nd
ronsides

reats 188,000
the Past

pment --- Mil-
s of Ore
ht.

, Aug. 1, (Special
L. White of Mon-
secretary of the
Mining and Smelt-
concluded his an-
company's mining
undary District.
yearly visit to
order to keep in
ss of development

ing trip," said he
"I marveled at the
ur properties, but
rise of all was re-
My fondest anti-
ss of our smelting
more than realized.
e No. 1 furnace in
the other night I
foreman that the
pouring out had
usly from the day
until then with the
own during the hol-
with the object of
eded repairs. On
it was found that
od as ever and that
lining. This, I be-
ords for copper
having been in op-
for nearly a year
referred to. Con-
surprised to learn
period had treat-
of ore. With the
additional furnaces
w being installed,
l have a total cap-
ns a day. Cheap-
ertainly an accom-
odges, the superin-
not overlooked a
economies in hand-
ores could be ac-
entitled to all the
from metallurgists
ry.
that more of our
herto not been able
witness for them-
of our enterprise.
another important
management could
has been very care-
l the thanks of the
both H. N. Galer
ter.
t surprises awaited
e I was conducted
and Old Ironsides
Yolen Williams, the

ealize the extent of
accomplished with
is sufficient to say
s of tons of ore in
enough ore blocked
arged smelter plant
hout doing another
I can scarcely de-
s when I walked
the Knob Hill 600
et high, a working
by a single timber.
eted the eye in the
nderground workings
es in extent and yet
y in its infancy. I
od, and that at no
ur output will equal,
of any group on the
in no other place
witnessed the actual
pper ore on the sur-
"glory" holes con-
the Knob Hill tun-
tergrated on top is
holes and is then
nnel to the dumps.
ll run into one of
the ledge, and cars
little cost.
the rapid growth
and Phoenix, Mr.
public is perhaps not
mprovements in the
t Phoenix and the
on smelter addition
being paid for out
t costing our share-
Mr. Miner, our pres-
insight when he in-
the enterprise and
friends to do like-
tunate circumstance
trict when Mr. Min-
of the eastern pub-
al resources."

NG INSTINCT.

nay not be passion-
eons, all must per-
wonderful perform-
here is something
e in their remark-
e-returning instinct.
Press tells of one
feats. A homer
Donald Daws, of
was sent about two
uthern French port
. Owing to some
tance, it was kept
r for nearly three
t return, the owner
for lost. His sur-
great when last
e bird turned up at
pital condition, and
well fed and cared
treatment was not
it to stay once an
pe presented itself.
with unerring in-
moral in this for
ming instinct is not
ring as that of the

FULL SWING.

avors Central Cana-
armers.

5.—(Special.)—The
autiful for the har-
l in southern Mani-
g cut in the Terri-
a big yield.
nnipeg lacrosse play-
e Helen Mine, Ont.
anager of the Win-
arried to Miss Del-

ANGRY.

Aug. 5.—(Special.)—
ssed unopposed by
t to build the Car-
Market Hall site in
rge committee was
the plans. Many
y angry at the re-
400 voted out of a
for the East End,
t the council would

S OFFER.

—Andrew Carnegie
$150,000 for a li-
city will contribute
000 yearly in main-
fountain will bring
council.

LDING BURNED.

5.—The exposition
ring the boom of
r $200,000, was de-
ternoon.

Shaffer's Ultimatum

General Strike Will be Ordered If No Settlement Is Reached.

Notice to That Effect Given to Managers of Steel Trust.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 5.—Just a faint glimmer of hope that the great steel workers' strike will be settled, was embodied in a statement given out by President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association tonight. When asked if he would pursue the same policy in ordering a strike in the mills of the Federal Steel, the National Steel and the National Tube Co.'s, as he did in calling out the men in the mills of the American Tinplate Co.'s, he replied, "If it had not been for this determination on my part the general strike would have been ordered on Saturday night."

Before calling out the tin workers, and after failing to get any satisfaction from the officers of the American Sheet and the American Hoop Co.'s, President Shaffer sent a message to Vice-President Warner, of the American Tinplate Co., notifying him that under Article 19, section 35 of the constitution of the Amalgamated Association, he would be obliged to call out the tin workers in all of the mills owned by the United States Steel Corporation unless the difficulty was settled within a period of ten days.

As a result of this notice, Mr. Arms, succeeded in getting together another conference, and a vain attempt was made to settle the dispute and prevent a strike, which would involve the tin mills. That conference was the one that broke up in the Hotel Lincoln three weeks ago last Saturday.

