 24.1 per cent on the value of
 investment; while in the other States of the
 Union it was 13.1 per cent! Mr. Smith
 points out what an opportunity the South
 offers to homeseekers. They will find
 land cheap and the people ready to receive
 them with hospitality. Political affiliations
 no longer affect social relations in the South.
 The land is most varied in its uses. The
 lofty elevation of the Piedmont region fur-
 nishes a climate similar to New England,
 while the low lands of the Gulf States are
 suited to semi-tropical products. Between
 these two can be found every char-
 acter of soil, and the farmer can choose
 the locality and grow what he pleases.
 Locations can be found in which wheat,
 corn, cotton and fruit can be successfully
 cultivated in the same field.

It has been pointed out that the Southern
 States have made a remarkably good show-
 ing since the financial pressure commenced,
 and the fact has begun to attract the
 attention of investors from the North and
 West. A great deal of capital has been
 already placed by shrewd operators like
 Gould, Vanderbilt and others in Alabama,
 Texas, Virginia, North Carolina and other
 Southern States. Space will not permit of
 a quotation of Mr. Smith's description of
 the vast timber limits, the unlimited sup-
 ply of iron ore, and the coal fields of the
 Southern States, which indicate a great
 commercial future for the country south of
 Mason and Dixie's line.

MORAL DANGERS OF PROTECTION.

Whatever may be the outcome of the
 tariff-struggle now going on in the Ameri-
 can Congress, Canadians will be dull
 pupils, indeed, if they do not lay to heart
 the many valuable truths such an objec-
 tion so plainly teaches. It and the whole
 series of events which have led up to it and
 grown out of it have, we believe, im-
 pressed most of the thoughtful amongst us
 with a conviction of the general superiority
 of our own political system. Among other
 lessons it is well adapted to impress upon
 the minds of outlookers, the danger result-
 ing from a system of high pro-
 tection is one of the most valu-
 able. The real source of the diffi-
 culty is, it can hardly be denied, in the

results of that system. Those results are
 just what any clear-headed political econo-
 mist might have predicted, and what many
 have again and again predicted. So many
 immensely wealthy individuals and corpo-
 rations, trusts and monopolies, have been
 created by the system and have immense
 interests at stake in its continuance, that
 the nation is no longer self-governing. The
 people no longer rule. It has so far availed
 nothing that a great majority of the most
 intelligent and most industrious citizens
 have become convinced that the system is un-
 just and ruinous, and ought to be reformed.
 Their utmost efforts, resulting in a great
 victory at the polls two years ago, have so
 far proved powerless to secure the reform
 legislation to which the victorious party
 was most solemnly pledged. The trust, the
 monopoly and the money have thus far
 proved too strong for the will of the major-
 ity. We may hope to see the freedom-
 loving instincts of the people eventually
 triumph, but the nation is being rent and
 half ruined in the contest. Surely every
 thoughtful Canadian can draw the moral.—
 [Toronto Week.]

THE SYMPATHETIC STRIKE.

In a sermon recently the Rev. William
 E. Barton, of Boston, said that a sym-
 pathetic strike reminded him of the old
 woman who was unable to persuade her pig
 to jump over the stile. So she commanded
 the dog to bite the pig. When the dog re-
 fused she commanded the stick to beat the
 dog. Then, as refusal followed refusal,
 she ordered the fire to burn the stick, and
 the water to quench the fire, and the ox to
 drink the water, and the butcher to hang
 the ox, and the rat to gnaw the rope, and
 the cat to catch the rat. Here, by reason
 of the old-time animosity of the cat against
 the rat, she succeeded. The cat began to
 catch the rat, and the rat, to save its life,
 began to gnaw the rope, and the rope, to
 escape destruction, began to hang the
 butcher, and the butcher, to save his neck,
 began to kill the ox, and the ox began to
 drink the water, and the water to quench
 the fire, and the fire to burn the stick, and
 the stick to beat the dog. Thereupon, the
 dog proceeded to bite the pig, and the pig
 jumped over the stile, and the old woman
 went on her way rejoicing. That was the
 first sympathetic strike on record.

