HEARTH AND HOME.

IMMORTALITY OF THE BEAUTIFUL .- There is nothing beautiful and good that dies and is for-An infant, a prattling child, dying in gotten. An iniant, a practing chira, dying in its eradle, will live again in the better thoughts of those who loved it, and play its part, though its body be burned to ash or drowned in the deepest sea. There is not an angel added to the hosts of heaven but does its blessed work on earth in those who loved it here. Dead! Oh, if the good deeds of human creatures could be traced to their source, how beautiful would even death appear! — for how much charity, mercy, and purified affection would be seen to have their growth in dusty graves.

growth in dusty graves.

CO-OPERATION OF THE WIFE. — No married man ever prospered in the world without the co-operation of his wife. If she unites in mutual endeavours, or rewards his labours with an endearing smile, with what confidence will he resort to his daily toil, meet difficulty, and encounter danger, if he knows that he is not spending his strength in vain, but that his labour will he rewarded by the sweets of home! Solicitude and disappointment enter the history of every be rewarded by the sweets of nome: Sonctude and disappointment enter the history of every man's life; and he is only half provided for his voyage who finds but an associate for happy hours, while for his months of darkness and disappointment of the contraction tress no sympathising partner is prepared.

tress no sympathising partner is prepared.

Home.—If there is a word that fills the heart with joy, it is "home." Home is an old word, yet it has invincible power that can never lessen or wear out. There is no other word in language that clusters so many pleasing affections, and that so powerfully excites our feelings. We are bound to it by ties of early affection, by years of childhood, by a father's and brother's friendship, by a mother's and sister's love. Home! Murmur but its name, and what happy recollec-Murmur but its name, and what happy recollections shoot through the heart, and our brain is wild with emotion. Our spirits, however depressed by sorrow or affliction—however much we have been stunned by the rough change of life, sometimes turns to the memories of "home, sweet home.

SLEEP FOR CHILDREN.—There is no danger SLEEP FOR CHILDREN.—There is no danger that children can sleep too much. The old proverb, "Who sleeps, eats," is illustratrated in those little ones who sleep most. Wakeful children are almost always peevish, irritable, andlean. If they can be induced to sleep abundantly, they are quite likely to become good-natured and If they can be induced to sleep abundantly, they are quite likely to become good-natured and plump. Their sleep should be as much during the hours of darkness as possible, and therefore it is better that they should go to bed before sunset to have their sleep out, than to lie long after sunrise in the morning. It is well to let any healthful, growing child or young person sleep till he wakens himself, and then give him such variety and amount of outdoor exercise as shall make him glad when bed-time returns.

MOTHERS AND CHILDREN .- It is singular, but it is no less a fact, that in reference to juvenile folly, frequent instances of mistaken management proceed from the laudable anxiety of the mother to encourage the tender sympathies of children towards each other. We have seen her bestowing praise and admiration on those who had made little sacrifices to please their younger brothers and sisters, or who bestowed carresses and signs of affection on them; and we have seen the sa-crifices repeated, and the caresses bestowed for the very purpose of exciting attention and admiration. And thus the very feelings it was the intention to call forth and strengthen have been smothered and nipped in the bud, by a rissing emotion of selfishness and vanity. Alas! that simplicity, integrity and perfect uprightness of character should thus early be endang-

With proper management, the affection and With proper management, the affection and care of the elder children, towards the younger, will be a matter of course. The exercise of this affection will bring with it its own reward, and repay them for any little sacrifice of their own self-indulgence it required of them. We must suppose, however, in this case, that all cause of invitation of feeling her been correfully avoided irritation of feeling has been carefully avoided.
The judicious nurse will always render the baby an object of interest, and not of jealousy. The little ones may almost fancy they are helping to dress, to rock it, to protect it. The sympathetic and tender feelings of children cannot be too early or too carefully excited and cultivated, but must, on no occasion, be the object of notice or admiration.

A child may be very early trained to be obe-A conic may be very early trained to be obedient; but this training must begin in the earliest infancy. Accustom your child to understand and to adhere to a certain number of prohibi-You have it always in your power to enforce obedience, by removing the child from within reach of the forbidden object. But this within reach of the following as you can, enis not what we mean; as soon as you can, enis not what we mean; as soon as you can, enis not what we will not be dience to such prohibitions deavour to render obedience to such deavour to render obedience to such productions in some measure voluntary. Beware of compromising your authority by giving, at an early age, positive injunctions which you have not the means of enforcing; and, before you arouse a spirit of self-will and independence, by battles and contentions, in order to gain your point, create a certain habit of willing obedience, by exacting attention to these prohibitions, which will prepare the child for compliance, afterwards, will prepare the child for compliance, afterwards, with positive orders. You thus inure a child, in a certain degree, to practise a little salutary self-denial, and to impose a restraint on its own wishes in compliance with your order.