In order to be equally fair to the other constituent companies of the United States Steel Corporation and accord them the same treatment, President Shaffer has sent a similar notice to the officers of the Federal Steel Co., the National Steel Company and the National Tube Company, giving them the same time in which to make any effort they may desire to bring about a settlement, or he will put in force this same clause in the Amalgamated Association's constitution. It is presumed that the delay in issuing the general order will be at least until the end of the present week.

STRIKE IN ARIZONA.

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 5.—A despatch from Jerome says Senator W. A. Clark has sent an ultimatum to the striking miners at the United Verde copper mine flatly refusing to grant their request for an 8-hour day. Nearly 1,600 men are out. The miners declare that there will be no violence. Only about ten men are at work.

STRIKE SETTLED.

Buffalo, Aug. 5.—The strike of the longshoremen at Erie and Buffalo has been settled.

SITUATION AT 'FRISCO.

San Francisco, Aug. 5.—Officials of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company assert that the work of unloading is proceeding unimpeded by the strike of the allied unions in the City Front Federation.

Several coasting vessels, which arrived yesterday, have been deserted by their crews.

Members of the various Painters' Unions have been instructed to report for work and ask employers if they are to get $3.50 instead of $3 a day. If the demand is refused the union men are to walk out and report to the executive committee of the Building Trades Council and Painters Union.

MONTREAL NEWS.

Bread Goes Up—Law Condemned—Died of His Wounds.

Montreal, Aug. 3.—(Special.)—The master bakers here have decided to raise the price of bread one cent per eight pound loaf. They assert this is due to the increased cost of flour.

John A. Fleet, vice-president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, has made a statement here in the course of interview that the Dominion arbitration and Conciliation act is useless.

The Allan line steamer Parisian, which arrived in port this afternoon, made the fastest time this season, making the run between Moville and Quebec in seven days and four hours.

Drs. F. Finlay, C. F. Martin and J. Alex. Hutchison leave today for the Pacific Coast. They will be joined at Toronto by Dr. D. L. Riorden. After visiting the coast cities they will return, via Winnipeg and attend the Medical Congress on August 18.

Timothy Corbett, who was shot by Mrs. Patrick Bulger, in Point St. Charles on Tuesday afternoon, while attempting to force an entrance to her home, died at midnight last night in the general hospital. His death followed a few hours after an operation to remove the bullet. Mrs. Bulger is under arrest.

ANOTHER SUGAR CONFERENCE.

London, Aug. 3.—The West Indian committee announces that the government has accepted the invitation of Belgium to attend another sugar conference in the autumn to consider the question of the abolition of bounties. The committee thinks this intelligence is specially welcome in view of the establishment of free trade between the United States and Porto Rico.

THE FIRE EXTINGUISHED.

Cumberland, Aug. 3.—(Special)—The fire in No. 4 slope has been completely subdued. Everything will be working again by Tuesday. The fire fighting force did excellent work today.

FIRE AT EXTENSION.

Ladysmith, Aug. 3.—(Special)—A bush fire around Extension mine, No. 1, this afternoon caused some alarm, but was put out without injuring the mine property.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Bethbridge, Aug. 3.—(Special.)—A severe electrical storm, accompanied by very heavy rain-fall, passed over here last evening. Lightning struck the McLae block. Miss McLae, who was outside, was prosecuted by the shock, but recovered. Mr. Ott, who was passing the block at the time, was also knocked down, but escaped injuries.

CHARLOTTE YONGE'S MEMORY.

From London Leader.

The Bishops of Winchester and Guildford and the Dean of Winchester are circulating an appeal for donations to the proposed memorial to Charlotte Yonge. The memorial is intended, they say, to give expression to what is felt as to the influence her writings have exercised throughout the English-speaking world on behalf of what is pure and true. It has been decided that some suitable memorial shall be placed in the village church at Otterbourne, in which she daily worshipped; and, further, that in the cathedral of Winchester, with which her name will always be associated, visitors shall be appropriately reminded of an authoress whose books are known and loved by thousands both in England and in America. The exact form of the memorial in the cathedral must partly depend upon the money forthcoming in response to the appeal. A carved oak reredos in the restored Lady Chapel, or a stained glass window near to that which commemorates Jane Austen, has been suggested as appropriate. Donations may be sent to Messrs. Prescott, Dimsdale & Co.'s Bank, Winchester.

Colombian Revolution

Battle Fought at Palo Negro Which Lasted for Seven teen Days.

Engagements in Which Rebels Were Victorious—1,000 Men Killed.

New York, Aug. 5.—A. Diaz Guerra, agent in this city of the Colombian revolutionists, today received information from trusted agents who had reached Venezuela, that a bloody battle was fought at Palo Negro, in the latter part of May.

The conflict lasted for 17 days. The battle was drawn at the end of that period, the insurgents retiring when their ammunition was exhausted, the government troops being too badly cut up to pursue the revolutionists.