Grover Broke His Neck.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The big buffalo
 bull Grover Cleveland, belonging to Austin
 Corbin, is said to have broken his neck on
 Sunday at Mr. Corbin's game preserve in
 New Hampshire in attempting to demon-
 strate his superiority to the other mem-
 bers of the herd. He is believed to have
 had a fierce battle with another bull and in
 charging put his head too low, struck his
 horns in the ground, turned a somersault
 and thus ended his life with a broken cer-
 vical vertebra. Mr. Corbin has a large
 game preserve in Sullivan county, New
 Hampshire, called the Blue Mountain
 Forest. It is stocked with elk, moose, ante-
 lope, buffalo and varieties of smaller game.

HE'S ALL RIGHT.

Richard Harrison Had Backache for
 Some Years — It Was Due to
 Kidney Disease — No More
 Backaches Now.

HALL'S BRIDGE, Ont., Aug. 6.—Richard
 Harrison is well known here and every-
 where highly respected. That he has been
 a sufferer for some years from backache
 and other kidney troubles was a well
 known fact that gained much sympathy for
 him. Lately he has been moving around
 here as spry as a kitten and in the best of
 health. All his kidney troubles had dis-
 appeared, so he said when questioned, and
 he further said that the cause of their dis-
 appearance was his having used a few boxes
 of Dodd's Kidney Pills. The reputation of
 these pills as a specific in all kidney dis-
 orders is now firmly established in this
 part of Ontario.

The Best Food For Children?
 is worthy every parent's study;
 not only what they can eat, but
 what gives them the most nourishment.
 No children are better, and most
 are worse, for eating
 lard-cooked food.
 If, however, their food is
 prepared with the health-
 ful new vegetable shortening,
COTTOLINE
 instead of lard, they can eat free-
 ly of the best food without danger
 to the digestive organs. You can
 easily verify this by a fair trial
 of Cottoline.
 Made only by
 The
 N. K. Fairbank
 Company,
 Wellington
 and
 Ann Sts.,
 MONTREAL.

The City Coal and Wood Yard

WE ARE GETTING in a splendid lot of
 cheapest for the hot season. Also a fresh
 supply of the genuine Scranton Coal. We do not
 buy second-class coal, so sell at \$4 70 and \$4 90,
 and run the risk of getting a racket when the
 cold weather comes in.

Campbell & Chantler

176 Bathurst Street.



A PAIN REMEDY.

For nearly 50 years this wonderful remedy
 has proved itself the best, quickest, safest and
 surest antidote for pain in the world.

THE TRUE RELIEF

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is safe, re-
 liable and effectual because of the stimulating
 action which it exerts over the nerves and
 vital powers of the body, adding tone to the
 one and inducing to renewed and increased
 vigor the summing vitality of the physical
 structure, and through this healthful stimula-
 tion and increased action the cause of the
 PAIN is driven away and a natural condition
 restored. It is thus that the READY RELIEF
 is so admirably adapted for the CURE OF
 PAIN and without the risk of injury which is
 sure to result from the use of many of the so-
 called pain remedies of the day.

In using medicines to stop pain we should
 avoid such as inflict injury on the system.
 Opium, Morphine, Ether, Cocaine and Chloral
 stop pain by destroying the sense of perception,
 when the patient loses the power of feeling.
 This is the most destructive practice; it makes
 the system, shuts up, and instead of removing
 trouble, breaks down the stomach, liver and
 bowels, and, if continued for a length of time,
 kills the nerves and produces local or general
 paralysis.

There is no necessity for using these uncertain
 agents, while a positive remedy like RAD-
 WAY'S READY RELIEF will stop the most
 excruciating pain quicker, without entailing
 the least difficulty in either infant or adult.

A CURE FOR ALL.

SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

DYSENTERY, DIARRHEA,

CHOLERA MORBUS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a
 half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the
 discharges continue, and a flannel saturated
 with Ready Relief placed over the stomach
 and bowels will afford immediate relief and
 soon effect a cure.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of
 water will in a few minutes cure Cramps,
 Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervous-
 ness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Dizziness,
 Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal
 pains.

MALARIA.

CHILLS AND FEVER, FEVER AND

AGUE CONQUERED.

Radway's Ready Relief

Not only cures the patient seized with this
 terrible foe to settlers in newly settled
 districts, where the Malaria or Ague exists,
 but if people exposed to it will, every morning
 on getting out of bed, take 20 or 30 drops of
 the Ready Relief in a glass of water and eat
 a cracker, they will escape attacks. This
 must be done before going out.

