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NINTH YEAR. THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 21, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

SAID TO BE A SURE THING

THAT MR. CHAPLEAU WILL BE THE NEW POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Many Rumors and Some Facts About Coming Superannuations—Relief for the Hull Fire Sufferers—The New Steamer for the P.E.I. Winter Service.

OTTAWA, June 20.—The appointment of Hon. Mr. Chapleau as Postmaster-General, in place of Hon. Mr. McLelan, is said by friends of the Premier to have been as good as made, but it will not take effect until the beginning of the new fiscal year.

The usual crop of rumors of superannuations which come up about the end of each fiscal year has made its appearance and four deputy heads are mentioned as likely to be placed on the superannuation list after July 1: W. H. Griffin, Deputy Postmaster-General; James Johnson, Commissioner of Customs; Grant Powell, Under Secretary of State, and W. Smith, Deputy Minister of Marine. The World has reason to believe that the rumor with regard to the first-named gentleman is correct, but that with respect to the others the rumor is at least premature, although it is highly probable that Mr. Johnson will not remain much longer in the service. Mr. Griffin is the senior deputy head, having been appointed Deputy Postmaster-General in 1867. He is one of the oldest, if not the oldest, employe in the service, having entered it fifty-seven years ago last April. It is understood that Lieut.-Col. White, Secretary of the Department, will succeed him.

It is understood that the Dominion Government will contribute $2000 for the relief of the sufferers from the Hull fire. The same amount has been contributed by the Quebec Government, and private subscriptions in money and kind amount to about $30,000. There is a good deal of distress amongst those burnt out. Very few have commenced rebuilding, one reason being that it is expected that at the next meeting of the Council a bylaw will be passed prohibiting the erection of wooden buildings. The church authorities have not yet got a settlement from the insurance companies, and consequently have not commenced rebuilding the church.

The Department of Public Works has relaid the cables connecting Grosse Isle quarantine station with the Island of Orleans and so with Quebec. Instead of one cable, as used in previous years, two short cables have been laid and a land line built across the Isle aux Reaux. The two cables will be better protected from ice than the one previously used, and it is believed it will not be necessary to take them up for the winter as has been done in former years.

Six dealers in the lower part of Ottawa County have lately been fined $5 each for nonpayment of excise duty on Canadian tobacco, about 2000 pounds of which was confiscated.

The Department of Marine has been advised that Captain McElhinny has closed with Messrs. Elder & Co. of Glasgow for the construction of a steel steamer to be used in the winter service between Prince Edward Island and the mainland. Her dimensions are: Length 200 feet, breadth 32 feet, depth 21 feet. She will be fitted up with triple expansion engines and will have a carrying capacity of 200 tons at a speed of 15 knots per hour. She is to be ready by Nov. 1 next.

The Chaudiere lumbermen who are in arrears of rent for water power have made an offer to the Government to pay off the arrears and take new leases on new terms.

Statistics issued by the Department of Agriculture show the deaths for May in the principal cities: Montreal 502, Toronto 202, Quebec 176, Halifax 82, Hamilton 78, Ottawa 54.

John Kennedy, Chief Engineer of the Montreal Harbor Commissioners, having declined to act on behalf of the lumbermen on the proposed investigation into the sawdust nuisance in Ottawa, Sanford Fleming has accepted the position.

Sir Hector Langevin and Hon. Mackenzie Bowell left to-night for Nagasa, where the former will lay the corner-stone of the new public building to-morrow.

On Friday the corner-stone of the new public building at Trenton will be laid. The ministers will return on Saturday.

Hon. J. H. Pope has gone to the Eastern Townships on a short vacation for the benefit of his health.

Hon. Mr. Thompson, Minister of Justice, will visit Kingston Penitentiary next week, where it is proposed to make extensive improvements which will take several years to complete.

Hon. Mr. Chapleau will not go to the Maritime Provinces for several weeks.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Nearly the Entire Day Spent in Discussing Temperance—Reports Adopted.

HALIFAX, June 20.—In the General Assembly to-day Rev. D. J. Macdonnell continued his speech on the resolution offered by him last night. Rev. Mr. Herridge seconded the resolution, and after a long discussion, participated in by Hon. D. C. Fraser, Dr. Macrae, Dr. Campbell, Hon. D. Laird and others, the resolution was amended to read:

That the Assembly declare its conviction that the general traffic in intoxicating liquor is contrary to the Word of God and the spirit of the Christian religion. That total prohibition would be the most effective form of temperance legislation. That it is in the highest degree expedient that the state should pass an efficient liquor law, and therefore the Assembly urges upon all the members of the church to use all legitimate means to secure such legislation;

And as amended was carried, 149 to 10, Rev. Mr. Macdonnell and one or two others entering their dissent.

The Assembly discussed temperance nearly all afternoon and finally prepared a list of questions for submission to the presbyteries for consideration during the year.