By the Red Liner Philadelphia, which arrived here today from Venezuela, Agent Guerra received a bunch of information in the form of reports, cablegrams and letters from the scene of hostilities. These stated that Gen. Benjamin Herra, who is attacking from the Pacific side, is at present operating in the department of Caucaua; Gen. Gardilla, who is advancing from the Atlantic, is in the department of Santandar, and in the possession of Ocana City; Generals A. Castillo and Clodimo Castillo have effected a junction of their forces and are at Elavalle, in the repartment of Magdalena, and Gen. Mario has fought an important battle at Jirardot, in the department of Cundinamarco, which is in the interior of the country, about 100 miles from Bagota, the capital of Colombia.

SUCCESSFUL ENGAGEMENTS.

Important and successful engagements have been fought by Gen. Herrera at Tyinoco and Barbadoes, and other insurgent victories are reported from the southern portion of the department of Caucaua. A great revolutionary army is said to be operating on the Pacific side of Colombia.

BUSINESS SUSPENDED.

Information which came to Agent Guerra via Maricabo, states that Senro Valencia, minister of war, is on his way to Cucuta to take charge of the government forces on the frontier, and that at Bagota the merchants, not wishing to handle any paper money, have closed their stores, and that business throughout the country is at a standstill.

URIBE IN COMMAND.

Senor Guerra says that he has not for some time received any information concerning the whereabouts of Gen. Uribe, who has been appointed by Gen. Vargas Santos in supreme command of the insurgents. Continuing he said: "Gen. Uribe is a personal friend of Gen. Castro, the president of Venezuela. They have known each other for years. Castro lived for a time in Colombia, and his wife is a Colombian. The friendship and recent meeting between Castro and Gen. Uribe at Caracas has no significance in a revolutionary sense. The Colombian government officials, however, openly charge that President Castro has been aiding the insurgents, but such is not the case. I do not think he sympathizes with the government, because a year ago he ordered the seizure at La Guayra of two of our warships, which had on board 1,000 Mannlicher rifles, 300 carbines and three guns. The boats and military stores are still held, and if Castro was on our side they would have been surrendered before this. At the battle fought at Jirardot by Gen. Marinall, the government artillery was captured and the regular troops routed.

"The Colombian government has now in the field about 20,000 men and the insurgents outnumber them and are equally well armed.

ONE THOUSAND KILLED.

"The invasion of Venezuela by Dr. Rangel Gerbiras was certainly supported by Colombian troops, but they were defeated last week at San Cristobal, on the Venezuelan frontier, with a loss of 1,000 killed.

"There will be no cause for the United States of North America to interfere, because of the revolution in Colombia. The insurgents will not disturb the operation of the railroad nor the digging of the canal at the Isthmus."

REPORTS BY MAIL.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, July 31.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—The revolutionary movement, which has been so long expected in Venezuela, has just broken out. Gen. Carlos Rangel Gardiras, formerly president of the senate under the presidency of Dr. Rojos Paul, rose on the 26th against the government of Gen. Cipriano Castro. It is said that he has raised the standard of revolt to cries of, "Vive el Mercho Hernandez!" At the moment of writing he is near San Antonio del Tachira, a town on the boundary of Columbia, with 4,000 to 4,500 men, who, the Venezuelan government admits, are well armed. Detailed accounts cannot be obtained, as martial law has been proclaimed, and censorship established all over the republic. According to official advices from Caracas, received last week, the insurgents have already been defeated by the government troops.

NO NEWS AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Aug. 5.—There is no news either at the Colombian or Venezuelan legations here to confirm the report from Caracas that a battle had taken place between the government troops of Venezuela and the revolutionary forces under Dr. Gardiras.

OBITUARY.

Death of W. B. Beach, "Father of the House of Commons."

London, Aug. 3.—William B. Beach, Conservative member of parliament for the Andover division of Hampshire, died today as the result of injuries sustained through being thrown from a cab yesterday evening into the excavations in Parliament street. Mr. Beach ranked as father of the House of Commons. He had sat in the House since 1857, and always for the same constituency. He was born in 1826, was a typical county member, educated at Eton and Christ Church, Oxford, where he graduated as B. A., in 1849, and M. A. subsequently. He was a captain of his county Yeomanry, the patron of two livings, interested in local rates, captain of the Oxford drag, was a magistrate and for 20 years was master of the Vine hounds. About a year ago he was made a Privy Councillor. His county seat was Oakley, Basingstoke, Hampshire.

A RAILWAY WRECK.

One Man Killed and Two Badly Scalded.