There is not a remedial agent in the world
 that will cure Fever and Ague and all other
 Malarious, Bilious or other fevers, and all de-
 rangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely vegeta-
 ble, containing no mercury, minerals or deleter-
 ious drugs.

Price 25c per bottle. Sold by druggists.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy
 for the cure of disorders of the Stomach,
 Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous
 System, Indigestion, Bilelessness, Fever, Inflam-
 mation of the Bowels, Piles and all derange-
 ments of the Internal Viscera. Purely vegeta-
 ble, containing no mercury, minerals or deleter-
 ious drugs.

DYSPEPSIA.

Dr. Radway's Pills are a cure for this com-
 plaint. They restore strength to the stomach
 and enable it to perform its functions. The
 symptoms of Dyspepsia disappear, and with
 them the liability of the system to contract
 disease. Take the medicine according to
 directions and observe what we say in "False
 and True" respecting diet.

RADWAY & CO., Montreal, Canada.

Any Time
 is the right time
 for everybody to drink
Hires' Root Beer
 A temperance drink.
 A home-made drink.
 A health-giving drink.
 A thirst-quenching drink.
 A drink that is popular everywhere.
 Delicious, Sparkling, Effervescent.

GEO. W. PITT

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

ALL WORK FIRST-CLASS.

160 DUNDAS STREET

At L. D. Trumpp's Jewelry Store.

Eyes tested free, and glasses properly ad-
 justed. Every case guaranteed.

LIVERY STABLES.

LILLEY'S LIVERY—NO. 619 DUNDAS
 at foot, East London, Ont. Telephone
 76, 614.

W. M. TRIPP'S LIVERY, RICHMOND
 street north, has added a first-class
 hack and team to its outfit. Careful drivers.
 Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges right. Tele-
 phone 422.

A. MERICAN HOUSE LIVERY, YORK
 street—Hacks and light delivery. Tele-
 phone 512. A. G. ETOYAN, Proprietor.

DUFFON, LIVERY, KING STREET—
 A. Stylish rigs and good horses. Rigs at
 shortest notice. Telephone 333.

Lawrence's :: Livery,

Boarding, Sale and Exchange
 Stables and London Fiding
 Academy is the place to get
 first-class turnouts of every de-
 scription.

Phone 943. - 568 Dundas St
 W. E.

For light livery, double or
 single outfits.

PHONE 441.

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY.

Not our intention to carry over goods from season to
 season. The price must be the moving factor. Early
 shoppers will reap the benefit. Come and bring your
 friends. Scan over the following list; you will find many
 items of interest. Money refunded if goods are not as
 advertised.

Chapman's, Aug. 10.

