Ypsia umbripennis, n. s.

Q. Size and markings of *undularis*; black with the median space of primaries inferiorly and base of secondaries brownish. At once distinguished from *undularis* by two white linear shades accompanying the t. p. line and before it, from disc to internal margin. The lines and outline of the reniform velvety black. Subterminal line marked with whitish opposite the cell. Hind wings with the white linear shades from the cell to internal margin. Beneath dark brown with empty reniform and transverse lines. Head and thorax black. *Expanse* 43 mil. Grimsby, Mr. Pettit; London, Mr. Saunders.

Very much like *undularis*, but noticeably different by the white lines on both wings. This may be Walker's variety of "squamularis"; if so he has not unlikely transposed coricias and undularis.

NOTES ON LITODONTA, WITH REMARKS ON ONCOCNEMIS.

BY LEON F. HARVEY, A. M., M. D., BUFFALO, N. Y.

In a collection sent by Mr. Belfrage from Bosque Co., Texas, are 15 generally fresh specimens of this genus which I have carefully examined. The type of hydromeli & is numbered 527 (violet label), the \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 246 (red label). The orange dots following the fuscous blotches of the subterminal line are less evident in the male, and at the base of the wing the orange powdering is less prominent. I am inclined to consider seven specimens, two males, five females, captured from May 3rd to May 21st, as typical.

The variation is in the extent of the orange shadings. The abdomen of the male is a trifle longer, and the hind wings more purely whitish. The antennæ in both sexes are feathered, the tips being simple; in the males the pectinations are a little longer. The hind wings of one female are almost blackish, save the bases, and there is but the slightest trace of orange on fore wings; another is very small, measuring but 26 m. m., the