

You Can Go Anywhere On Gutta Percha Tires

In 1920 GUTTA PERCHA TIRES hung up a record for service that has never been excelled. The extraordinary mileage obtained, even where road conditions were worst, proclaimed them the outstanding Tires of the year and drew much favorable comment from the motoring public.

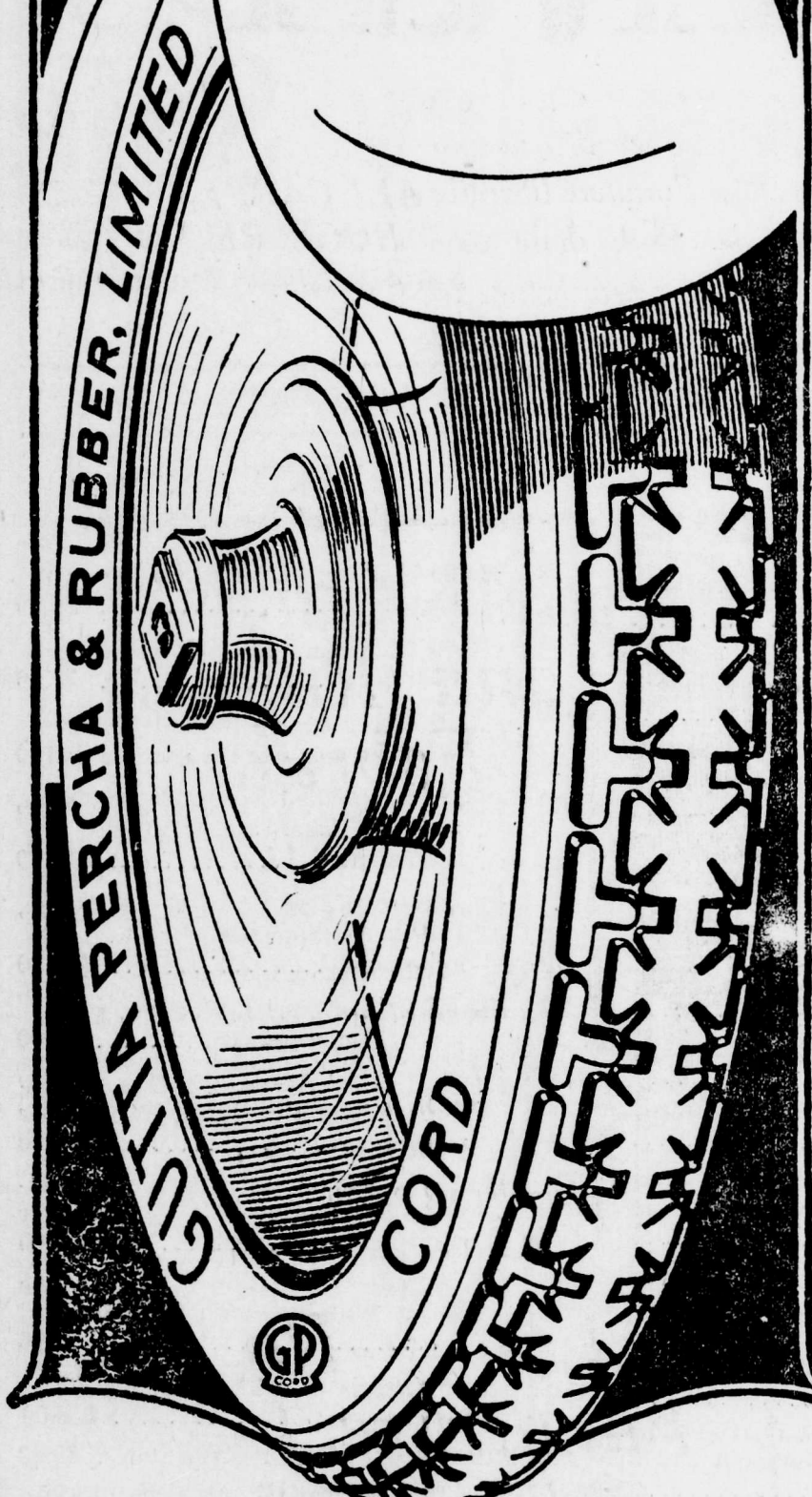
GUTTA PERCHA TIRES

Wherever you go in winter the roads are rough with frozen ruts and jagged ice, GUTTA PERCHA TIRES make a wonderful resistance to the wear and tear of this kind of driving. Tough treads and strong construction make GUTTA PERCHA TIRES able to withstand the worst winter roads.

A Canadian Express truck, Toronto, ran 30,000 miles on two GUTTA PERCHA Fabric Tires, 37x5, on rear wheels, and the Tires are still fit for use.