Stirling, Aug. 3.—(Special.)—A southbound train from Cochill, on the Central Ontario Railway was wrecked between Spring Brook and Harold this morning. The cause was the spreading of the rails. Engineer Loughes was killed, Fireman McLennen and Brakeman Sarles were badly scalded.

ers, have been awarded a government contract, while men on the government work at Bremerton have been laid off on account of lack of work. A member of the Metal Trades Association here made a statement before witnesses that the Association has influence with the administration, and that that influence has brought about change in plans."

Heartsease An Artistic Success

The Miller Company Achieve a Brilliant Triumph Last Evening.

Delightful Performance of a Very Beautiful Old English Play.

Mr. Henry Miller and his company appeared last night at the Victoria Opera House in Messrs. Clarke and Cline's charming dramatic romance, "Heartsease." There was present an audience fully representative of Victoria's best taste, and to say that all who witnessed the play were enraptured by it is to express the matter feebly enough. From the beginning to the end the piece touches deeply the springs of laughter and sympathy, nay, even of tears, with its intensity of passion, its exquisite reticence, that stops just at the point, and leaves the thrilled listener and spectator to complete the subtle meanings.

It is not too much to say that Mr. Miller and Miss Florence Rockwell did something more than recall George Alexander and Mrs. Patrick Campbell in their superb treatment of the Pinero and Jones dramas. At any rate they made undisputed conquest of their fine audience last evening.

The play is cast in the high life of the early Georgian period—the age of the grand manner and the picturesque costume. The gay attire affected by the officers in the piece was reminiscent of Marlborough's hard fighting, hard drinking and hard gaming gallants, who were wont to make end to "a night of it" at Mack's coffee house with the "gleaming whips of steel" at dawn in the Hyde Park groves. Very clearly, also, were the polished manners and dainty affectations of the period woven through the lines until one could fancy Beau Brummel and his roystering mates had stepped out of history's pages to do lordly obeisance to the beauteous dames who played their parts with so engaging an air.

The story is an old one, though dressed anew with a delicacy and consummate skill that compels the admiration of even the most case-hardened play-goer. It is the secret love of a poor young musician of genius, Eric Temple (Mr. Henry Miller), for the lovely daughter of a haughty English nobleman, Lord Neville, (Mr. Arthur Elliott.) The inevitable villian, Sir Geoffrey Pomfret, (Mr. Charles Cherry), whose devilish machinations shatter fond hopes so nearly realized, sunder fond hearts, and dash with the bitterness of death itself the kind souls of creatures dear to all the world—devoted lovers—plays his thankless part with grace and strength. For a time the triumph of Sir Geoffrey harrows the hearts of all.

The climax is reached in the grand scene where Eric returns and hears the glorious strains of his stolen opera flooding the corridors of the great theatre, beholds his hateful foe greeted on every hand as the author and composer and meets again for a few agonizing moments the woman who was that all to him for which he clings to a life that has been more bitter than the waters of Mara. Then, in a supreme moment he faces his cruel and base enemy, seizes him by the throat and executes manly resentment upon the cringing tormentor. But, perhaps, the most intense moment in a play which has not a dull part in it, is where this much-tried lover, at the express bidding of his lady-love, declines to fight Pomfret after accepting his challenge. The villian in his mean triumph when the hero heaps insult upon insult upon him, until Miss Neville, the lady-love, tears aside the curtain concealing her and screams: "Eric, fight that man!" Then, like a lion released from the encumbering toils, the sore tried lover leaps with a fierce o'ermastering fury for the rapier and swiftly the hard breathing foes strain to let out the heart's current of the other and then the denouement, restitution, descriptive of the scoundrelly Sir Geoffrey and happy reunion of the fond pair.

It is long since Victorians had the pleasure of witnessing so lovely, so well-acted and so well-staged a play. The excellence of the company disarms criticism; there is not a "stick" in the cast. Honorable mention should be made of Miss Jeannie Eustace, who played with delightful charm and dignity the difficult part of Lady Neville; of Miss Grace Ellston, who portrayed very beautifully the sweet sister of the hero, and of course, Miss Florence Rockwell as the Hon. Miss Neville. Mr. Arthur Elliott's acting of the part of Lord Neville was capital; indeed, perfect. Captain O'Hara was sympathetically intrepreted by Mr. H. S. Northrup; the vulgar little London bourgeois, Peter Padbury, received excellent treatment at the hands of Mr. Otis Turner. Even the humble Chinaman, Mr. William Chase, who "comed vrum Zummerzetsheer," was a gem in its way. The Major Trombley of Mr. George C. Pearce was a well-sustained part.

