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FIFTEENTH YEAR

FRIDAY MORNING DECEMBER 7 1894.

ONE CENT.

SIR JOHN WILL NOT RESIGN.

MINISTERS EMPHATICALLY DENY THAT SUCH IS HIS INTENTION.

"The Next Election I Fight," Says Hon. John Haggart. "Will Be Under His Leadership"—Hon. J. C Patterson Has No Knowledge of the Rumored Retirement.

St. Thomas, Dec. 7.—The despatch from here in The World of yesterday that Sir John Thompson was likely to resign the Conservative leadership caused great surprise, to no one more than to the ministers, who spoke here last night. And yet the information came from a very reliable source and bore a strong air of probability. But the ministers gave it a straight denial before they left town. The party who gave the information still insists that it is so.

The despatch containing this information did not reach The World office until 2 a.m. Thursday, too late to verify it in any direction. It will be remembered, however, that the news of Mr. Gladstone's retirement came just as suddenly and was published by only one newspaper in London. In cases of this kind the newspaper has no other recourse than to publish it for what it is worth.

PUBLICLY REPUDIATED.

Ministers Haggart and Patterson Emphatic in Their Denials.

Tilsonburg, Ont., Dec. 6.—The Ministers were emphatic and unequivocal in their repudiation of responsibility for the statement inferentially attributed to them in this morning's World that Sir John Thompson would relinquish the Premiership for a place among the law lords of old England, that he would be succeeded by Sir Charles Tupper, and that the general election might be looked for in March.

Dr. Montague was just as earnest in his denial.

Mr. Haggart, when spoken to, said that he had never made such a statement, nor had such a statement been made in his presence.

Mr. Patterson declared that there was no truth in it. The statement had not been made by him or in his presence.

Dr. Montague said that it was all nonsense. He knew that Sir John Thompson was anxious to get back to prepare the work of the session.

Date of Election Not Discussed.

At this evening's meeting Mr. Haggart supplemented what he had already said by stating that he had never heard the date of the next general election discussed by his colleagues.

"Whether there will be a general election," said the minister, "next March, next summer or next year, I know nothing. We will take the opportunity which suits us best in going to the country."

As to the statement that Sir John Thompson was to resign the Government and that Sir Charles Tupper was coming to the country, Mr. Haggart repeated that he had never heard of it. He hoped to have the honor of fighting the next election under the leadership of one of the ablest men that ever guided the destinies of this country.

"It would be a misfortune," said Mr. Haggart, "to the party, it would be a misfortune to the country that it should be deprived of the services of the right hon. gentleman whom I have had the pleasure and honor of following and I know the next election I fight will be under his leadership."

Tilsonburg En Fete.

The Government party arrived here this afternoon at 4.30 o'clock, and were met by a large delegation of prominent town people at the station, and were escorted through the principal streets with bands and a long procession of carriages.

The meeting at night was a very enthusiastic one, and the speakers were frequently interrupted by cheers and applause. Addresses were presented from the Town Council of Tilsonburg and the Conservative Association of North Norfolk.

The principal speaker was Senator Ferguson, who dealt at length with the tariff question, and especially its effect on the agricultural classes. The visitors were entertained at a banquet after the close of the meeting.

They leave here to-morrow ofr Dunnville.

In the City.

The despatch created much excitement and comment in the city. Prominent Conservatives gave little credence to the report of Sir John Thompson's intended retirement.

Emerson Coatsworth, M.P., said: I hardly credit it. I think Sir John is the man Canada needs. He has youth and vigor. He has consolidated the Conservative party, and he has their confidence. At first it was the general opinion that Sir John did not find the duties of First Minister congenial, but I think his views in that respect have altered very much. Now, as I understand it, he is satisfied with his work, and has developed a love for politics which he did not always possess. I do not think the Imperial Government would be doing Canada a good turn by robbing her of one of her ablest and certainly the most useful of her sons."

"I hardly think Sir John is going to leave us just yet," said Col. F. C. Denison. "I know that his name has been mentioned as a possibility for an Imperial judicial position, but nothing further than the rumor has ever come out. I may say that I place no reliance in the story as published, although should Sir John leave us, I think Sir Charles Tupper would be his successor. The High Commissioner is a strong man, and would make an efficient leader. I have no doubt that the party would find him an acceptable leader."

Prof. Goldwin Smith said he knew Sir John Thompson had expressed a wish to retire from politics into law, and possibly he might get a seat in the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. He thought that Sir Charles Tupper would probably take the Premiership if it were offered him.

Mr. O. A. Howland, M.L.A., thought that the resignation of the Premier was highly improbable, and that the rumor to that effect was without foundation. He had said before that both Sir John Thompson and Edward Blake would ultimately be made members of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and he still thought so, but the time was not yet come.

STATUE TO CANADA'S DISCOVERER.