Go as far as you like on Gutta Percha Tires
Gutta Percha & Rubber Limited

Head Offices and Factory: Toronto.
Branches in Leading Canadian Cities.



LYON OPPOSED TO HYDRO TAX

President of Hydro Radial Association Calls It Class Law.

WILL BE A PROTEST
Commissioner Wright, of Toronto, Also Against Proposal.

TORONTO, Jan. 30.—(Canadian Press Dispatch)—J. W. Lyon, president of the Hydro-Electric Radial Railway Association, in an interview on Saturday, characterized the proposal of the committee of the Legislature on hydro-electric extension that an impost of \$2 per horsepower per annum be placed upon the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission's system, as class legislation, also as "practically confiscation of the various municipalities' hydro-electric properties."

Mr. Lyon said he thought the association of which he is the head, would protest against the suggested tax. He said he thought the municipalities should not be favored in the matter of hydro power at the expense of the people, and which should have the benefit of the success of the movement.

Mr. Wright, of the Toronto Hydro-Electric Commission, said the proposal to impose a \$2 tax was a serious menace to the future prosperity of the province. He declared to an interviewer that he was absolutely opposed to it.

The imposition of a tax of \$2 per horsepower, Mr. Wright said, might mean the difference between success or failure of a manufacturer who was using 5,000 horsepower, which would mean a tax of \$10,000, or it might mean a question of whether he would manufacture here or in Quebec.

Mayor Little, of London, is quoted in an interview by long-distance telephone as saying that he has always contended that public utilities operated at cost should pay taxes in a similar manner to private corporations, but he is not in favor of collecting the tax on power.

FIREMAN KILLED; TWO OTHERS HURT

Loss of \$70,000 When Ottawa Building Is Burned.

OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—(Canadian Press Dispatch)—One fireman was killed and two others injured in a fire which last night completely destroyed a four-story brick building on Queen street west, occupied by Such Brothers, rag and junk dealers. The loss is estimated at \$70,000, with \$5,000 insurance. The dead man is Fireman Nelson Poirer, aged 37, a married man with eight children. The casualty occurred when the rear wall of the building was blown out by a smoke explosion. Poirer, who was working with Fireman Edgar Landry, was completely buried under the pile of debris. Landry suffered painful injuries to the head and body, but his condition is not considered as serious.

Albert Hudson, another fireman, was knocked down by the force of the blast and received minor injuries. Spontaneous combustion is supposed to have caused the fire. The building was loaded from basement to roof with bales of rags and paper. Shortly after the explosion, which demolished the rear wall, one of the side walls collapsed, crushing a telephone pole the ground and bringing a number of live wires down. These, luckily, did not hit anyone, but severely hampered the fire-fighters in their work and created confusion amongst the large crowd which had gathered. Finally the power was shut off and the wires were removed.

Several narrow escapes occurred during the fire. When the smoke explosion occurred Lieutenant J. Langdon and a crew from No. 1 fire station were on a stairway between the first and second floors. Falling brick and mortar entombed them, and it was only after a valiant fight that they were able to cut their way out with axes.

An inquest into the death of Poirer will be opened to-morrow morning.

MR. KING'S VIEWS ON TARIFF VARY

Sir Henry Drayton Criticizes the Liberal Leader.

PETERBORO, Jan. 30.—(Canadian Press Dispatch)—"This is my first appearance on the political hustings," said Sir Henry Drayton at a meeting held here on Saturday night in support of the candidature of R. Denne, the Government candidate in the federal by-election in West Peterboro.

Drayton, the minister of finance, addressed were given by Major H. M. Mowat, M. P., Toronto; H. H. Stevens, M. P., Vancouver, and Mr. Denne. Referring to the tariff policy of Hon. Mackenzie King, Liberal leader, Sir Henry Drayton quoted from some of Mr. King's speeches in the House in which immediate tariff reductions were demanded. It was not a question of submitting it to a general election, said Sir Henry. Mr. King wanted the Government to revise the tariff then and there.

"Now Mr. King comes into West Peterboro and tells the people that if the Liberals got into power to-morrow they would not make a single change in the tariff without first submitting it to the people," said the minister. "But the most marvellous free traders and tariff smashers you could find anywhere. Here in Peterboro he supports G. N. Gordon, the Liberal candidate, who would put a tariff on everything but foodstuffs. The tariff is a method of raising money and protecting industries. One of the best things we can do nationally is to raise everybody's standard of life. At a recent hearing before the tariff commission it was shown that the unit rate of labor on one article manufactured in Canada was 26 cents and in

JIGGS' DAUGHTER DECIDES TO TAKE IN DOLLAR DAY

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Shrewd business men consider price reductions planned for Dollar Day to be far below market value.



Japan the unit rate of labor on the same article was 6 cents. That represents a big difference in the standard of living.

