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PATTERN AND SAMPLE POST.

CANADA.

Patterns and samples of merchandise, not exceeding 24 ounces in weight, when posted in Canada for places within Canada, must be prepaid by postage stamp at the rate of one cent per four ounces weight, and put up in such manner as to admit of inspection. Goods sent in an execution of an order, however small the quantity may be, or articles sent by one private individual to another, not being actually Trade Patterns or Samples, are not admissible as such.

UNITED STATES.

Patterns and samples of merchandise posted for places in the United States will continue to be subject to the special rate of ten cents each, prepaid by postage stamp, and must not exceed 8 ounces in weight.

BEAR THIS IN MIND.

Register all valuable letters, and use sealing wax for letters containing money. Transmit money by money orders.

Make complaints and inquiries in writing.

Preserve, and request correspondents to preserve envelopes of mis-sent or delayed letters.

Send to the Postmaster envelopes of letters about which you seek information or make complaint.

Business men should be careful to authorise but a limited number of persons to receive their letters, and only those in whom they have full confidence.

MONEY ORDERS.

Every money order office in the Province of Quebec, Ontario, New Brunswick, Novia Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Manitoba and British Columbia issues money orders on every other money order office in these Provinces, as well as on every money order office in the United Kingdom. Every money order office in the United Kingdom also issues money orders on every money order office in these Provinces.

All the money order Post Offices are authorized to draw money orders on each other from any sum up to \$100, and for as many orders of \$100 each as the applicant may require, upon the following terms only, viz.:

The other Countries and British Colonies upon which Money Orders are granted the rates of Commission in all cases are as follows:—

	It not	exceeding	\$10	100
Over	\$10 "	"	20	200
"	20 "	"	30	
	30 "		40	30C.
4.	40 "	"	40 50	40C.

DECEMBER.—Did you ever consider as a rule it is not advisable to fatten stock in winter. On this timely topic a Western journal wisely observes, that unless warm stabling is provided, and a high price assured in the spring, winter stable feeding is bad economy. It requires twenty-five per cent. more grain to lay on the same amount of fat than is necessary in ordinary autumn temperatures. Fattening animals require a regular supply of pure water, and no more exercise than is necessary to maintain a good appetite. Animals that chew the cud cannot long maintain good health without hay or some similar substance to masticate. Chewing promotes the flow of saliva which is a necessity in the digestion of starchy tood. Exclusion from a strong light, in addition to warm temperature, must not be overlooked by those who propose to fatten stock in winter.