John Cabot in Bronze in Queen's Park—Proposal to Celebrate the Four Hundredth Anniversary.

Oliver A. Howland, M.L.A., president of the historical section of the Canadian Institute, delivered an address last night on the early history of Canada before a goodly number of ladies and gentlemen. The speaker reviewed in a comprehensive manner the history of Canada from the time of the discovery of the Gulf of St. Lawrence by John Cabot down to the present time.

"There is hardly a maritime nation of Europe," said Mr. Howland, "of which some of its natives did not put forward its claims to the early discovery of America," and proceeded to show that Cabot, who arrived at Cape Breton on June 24, 1494, was the first to visit these shores, and there planted the red cross of St. George, at which time the history of Canada began.

The speaker, step by step, traced the different events of Canada's history to the present time, and said it was time to consider in what manner we appreciate Cabot's discovery, by celebrating the approaching 400th anniversary. He suggested that a statue of John Cabot should be erected in Queen's Park or some other suitable place.

Arrangements have already been made for the reception of the British Association in 1897. The speaker suggested that a purely historical international exhibition would be an appropriate manner in which to celebrate the discovery of Canada. He hoped and believed that the Dominion and Local Government may be aroused in that behalf. He did not think a World's Industrial Fair within our means, but a purely historical exhibition is. The Governments would not hesitate to liberally endow such an exhibition, since they gave large amounts toward the Columbian Exhibition, while many other nations were hesitating.

The paper was discussed at some length, by Messrs. Hamilton, Harvey, P. Hughes, Miss Fitzgibbon and others, all of whom were in thorough accord with the suggestion to hold an International historical exhibition in 1897, commemorating the 400th anniversary of the discovery of Canada by Cabot.

On motion of J. C. Hamilton, seconded by A. Harvey, it was unanimously resolved: That the Council of the Institute be urged to hold an historical exhibition in 1897 simultaneously with the meeting of the British Association.

Mr. P. Hughes suggested that an industrial exhibition be added.

The next meeting of the branch will be held on the third Thursday in January.

SALLIEM'S BABY FOUND.

The Syriac Says He Invented the Story of Its Motherhood.

Salliem Elis, the Syriac, whose story was told in yesterday's World, appeared before Inspector Archabold yesterday to explain the disappearance of his infant child, and gave the address of the woman with whom he had placed it to nurse. His statement was found to be correct.

He stated to the Inspector also that it was the child of his legitimate wife, and that he had not been feeling well of late, so he sent the infant to a home, but rather than admit that his own offspring should have to be placed in a charitable institution he invented the story that the baby was that of his wife's sister, Sofia Abram. Although the child is seven weeks old its birth has not yet been registered.

ROBBED A BARRISTER'S OFFICE.

Burglars Break into the Vault and Steal a Cash Box.

The office of Wilkie & Smith, barristers, 61 Victoria-street, was entered by burglars during Wednesday night and the vault forced open. A cash box containing a large number of legal papers, $20 in cash and a cheque for $475, made by Elias Rogers & Co., was carried off by the thieves.

Yesterday afternoon the cash box, with the legal papers intact, was found by some boys in an unused bus, which was standing in a vacant lot in Lombard-street, quite close to the scene of the burglary.

ONTARIO FRUIT GROWERS.

Officers of the Association For the Coming Year.

Orillia, Ont., Dec. 6.—At the meeting of the Fruit Grower's Association the following officers were appointed:

Murray Pettit, Winona, president; W. E. Wellington, Toronto, vice-president; Directors: Div. No. 1, W. S. Turner, Cornwall; No. 2, R. B. Whyte, Ottawa; No. 3, George Nichol, jr., Cataraqui; No. 4. W. Boulter, Picton; No. 5, Thomas Beall, Lindsay; No. 6, William Mitchell, ———; No. 7, W. Orr, Stoney Creek; No. 8, A. M. Smith, St. Catharines; No. 9, E. H. Chapin, ———; No. 10, J. A. Morton, Wingham; No. 11, T. H. Race, Mitchell; No. 12, Alexander McNeill, Windsor; No. 13, G. C. Caston, Craighurst; Auditors—A. H. Pettit, Grimsby; G. E. Fisher, Freeman.

DAMAGES FOR SEALERS.

Anxious Speculation Concerning the Sum the U. S Will Pay.

Victoria, B.C., Dec. 6.—President Cleveland's recommendation to Congress to pay $425,000 practically in full of settlement of the claims of Canadian sealers against the United States causes anxious speculation.

When it was unofficially stated some months ago that that amount would be paid, it was understood to be merely for claims presented to the Paris tribunal arising out of the seizures in Behring Sea during 1886, 1887 and 1889, there having been none in 1888. About $400,000 was the amount of claims on this account.

Canadian sealers fully expected to receive large sums for the loss of prospective profits through exclusion under the modus vivendi, especially as for 1891, the first year of the arrangement, England advanced about $100,000 as indemnity.