Sir Henry Drayton said there should be an honest endeavor to arrange business so as to eliminate seasonal depression. Answering the charge that the rich do not pay as high an income tax in proportion as the poor, he said that in the lower registers the Canadian income tax is less severe than in any other country in the world and in the higher registers it is higher than in any other country.

MUST GO BY FEBRUARY 11. WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Donald O'Callaghan, lord mayor of Cork, has been ordered by Secretary Wilson, of the labor department, to leave the United States by February 11. He is now in the country as seaman, awaiting an opportunity to re-ship.

BIG HAUL AT DETROIT. DETROIT, Jan. 29.—Three armed bandits to-day entered the north end branch of the American State Bank, locked three employees in a rear room and escaped with \$14,000. The bandits compelled the cashier to bring the money from a safe.

IN FULL ACCORD ON REPARATIONS

Supreme Council Reaches Settlement At Paris.

AMOUNT IS FIXED
Severe Penalties If Germany Does Not Meet Payments.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—(Associated Press Cable)—Full agreement on reparations, German disarmament and all other important questions was reached by the supreme council of the allies when it adjourned at 5.40 o'clock on Saturday evening in the Versailles treaty.

The greatest result was obtained, as N. Briand, the French premier, expressed it after the closing session, "maintenance by the allies of a front as united in making peace as it was in waging war."

Count Sforza, the Italian foreign minister, and M. Briand said the conference had resulted to the satisfaction of everybody concerned.

A protocol was signed approving the reparations scheme as agreed by the special committee appointed by the council to consider the subject, and also the report on the disarmament of Germany as presented by the military committee. Under these arrangements Germany must disarm by July 1, disbanding all her civic guards not provided for in the Versailles treaty.

THE INDEMNITY. Germany will be called upon to pay in 42 annuities on a sliding scale 226,000,000,000 gold marks. Her exports will, in addition, bear an export duty of 12 per cent, that will go to the allies. On the basis of last year's exports this would give the allies 1,250,000,000 gold marks, or 12 per cent of whatever money in which the exports are paid for. Thus, it is estimated the first payment made by Germany will be 3,250,000,000 gold marks, the export tax being made entirely in cash.

AMBUSHERS MEET WITH A SURPRISE

Troops Kill One and Capture 10 Others.

DUBLIN, Jan. 29.—(Associated Press Cable)—Surprising an ambushing party at Coeshford, County Cork, yesterday, the military killed one civilian and captured 10 members of the party, five of whom were wounded. One of the prisoners died to-day in the hospital at Belfast. Arms, ammunition and other equipment were abandoned. There were no casualties among the soldiers.

The party had trekked the road running from Cork to Macroom. The members of the party who escaped carried off and concealed their slightly wounded comrades, but were obliged to abandon the fight and flee.

Divisional Commissioner Holmes, who with five constables was wounded yesterday in an ambush near Castle Island, County Kerry, died to-day. He had only recently been appointed commissioner for the southern counties in succession to Colonel Smyth, who was murdered some time ago in a Cork club.

A dairyman named Doody was shot dead on Saturday night in Rathmiles, a suburb of Dublin, when he alighted from his pony cart at the beach of the two men who stepped suddenly from a side path of Leinster road, in the residential quarter.

The authorities in Dublin Castle describe the shooting as a complete mystery.

MUST SUPPLY COAL

The council adopted the reparations commission's proposal that Germany should deliver 2,200,000 tons of coal monthly, beginning in February, and any balance remaining under the Spa agreement terminating on January 31.

There will be no further premiums of five marks gold per ton, but two marks gold will be allowed for a special quality of coal.

Mr. Lloyd George received the French newspaper men last evening. They asked him about the interrelated debts. Mr. Lloyd George assured them that Great Britain would show the utmost good-will in the settlement as evidenced by the engagement made at the Hythe conference not to capitalize its share of the German indemnities for five years, in order not to compete with loans which would be made by the French.

France might make, based on her share of the indemnities, a special agreement between two countries with regard to the question.

There must be a general arrangement. We owe to the United States; France owes us; other nations owe France. No solution is possible while the United States remains outside the discussion.

"Meanwhile, let us act as if debts did not exist. If the creditor does not worry me I do not worry the debtor."

RENEW DUNSMY SEARCH

BELFAST, Jan. 29.—Termonbhacca House in Londonderry, which was occupied by Lord Dunsmay, the noted actor and playwright, during the war, was closely searched by military forces last night.