This very capable company will be seen this evening at the opera house in "D'arcy of the Guards" an English play of the Georgian era, which has been wonderfully successful in the great centres. A magnificent treatment of the piece may be expected with confidence from Mr. Miller and his company.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

Many horses purchased in the United States by the Mexican government have died from a mysterious disease.

The death of Dowager Empress Frederick is expected at any moment.

Fire did $75,000 damage to a Chicago elevator.

Ninety per cent. of horses in Chicago are sick with influenza.

Michael Davit, ex-M.P., has arrived at New York.

Eliza Mudge, widow, her three daughters and her niece, were poisoned last night at Halifax by eating canned meat. All are on the way to recovery, with the exception of the youngest child, whose recovery is considered doubtful.

The latest English seaside fad is the wearing of sandals by grown people. Many girls seem to be especially taken with the idea. The sandals are generally worn without stockings. The craze has spread even to London, where well dressed women can be seen sandaled in the park.

The women of Ottawa will present an otter cape in a box of Canadian maple to Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Cornwall.

A proclamation has been issued at Ottawa bringing into effect the act of the last session of parliament appropriating Canada's share for building the Pacific cable.

Hon. David Mills and Hon. R. R. Dobell arrived home from England on Friday.

London papers urge the Lord Mayor to return the Duke of Orleans' subscription of £100 to the Victoria memorial fund.

BRITISH CROPS.

Wheat a Four-Fifths Crop—Ireland's Potato Crop Large.

London, Aug. 3.—The wheat harvest of the United Kingdom has been in full swing for a week, and the Mark Lane Express calculates that although the quality is fine the yield in most important counties will be four quarters to the acre against the usual five quarters. Barley, likewise, is of good quality, but the quantity is below the average, and oats are too thin to make a big crop.

The yield of English and Scotch potatoes will be fully up to the average, while Ireland promises the best yield since 1895, which was a grand year.

OTTAWA ITEMS.

Hitch About Clasps—"Our Lady of the Snows."

Ottawa, Aug. 3.—(Special.)—The department of militia received a cable message from the war office stating that the list of Canadian soldiers entitled to a clasp with their South African medals could not be prepared from the nominal rolls, which were the only ones that the war office had. This is a matter which can only be straightened out by Imperial officers in South Africa.

The action of Ottawa ladies purchasing an otter cape and mink robe for the Duchess of York is roundly criticised, as tending to convey an idea that Canada is a land of perpetual winter.

The Business Of Victoria

A Short Session of the Aldermanic Board Held Last Evening.

Tenders to Purchase Debenrures Subject for Finance Committee's Report.

Last night's sitting of the city council was brief but as matters of importance demand their attention it will be necessary for special sessions to be held this week. The committee appointed in connection with the initial steps to be taken in getting actual construction under way in the new bridges, etc., have a report ready, which will be presented at a meeting to be held on Wednesday. This was decided last night upon the suggestion of His Worship. The batch of tenders received for the purchase of the new debentures was handed over to the finance committee, who will duly sit upon them and report the results at a special meeting.

Taking up the order of the evening's business, from Davie, Pooley and Luxton came a letter stating that they had been instructed by the B. C. Building Association to write calling attention to the state of the premises in rear of the Board of Trade building. This was referred to the sanitary officer for report.

A. W. Jones wrote calling attention to the sidewalk on the corner of Superior and Menzies streets, which was in a dangerous state. The city engineer will report.

E. C. B. Bagshawe asked for a share of the city insurance business for the Ottawa Insurance Company at 10 per cent less than other companies. A report will be furnished by the finance committee as to the saving likely to be effected.

Ald. Stewart thought that the city should be its own underwriter and save all the premiums.

C. M. Neelands directed attention to the unsanitary state of a drain on Chatham street. The proper official will attend to the matter.

The secretary of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals wrote thanking the corporation for having had the civic carts fitted up according to the ideas of the society. Received and filed.

F. M. Rattenbury requested the extension of the sewers on Store street. The sewers committee will report.

H. W. Greenhurst, the secretary of the Pacific Coast Association of Fire Chiefs, called attention to the meeting of the association at Tacoma next month, and pointed out the advantages of these sessions.

Ald. Williams moved that the matter be referred to the fire wardens, with the recommendation that $25 be placed at the disposal of the Victoria chief.

Ald. Stewart thought that the chief should certainly be present at these conventions, as from his own observation he knew that they were of very great importance.

The city engineer reported that a new sidewalk should be constructed at the corner of Belleville and Menzies streets, as requested, and that a drain be laid through the property adjoining the Taylor mill. Referred to street committee.

The market superintendent reported the collections for the month of July as being $142.80. Received and filed.

M. L. Holden and other residents on Mears street above Cook, asked for a sidewalk on Mears street. Referred to the city engineer for report.