This evening the reports on Sunday schools and Sunday observance were presented and adopted.

Principal Cavan, Rev. Dr. Cochrane, Rev. Dr. Burns, J. K. Minnis of this city and several others left this evening for England, via Rimouski, to attend the Pan-Presbyterian Council.

THE FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT.

Brantford's Great Day—Dunnville Takes First Prize in Three of the Contests.

BRANTFORD, June 20.—The Firemen's Tournament here to-day has proved a great success. A number of American fire companies arrived last evening and all trains this morning brought in firemen and excursionists from all directions. By noon there were several thousand strangers in the city.

At 1 o'clock the firemen formed into line on Market-square and proceeded through the principal streets to the Agricultural Show Grounds where the program of the day was carried out. The result of the contests was:

Hose race—Dunnville first prize $100, Caledonia second prize $50.

Hook and ladder race—Beamsville first prize $75, Smithville second prize $40.

Fancy Drill—Dunnville first prize $250, Crosby Hose Company, Corry, Pa., second prize $100.

Hand contest—Dunnville 1st prize $75, Beamsville second prize $40.

In the evening there was a torch-light procession and a fancy drill exhibition at the fair grounds.

LAFLAMME V. THE MAIL.

The Court of Appeal Sustains the $10,000 Verdict Against the Ex-Organ.

MONTREAL, June 20.—In the Court of Appeal to-day the long pending case of Hon. R. Laflamme v. The Toronto Mail was decided. The verdict of the court below granting $10,000 to the plaintiff and dismissing a motion for an arrest of judgment and a new trial was confirmed. Judges Church and Baby dissented on the ground that the damage awarded was excessive, but the majority of the court were against them.

Chief Justice Sir A. A. Dorion stated that there had been animus and malice in the accusations prepared by The Mail. The court had no right to disturb the verdict. A new trial would therefore not be granted.

An appeal to England will likely be taken.

FOR THE REPOSE OF HIS SOUL.

The Month's Mind at St. Michael's Cathedral Largely Attended.

High Requiem Mass was sung in St. Michael's Cathedral yesterday morning for the repose of the soul of the late Archbishop of Toronto. Every priest of the diocese was present, as was also every bishop of the Province at present in Canada. Notwithstanding that he was crippled, Bishop Walsh assisted in the ceremonies. His Lordship was obliged to use a crutch. The body of the church was crowded to suffocation, even the aisles being packed with a dense mass of humanity.

Bishop Dowling of Peterboro preached the funeral oration, which consisted of a eulogy of the dead prelate and a sketch of his career. The singing was under the direction of Rev. Father Challendard. Very Rev. Father Rooney sang the mass, assisted by Rev. J. J. McEntee, Oshawa, as deacon, and Rev. F. Shanahan, Niagara, as sub-deacon. Bishop Walsh, assisted by Very Rev. Father Laurent and Very Rev. Father Hamel, S.J., Bishop O'Mahony, assisted by Rev. Father McCann, and Very Rev. Father Hughes of Hartford also took part in the ceremonies. The absolution was pronounced by Bishop Dowling.

The prelates and priests present were:

Right Rev. Bishop Walsh, London.
Right Rev. Bishop O'Mahony, Toronto.
Right Rev. Bishop Dowling, Peterboro.
Very Rev. Administrator Rooney, Toronto.
Very Rev. Administrator Laurent, Toronto.
Venerable Archdeacon Cassidy, Colpan.
Very Rev. Dean O'Connor, Barrie; Very Rev. Dean Harris, St. Catharines; Very Rev. Father Vincent, Provincial O.S.B., Toronto; Rev. J. J. McCann, P.P., Brockton; Rev. McC. O'Reilly, P.P., St. Joseph's, Toronto; Rev. J. L. Hand, cathedral, Toronto; Rev. J. F. McBride, rector of Our Lady of Lourdes, Toronto; Rev. J. J. Shea, Toronto; Rev. John Crutse, Brockton; Rev. A. F. Finan, Toronto; Rev. J. J. Lynch, St. Paul's, Toronto; Rev. F. Brennan, St. Michael's College, Toronto; Rev. P. J. McGauran, St. Mary's, Toronto; Rev. Father Murray, St. Michael's College, Toronto; Rev. Father Corcoran and Rev. Father Tummel, St. Patrick's, Toronto; Rev. F. Lamarche, Toronto; Rev. J. J. Harold, P.P., Dixie; Rev. E. G. Campbell, P.P., Orillia; Rev. P. J. McColl, P.P., Whitby; Rev. J. Whitcroy, Niagara Falls; Rev. E. F. Gallagher, P.P., Schomberg; Rev. M. Moran, P.P., Stayner; Rev. W. Bergin, P.P., Newmarket; Rev. H. J. Gilmoy, P.P., Alliston; Rev. J. J. McEntee, P.P., Oshawa; Rev. Jefferson Davis, Dixie; Rev. James Gibbons, Lafontaine; Rev. H. J. McPhillips, Astonbury; Rev. E. J. Kirwin, P.P., Collingwood; Rev. P. Whitney, P.P., Caldwell; Rev. F. M. Shanahan, P.P., Niagara; Rev. F. F. Bolender, P.P., Wyoming; Rev. E. A. H. Allan, P.P., Merritton; Rev. M. J. Gearing, P.P., Apto; Rev. J. A. Trayling, P.P., Fort Erie; Rev. M. Jeffcott, P.P., Orangeville; Rev. W. J. McGinley, P.P., Uptergrove; Rev. R. J. McRae, P.P., Smithville; Rev. P. Sheahan, P.P., Hamilton; Rev. J. J. Kitcullen, P.P., Port Colborne. From outside dioceses: Rev. J. Conway, Ann Arbor, Michigan; Rev. W. J. Doherty, S.J., Guelph; Very Rev. P. Lefebvre, Superior General of the Mission of Canada, Montreal; Very Rev. Father Hughes, Hartford, Conn.; Rev. F. X. O'Connell, P.P. Paris; Rev. F. Davis, P.P., Madoc; Very Rev. J. Laurent, V. G., Lindsay; Rev. Chancellor Rohde, P.P., Dundas; Rev. Father Walsh, London.