The habit once formed is found according to the compliance of t

The habit once formed is found easy of practice, and the child, with, as it were, natural ease, carries out the precept as a part of its every-day life, unhesitatingly, and with a willingness which makes the doing a pleasure and the act a graceful concession.

ROUND THE DOMINION.

News of a large number of accidents to shipping has been received from the lower ports.

The Dominion Parliament will be summoned somewhat earlier for the coming session than usual.

The gross earnings of the Government railway in Prince Edward Island since its opening in May is \$61,916.

An eight-feet-eight seam of coal has been discovered by the manager of the Bridgeport Mines at Port Caledonia, C.B.

Furs are getting perceptibly scarcer about Minden, and the fall hunt this year will not be so extensive as formerly.

The Supreme Court will meet on the 4th of next month to determine rules of practice. The Judges expect to be ready for work by the new

Much distress is expected to prevail amongst the mining population of Cape Breton during the coming winter. Many of the miners are out of employment.

Redpath & Son, closed on Monday, on account of the drawback allowed by the Americans on refined sugar, and the present arrangement of the Canadian tariff.

A fire broke out in South Quebec on Thursday week, and six houses were destroyed. A piano thrown out of an upper window of one of the burning houses struck and instantly killed Mr. Thom, of the Emigration Department.

The waters of the River-aux-Sables, between Lambton and Middlesex, were yesterday turned into a new channel cut for the purpose, and it is claimed that by this work 19,000 acres of drowned land will be reclaimed.

The number of vessels which arrived at Montreal this year shows an increase of 7,000 tons compared with any previous year. The business compared with any previous year. The business of the port financially shows a deficiency of \$21,000 this year, owing to the general depression

For the purpose of improving the live stock of the Province, the New Brunswick Government recently bought in the other Provinces thorough-bred animals to the value of \$21,000. This stock according to the Government scheme, was sold by auction lately, and realized over \$15,000, which will be devoted to the further purchase of improved breeds. The stock is sold in such a way as to be distributed over the Province.

BRELOQUES POUR DAMES.

If your wife is good, kiss her for reward. If she isn't, kiss her for punishment.

It is said that when a girl is born in Indiana the unhappy father begins to save money to buy a piano.

An anti-hymeneal punster says that the recriminations of married people resemble the sounds of the waves on the sea-shore—being the murmurs of the tied.

A young man stepped into a book-shop, and said he wanted "a young man's companion."—
"Well, sir," said the bookseller, "here is my
only daughter."

A cynical man insists that the fewer relations or friends we have the happier we are. In your poverty they never help you, in your prosperity they always help themselves.

" CAN you swim?" is now the somewhat startling and embarrassing question addressed by an ardent young aristocrat to a blushing partner just introduced to him for a quadrille.

A Westerley, R. I., clergyman married a couple the other night, received his fee and sent them away, apparently satisfied, but, a day or two after, the bridegroom returned, and said that he had come to pay more, as the woman had turned out much better than he expected.

A Presbyterian minister, in marrying a couple of his rustic parishioners, felt exceedingly disconcerted, on asking the bridegroom if he were "willing" to take the woman for his wedded wife, by the man's scratching his head and saying, "Ay-I'm wullin, but I'd rather hae her sister." A Presbyterian minister, in marrying a couple

MRS. MILLIS was asked the other day how she managed to get along so nicely with Mr. Milliss, and frankly replied: "Oh, I feed him well.
When a woman marries, her happiness for a little while depends upon the state of her husband's heart; after that, it's pretty much according to the state of his stomach.

A Transatlantic editor informs his readers that "black-eyed ladies are most apt to be passionate and jealous; blue-eyed, soulful, truthful, affectionate, and confiding; gray-eyed, philosophical, literary, resolute, cold-hearted; hazel-eyed, quick-tempered and fickle; green-eyed, jealous. Ours is green-eyed."

THE RETICULUM.

It would seem from the last Paris reports that the ancient Roman reticulum is going to be the new fashion in hair-dressing. The celebrated M. Auguste Petit, of the Rue de la Paix, has just introduced in Paris a patent single hair net, which he calls the Arachne, on account of the strength given to the one hair of which the net is made. Arachne, the daughter of Timon, King of Lydia, and rival of Minerva, was a great hand at embroidery, and had some almost imper-ceptible thread of remarkable strength to work with. Minerva got jealous of her and transform-

ed her into a spider. And it is in honour of that Miss Arachne that M. Auguste Petit has named his new invention. The advantage of the net is, that by wearing it, a lady cannot only dance or drive to a summer ball in an open carriage, but can almost undertake to face a hurricane without her Chignon La Vallière or Coiffure Montespan (new kinds of elaborate hair-dressing) being in the least disturbed. This net will probably prove to be something similar to what, according to Homer, Andromache used to wear, or what is represented to adorn the head of Diane de Poitiers in one of Limousin's enamel works in the Musée du Louvre. This classical reticulum was given up by the mediæval ages, but resumed by the Renaissance. Subsequently it disappeared, again to be brought into fashion once more under the Second Empire.