The finance committee reported that having again gone into the matter of Joshua Davies' auctioneer's license, they could find no reason for changing the regulations in this case. The report was adopted.

A further report from the same committee recommending the payment of accounts for the month amounting to $4,984.75, was read, and on motion, ordered to take the regular course.

The matter of tenders for the purchase of the new issue of city debentures was referred to the finance committee to open and report.

This cleared off the order paper for the evening, and the council adjourned.

HAPPY LIBERIA.

Country Peaceful and Progressive—No Police Necessary.

London, Aug. 3.—A number of offi cials of Liberia have arrived in England for the purpose of endeavoring to procure from Great Britain the right to navigate the Magna river which separates Liberia from Sierra Leone. The delegation, which consists of Secretary of the Treasury Barclay, Chief Justice Roberts and Senator King, who was the Liberian commissioner to the World's Fair, have had an interview with Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, and negotiations to secure the desired right are now in progress.

Mr. Barclay, who has held his present position for about twenty years, said to a representative of the Associated Press: "Liberia is progressing well. Thanks to the firm stand of the United States and Great Britain we are not troubled with European aggression, though to tell the truth we are rather afraid of Germany, as she is so patently on the look out for colonies. However, I do not think she will get a chance to appropriate our country. I understand that steps are on foot in New York for the formation of an American line to West Africa. I believe it will be an advantageous undertaking as the oil, timber and such products now used in Liberia and other West African countries come from America, by way of England. A direct service would obviate this miscarriage of profits. Return freights are still scarce, but with the rapid development of the country's mining interests this difficulty should shortly be overcome, while rubber is always plentiful. There is gold in Liberia, and a company has already been formed to develop the mines.

Financially Liberia is progressing. One hundred thousand pounds would wipe out all her debts. Considering that we have not received any financial assistance except from American colonization, Liberia's standing compares favorably with that of any West African states. We are getting little negro immigration from the United States at present. Indeed it is hard for immigrants to get work, for the natives are willing to work for $3 a month. Later there will be plenty of opportunities for those cognizant of mining matters. If American negroes would take up this branch they would have a great future on the West Coast, where they can stand the climate as well as a white man. We are working slowly and steadily in the endeavor to find a common basis of government for our civilized and native population. The latter number over a million. We are endeavoring to avoid the mistake so patent in the crown colonies around us of forcing our ideas upon the natives. A gradual assimilation of customs is the only way of dealing with the problem, and how successful we have been can be judged from the fact that we have no organized police and often we have no organized police and often at a time."

GRANBY SMELTER.

Good Showing for the Week.—4,545 Tons Treated.

Grand Forks, Aug. 3—During the week ending today the Granby smelter treated 4,545 tons of ore. Total treated to date 192,410 tons.

The Northern Salmon Pack

Will Not be as Large as That Put Up Last Year.

Fair Run on Rivers' Inlet But Elsewhere Packs Are Small.

Steamer Boscowitz arrived last night from Naas and way ports bringing news of the salmon run in the north, and in as far as the Skeena and Naas rivers are concerned, the news is not as encouraging as was expected. The run on the Naas has been very poor, and on the Skeena, the pack will be about half that which the canners expected to be able to put up. The Rivers Inlet canneries will probably fill up, but at Namu, Lowe Inlet, and Alert Bay, in fact elsewhere than at Rivers Inlet the salmon have ran poorly so far, and this being late in the season, a poor pack is therefore expected in the north.

On Rivers Inlet the packs of the canners run from six thousand to nine thousand cases, and fishermen were taking an average of about 150 fish to the boat when the Boscowitz was there. There is any amount of salmon in Rivers Inlet this year, for, the expected large run seemingly came alright, after the three poor seasons, but the water is too clear to catch the salmon. The water being clear and cold the salmon go deep, and pass under the nets. Some big catches have been made, however, by individual fishermen, and one case was noted where a fishermen made a take of nearly a thousand fish. Unable to secure all the fish he had in his net, he loaded seven hundred in his boat, and then cut the net to retain the remaining number, but, while he was absent unloading the large boatload of fish, other fishermen found the piece of net and relieved it of its contents, leaving the empty net for the returning fisherman.

On the Skeena the run has been poor, and as the fishermen are already beginning to take many humpbacks, the sockeye run seemed to be nearing the end. The canneries all have small packs, the highest being the two canneries at the head, the Northern Pacific and British American, the latter of which had about 9,000 cases and the other about 4,000 cases. Peter Herman's cannery had about six thousand cases, the Windsor had 6,400 and Inverness had a low pack, somewhere between three and four thousand cases. Two or three of the Skeena river canneries were beginning to put up humpbacks.