On the conclusion of the services in the Cathedral, the bishops and priests were dined in the Palace by the administrators. Afterwards an informal meeting of the priests was held, in which the succession to the arch see was discussed, but the drift of thought expressed was kept a profound secret from outsiders. However one of the priests dropped a hint to The World that the Bishop of London would be acceptable as a successor to Mgr. Lynch, and that failing him no present Ontario bishop would fill the bill to their satisfaction.

"Derby" cigarettes (5c.) are superior to any ten cent package manufactured by any other firm.

STILL AT SEA.

The Republican Convention Take up Another Day with Preliminaries.

CHICAGO, June 20.—An eagerness for the real business of the convention—the nomination of a Presidential candidate—was the main idea to-day. Chairman Estee contented himself with a speech of less than two minutes, and professed not to be able to even guess who would be the nominee.

One of the most interesting minor occurrences of the day was the presentation of a gavel of silver and gold to the chairman, emphasizing the position of the Republican party in favor of a bi-metallic money standard. A great hit was made by the addition of another gavel notable as coming from Galena, the early home of General Grant, to be used, as stated by the donor, "when the life had been pounded out of the Democratic party to tan that party's hide."

Under the rules adopted the reports of the Committees on Credentials and Platform and the naming of members of the National Committee must be acted upon before the presentation and balloting for candidates begins. The Committee on Platform will not be ready to report until to-morrow.

At the evening session the convention adopted a resolution of sympathy with Germany by a standing vote. Resolutions of respect to Grant, Arthur, Logan and Conkling were also adopted unanimously.

The report of the Committee on Credentials recommending the admission of the two district delegates from Virginia and the four Mahone delegates at large was adopted after a hot discussion. This is an anti-Sherman victory.

Blaine's Anchor to Windward.

LONDON, June 20.—Mr. Blaine was interviewed to-day. He declined to state whether he would or not accept the presidential nomination.

RECKLESS WITH HIS REVOLVER.

Willie Burchell of Clinton Found Dead from a Bullet Wound.

CLINTON, June 20.—About noon to-day while three little boys were passing through Gibbing's Grove they saw a young man lying on the ground. Supposing him to be asleep they passed on but on their return they passed closer and saw blood and that he had been shot.

It proved to be Willie Burchell, a young man of about 22 years. He was quiet dead, with his revolver in his hand. It is supposed that it had gone off accidentally and killed him. He was in the habit of going there to practice with the revolver and had been seen tossing it about rather daringly.

Deceased was a nephew of W. Doherty of the Doherty Organ Co.

MISS HOWARD'S DIAMONDS FOUND.

But Pawnbroker Gorfinkle Plays a Sharp Trick on the Owner.

The whereabouts of Miss Bella Howard's diamonds are known. The discovery was made yesterday afternoon by Private Detective Newhall, who traced the missing gems to Gorfinkle's pawn-shop on York-street. It is stated that the father of the boy who is accused of stealing the diamonds pawned them in Gorfinkle's store, obtaining from the proprietor of that establishment the sum of $50. Detective Newhall secured possession of the ticket, and gave it to Miss Howard. This lady, who was reluctant to prosecute any person implicated, thought she could effect a compromise with the pawnbroker. Accordingly she visited Mr. Gorfinkle and offered to give him $25, thus halving the loss between them. Mr. Gorfinkle demurred, but finally consented to accept $30. Miss Howard counted out the money and handed it to him. He immediately placed it in his pocket and calmly told the owner of the diamonds that she could have her property when she paid the balance of $20 due to him. It is stated that the cunning pawnbroker will be proceeded against for theft. The diamonds, which form a breastpin or brooch, are worth about $500. The man who pledged them with Gorfinkle is a ragpicker by occupation.

