quantitative determination of the principal constituents of the urine. Chapter vi., entitled "Key to the Approximate Analysis of the Urine," presents a ready help to the rapid analysis of a given specimen. Chapter vii. takes up general diagnosis: and here we have one omission to note, which is, the occasional occurrence of anuria as a symptom of hysteria. The specific diagnosis of diseases of the urinary apparatus is considered in the final chapter viii. The subject is here dealt with under three classifications :—

A. True Albuminuria, comprising 1. Hyperæmia of kidney, 2. Parenchymatous nephritis (in its various forms), 3. Interstitial nephritis, 4. Amyloid kidney.

B. Forms of Mixed Albuminuria, comprising
1. Pyelitis (four varieties), 2. Hæmatinria, 3.
Cysto-pyelitis and pyelo-cystitis.

C. Forms of False Albuminuria, comprising I. Cystitis, 2. New growths in bladder, 3. Bladder stone, and 4. Diseases of the urethra and prostate.

Throughout, the book is characterized by sound doctrine, scientific accuracy, and careful compilation; while, as a translation from a foreign tongue, its lucidity of style, terseness, and perspicuity are veritably surprising. It cannot fail, in our opinion, to attain the end set before its authors in its preparation, and prove a most valuable aid alike to student and practitioner in the urological diagnosis and study of disease. Eight very good double plates, portraying the microscopic deposits of the urine, complete the book.

Typographically, the text is all that could be desired, the print being beautifully clear and large; but we would venture to suggest to the publishers, Messrs. D. Appleton & Co., that a work intended for such frequent reference would be the better for being more strongly bound.

"Flint's Clinical Medicine," "Galabin on Diseases of Women," "Berkhardt on Asthma," and Vols. III. and V. of the "American Health, Primer Series," "Long Life and How to Reach it," and "Eyesight and How to Preserve it" will be noticed next month.

Meetings of Medical Societies.

TORONTO MEDICAL SOCIETY.

At a meeting held Oct. 9th, Dr. Oldright presented a patient, a boy, from whom he had removed a cyst situated on the frontal bone. The growth had produced some absorption of bone. Dr. Oldright also showed an encephaloid growth removed from the neck, being situated beneath the angle of the jaw. Dr. Alt reported a case of sympathetic neuro-retinitis. Patient with congenital cataract of both eyes. Some operation had been performed on the left eye, in England. On examination the cataract was found lodged in the anterior chamber of the left eve. There was cyclitis-no vision. Photophobia in right eye, but no sympathetic inflammation. The left eye was encucleated. This was followed by pain, slight inflammation and sluggishness of pupil of right eye and neuro retinitis which yielded to treatment. Dr. Zimmerman presented stomach and heart taken from a middle-aged man, found drowned. The coats of the stomach were greatly thickened and the pylorus narrowed, probably due to whiskey drinking. The heart showed a calcareous mass in the muscular substance of the posterior wall of left ventricle.

Dr. McPhedran then read a paper on Cystitis, giving the varieties, causes, pathological changes and treatment.

At a meeting held Oct. 23rd, Dr. Alt presented a tumour removed from the orbit of a gentleman. The growth extended from the outer to the inner angle, and appeared to be solid. Two years before, it had been operated upon and some cheesy matter squeezed out. A second operation was subsequently performed in New York, but the growth returned. The eyeball was pushed down wards and outwards. The growth appeared to start from the lachrymal gland, which was also removed. Microscopically it presented the appearance of an adenoma. Dr. Oldright related a case in which he had removed a sebaceous tumour from the cheek, and while doing so a second tumour appeared in the cavity, which had a pedicle attached to it, and passing through a small opening in the Buccinator muscle. This growth, which was about the size of a marble, was returned and