

TABLE 3 (CONTINUED)

	TOTAL JOBS
INDIRECT SERVICES:	
CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES	12,111
TRANSPORTATION & STORAGE INDUSTRIES	71,515
COMMUNICATION INDUSTRIES	15,733
OTHER UTILITY INDUSTRIES	18,881
WHOLESALE TRADE INDUSTRIES	78,296
RETAIL TRADE INDUSTRIES	92,622
FINANCE INSURANCE & REAL ESTATES INDUSTRIES	32,446
COMMUNITY, BUSINESS, PERSONAL SERVICES	88,636
TOTAL INDIRECT SERVICES	410,240
TOTAL GOODS AND INDIRECT SERVICES	1,132,380

Source: Statistics Canada Input-Output Model

● MEXICO HIGHLIGHTS

Mexico is one of the partners in the North American Free Trade Agreement. Future merchandise export trade is expected to grow as the NAFTA is consummated and new trading patterns develop. In 1991, however, Mexico was not a major export market, receiving only \$556 million or 0.4% of Canada's business sector exports.¹⁸

Canadian merchandise exports to Mexico sustained 7,351 export-supported jobs or 0.4% of all export-supported jobs. A billion dollars of exports to Mexico would support a comparatively high 13,222 jobs in Canada. Each \$75,631 of Canadian exports to Mexico support one Canadian job. Table 4 summarizes the sectors where Canadian merchandise exports to Mexico in 1991 supported jobs.

¹⁸ It should be noted that Canada's total exports to Mexico grew strongly in 1992 to \$783 million. Moreover, Statistics Canada estimates that our exports to Mexico have been underestimated by as much as one-third, due to the failure to record accurately shipments to U.S.-based intermediaries.