Flogged at the Central Prison.

Benjamin Graham, a colored man convicted of gross assaults on children, yesterday received his second instalment of ten lashes at the Central Prison. Three months had elapsed since his former chastisement. He has still twenty months' imprisonment to serve. Like most brutal fellows, he yelled under the punishment and craved for mercy. His back was discolored and blood drawn. Dr. Aikins, the prison physician, was present.

The Niagara Park Case.

Judge Robertson yesterday heard a short resumption in the argument by the commissioners of Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park against Mr. Howard to restrain defendant from certain work on lands the title to which is disputed by the commissioners. The arguments were of a technical nature. The case was adjourned till to-day.

ALL EUROPE ILL AT EASE.

THE RESTLESSNESS AT ITS HIGHEST POINT IN BERLIN.

Where the Talk is Said to be War First, Last and Forever—The German Army and People's Blind Devotion to the Soldier-King.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Blakely Hall cables The Sun from Berlin: The uneasy feeling which has pervaded Europe is at its highest point in Berlin. A glance at the newspapers shows the condition of things. In one column is a long despatch from St. Petersburg, which winds up with the statement that Russia will be on the alert and ill at ease until the young Emperor has shown his purposes concerning that country. In the adjoining column is a concise expression of the feeling of alarm in Vienna. Below this is a translation from The Temps of Paris, an exceedingly keenest, forcible article, admonishing the French politicians to sink their petty differences and recognize the portentious changes occasioned by the accession of the new German Emperor.

From every European centre the story is the same. Here in Berlin the talk is war. Every officer in the army is eager for it, and overtaxed people, remembering the milliards that came in such a welcome shower from France, look forward to another period of relief. The vast schemes of ambition that are heard in Berlin on all sides are based mainly on the near prospect of a great military struggle. One thing is certain, there must be some sort of a climax to the present condition of things.

Europe to-day is a huge garrison. At Nancy, near the French frontier, 30,000 soldiers are at work night and day building works and drilling. At Strasburg a similar number of professional fighters are hard at it. In Vienna the entire male population is apparently in uniform. In Paris the people worship a demagogue because he is believed to awe the Germans. In Berlin the talk is war first, last and forever. In Russia the war party is in the ascendant, and Great Britain is in a panic because she has just discovered that she is at the mercy of the great Continental powers.

All over Europe the railroads are run by soldiers, the telegraph system is a part of the military system and the telegrams are read by men of arms. Every discussion in cafe, garden or club is reduced to one mighty question of war. It slumbered while the peace-loving Frederick quietly drifted away, but an hour after his soldier successor seized control of the nation the whole of Europe was agog.

There is no question of the great power of the new ruler, for the army and people follow him with a species of blind devotion unparalleled in other parts of the world. One portion of his military address to the army is reprinted constantly. It is this: "We belong to each other, I and the army. Thus we are born for one another, and thus we will stand together in an indissoluble bond in peace or storm as God may will."

Empress Victoria's Wifely Devotion.

A large number of deathbed anecdotes and last sayings of the late Emperor should be taken with a grain of salt, for His Majesty could neither speak nor write during the closing days of his unhappy life. One of his physicians said to-day to me: "His eyes talked, but that was all, and his own wish at all times was to have his royal consort near him. When she was by, he was content to await the inevitable end. The love and devotion of the Empress were beautiful to behold. She was the solace and comfort of the Emperor in death, as she had been his dearest and constant friend in life."

To-day I had a long talk with Dr. Persius, the spiritual adviser of the late Emperor. Dr. Persius conducted the services in the church last night, and was with various members of the Royal family until late at night. Concerning his late Majesty he added: "I have, perhaps, had better opportunity than any one else to study his character. I must say that to his most prominent characteristic was his gentleness and breeding. He was a famous soldier, a just ruler, but, above all, he was a true, honest gentleman. No higher type of man has ever lived, for his smallest thoughts were noble and pure. It was because of this that Her Majesty the Empress requested me to read the service from the text, 'Blessed are the pure in heart for they shall see God.'"

The imperial widow will go to Switzerland for the purpose of restoring her health, after which she will take up her residence at Wilhelmshohe Palace, near Cassel. It was in this palace that Napoleon III. was held a prisoner after Sedan. It was left to the Emperor by the will of William I. The opinion that the Empress will spend most of her time in England, though nominally living in Germany, is generally entertained.

The royal widow's dispatch to the Emperor's mother, who was at Baden when her son died, was as follows:

She, who was so happy and proud to be his wife, weeps with thee, poor mother, for the loss of thy noble son. No mother ever possessed such a son. Be calm and strong in thy grief. Even in his last moments he sent greetings to thee.

The Emperor Will Command.