- 1st—2 dozen Full Size Silk Embroidered Table Covers, worth \$1 75
 for \$1 29.
- 2nd—Linen Table Cloths, red borders, with fringe, good size, worth 50c,
 for 30c.
- 3rd—Our entire stock of Crinkle Dress Materials, worth 20c and 25c yard,
 to-day 8c.
- 4th—20 pieces French Sateens and Surah Spots, worth 35c yard, Bargain
 Day 12½c.
- 5th—Heavy Canton Flannel, worth 8c, Bargain Day 8 yards for 50c.
- 6th—5 pieces Very Fine Ceylon Flannel, worth 15c, to-day 11c yard.
- 7th—Fine Linen Table Cloths, 2 yards square, selling for \$1 50, to-day \$1 10
- 8th—1 piece Union Tweed, strong and serviceable, for boys' wear, worth
 28c, for 18c.
- 9th—10 dozen Largest Size Honeycomb White Quilts, with fringe, worth
 \$2, for \$1 59.
- 10th—2 pieces more of our Celebrated Bleached Twilled Sheet, worth
 35c, for 25c.
- 11th—1 bale Heavy Unbleached Cotton, yard wide, worth 7c, to-day 5c.
- 12th—250 Remnants of Prints, and Wash Goods, less than wholesale
 price to-day.
- 13th—Ladies' Pure Silk Gloves, worth 50c, to-day 25c.
- 14th—Ladies' Pure Silk Gauntlet Gloves, worth 75c, to-day 50c.
- 15th—Ladies' Pure Silk Gauntlet Gloves, colored, worth 60c, to-day 40c.
- 16th—Ladies' Colored Gloves, worth 20c, to-day 10c pair.
- 17th—Ladies' Black Silk Lace Mitts, worth 45c, to-day 35c.
- 18th—Ladies' Colored Silk Lace Mitts, worth 30c, to-day 15c.
- 19th—A bargain in Lace and Embroidery, worth 5c, worth 8c, worth 10c,
 your choice 2c.
- 20th—100 pieces of Cream and Beige Lace, worth 15c and 20c yard, to-
 day 10c yard.
- 21st—Ladies' Black Silk Hose, worth 90c pair, to-day 55c.
- 22nd—Ladies' Fine Black Cotton Hose, fast dye, worth 25c, for 17c.
- 23rd—Children's Black Ribbed Cotton Hose, good quality, all sizes, only
 15c pair.
- 24th—Children's White Cotton Hose, all sizes, only 12½c pair.
- 25th—Ladies' Black and Colored Frilled Parasols, worth \$2 50, to-
 day \$1 50.
- 26th—Black Gloria Silk Parasols, worth \$1 50, to-day \$1 25.
- 27th—Fancy Garter Elastic, worth 12½c, to-day 7c yard.
- 28th—Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs, worth 5c each, to-day 7 for 25c.
- 29th—Boys' Sailor Collars, worth 15c, on Bargain Day 10c each.
- 30th—Ladies' Blouse Waists, 50c line for 34c, 75c line for 50c, \$2 25 line
 for \$1 50.
- 31st—Fine Muslin Embroidery, skirt width, worth 75c, now 35c.
- 32nd—Ladies' Corsets, a special line, worth 75c, to-day 50c.
- 33rd—Ladies' Fancy Gilt and Silver Belts, worth \$1 25, for 50c.
- 34th—Colored Mull, extra wide, only 10c yard.
- 35th—Ladies' Ribbed Vests, the 25c line to-day 20c.
- 36th—A large assortment of Fans, 45c line for 25c, 25c line for 19c.
- 37th—9 pieces Plaid Dress Goods, new patterns, double fold, only 25c.
- 38th—A table full of Dress Goods, 50c and 60c goods, only one cut of
 each, at 25c.
- 39th—Another lot of Dress Goods, 25c and 35c goods, double fold, one
 cut of each at 12½c.
- 40th—15 pieces All-Wool Henrietta and Fancy Dress Goods, worth 50c and
 65c yard, on Friday, any time before 12 o'clock, this line for 25c yard.
- 41st—11 pieces Brocade Dress Goods, worth 20c, to our customers only, 5c
 yard.
- 42nd—2 pieces Black Brocade Lustre, double fold, worth 50c, for 35c.
- 43rd—4 pieces Black Figured Brillantine, worth 25c, for 17c.
- 44th—4 pieces Colored Brillantine, wide width, worth 30c, for 15c.
- 45th—11 pieces Art Muslin, in eastern designs, only 3c yard.
- 46th—Men's Straw Hats, fine goods, worth 50c your choice 25c.
- 47th—Gents' Fine Balbriggan Underwear, worth \$1 suit, for 60c.
- 48th—Men's Fine Shirts, with colored fronts and cuffs, worth \$1 25, for 69c.
- 49th—Men's 4-Ply Linen Collars, only 5c each.
- 50th—Boys' Navy Blue Sailor Suits, worth \$1 25, for 75c.
- 51st—Boys' 2-Piece Tweed Suits, worth \$3 50 and \$4, to-day only \$2 50.
- 52nd—Navy Blue and Black Russel Cord and Diagonal Striped Worsted
 Summer Coats and Vests, worth \$3 76, for \$2 50.
- 53rd—Silk Coats and Vests, plain and striped steel gray, worth \$5, to-
 day \$3 75.
- 54th—Ribbons, a bargain, Silk Ribbons worth 10c and 15c, for 5c yard.
- 55th—Heavy Twilled Cretonne, only 5c yard.
- 56th—Ladies' Garden Hats, worth 25c, only 5c. Up stairs.
- 57th—Ladies' Spring Jackets, black and colored, worth \$5 and \$6, your
 choice \$2 50.

PARCELS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY
 BY OUR OWN DELIVERY WAGONS.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas Street