Claims of 1892 and 1893, which will be pressed against the Canadian and British Governments amount to considerably more than $500,000.

STOLE A CARRIAGE FOR HER BABY

And the Police Promptly Took Her Into Custody.

Mrs. Fannie Cook, who says her husband was killed some time ago in a railway accident, has been employed of late as a servant by Mrs. Warrins, 16 Brook-avenue. A few days ago she and her young babe suddenly disappeared, and with them Mrs. Warrin's baby carriage and its fittings. Mrs. Cook was arrested by Detective Harrison yesterday at 170 Queen west and the carriage found in her possession.

MONEY IN MICROBE KILLER.

An Enterprising Proprietary Medicine Man in Custody.

Detective Harrison last evening arrested Charles W. Eman, 80 Pembroke-street, on a charge of fraud preferred against him by W. Radam. Eman is proprietor of a patent medicine called "Oxygenator," and it is charged he is illegally using labels which are the property of Radam, who claims to be proprietor of a patent medicine called the "Microbe Killer."

Arlington Hotel.

This elegant, comfortable hotel offers every inducement to those desiring permanent winter accommodation.

A COMMISSION ON DOCTORS.

HON. G. W. ROSS TALKS ON THE PATRON AGITATION

At the Toronto University Medical Faculty's Dinner—The Minister of Education Says That the Question of Medical Prerogatives Will Be An Important Question Next Session.

Once more the Medicos made the welkin ring at the Rossin House last night.

A week before it was the students of Trinity rejoiced; this time the students of the University Faculty of Medicine ate their annual dinner. An electric sensation of goodfellowship was abroad, song, jest and fine speeches adorned the event, and three hundred happy men kept things going until the wee sma' hours, some uproariously, some placidly.

Hon G. W. Ross and the Patron Agitation.

The speech of the evening was that of Hon. George Ross in response to the "Local Legislature." He talked forcibly on the Patron agitation for the curtailment of doctors' privileges.

It is likely the medical profession and its privileges will be up for discussion before the next session of the Legislative Assembly, and it is possible the question may be asked, is there any good reason for throwing around the practice of medicine any statutory safeguards whatsoever? Would it not be in the public interest to abolish the Medical Council and allow the various colleges and schools of medicine in the country the fullest liberty in the matter of issuing licenses to practise medicine? You are doubtless aware that the Medical Council was first established in 1866 by the old Parliament of Canada; that since that time medical councils, having jurisdiction somewhat similar to the Medical Council of Ontario, have been established in England and a great many states of the American Union. The object of the Legislature in establishing the council was not so much to protect the profession as it was to protect the public. Different schools of medicine and colleges were found to be competing with each other for students, and from the desire which students usually have to find, if possible, some royal road to learning, the college offering the greatest facilities, or the easiest degree might possibly have the large number of graduates. It will be for the medical profession to show that, the protection given to the public by the establishment of the Medical Council has not unintentionally resulted in creating a monopoly for the medical profession, or erected insuperable barriers in the way of entrance to the profession, that the Medical Council has itself been progressive in the highest sense of the term, and that through its examinations professional education has not been retarded, but rather advanced.

An Inv stigation.

Then when you have justified the existence of the Medical Council, as I hope you will be able to do, you may be asked to readjust the standards of the profession. For instance, it is said that the standard for admission to the profession should be lowered, the course of study shortened, and the additional year for clinical study under a regular practitioner abolished. Each of these objections must be examined on its merits. Does the standard for admission now prescribed deter any person of reasonable ability from entering the profession? Are the obligations imposed by the medical profession upon students, either in the way of fees, or studies, or clinics, so great as to interfere with that freedom of professional movement or choice which should be the privilege of every man in a free country?

It will be your duty to answer these questions. And if I am not very much mistaken your answer will be that the supply is quite equal to the demand, and that the standards required by the Medical Council, while not preventing any person from entering the profession who has talent, energy and a moderate amount of capital, furnish a guarantee—a very proper guarantee—to the public that the licentiate of the council is a bona fide physician, equally learned with his fellows of similar standing in any part of this continent, or any other continent, where medicine is included among the learned professions.

How the Government Stands.

But these elementary questions may not exhaust the legislative catechism in which you are likely to be drilled. For instance, you may be asked to consider whether you should be allowed to continue to exercise the right you now possess of disciplining the profession. Have you exercised that right prudently? Have you ever expelled a member because he wore a high hat, or dressed too dudishly, or drove too fine a turnout? Have you so terrorized and tyrannized the members of the profession generally that rather than endure such bondage the rest of them have resigned their license and taken to law or politics or aldermanic honors, or some other more lucrative calling than medicine? Have your rules for professional etiquet and honor lost to the country any doctor whose great talents thus summarily extinguished could fairly be called a public loss? If not, you must be prepared with evidence, for it is quite possible the charge will be made.