BERLIN, June 20.—It is stated that the Emperor will declare his intention of taking personal command of the autumn manœuvres. The Emperor will personally reopen the Reichstag and Landtag. He has ordered that memorial services be held in all universities, colleges and schools throughout the empire on June 30.

The Hohenzollern Way of Waging War.

BERLIN, June 20.—The Post declares that there is no foundation for the idea that a change will be made in the German policy adverse to Russia. French fears, it says, are also baseless. The moon is more likely to visit the earth than the German Emperor to dream of attacking France only to win laurels. Germany wishes nothing from France but to be let alone. As soon as the French see this, conditions will exist for perpetual peace and friendship. At the same time the tone of the Emperor's proclamations may well serve to remind elements unfriendly to Germany, whether in the east or in the west, in a manner perhaps not agreeable to them, of the Hohenzollern way of waging war, and make clear to them that any unjust attack upon Germany will meet the fate of the French attack of 1870. The Emperor will wield his sword like his glorious ancestors, but only in defence of the fatherland against unjust attacks.

Why the Russian Press is Optimistic.

BERLIN, June 20.—The Tagblatt says the fact of there being a censorship over the press in Russia positively forbade the newspapers expressing pessimist views on the accession of Emperor William II.

The Czar Looks for Peace.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 20.—The Czar has declined to sanction the proposal of Gen. Vannovski, Minister of War, that the number of reserve battalions be doubled on the ground that the proposed increase would be too severe a burden on the financial resources of the empire, and because the present political situation in no wise justifies such a measure.

John Dillon Jailed.

DUBLIN, June 20.—The appeal of John Dillon from the sentence of six months' imprisonment for violation of the Crimes Act was heard to-day and the sentence confirmed. Mr. Dillon was taken to Dundalk jail and imprisoned. On the route to the prison he was heartily cheered. An address was presented to Mr. Dillon signed by 150 members of the House of Commons, resenting the policy of sending him to unmerited imprisonment and expressing the hope that his sojourn in prison would be made less bitter by the knowledge that sympathy for him was not confined to Ireland.

Never, In More.

Coroner Johnson has decided that he will not hold another inquest at the City Morgue. He says that the building is entirely unfitted for such a purpose.

$41,000 MISSING FROM THE BANK.

Central Liquidators' Accounts Postponed Till September—Stock Book Omissions.

The Master-in-Ordinary was occupied yesterday with the resumed consideration of Interim-Liquidator Campbell's accounts. These presented no features of public interest. After a discussion of the probabilities of disposing of the various questions affecting the accounts, and those of the official liquidators—Messrs. Campbell, Howland and Gooderham—up to Jan. 25 last, by June 30, and an intimation by the Master that he must hear and adjudicate upon the questions affecting the liability of the contributories by end of June, the parties agreed to adjourn the accounts till Sept. 10.

Accountant Ord's cross-examination on the "Stayner" cases was continued. He said that some payments on account of capital stock did not go into the books. The journal entries showed $60,200 paid on stock to Feb. 25, 1884. There was a supplementary list announting to $1390. On the same date there was credited $101,900 in the Bank of Montreal. The $41,000 difference was made up of credits: $10,000 D. Mitchell McDonald, $8000 Allen, $4000 and $19,000, Trees & Co. Mr. Ord continued: "I do not know why this $41,000 was not entered in the journal. I was instructed by Allen not to enter it. I don't know what became of this $41,000. The moneys in Bank of Montreal were to be drawn out by checks signed by President Blain and Cashier Allen. It was drawn out. I think I have seen the checks in Allen's possession. I did not think the matter material. I was satisfied too easily at the time."

The Master said: "The policy of dropping out which was inaugurated by the officers of this bank in respect to its shares, seems to have extended to its capital stock, by which funds to the extent of $41,000 have been dropped out. How far this evidence may affect the officers and directors of this bank I at present say nothing."

The Home Savings and Loan Co.'s case was resumed. Edmund T. Lightbourn, manager of the Ontario Industrial Loan Company, gave evidence. A loan of $19,000 was made by the company, Feb. 11, 1884, to David Blain, Samuel Trees and D. Mitchell McDonald on their joint notes. It was paid. The loan was repaid by Central Bank bills. The case stands over.

Accountant Wilson of the Bank of Montreal having been examined on the "Stayner" cases, the matter of the $41,000 referred to in the contention raised by Mr. Foy, Q.C., that he was at liberty to show that the amounts deposited in the Bank of Montreal to the credit of the Central Bank were not bona fide, I stated that whatever may have been the arrangement or agreement by the parties as to such payments or deposits I must hold that such were made on the stock of the Central Bank, and that the money thereupon became the property and therefore part of the assets of the Central Bank for the purpose of its incorporation and could not lawfully be withdrawn from such estate."

Mr. Henry O'Brien, one of the provincial directors, deposed he was a subscriber for $5000 and afterwards for $15,000. President Blain promised to find the funds for the directors' stock.

Other evidence was given and there were numerous discussions between counsel.