The daily catch on the Skeena seems to vary a great deal, for while one day the fishermen manage to secure an average of about one hundred fish to the boat, the next day, they may not get more than twenty, for the fish are running intermittently in schools. There is no steady run. On Saturday, the 27th, the fishermen took an average of one hundred or thereabouts to the boat, and after the Sunday rest it was expected that there would be a large run on the Monday, but in this the fishermen were doomed to grevious disappointment, for while the river was full of salmon on the Sunday, when alas the fishermen could not fish, there were few running on the Monday, and the general average of the boats was very low, some boats not bringing in more than ten fish. It was very exasperating after their varying week's work to see the large schools going up uncaught on the Sunday.

The Naas pack is low. The two canneries, that at Naas Harbor and Mill Bay have not more than 6,500 cases between them. Aa Namu cannery, Mr. Drainey has little over two thousand, but at the smaller cannery at Kinsquit the tins are all full, that cannery having a pack of about 5,000 cases. The fishermen who were working for the Kimsquit cannery are now filling the tins at Namu, At Low Inlet the pack has also been very low, the cannery there having about 2,000. At Alert Bay the pack was also low, the run there having been very poor this season. When the Boscowitz went up, a squad of ten fishermen took 4,000 fish in one day, and it was then expected that the fish had started running at last after a long wait, but on her return it was found that the average catch had fallen back to the low numbers, a day or two after the big take.

Owing to the poor run on the Skeena, a party of twelve fishermen came down on the Boscowitz en route to the Fraser to finish the season fishing on that river.

A PERTINENT QUESTION.

Toronto Man Bewails British Ignorance of Canadian Affairs.

R. Harmer, of the Massey-Harris company, Toronto, writing to the department of trade and commerce, Ottawa, under date of July 26, says:

"I have recently returned from an extended trip through Great Britain and the continent of Europe, and it is with much regret that one who is interested in the welfare of Canada should see so little information concerning ourselves as a country in the public press of Great Britain, while matters of the very smallest moment occurring in the United States are always given much prominence in the London papers. Surely there is some reason for this, and one would almost think that the London papers were muzzled by Americans."

Mr. Harmer refers to the great crops in Manitoba and the Northwest, and the necessity for hands to harvest them, yet there is nothing of this to be found in the British press. He asks if there is no way of making this public to the people of the old country.

MINERAL ACT, 1896. (Form F.)—Certificate of Improvements. Notice. Union Mineral Claim, situate in the Alberni Mining Division of Alberni District. Where located: On Mineral Hill, S. W. of the Ophir Mineral Claim. Take notice that I, Livingston Thompson, agent for the Mount Sicker & B. C. Development Co., Ltd., Free Miner's CertificateNo. B63539, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.
Dated this 15th day of June, 1901.
LIVINGSTON THOMPSON.

MINERAL ACT.
Certificate of Improvements.
NOTICE.
Queen Bee, York and Nome Mineral Claims, situate in the Victoria Mining Division of Chemainus District.
Where located: Mount Sicker.
Take notice that we, Neil McLennon, F. M. C. B60790; James Henry Little, F. M. C. B63481, and Nils Anderson Klassell, F. M. C. B63437, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.
And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the ments.

NOTICE—Prince, Prince No. 2, Prince No. 3, and Prince No. 4 Mineral Claims, situate in the West Coast Mining Division of Clayoquot District, Vancouver Island. Take notice that I, Thomas Rhymer Marshall, Free Miner's Certificate No. B60773, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.
Dated this 25th day of July, 1901. A. D.

MINERAL ACT.—(Form F.); Certificate of Improvements. Notice. Alida Fraction Mineral Claim, situate in the Victoria Mining Division of Chemainus District. Where located: Mount Sicker, B. C. Take notice that we, Jerry S. Rogers, Free Miner's Certificate No. 60726, and Claudius P. Aubert, Free Miner's Certificate No. 60727, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.
Dated this Fourth day of July, A.D. 1901.

Lacerated By A Lion

Painful Experience of a Vancouver Longshoreman—Fair Opened.

Indians Convicted of Net Cutting—Re-Arrested on Another Charge.

Vancouver, Aug. 5.—(Special)—The Vancouver street carnival was opened today. The procession headed by the queen and king, the former in the person of Miss McKinnon, chosen by popular vote, was very attractive. In the parade were horsemen in medieval costume, wild animals and performers, gaily dressed and from all parts of the world. The crowds on the streets to witness the parade were very large.

A man named Anthony Hantz, a longshoreman, enjoys the distinction of being clawed by an African lion. He got too near one of the cages today just before the carnival parade started, and a lion reached through the bars and gripped his arm in a deadly embrace. Six men standing near rushed to the spot and it took their combined strength to pull the beast's terrible claws out of Hentz' arm. The doctor says the injured arm was badly torn by the lion and the muscles lacerated.