OUR CHESS COLUMN.

Solutions to Problems sent in by Correspondents will be duly acknowledged.

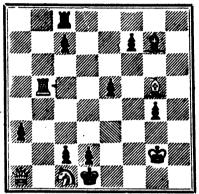
TO CORRESPONDENTS

H. A. C. F. Montreal. Problems and letters received.

Many thanks. Would have answered before by letter,
but have been absent from home.

M. J. M. Quebec. Problem received, which shall
receive due attention.

PROBLEM No. 49 By. F. HRALEY. BLACK.



WHITE.

White to play and mate in three moves

SOLUTIONS. Solution of Problem No. 40.

BLACK.

1. K to K 5th

2. K to Q 6th

WHITE.
1. R to Q B 6th
2. Q to K B 4th (ch)
3. Q to Q-4th mate

2. K to Q 4th 3. R to Q 6th mate

IF 1. K to K Kt 5th 2. K moves Q to K B 4th (ch) R takes Kt mate

Solution of Problem for Young Players,

No. 39.

WHITR
1. K to K B 6th
2. B mates

PROBLEMS FOR YOUNG PLAYERS.

No. 40.

By M. D'Orville. WHITE

BLACK.
K at Q B 6th
Q at K R 7th
R at K 7th W HITE
K at Q R sq K at Q B 6th
Q at Q R 2nd Q at K R 7th
Kt at K 3rd R at K 7th
Kt at Q B 5th
White to Tlay and mate in three moves.

GAME 45TH.

Played recently at que that city and Prof. He WHITE.

C. Champion Esq.,
1. P to K 4th
2. P to Q 4th
3. Q takes P
4. Q to Q sq
5. K K to B 3rd
6. K B to B 4th
7. Castles
8. B to K K to 5th
9. P to K R 3rd
10. B to Q 5th
11. P takes B
12. Q K to B 3rd
14. P to Q B 3rd
15. P to Q R 3rd
15. P to Q R 3rd
16. K K to B 3rd
16. K K to B 3rd
17. K K to B 3rd
18. B to R 4th
19. K K to K 4th
19. K K to K 4th
19. K K to R 8th
19. K K to R Played recently at Quebec between C. Champion Esq. of that city and Prof. Hicks. BLACK.
Prof. Hicks.
P to Q B 4th
P takes P
Q Kt to B 3rd
K to K 4th
K B to B 4th
K Kt to B 3rd
Castles Castles P to Q 3rd B to K 3rd B takes B B takes B Q Kt to his sq Q Kt to Q 2nd Q R to B sq P to Q R 4th Q to K 2nd P to K R 3rd Q to Q sq K to R 2nd K to K 2nd
B takes Kt
Q R to Kt sq
K to Kt sq
Q Kt to Kt 3rd
Kt takes Kt
O takes R Q takes B K R to Q B sq P to R 5th P to Q Kt 4th 27. Vi O B 20 28. K R to K sq 29. K R to K 3rd 30. Q R to Q 2nd 31. Q to Q 2nd 32. P to K B 3rd 34. P takes P 35. R to K B 3rd 36. R to Q 3rd 37. Q R to K sq 38. R takes R 39. Q to K B 2nd 40. K to B sq 41. Q to Q B 2nd 42. Q to K 2nd 43. Q to K 3rd 44. R to K 3rd 45. R to K 3rd 46. K to B 3rd 47. Q to K 2nd 48. Q to K 2nd 49. Q to K 2nd 49. Q to K 3rd 40. Q to K 3rd 40. Q to K 3rd 41. Q to K 3rd 42. Q to K 3rd 44. R to K 3rd 45. R to K 6th Pto Q Kt 4th
K R to Q B 5th
Q R to Q B 5th
P to K B 4th
P to K B 5th
P to K 5th
R takes K P
Q R to Q B 5th
K takes K P
P to K 4th
R takes R
R takes R
R takes R R takes R
K to R 2nd
R to B 5th
K to Kt 2nd
K to B 3rd
K to B 4th
P to R 4th
Resigns.

GAME 46th.

Chess in London

The following sparkling skirmish was played between the Rev. G. A. Macdonell and Mr. Bird. It is a speci men of the Muzio Gambit.