The Master said that any illegal appropriation of the $41,000 referred to could not operate as a forfeiture of the bank's charter and that the directors were liable to make it good to the capital stock or account for it by showing that it had gone back to the bank.

Try "Athlete" cigarette tobacco.

MARTIN FARRELL'S FATE.

The Coroner's Jury Place Some Responsibility on Charley Heber's Shoulders.

The inquiry into the causes which led to Martin Farrell's death was resumed at the City Morgue last night before Coroner Johnson. Wm. Young, who accidentally discharged the gun when Farrell was shot, was recalled to the witness stand. The other witnesses examined were Geo. Garbutt, Mrs. Walz, Charles Heber and Police Inspector Stephen. Charles Heber, the owner of the shooting gallery, testified that he bought the rifle in question three years ago. It was then second hand and never had been repaired. Inspector Stephen stated that he had the rifle tested, and that it required a pressure of 1¼ pounds only when it should have six or seven pounds. In his charge to the jury Coroner Johnson laid some stress upon this fact. After spending an hour in deliberation the jury returned this verdict:

That the deceased, Martin Farrell, came to his death on the Island, on the night of June 16, through the accidental discharge of a rifle, at the time in the hands of one Wm. Young, but that the shooting was the result of culpable negligence on the part of himself and parties whose duty it was to see that the rifles used in this gallery were kept in proper repair.

During this inquiry the foreman of the jury insisted on making a great many inquiries which did not manifest a good grasp of the case, and finally he aroused the indignation of the jury who were under the influence of liquor. The indignant juror suddenly arose, and with much solemnity of manner was proceeding to express his "regret that they had such a fool o' a foreman," when he was ordered to "sit down."

A Case of Nonsense.

It is announced that the Ontario Government intends to abolish the fees for the hitherto collected at Niagara Falls Park which will in future be taken up. This decision will meet with popular approval, even though the cost of maintaining the park free to all, whether walking or driving, has to be met out of provincial revenue.—Hamilton Times, June 20.

This paragraph was shown to Acting Premier Hardy last night. He said it was all nonsense. The Governments had not abolished the fees. A toll road running from Niagara town to the Clifton House had been expropriated by the Government and the tolls abolished. That was all.

The fees at the park are: 50 cents for a waterproof suit and transport on the elevator to Cable Rock and return; 10 cents for foot passengers to the Dufferin Islands and 50 cents for carriages, no matter how many persons they contain. The park proper is free to all.

Smoke the old reliable brand, "Cable," over a quarter of a century in the market. Demand larger than ever.

One of Prof. Loisette's Pupils.

Editor World: I notice in your issue of yesterday a communication from "X" in regard to Prof. Loisette's system of memory culture; as the date of the letter is June 16 the writer must have spent some time in arranging for its publication.

The motive of "X" is obvious. He wishes to disparage Prof. Loisette's instruction method, directly saying so. The truth is that Prof. Loisette claims that all students by correspondence do not study his system after receiving the lesson papers. I know of several in Toronto, and prominent people too, who have given the system study and with good results. In answer to "X's" first question I will say that I am a correspondence pupil myself and received a great benefit by carefully studying the lesson papers and following out Prof. Loisette's plan. My answer to the second is that memory culture has always been a hobby of mine and now, with my experience, I cannot conceive of a plan differing from Prof. Loisette's which would bring about the improvement in memory which has resulted in my case.

Many persons do not appreciate that Prof. Loisette's system is directly in line with the laws of the natural memory and "X" is probably one of the number. I think and know that intelligent persons can and have mastered the system in six weeks and in very much less time in many cases. My own work on the second lesson paper has been most interesting and profitable. The professor's class of some seven hundred persons in this city, of which number I am one, having paid the additional half fee required for admission, are already quite enthusiastic, and just returned from the second course lecture. I can say that personal instruction is certainly a great help and my own opinion is that if "X" would attend the course and conscientiously do the work required by the professor he would be more than pleased.

Toronto, June 20. Y.

Goldsmith's Poems.

To me more dear, congenial to my heart,
One native charm than all the glare of art.

He had evidently not seen Shannessy & Hall's photos at 258 Yonge-st. 624

WESTERN MINERS VISIT DENISON.

The Great Drawback is the Lack of Encouragement Toward Prospectors.

Yesterday The World had a talk with T. E. Clawson of Alvin, Ill., an old Colorado miner, and David Allison, formerly of St. Thomas, Ont., who was a superintendent in the Orofino mines in the Black Hills. Both are experienced miners. They have just returned from a visit to the Vermillion mines in Denison township. This is Mr. Clawson's second visit to the Tough mine. He thinks a great deal of the gold finds but more of the copper ore.

"The great drawback," said he, "is that the land is taken up by speculators and will not be prospected. If that country had been on the public domain of the United States the brush would have all been tramped down by prospectors so that you could clip a horse and buggy all over it. The prospectors come to Denison, hear that everything is taken up, and retire.