You see from these brief observations how much of the time of the Legislature of Ontario may be taken up with the considerations of professional matters in which you are no doubt deeply interested. I cannot speak for this Legislature, I have not seen it yet, but I will be greatly surprised if it will lend itself to any legislation, which will lower the educational standards of the medical or any other profession, or will give for one moment color to the idea that the Province of Ontario is tired of professional excellence.

Let us have the best that skill and training can supply, and let us have the honor of training them ourselves in our own colleges and universities, and in such a way as to suit the genius of our own people.

How the Maple Leaf Became Our Emblem

The chairman, Mr. W. T. McArthur, announced the first toast of the Queen in a loyal speech. Then followed the address of the Lieutenant-Governor, in response to the toast of "Canada," and Prof. Richardson followed in the same interest. A happy allusion was made to the latter's initiatory part in the establishment of the maple leaf as the emblem of Canada. He it was who, at a meeting in St. Lawrence Hall 34 years ago, called to arrange a welcome for the Prince of Wales, moved a resolution to the effect that the maple leaf be worn by all native Canadians on that occasion, and from that resolution the universal establishment of the emblem.

Vce-Chancellor Mulock responded, in company with Prof. Alfred Baker, for "Toronto University." Mr. Mulock made a modest allusion to the cup on the centre table, his gift to the undergrads, and regretfully announced the failure to the Park Hospital scheme, which the Varsity meds have cherished as a fond hope. Prof. Baker, in his brisk speech, referred to the aim of Varsity in all its branches to make its graduates cultured, Christian gentlemen, and not sectarian zealots.

Figures For Dean Geikie.

"Drink, pretty creature, drink!" shouted a student as "The Faculty" was drunk, and Profs. McPhedran and McCallum were called on. The latter acrimoniously responded to the Dean of Trinity's charge that their institution was a subsidized one. Trinity and Toronto had been rival schools. They were no longer so, since the latter was now part and parcel of Toronto University. Of its 39 instructors, only seven comprised its special faulty, and, so far from being subsidized, it had poured in the coffers of Varsity $4000 last year and $5000 this year.

Drs. Aikens, Kitchen and Smith responded for "Medical Associations," Chancellor Burwash and Judge Rose for "Other Professions," Messrs. E. E. Sheppard, J. S. Willison, J. H. Woods and James A. Tucker for "The Press," Drs. Lee, O'Reilly and Dwyer for "Hospitals, and Drs. Armour and Mr. McKay for "Graduates."

Messrs. Spence and Gillies were sponsors for Athletes, and to the toast of Sister Institutions the following gentlemen spoke: For Bishops, Mr. Mason; Queen's, Mr. Edgar; London, Mr. James; Trinity, Mr. Pearson. Mr. McNamara stood up for The Ladies, and Mr. Crawford for The Freshmen.

The committee were as follows, all of whom took a hand in proposing the toasts: Hon. member, Dr. J. E. Graham; president, W. T. McArthur; first vice-president, S. H. Westman; second vice-president, J. H. Elliott; hon. secretary, Frank McConnell; fourth year, T. W. Jeffs and W. Thom; third year, J. A. Rannie, B.M. Hooper and D. McCallum; second year, W. R. White, F. McNulty and A. H. Addy; first year, W. Ferris, R. H. Smith, G.W. Holmes and W. C. White; E. T. Kellam.

The attendance of graduates was very large. Cablegrams from students taking the post-graduate course in London were read. The menu card, in the form of a maple leaf, was especially handsome.

UNION OF HEARTS AND HOPES.

Two Thousand Endeavorers Foregather to Renew Their Vows and Adopt New Motto.

The proceedings at the sixth annual meeting yesterday of the Toronto Christian Endeavor Union were both interesting and enthusiastic. In the afternoon a business meeting was held in Association Hall, Mr. Robert Kilgour in the chair. Rev. Dr. Hooper conducted the devotional exercises, Miss Lottie E. Wiggins, corresponding secretary, read the minutes of last meeting, which were adopted. Treasurer Anna N. Flaws read the financial statement, which showed receipts $155. Junior Superintendent Frank D. Mills reported that there are 37 junior societies in the union, with a membership of 1700. Mr. S. L. Mershon of Chicago, general secretary of the missionary extension, gave a practical address.

At the evening meeting in Sherbourne-street Methodist Church there were 2000 Endeavorers present. Mr. Robert Kilgour presided. The program commenced with a song service, followed by devotional exercises, led by Mr. Campbell, a recently returned missionary from India. Miss Wiggins read the secretary's report. There are 50 societies in the union, which has 2841 active members and 1045 associate members, in all a total membership of 3884. The Union is non-denominational, and its chief undertaking is to promote temperance and missionary work. The handsome banner presented by the Union to the society having the greatest proportionate increase during the season was won by the Dovercourt Branch, whose increase was 135 per cent. A banner was also presented by the Union to the branch having the largest proportionate attendance at the general meeting. This was awarded to Euclid-avenue Methodist Church, of whom 112 out of 115 members were present. Next in order came Sherbourne-street intermediate and the Presbyterian Church of the Covenant.