WHITE.
Mr. Macdonnell.
P to K 4th
P to K B 4th
R to K B 3rd
B to Q B 4th
Castles
Q takes P
P to Q 4th
B takes Q B P
P to Q 3rd
D B takes Q B P
R to Q S ft
R to R B 3rd
R to Q B 3rd
C B takes C B P
R to Q S ft
R to Q B 3rd
C B takes C B P
R to Q S ft
R to Q B 3rd
C B takes K B (ch)
C C Q to K B third is BLACK.
Mr. Bird.
P to K 4th
P takes P
P to K Kt 4th
P takes P
P to K Kt 4th
P to K S 2nd (a)
Kt to Q B 3rd
Kt takes Q P
B to Kt 2nd (c)
Kt to K R 3rd
Q to Q B 4th
Q to Q K t3rd (d)
K Kt to K B 4th
Q takes Q Kt P (e)
K to Q sq
Kt takes Q
Resigns. Resigns. NOTES.

(a) 6 Q to K B third is the strongest defence to the

FRENCH FURNITURE

uzio.

(b) Better than supporting the Queen's pawn.

(c) Kt to K third is much better play.

(d) Checking would have availed nothing

(e) There is now no good move on the board.

An American writes from Paris. It is rather interesting to note the difference between the styles of French furniture and American. With us all pieces of furniture are solid and large, as befits our trying climate and the grandiose proportions of our dwelling-houses. French cabinetwork, under the influence of our intense frosts, dry atmosphere, and furnace heat, cr cks and springs, and ultimately falls to pieces. Prettiness, grace, and adaptability are more studied than are strength and massiveness. The Oriental styles in furniture coverings and carpets are greatly in vogue. The heavy Smyrna and Turkish carpets have driven the more delicate Aubusson clear out of the field. Satins in dark blue and dark brown, embroidered with Chinese monsters in gold, and gay-colored silks form the most recherché coverings for the large arm-chairs that form part of the fittings of every French parlor. Rich materials for curtains and furniture covering are not so exclusively used as with us. material much in vogue for more economical furnishings is called satin de laine (woollen satin). It comes in all brilliant colors and is very effective, though of course less durable than the costly silk reality. It is a curious fact in French furnishing that our most popular and useful piece of a bedroom set, next to the bed itself, namely, the bureau, should be wholly out of vogue. A bureau no longer forms part of the vogue. A bureau no longer forms part of the furniture of a modern French bedroom. It has been replaced by a tall, slender wardrobe, with a glass set in its single door and fitted with shelves only, the width not being sufficient to allow any "hanging-up side," as in American wardrobes. Then, too, the washstand is usually made with a top that shuts down and is fitted with drawers to the floor. These two pieces of furniture are supposed to do away with any of furniture are supposed to do away with any necessity for a bureau. The bed (usually of far narrower proportions than at home) is fitted with a spring mattress, on top of which is laid a second mattress made of wool, which wool, after a year or so of use, gets matted and lumpy and has to be cleaned and recarded. The couch thus formed is luxuriously comfortable, if troublesome in the long run.

A LADY SPEEDILY CURED

by Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines, after being under medical treatment for two years, which left her in an emaciated and very feeble condition, with terrible suffering from pain, and all hope of recovery gone, writes :

ROME, N. Y., June 15, 1874.

Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.

I feel it to be my duty to express my gratitude to you and the Divine Power that assisted you in the study and acquirement of means to relieve suffering. When I commenced the use of your suffering. When I commenced the use of your medicines I was in a rapid decline. I had been under medical treatment for nearly two years had been obliged to wear an internal supporter most of the time for four or five years, and for six or seven months previous to commencing the use of your medicines, I suffered intense pain almost constantly, nothing giving me even momentary relief (much of the time) except opium or morphine, the action of my stomach and liver being almost destroyed by their use. I was rapidly growing weaker, losing in flesh, and could take no nourishment, save a little beef-tea or gruel, could sit up but a few minutes at a time, could not walk across the room, and had formed the opinion that nothing could help me, but that I must soon leave my little children and family. In the midst of my despondency, one of your circulars was brought into my room. I paid little attention to it, thinking little of patent medicines, and supposing yours were such: but, after throwing it aside, I was impressed to look at it again, and, becoming more interested, I wrote you, thinking it useless to purchase any of the medicines before stating my case to you fully. Your reply gave me so much encouragement that I commenced the use of your Favorite Prescription, Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Purgative Pellets, according to the printed directions. tions accompanying them. Their effect upon me, and the struggle to rid my system of those poisonous drugs, was indeed wonderful. Some of the time my body has been completely coverered with a rash. I can eat and sleep well; walked to church yesterday morning, besides a block in the afternoon, without any supporter, and I consider myself almost entirely well. With untold gratitude,

Mrs. T. A. SEYMOUR.