Mr. Alliston is equally emphatic in his opinion that the law is against the prospector and miner, and in the interest of the speculator. It is entirely different in the States. Everything is done to encourage the prospector. Denison is "locked up" by speculators in Toronto.

According to Mr. Clawson, Tough's interest in the mines is $19,000 in cash that he got and 150 shares in the stock. He says there is no truth in the story in a Toronto paper that Tough took out $100,000.

Col. Hill and B. E. Charlton of Hamilton, two leading directors in the Vermillion mine, are now on the ground.

Mr. Dobson, a mining engineer, who has also been up at the Vermillion mine, returned yesterday. He says the flies are unbearable and will be so for three weeks or more. He is enthusiastic over the copper ore.

The Copper Cliff (copper) mine near Sudbury is being developed. Thirty men are at work getting out ore.

Mr. Dobson narrates the following act of bravery: "At mine No. 2 of the Vermillion Company some ten days ago a miner named Tom Foster and a French Canadian were working on the shaft. They had just plunged three holes with dynamite and set the fuses going. They then started to climb out. The Frenchman fell down from the ladder to the bottom of the shaft unconscious, right alongside the dynamite. Tom Foster rushed back, pulled out the charges, extinguished them from the burning fuses, and then bore the unconscious man up the ladder. But for Foster's courage the Frenchman would have been blown into fragments."

"Athlete" cigarettes (10c.) are richer in flavor, sweeter and cooler than any other brand in the market.

THE CIVIL ASSIZES.

An Agricultural Implement Company Defeated—The Value of a Binder.

At the Civil Assize Court yesterday before Mr. Justice Falconbridge, the case of the North American Agricultural Implement Company of London (Ont.) vs. Cleland, was proceeded with. The defendant, a farmer residing in the Township of Scarboro, was sued for $225, the price of a binder bought from the plaintiffs. For the defence it was claimed that the binder was not as good an article as it was represented to be, and the defendant considered that it was not worth more than $150. Although there was only $75 in dispute the parties interested refused to settle the matter out of court, and four lawyers were employed in the case. Mr. Aylesworth, Toronto, and Mr. Fraser, London, appeared for the plaintiffs; Messrs. McGillivray & Chappie, Uxbridge, represented the defendant. The case occupied nearly the entire day. It was after 4 o'clock when the jury retired, and they agreed an hour later with a verdict for the defendant.

Richardson v. Brooks—The plaintiff is a dealer in horses, and resides in Scarboro. He uses the defendant, keeper of a livery stable, in Toronto, for $300. The claim, he alleges, is due to him for traveling a stallion (belonging to the defendant) around the country and is the balance due on an old partnership account. The case was not closed when the court adjourned. Mr. Reeve, Q.C., for defendant, and Mr. John Carson for plaintiff.

Peremptory list to-day: Coxwell v. Freeman, Skelly v. Freeman, Metcalf v. Lake, Burkett v. Bilton, Robertson v. Thompson, Bocak v. Fleming, Longstaffe v. Mitchell, Scarlett v. College of Pharmacy.

Madre E' Hijo cigars exceptionally fine. Superior to imported.

Its Weary Length Along.

The Kavanagh case, in the Don arbitration matter, was resumed yesterday morning before Judge McDougall. Two witnesses were examined, John C. Graham and J. W. G Wintney. The former is a dealer in ice, who had some cuttings on the Kavanagh lease. Mr. Tilt appeared on behalf of the claimant, and Mr. Reeves for the city. The case was adjourned to 11 o'clock this morning, when it is expected that all the evidence forthcoming will be received, and the argument commenced. It is believed that the Smith property case will be argued on Tuesday week.

The Claim to West Toronto Property.

The case of Hughes against Ross, a claim by a Seneca farmer to property at West Toronto Junction, was down for re-hearing before Mr. Justice Ferguson yesterday morning. Plaintiff, however, could not proceed, not having secured the transcript of the evidence at the first trial. The case was struck out. A large array of counsel appeared for the defendants, chief amongst whom were Judge Rose and Rev. Dr. Rose, his father. Plaintiff appeared much crest-fallen at the result.

Twenty New Policemen Appointed.

A meeting of the Police Commissioners was held yesterday afternoon, there being present only Judge McDougall and Mayor Clarke, Police Magistrate Denison being absent in Muskoka. Twenty new policemen were added to the force. A special meeting will be held shortly to discuss the trouble between the hackmen and the Baggage Transfer Company. The Wilson-Jarvis case was not touched upon, not having been brought to the notice of the board officially.

Smoke "La Princesa" and "Chip of the Old Block" 42gars. Made by Union men since the strike. 36 246 246

Farmer MacMillan's Picnic.

The Warden and members of the Council of Peel, with their officials, have been invited by Farmer J. P. MacMillan to picnic with him on July 2 at Dufferin Lake.

