

COMFORT ONE ANOTHER.

by MRS. M. E. SANGSTER.

COMFORT one another; For the way is growing dreary, The feet are often weary,

And the heart is very sad. There is heavy burden-bearing,

When it seems that none are caring. And we half forget that ever we were glad.

Comfort one another; •With the hand-clasp close and tender, With the sweetness love can render, And the looks of friendly eyes.

Do not wait with grace unspoken, While life's daily bread is broken;

Gentle speech is oft like manna from the skies.

Comfort one another; There are words of music ringing Down the ages, sweet as singing

Of the happy choirs above

Ransomed saint and mighty angel, Lift the grand, deep-voiced evangel, Where forever they are praising the eternal love.

- Comfort one another ; By the hope of Him who sought us In our peril—Him who bought us, Paying with His precious blood : By the faith that will not alter, Tructing strength that shall set faith
- Trusting strength that shall not falter, Leaning on the One divinely good.

Comfort one another : Let the grave-gloom lie behind you, While the Spirit's words remind you Of the home beyond the tomb, Where no more is pain or parting, Fever's flush, or tear-drop starting; But the presence of the Lord, and for a'l

his people room. -Independent.

CANYONS OF THE COLOR/ADO.



Engraving exhibits a view on one of the most remarkable rivers in the world-the great Colorado of the far west. This river flows for hundreds of miles between lofty walls of rock,

which tower so high that often the sunlight never reaches the bottom, and the sky appears only as a narrow rift far over head. These gorges, or "canyons," as they are called, are sometimes six thousand feet, or over a mile, in depth, and have been worn in the course of ages by the action of the stream. One of the most remarkable voyages of dis-covery of which we ever read, was that of Major Powell—to whose courtesy we are indebted for the use of this cut— and his party. They sailed down the stream in a number of small boats, like officer, De Saint Mars.

that shown in the foreground; sometimes running rapids, and sometimes being wrecked, is they braved the un-tried perils of the stream. We may give some further illustrations of this wonderful river, and of the dangers they ancountered.

Although confined in this bare spot in the sea, where but little was a een . or heard save a distant sail and the dashing of the waters, he became a marked man among the few who chanced to meet him, and the circum-



CANYONS OF THE COLORADO.

THE MAN OF THE IRON MASK. URING the reign of Louis XIV. of Franco, there appeared on one of the Marguerite Islands, in the Mediterraneau, a prisoner of state closely guarded, and intrusted to the especial care of a French government

Bastile. From the time that he began protracted life, no one but his appoint to the throne of France. ed attendants is known to have seen his face.

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His head was enveloped in a black velvet mask, confined by springs of steel, and so arranged that he could not attempt to reveal his features without immediate detection.

His guardian, Do Saint Mars, had stance of his concealment was in been instructed by a royal order from certain of the king's favourites, to take his life immediately, should he attempt to reveal his identity.

During his continement on the Marguerite island, De Saint Mars ate and slept in the same room with him, and was always provided with weapons with which to despatch him, should he attempt to discover the secret of his history. If report be secret of his history. true, De Saint Mars might well exerciso caution, for it is asserted that ho was to forfeit his own life if by any want of watchfulness he allowed the prisoner to reveal his identity.

himself seemed The prisoner anxious to make the forbidden discovery. He once wrote a word on some linen, and succeeded in com-municating what he wished to an individual not in the secret of the He once wrote a word on mystery. But the plan was discovered, and the person that received the linen died suddenly, being taken off, it was supposed, by poison. He once engraved something, probably his name, on a piece of silver-plate. The person to whom it was conveyed was detected in his knowledge of the secret, and soon after died, as suddenly and mysteriously as the one who had received the linen.

These incidents show that the prisoner was a man of shrewdness and learning.

Howas attended during his imprisonment in the Bastile by the governor of the fortress, who alone administered to his wants; and when he attended mass he was always followed by a detachment of Invalides (French soldiers,) who were instructed to fire upon him in case he should speak or attempt to uncover his face.

These circumstances, and many others of like character, show that he was a person of very coninent rank, and that those who thus shut him out from mankind were conscious that they were committing a crime of no Sordinary magnitude.

danger of being noised abroad. He mystery, familiarly known as the Man was consequently removed to Paris, of the Iron Mask ? and immured in the cells of the

been a son of Anno of Austria and the to attract attention on the island in , Duke of Buckingham, and so a half-the Mediterranean to the close of his brother of Louis XIV., and a co-heir protracted life, no one but his appoint to the throne of France. It. to, it would appear that, while Louis XIV. was luxuriating amid the splendors of