Two Indians, Peter James and John, appeared before Magistrate Alexander this afternoon charged with cutting the buoys off a net. As the damage was less than $20, they were fined that sum, or had the option of going to jail for a term.

When the police arested the Indians, they found a Japanese net entire in their boat. The net has since been identified by the owner, who missed it while fishing a week ago, so that tomorrow morning the two Indians will again appear to answer the more serious charge of cutting a net and taking it away.

Flipinos Are Like the Truth

Crushed, They Rise Again—Malvar Declares Campaign Will Continue.

U. S. Troops Charged With Atrocities—Death to Filipino Traitors.

Manila, Aug. 5.—Miguel Malvar, who has been recognized as the successor of Aguinaldo by the Filipino junte at Hongkong, has issued a proclamation dated July 16, copies of which arrived here this morning, giving assurances to the natives of the continuation of an active campaign, and expressing hope for its successful issue. The proclamation, of which fifty thousand copies have been printed, purports to emanate from Batangas.

It is a characteristic insurgent document, charging the United States with all sorts of atrocities. It recounts the losses of guns and ammunition, and the death of four distinguished United States officers on July 10, all of which it says the insurgents concealed. The proclamation threatens General Cates with death for treachery, and warns all Filipinos who surrender that they will never be able to live outside the United States lines. Malvar claims he has sufficent arms and supplies to continue the fighting indefinitely.

The United States officials believe the proclamation was really written by Agnocillo, (the former representative of Aguinaldo) at Hongkong and that he, probably, has never seen Malvar. Strong efforts are being made by the police to prevent the distribution of the proclamation.

Hotel Balmoral
EUROPEAN PLAN
Douglas Street Bet. View & Fort Business Center

Refurnished and remodeled with all modern conveniences. Cuisine and table service unsurpassed. Comfortable and commodious parlors for guests, and large sample rooms for commercial men.

Special accommodations are provided for the comfort offa mers and their families while in own.

Wilson Hotel Yates St., bet. Broad & Douglas Sts. First-class in every particular.
M. J. G. WHITE, Proprietress

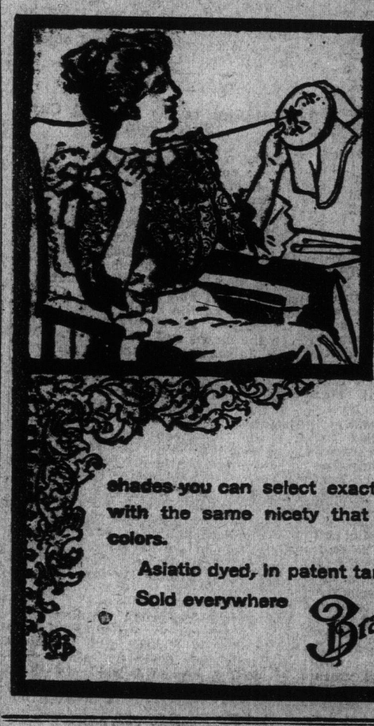
Our Mail Order Department.

This is a special feature of our business. All orders are executed with care and promptness thus avoiding any mis takes.

All goods invoiced at the lowest possible price on day o. shipmen

Be sure to send enough money as it is an easy matter to return any sum that is over.

Our Terms—Cash With Order.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED
Write for Prices.
DIXI H. ROSS & CO



400 SHADES

You have the most complete palette of shades and colors in Brainerd & Armstrong wash embroidery silks.

Out of the 400 shades you can select exactly the one you want with the same nicety that an artist mixes his colors.

Asiatic dyed, in patent tangle-proof holders.
Sold everywhere
Brainerd & Armstrong's

W. G. DICKINSON & CO.
Flour, Feed, Hay, Grain.
You should try Crushed Oats, the best and most economical for horses and cattle. We have always a fresh stock on hand.
93 Johnson Street

ORE BAGS
FOR SALE
Turner, Beeton & Co

1 CENT WORD ISSUE!
IN THE "COLONIST"
FARMS TO RENT.
FARMS FOR SALE.
FARM HANDS WANTED.
TO EXCHANGE ARTICALS.
All these and other "Wants" can be supplied by a little "Want" advertisement in the Colonist. Only a cent a word an issue. TRY IT!!!

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.
Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, &c.
Order of all Chemists, or post free for $1.50 from EVANS & SONS, LTD., Victoria, B. C.
A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.
Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist.

B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS.
141 Yates Street, Victoria.
Ladies' and gent's garments and household furnishings cleaned, dyed or pressed equal to new. se10-dy & w.