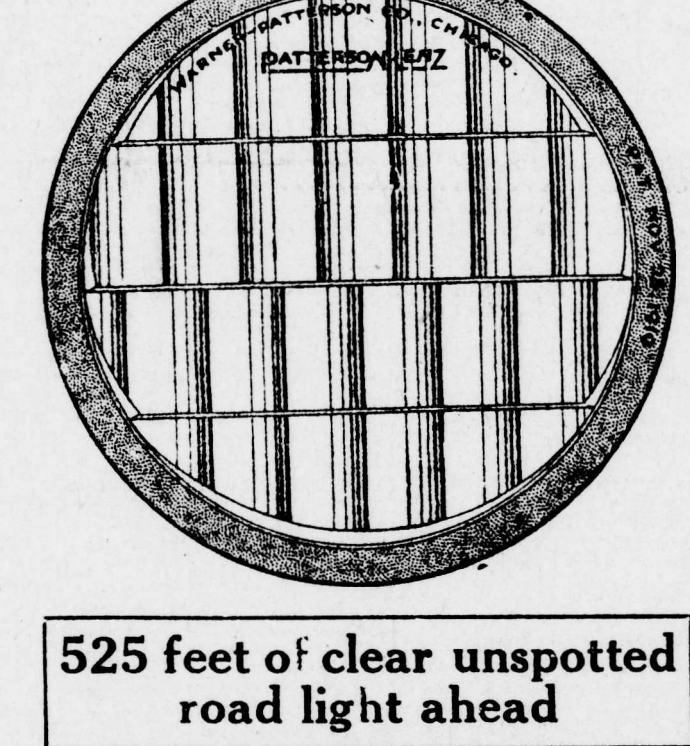
The house now is the property of the Sisters of Nazareth.

A Lord Dunsmay was arrested on Wednesday, when a quantity of shotguns and other sporting arms were found in Dunsmay Castle in County Meath. He was later released, but on Thursday was rearrested and taken to an unknown destination.

RESTRICTS SPORT. CORK, Jan. 30.—(Associated Press Cable)—Gen. Sir Strickland, in command of the troops, in a proclamation to-day forbade hunting, pointing races and coursing meetings in certain areas of the counties of Cork, Tipperary and Limerick. The commander gives as his reason that it is possible these local hunt meetings will be likely to lead to breaches of the peace and be prejudicial to the restoration of order.

WELLINGTON FARMER SPEEDS PAST BANDITS. GUELPH, Jan. 30.—(Special to The Free Press)—An unsuccessful hold-up occurred on a country road about six miles from Guelph, at about 8 o'clock on Saturday night, when Roy Young, a young farmer who resided at Rock, was halted in his motor car by two bandits who attempted to relieve him of his money.

Young, who was the sole occupant of the car, was proceeding in the direction of Guelph when he noticed a large fence rail across the road. Just as he stopped his machine two men ran out from behind a fence, and flashing a light in the driver's face, demanded that he get out of the car. Realizing that he was in a dangerous predicament Young immediately applied the gas and driving his car over the rail he put on speed down the road. The bandits fired three shots through the rear of the car, but Young escaped uninjured.



525 feet of clear unspotted road light ahead

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Officially approved by the Ontario Government. No tilt required.

CERTIFICATE APPROVING HEADLIGHT DEVICE
THIS CERTIFIES THAT the Patterson Lens submitted by Messrs. Warner-Patterson Company, 914 South Michigan Street, Chicago, U.S.A., having been duly tested in accordance with Subsections 4 and 4A of Section 9 of the Motor Vehicles Act and found to comply with the provisions of same, is hereby approved by the Minister of Highways to be used on motor vehicles within the Province of Ontario, subject to the following regulations:
Focus—Adjustment No. 1. Max. c.p. of bulb, Vacuum or Type "B," 21 c.p.; Gas Filled or Type "C," 27 c.p.

EVIDENCE Greater Than Word

Note newspaper clipping from The London "Free Press" referring to the Patterson-Lenz.

Adopted as Standard Equipment by 45 Automotive Manufacturers, More than all Other devices Combined.

Photometric tests (by instrument for measuring light) show, without fear of contradiction, that the Patterson-Lenz produces more road illumination than any other device.

Connecticut and Pennsylvania have ordered all autos owned by the State equipped with PATTERSON-LENZ.

Your own test is better than all we can say—and if you can show any other device to produce more road illumination than the Patterson-Lenz, when in proper adjustment, we will gladly refund your money.

The Patterson-Lenz projects a broader spread and from 1/3 to 1/2 more light than any other non-glaring device ever produced.

It throws a light 525 feet long and 30 feet wide and not more than 42 inches above the ground.

Don't let anyone "sell you" on the idea that something else is "just as good" until you have seen the Patterson-Lenz. The name is on the lens.

\$4.00 Per Pair. ALL SIZES

All good dealers have Patterson-Lenz or can secure them on short notice. It will pay you to wait for him to get them.

Representative: O. L. JOHNSON, Walker House, TORONTO.

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