

COMPOUND ELIXIR OF SUMBUL.

Take of Tincture of Sumbul (Brit. Ph. 1867) *	4 fluid ounces.
Syrup	4 fluid ounces.
Compound Tincture of Cochineal	$\frac{1}{2}$ fluid ounce.
Elixir of Valerianate of Ammonium ...	8 fluid ounces.

Mix.

The elixir is slightly turbid, owing to the resin of the sumbul, which, if filtered out, must lessen its medicinal powers. This is given as a type of *extemporaneous elixirs*, which should not be filtered, but dispensed with the direction, "*Shake the vial before pouring out each dose.*"

* This is made by macerating and displacing two and a half ounces avoirdupois of powdered sumbul with proof spirit, so as to obtain one imperial pint (f $\frac{3}{4}$ xix, f $\frac{3}{4}$ iss., U. S. measure) of tincture.

(To be continued).

FORMULÆ FOR PEPSIN PREPARATIONS.*

BY HENRY BIROTH.

All Formulæ for Elixirs and other preparations containing Pepsin, heretofore published, in the various Pharmaceutical Journals, differ so greatly in regard to doses, as well as the mode of preparing, that the demand for *uniformity* and *simplicity* in these Preparations has become quite necessary. Now for the last two years I have been manufacturing Pepsin, and consequently have paid much attention to the different preparations in which Pepsin is used. The results are the following formulæ, which I submit to the Pharmaceutical Profession. They are based upon the dose of the remedies used therein, and their simplicity is evident. Elixirs, &c. can be prepared according to these formulæ instantly, when prescribed, or kept on hand, in the smallest quantities; they are elegant, palatable, and may be modified by the Physician ad libitum.

The dose for children is from a half to one *teaspoonful*. For adults, from a half to one *tablespoonful*.

* Chicago Pharmacist, February, 1874.