The genial County Attorney will doubtless make it pleasant for the boys, but while participating in the various means he has for enjoyment at that delightful spot, The World would suggest the necessity of fortifying themselves against becoming inveigled in his hobby (Commercial Union), so as to return to their homes without impressions inclining towards Annexation.

Closed for a Few Days.

The Public Library was closed yesterday, and will remain in that condition during the present week. The reading-room, however, is open to visitors, but books cannot be obtained until Monday next. In the meantime the library staff will be engaged in the peculiarly mercantile work known as "taking stock."

Queen City Fire Insurance Company.

Established 1871. The only stock fire insurance company that divides the profits with its policy holders. Has more surplus assets to the amount at risk than any other purely stock fire insurance company doing business in Canada. SCOTT & WALMSLEY, Underwriters, 24 Church-street, Toronto. Telephone 801. 24

Brampton Debentures.

Mayor Campbell of Brampton asks for tenders for $9000 worth of waterworks extension debentures and $6000 worth of school debentures, the former to extend over a period of thirty years and the latter ten years.

Personal Mention.

Mr. Robert Wells (St. Jos. Mo.) of the passenger department of the Burlington route, is in town.

THAT GUELPH ELOPEMENT.

A CONTRACTOR RUNS AWAY WITH A PRETTY WOMAN.

J. H. Dietz' Infatuation for Miss Haste—Kept up under the Cloak of Religion—A Midnight Flight—The Guilty Pair in Detroit.

GUELPH, June 20.—The rumored elopement of a well-known citizen of Guelph with a young woman, as reported in The World this morning, proves to have been only too well founded in fact. The parties in the affair are J. H. Dietz, contractor for the finishing in Bell's organ factory, and Miss May Haste.

Mr. Dietz came to Guelph from New Hamburg with his family about eighteen years ago, and has been in the employ of Wm. Bell & Co. ever since. It is rarely that a man gains so much popularity as did Mr. Dietz. He was successful in his work, and of late years has been making a comfortable living out of his contract. Two years ago occurred the unfortunate trouble which resulted in the dropping of his son-in-law, Rev. J. H. Carson, from the Methodist ministry for immorality. Mr. Dietz has never been the same man since.

The young woman of whom he became enamoured (Miss Haste) came out from England last year and passed herself off as a single woman, but there is little doubt that she had married and had left her husband in the Old Country. She was of Welsh extraction and could not read a word of English, but was good-looking, intelligent and with a prepossessing appearance. Her character was pretty well known soon after she got here, but she ingratiated herself into the society of a number of people in St. Patrick's Ward connected with the Methodist churches, professed to have received a change of heart, and took quite a prominent part in Sunday afternoon prayer meetings, even continuing to lead in them as late as two months ago.

Mr. Dietz became much interested in her last fall and offered her a home in October, since which time he became completely infatuated with her. Ostensibly on account of a quarrel with Mrs. Dietz, it is said, the girl Haste left the house in which she had brought so much misery about a month ago and went to board with a family on Ontario-street, the intimacy, however, was kept up, and under the cloak of religion, too. He could not visit her openly, but Sunday afternoon walks and evening rambles are said to have been not uncommon. And during these last weeks he grew careless as to his conduct. A lifelong temperance man, he has been known lately to drink beer in hotels, a thing that he had never before been seen to do in Guelph.

About a week ago his wife and daughter left to pay a visit to his married daughter near Chicago, and it looks as if the idea of deserting them then had crystallized into a resolve. Information leaked in his mind, then took definite shape. On Monday he drew some $900 from the bank. Tuesday Miss Haste is said to have got $500. He paid up all the bills he was owing round town and squared up with some hands. That evening he was at his own house, but his plans had been laid evidently, for he boarded the midnight train. Miss Haste had also been preparing to go, but for some time tried to throw off the parties where she was boarding off the scent. They were not to be fooled, however, and accompanied her to the station that evening and told the ticket agent the point she was going away with Mr. Dietz. It was ascertained that two tickets had been purchased for Detroit.

A telegram was sent to Detroit to intercept the guilty pair and two friends of Dietz left yesterday to try to induce him to return.

SKIPPERS WHO SKIPPED.

A Mysterious Occurrence with Which Two Lake Captains are Connected.

Captain Hargraves of the schooner Lady Macdonald and Captain Rankin, skipper of a like craft named the Suffel, enjoyed a very pleasant time in each other's company yesterday evening, and were in a jovial mood when, shortly before 9 o'clock, they wandered along the Queen's-road in the direction toward their respective vessels. Even as on the lakes a storm suddenly arises so did angry passions arise in the breasts of the two captains. The subject of dispute, or the cause of the quarrel, is as yet unknown, but the fact remains that the pair were engaged in an angry discussion along the Queen's-road, Yonge-street, and that when they reached Rogers' wharf, at the foot of Princess-street, there was a very liberal exchange of the "compliments of the season," the pressing of opinion from each respec