The officers for the ensuing year are: President, H. G. Hawkins; vice-presidents, the chairmen of the several districts; corresponding secretary, Lottie E. Wiggins; recording secretary, E. C. Austin; treasurer, Anna N. Flaws; junior superintendent, Frank D. Mills; editor, J. Duncan Clarke.

The president-elect was introduced to the meeting, and took the chair.

Mr. S. L. Mershon addressed the meeting, and made a stirring appeal for aid in missionary extension. His remarks were interspersed with interesting anecdotes.

An offering was taken up, after which came the "roll call," each society answering in a body either by a verse from the Bible or part of a hymn.

The meeting was the most successful in the history of the society, and it was 11 o'clock when the large congregation dispersed.

For the coming year their motto is "Quality, not Quantity."

LONDON KIDNAPPING CASE.

The Four Defendants Discharged By the Police Magistrate.

London, Ont., Dec. 6.—The Morkin election kidnapping case this morning drew a big crowd. The charge was that the defendants kidnapped John Morkin of King-street the day before the election, in order to prevent him voting for Mr. Hobbs, and that they "seized, confined and imprisoned" him.

Morkin was in the witness box over three hours. He admitted that he has been a heavy drinker since he was 14 years of age and that 15 glasses of whisky a day "was easy."

The accused quartet were found not guilty and discharged.

Piano Recital.

There was a large and fashionable audience at the theatre of the Normal school last night on the occasion of the piano recital of Miss Mara and Miss Gunther. These two young ladies who are well-known in Toronto society acquitted themselves admirably in their rendition of selections from the great composers. Mr. Delasco was down for three songs, each of which was encored. He is a magnificent singer. A handsome sum was realized for the benefit of the Sick Children's Hospital.

Ingalls' Tickets in Demand.

When the plan of seats opened at Nordheimer's yesterday morning for the Ingalls' engagement, there was a lively rush for tickets, which kept the ticket seller busy all morning. There is every assurance that most of our prominent political and commercial men will be found in the audience at the Pavilion on Dec. 13.

Ask for the genuine Beaver Plug and be sure you get it.

California Tokay is the most delicious pure light wine ever sold in Canada. Price $2.50 per gall., $6 per dozen, 60c. per bottle. It is sold at all first-class hotels and clubs at 10c. per dock glass. Wm. Mara, agent for Canada, 79 Yonge-street.

Get the youngsters a box of Tutti Frutti for Christmas. It is a delightful confection and keeps their stomach right.

BARGAINS IN FURS.

W. & D. Dineen Offer Fine Furs at Marvelously Low Prices.

The weather is not cold enough just now to make the people buy furs. A little later on, when the holidays are here and the Winter is asserting its sway, citizens will rush for them; but W. & D. Dineen are not content to wait, and have reduced prices to such a low figure that none can afford to wait.

Here are a few of the bargains at King and Yonge and 254 Yonge:

Children's grey lamb caps, best quality, $2.50; large storm collars, best grey lamb, $5.

Girls' grey lamb gauntlets, choice skins, $5.

Ladies' and men's Persian lamb gauntlets, fine cure, $10.

Persian lamb caps, selected fur, $6.

Greenland seal capes, fashionable designs, full sweep, all lengths and sizes, $15, $18, $20 and $25.

Fur-lined circulars, short, $5 up: long, $10 up.

TOOK HIS SENTENCE WITH A GRIN

Although It Was For Seven Long Years in Kingston Penitentiary—The Walsh Gang Sent to Prison.

The third and last of the gangs of burglars who held the city in terror for some months, and who were all scooped in by the detectives in one week, was disposed of yesterday, when the Walsh gang came up before Magistrate Denison for sentence. Henry Harvey, the leader of the gang, was convicted on six charges; Thomas Walsh of two and John Walsh of two, making a total of nine burglaries which have been brought home to the gang, Harvey and Thomas Walsh having been proven to have been jointly implicated in the burglary of the house of A. E. Denison, Ontario-street. The total value of goods stolen is about $2500.

Harvey and John Walsh each have one previous conviction against them, while Thomas Walsh has served two sentences for like offences. The magistrate took a lenient view of the case against the Walsh boys, and they received light sentences, John being sentenced to the Central Prison for one year and 364 days, while Thomas goes to the same institution for 18 months.

Harvey was thought to be the mastermind in all the plans, and was sentenced to serve seven years in Kingston Penitentiary. He took his sentence very philosophically, the smile of derision which he has always displayed when in court broadening into a grin of contempt when the sentence was passed upon him.

CORN ISLAND LEASED.

