

92
 $\frac{225}{100}$ lbs. tea = $30\frac{3}{4}$ cents
 $\therefore 1$ lb. cost 75 cents
 and 1 lb. coffee cost 32 cents.
 5. 5 rounds from 50 guns equals 250
 from one gun
 250 rounds in 8 minutes equals $31\frac{1}{4}$ in
 one minute
 300 men in 70 minutes equals $4\frac{2}{7}$ in one
 minute
 If $31\frac{1}{4}$ shots kill $4\frac{2}{7}$ men
 $31\frac{1}{4} \div 4\frac{2}{7} = 17\frac{1}{2}$ equals shots required
 to kill one man in one minute.
 By the second condition
 8 rounds in 10 minutes equals $\frac{4}{5}$ in
 one minute
 800 men in 50 minutes equals 16 men
 in one minute
 $\therefore 17\frac{1}{2}$ shots are required to kill one
 man in one minute
 $\therefore 17\frac{1}{2} \times 16 = 116\frac{1}{2}$ equal shots required
 to kill 16 men,
 If $\frac{4}{5}$ of a shot is fired from each of the
 second set of guns in one minute, it will
 require
 $116\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{4}{5}$ to do the work by the second
 condition
 $\therefore 145\frac{5}{8}$ or 146 equals the number of
 years.
 6. Let $x = A$'s debt to B
 Find present worth of this due in 4 years
 $100 \times \frac{3x}{100} \times 4 = \frac{2x}{5} = \text{mercantile disc't}$
 omitting the days of grace,
 $\therefore \frac{3x}{5} = \text{present worth}$
 Find amount of above for 4 years at 10
 per cent. compound interest.
 $(1.1)^4 \times \frac{3x}{5} = \text{amount.}$

$\therefore (1.1)^4 \times \frac{3x}{5} = x - 160$
 $x = \$794.43$.
 The remaining part is easy.
 7. $90 \div 5 = 18$
 $90 \div 6\frac{1}{4} = 7\frac{3}{4}$
 $90 \div 7\frac{1}{2} = 12$
 $90 \div 8\frac{1}{2} = 10\frac{4}{5}$
 $90 \div 10\frac{1}{4} = 8\frac{6}{11}$
 Find least common multiple of the above
 quotients and it will express the number
 of days travelled before they came together.
 L. C. M. of numerators equals 1080
 G. C. M. of denominators equals 1
 \therefore L. C. M. equals 1080
 Since the first man travelled at the rate
 of 5 miles per day,
 $1080 \times 5 = 5400$ miles.
 8. Find amount insured
 $3\frac{3}{4} : 432 :: 100 : x$
 $x = \$11,520$
 $\therefore \$11,520 - \$40 = \$11,480$ equals
 goods and insurance on goods.
 $\$11,480$
 Then $\frac{\$11,480}{\$1.03\frac{3}{4}} = \$11,065.06$
 equals value of goods
 9. The formula given is deduced from
 first principles in Todhunter's Advanced
 Algebra.
 Let x equal annual payment
 Then $(1.06)^4 \times 4500 = x \left(\frac{(1.06)^4 - 1}{.06} \right) =$
 $x \left(\frac{R^n - 1}{R - 1} \right)$
 By solving the above equation
 $x = \$1298.67 +$
 10. All regular solids are to one another
 as the cubes of their like lined dimensions
 $\therefore 105 : 22,680 :: 7^3 : x^3$
 $105 = 22,680 \times 343$
 $x = 42$ inches.