

has an exceedingly healthy climate. Every medical man he met in the country assured him of this ; and the healthy looks, and the numerous families of the natives, of all classes, confirmed these assurances.

On the shores of the Bay of Fundy there is much fog during the summer season, but this extends a short distance only into the interior. The City of St. John is frequently wrapped in a dense sea-fog, while the days are bright and cloudless at the distance of a few miles only. In the interior of the Province, the air is much warmer in summer than on the sea-coast ; and there is a greater degree of cold in winter.

The ranges of temperature are :—At St. John, on the Bay of Fundy, from 18° below, to 88° above zero.

At Richibucto, on the Gulf of St. Lawrence, from 20° below, to 90° above zero.

At Fredericton, in the interior, from 24° below, to 95° above zero.

The following observations were made on the weather, at an altitude of 132 feet above high water mark in the City of St. John, which is in lat. $45^{\circ} 16'$ North, and long. $66^{\circ} 4'$ West.

In the Years 1848, 1849, 1850, and 1851.

Years.	Highest Temperature.	Lowest Temperature.	Clear days.	Cloudy days.	Stormy days.	Snow, in inches.	Rain, in inches.
1848	87	—14	178	116	72	89	48
1849	88	—15	200	124	41	46	37.6
1850	84	— 6	194	112	59	117	33
1851	85	—18	181	124	66	43	40

There are not more than four snow-storms in any one year, in which over a foot of snow falls at any one time ; and snow-storms rarely last more than two days. In England, nine inches of snow, when melted, average one inch of water ; in New-Brunswick, seventeen inches melted, average one inch of water. The snow is therefore twice as light, or dry, as that of England.