Valuable Concession Made By the President of Nicaragua.

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 6. — Somewhat startling news has been received here from Nicaragua. The treaty between Great Britain and Nicaragua has been quietly ignored by President Zelaya's officials. Gen. Campeza has been named Governor of Mosquito, on a salary of $300 per month. His brother has been named Governor of Corn Island, off the coast of Nicaragua. Recently he obtained a concession for a number of years to use the island, it is said, for a coaling station. In the event of a completed Nicaragua canal. Corn Island will have an immense value, both as a coaling station and owing to its strategical situation, practically commanding the Atlantic entrance to the canal. The Governor obtained this remarkable concession direct from President Zelaya.

IS THE BYLAW LEGAL?

A Peculiar Defence in a Suit For Illegal Sale of Liquor.

Mrs. Campbell, keeper of an hotel at Arnprior, is plaintiff in an important case now being argued at Osgoode Hall, in which she appeals against a fine imposed upon her for selling liquor after 11 p. m. The Town Council passed a bylaw enjoining the hotels to close at that hour, but the law has not yet been sanctioned by the License Commissioners. Upon this ground Lawyer Du Vernet is seeking to have the fine set aside.

OUTRAGES BY PORTUGUESE.

Ball Refused the United States Consul at Delagoa Bay.

London, Dec. 6.—The last mail from Delagoa Bay gives a few additional details to the case of James McIntosh, the United States Consular agent at Lorenzo Marquez, who was imprisoned for shooting a native. The treatment of McIntosh is said to have roused a strong anti-Portuguese feeling among the foreigners of the region. Not only was bail for McIntosh refused for a long time, but his son was bullied by the Portuguese officials, and was slashed in the cheek with a sabre by a Portuguese policeman.

Wants Her Diamond Rings Back.

Christina MacCulloch entered an action at Osgoode Hall yesterday against the executors of the estate of the late George Hogaboom, for the recovery of three diamond rings, which she alleges are illegally detained by them. The executors, Charles Miller, George Case and Mrs. Hogaboom, maintain that the rings were handed to the late Mr. Hogaboom by the plaintiff as partial security for $1200 borrowed by her previous to Mr. Hogaboom's death, and their action in still holding these rings as security until the money thus borrowed is returned to the estate is perfectly legal.

C. P. Reid, a former partner of Mr. Hogaboom's, is also suing the estate for certain moneys which he claims are still due him.

A Winter Poet's Effusion.

It's now we're all reminded, by the evenings, oh, so chill,
An' the chucklin' of the chickens roostin' on the winder sill,
That winter snows will soon surround us,
An' cold, cold blasts blow all around us,
Toying roughly with our whiskers with an overwhelming will.

* * *

The seedin's all bin done, an' the medders are all tilled,
But there's lots of empty coal bins a waitin' to be filled.
So let's hustle round, with the dollars sweetly chinkin',
An' order from this firm, is what everybody's thinkin'.

People's Coal Company. Tel. 2246 and 4048.

$5000 Damages in a Runaway.

Niagara Falls, Dec. 6.—The Misses Lillie and Hessie Lambert of St. David's, Ont., who, while driving in Queen Victoria Park last summer were run into and thrown out of their carriage by a runaway Miller-and-Brundage team, have begun action for $5000 damages against that company.

Special bargains in ranges, heating stoves and furnaces. Wheeler & Bain, 179 King-street East. 25

Mrs. Edward Gurney Dead.

Hamilton, Dec. 6.—Mrs. Nancy Gurney, widow of the late Edward Gurney, and mother of Mr. Edward Gurney, Toronto, died last night at her residence, Arkledun-avenue, in her 76th year. Deceased had been an invalid for several years. Besides Mr. Gurney, Mrs. William Hunt, a daughter, of this city, survives deceased.

Solving a Difficult Problem.

There is apt to be in the coming holidays a great deal of worry among femininity in choosing suitable presents for Christmas offerings to masculine friends. If any lady has upon her mind that some gift must be selected for a man, be he husband or lover, father or brother, a visit to Quinn's, 115 King-street west, will certainly help her out. The artistic shapes and fascinating patterns in neckwear are suggestive of Yule-tide.

Worth $50,000, But Stole His Coal.

Buffalo, N.Y., Dec. 6.—Fred Flanders, worth $50,000, was convicted to-day in the Police Court with stealing 50c. worth of coal from a railroad car. The railroad detectives asserted that Flanders had stolen all the coal he used.

The children expect Santa Claus to bring some Tutti Frutti. It is always welcome, and what is more it's very whole-some.

Clarets, the largest stock in Ontario. Only one profit from vineyard to consumer. A discount of 20 per cent. allowed on all our vintage clarets out of bond. Wm. Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

MARRIED LADY TEACHERS, 15

THE SCHOOL BOARD WILL CONTINUE TO ENGAGE THEM.

One of the Trustees Makes the Surprising Statement That the Husbands of Married Teachers Are Dependent Upon the Salaries of Their Wives to Successfully Conduct Their Business.

The Public School Board, after a heated debate, decided last night by a vote of 18 to 6, to re-engage all the married teachers at present in the employ of the board.

The question arose on the report of the Management Committee recommending the re-engagement of the staff for 1895. In its report the committee stated that "it had carefully considered the resolution adopted at a conference of members of the board recommending that no married women should be re-engaged until they could show that their husbands are not in a position to support them, and had decided to advise the re-engagement of all the married women in the employ of the board.

Trustee Fitzgerald moved in amendment that no woman should be re-engaged whose husband is in receipt of a salary of $600 and upwards, and who is supporting her.

The Married Ladies.

The amendment would affect the following married ladies in the employ of the board: Mrs. J. S. Arthurs, Model school, $1150; Mrs. M. Bradley, Duke-street, $444; Mrs. C. Breckon, Gladstone-avenue, $636; Mrs. A. Carey, Wellesley, $636; Mrs. K. E. Carr, Ryerson, $348; Mrs. C. C. Clarke, Borden-street, $348; Mrs. J. Foulds, Manning-avenue, $372; Mrs. R. Kendrick, Manning-avenue, $516; Mrs. M. H. Kerr, Queen Victoria, $468; Mrs. A. Mack, Winchester-street, $468; Mrs. M. McCuaig, Givens-street, $636; Mrs. M. McFarlane, Victoria-street, $420; Mrs. M. Polley, Perth-avenue, $750; Mrs. G. S. Riches, Sackville-street, $1200; Mrs. M. Swannell, Brock-avenue, $420; Mrs. L. Tolton, Shirley-street $348; Mrs. G. C. Warburton, Elizabeth-street, $800; Mrs. H. Williamson, Sackville-street, $444.

Trustee Douglas supported the amendment. He thought that a married woman should not be permitted to stand in the way of a deserving unmarried girl's earning a living.

Trustee Hunter's Views.

Trustee Hunter said there were two questions at issue in regard to the employment of married ladies—one of ethics and one of morals. He thought that married ladies and single ladies came before them on exactly the same ground. The question of ethics came in when two ladies, each capable teachers, one married and the other unmarried, made application for an appointment. In such a case he was in favor of appointing the single woman. As to the question of morals, while they all admitted that the great mass of married ladies cheerfully acknowledged their position, and accepted the joys and sorows of married life there was a certain class, and a class that was growing rapidly, as the doctors all knew, who fought against assuming marriage responsibility. Was it right for the School Board to open up an avenue whereby at any moment some home in the city might be broken up by the woman tiring of married life, returning to the teaching profession?

Trustee Fitzgerald said that in bringing the matter before the board he was not actuated by a feeling that the married ladies in the employ of the board were not giving satisfaction, but he was convinced that there were married women employed whose husbands were in good positions, who were standing in the way of young ladies and workmen's daughters whose fathers had husbanded themselves for years in order to give their girls an education to qualify them as teachers. He thought it nothing but right and just that these married ladies should be asked to step aside and make room for those who were dependent upon themselves for a living.

Want Their Wives' Salaries to Keep Their Business Going.

"Two of the married teachers came down to see me," continued Mr. Fitzgerald, "and one of the arguments in favor of retaining the married ladies was that some of their husbands had gone into business and were dependent upon the salary of their wives to successfully carry them through. If the teachers are commencing to get the opinion that the Toronto Public School Board is a joint stock association for the purpose of assisting their husbands in different businesses throughout the city, I think, if for no other reason than that, we should put a stop to it.

"I believe," concluded the speaker, "that it has lowered the queenly name of woman, that, after becoming a wife, she should go out into the world and compete with those who are seeking a living."

Motherhood Does Not Incapacitate.

"I am here in the interests of the married women. I stand for them, and I will vote for them," was Mrs. Macdonald's emphatic declaration. "Every married woman on the staff is earning her wages It seems to me the office of motherhood would never incapacitate a woman from teaching. I hold that a woman who has reared children will understand how to deal with the different children better than an unmarried woman."

Trustee Lee expressed the opinion that there was no teacher so good for the school as a married lady. Cases were arising continually where the presence of a married lady was most desirable. It was just as reasonable that they should enquire into the financial position of the unmarried ladies as to ascertain whether a woman's husband was in a position to support her.

The Amendment Lost By 13 to 6.

Trustees Ogden, Kent, Roden, Thompson and Brown also took part in the debate.

On a division in Committee of the Whole the amendment was lost, five only voting for it.

After the Chairman had risen to report, Trustee Fitzgerald moved that in future no married lady be engaged except under special circumstances and that when any lady teacher married she send in her resignation.

This motion was lost on the following division:

Yeas—Trustees Clark, Hunter, Bell, Fitzgerald, Burns and Douglas—6.

Nays—Trustees Hodgson, Lee, Macpherson, Brown, Macdonald, Ogden, Starr, Whiteside, Roden, Hambly, Kent and Baird.

Manual Training and Domestic Economy.

On the motion of Dr. Hunter this resolution was referred to the Management Committee: That this board memorialize the Minister of Education for the purpose of securing such legislation as shall constitute manual training, including domestic economy of the prescribed Public school course in every township, village, town or city in which a majority of the ratepayers are prepared to make the necessary provision for its introduction.

The report of the Finance Committee, which was adopted, recommended the payment of these accounts: Rent, etc., $291; building, $2383; school general work, $704; supply, $1042; total $4420.

Management Committee's Report.

On the recommendation of the Management Committee the resignations of Miss S. H. Hamilton, Dufferin School, and Miss Jennie Thompson, Queen Victoria School, were accepted; the following teachers were transferred: Miss M. Boyd, from Hamilton-street to Fern-avenue School; Miss E. Warner, from Givens-street to Ryerson Schol; Miss I.B. Graydon, from Brock-avenue to Givens-street School; Miss A. E. Rupert, from Cottingham-street to Fern-avenue School; Miss M. Stead, from Victoria-street to Cottingham-street School; Miss A A. Craig, assistant kindergartner in Dufferin School, was promoted to the position of directress in Hamilton-street School; George Deacon was appointed to the position of principal of Parliament-street School; Miss Effie Clark and Miss E. M. McKay will be assigned to Fern-avenue School when completed; S. T. Dutton, M.A., Superintendent of Schools, Brookline, Mass., will be invited to deliver a public lecture under the auspices of the board, on "How manual training may be inexpensively introduced into the Public Schools."

Each pupil who received a silver medal for eight years of good conduct and punctuality will be given a silver bar to be attached to the medal for each subsequent year in which he or she is entitled to an honor certificate.

The Christmas holidays will extend from Dec. 21 to Jan 3.

A Tooth For a Tooth.

A communication was read from the Toronto Junction School Board, enclosing a copy of the following resolution adopted by that board at its last meeting: "That no resident of Toronto shall be employed on the teaching staff of the town schools after this date, until such time as the Toronto Public School Board may rescind its resolution requiring all teachers in its employ to reside within the city limits."

Chairman Chisholm stated that the Junction Board had two or three teachers who reside in the city of Toronto.

J. Wardell wrote, asking the Board to take steps to prevent the granting of a liquor license for a hotel or saloon proposed to be established in the vicinity of Lansdowne school.

Dr. Hunter gave notice of this motion: That all applicants for admission into the first form up to Jan. 4, '95, be provided for before any promotions be made from the kindergarten classes into the first form.

DUE TO INEXCUSABLE NEGLECT.

Architect, Engineer and Foreman Held Responsible For the Accident at the Montreal Railway Building.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 6.—The coroner's jury enquiring into the death of three men through the collapse of the Montreal Street Railway building, to-day returned a verdict that E. C. Hopkins, architect, Ovila Gravel, engineer for the Dominion Bridge Company, and Joseph McLaughlin, foreman of the company, did not take reasonable precautions and that the collapse was due to the wind and that they cannot be excused for their neglect.

The accused will be arraigned in the Police Court to-morrow.

ENVELOPED IN FLAMES.

A Woman's Clothing Catches Fire and She is Terribly Burned.

Mrs. William Spencer, 33 Birch-avenue, wife of a gateman on the C.P.R., narrowly escaped being burned to death shortly before noon yesterday. She was in the kitchen of the house ironing, when her dress caught fire from a gas stove, which she had accidentally been heated. The flames gained considerable headway before she discovered that she was on fire, and she rushed out screaming into the yard. Her cries attracted a neighbor, who secured a quilt and threw it about the unfortunate woman, who was by this time completely enveloped in flames. This act of the neighbor extinguished the fire and probably saved Mrs. Spencer's life. She was taken in the ambulance to the General Hospital, where it was found that she was very severely burned about the body, arms and legs. She will likely recover.

Fatally Burned By a Lamp.

Newark, N.J., Dec. 6.—Marguerite Glentworth, a young writer known as "Gladys Hamilton," was probably fatally burned by the explosion of a lamp last night.

POP-GUN BILLS ABANDONED.

Democratic Senators Agree That No New Tariff Bill Could Pass.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The Democratic senators met in caucus to-day but adjourned without providing for any of the pop-gun bills. The general opinion that no measures touching the tariff could pass. Cloture has been practically abandoned and the Steering Committee has been ordered to make an order, which will give consideration to the Bankruptcy, Nicaragua Canal, Currency and Arizona and New Mexico Statehood bills. Also that providing for a territorial form of government for Indian Territory and the joint resolution of the House, providing for the election of senators by the people.

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