

THE people of any city become what they are and form their standards of right and wrong from the teachings of the Mother, the Teacher, and the Press.

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The London Advertiser

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THE old newspaper definition of a good journalist was a man with a nose for news, but The London Advertiser's requirement is a man with a passion for the truth.

LLOYD GEORGE DENIES FAILURE AT GENOA

Speed House Investigation of O.T.A. Enforcement

MEMBERS HEAR EXPLANATION OF OPERATIONS

Grant Fielding Alleged to Have Given Boy Money, Then Arrested Him.

CLAIMS BRUTAL ASSAULT

Joseph Jacques, Hamilton, Declares Officer Gave Him Severe Beating.

Toronto, May 25.—Somewhat more rapid progress was made in the Ontario temperance act enforcement investigation before the house accounts committee of the legislature this forenoon than on previous days.

Grant Fielding, an O. T. A. operator, whom it was claimed had engaged a "19-year-old boy" in Owen Sound, to purchase liquor and then had him arrested, explained that it was a man named Spencer, to whom he gave the money to purchase liquor and the latter had handed it to a 19-year-old youth, telling him to go and get a "cock."

For Being Agent.
The youth was arrested for being an agent of a bootlegger, and owing to his age the charge was reduced to one of being drunk. Fielding denied that he had given the boy drink, and said to another boy, who had sworn in court that he had been given a drink by him was not telling the truth.

Fielding was examined at some length in regard to the Sutton raid. He said that on the night they left Newmarket to make the raid on Sutton, a citizen, not an employee of the department, got into the car with them and drove to a considerable distance. He refused to give his name because it is a rule that when a private citizen volunteers to give assistance to the department his name is not divulged.

T. H. Lennox asked that the committee insist that witness give the name of the man, and was supported by Major Tolmie (Windsor), who said that when a man accompanied officers on the way to a raid, he was taking part in the raid, and was not simply giving information. This brought a retort from Attorney-General W. E. Roney that Major Tolmie never gave any assistance to the enforcement of the O. T. A.

The member for Windsor warmly resented this, said it was untrue, and asked that it be withdrawn.

"The committee knows how you have lined up every time here," Mr. Roney replied.

The attorney-general then accepted Major Tolmie's statement, thereby withdrawing his accusation. H. Ellis Gridley, Cochrane, told of a man named J. Stagg, who posed as a Y. M. C. A. physical director, in conducting a boxing bout in Cochrane.

Stagg had offered him liquor one day in the street in Cochrane, but he did not accept. The next time they met was in a church in that town where they sat side by side. When they came out, Stagg asked him if he knew where he could get a "cock," but witness said he did not. Stagg was later accused of indecency and left before his trial. He has not been located. Witness understood that at one time Stagg had been an O. T. A. operator.

Was Beaten Up.
Joseph Jacques, proprietor of the Turn to Page 11, Column 2

The Weather

FORECASTS.
Moderate winds; partly cloudy today and on Friday, with showers in some localities.

A trough of low pressure extends from Alberta to the South Pacific states, and shallow depressions exist in Missouri and the Lower St. Lawrence Valley.

A few scattered showers have occurred in Southern Ontario, Eastern Quebec and in Saskatchewan, but the weather in the Dominion on the whole has been fine and warm.

Temperatures.
The highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were:

	High	Low
Victoria	58	44
Calgary	58	24
Winnipeg	56	28
Pt. Arthur	70	58
Quebec	58	48
Toronto	74	50
Kingston	72	50
Ottawa	82	60
Montreal	60	40
Quebec	58	48
F. Point	58	44
St. John	60	44
Halifax	66	40

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night were: Highest, 79; lowest, 51.

The official temperatures for the hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 70; lowest, 59.

Barometric Readings.
Wednesday—8 p.m., 29.37.
Today—8 a.m., 29.32.

To Receive LL.D.



PROF. JAS. T. SHOTWELL.

PROF. JAMES T. SHOTWELL, who since 1907 has been professor of history in Columbia University, is to be vested with the degree LL.D. at the Western University convocation, Friday.

MED GRADUATES PLANT SAPLING

Maple Tree On Medical School Lawn to Symbolize Class '22.

Examination Results Indicate All Members Will Receive Degrees.

Symbols of Class '22 of Western University Medical School, members of which receive their degree of doctor of medicine at the convocation exercises in Wesley Hall Friday evening, and who will shortly depart for various parts of the continent where they will follow their chosen profession, a young maple tree was planted on the lawn of the new medical school Thursday afternoon.

Every one of the eighteen members of Meds '22 was present, and each participated in some manner in the ceremony of planting the maple sapling. This custom was inaugurated last year by Meds '10 of Western University, who held a reunion at their Alma Mater, and planted an oak sapling, which now flourishes on the school lawn.

In years to come it is expected that each graduating class will plant a sapling on the lawn of the new school, which is practically devoid of trees. As this mite evidence of class loyalty to Western flourishes it is hoped that future students will be afforded shaded repose, and at the same time will be enabled to look to the maples and oaks present, representative of medical men who have gone forth in the world and earned fame, as an inspiration to them to duplicate the achievements of their predecessors.

It has been announced that every one of the eighteen members of the graduating class in medicine this year has successfully passed the university examinations, recently held, and therefore the degree of doctor of medicine will be conferred upon eighteen young men Friday night.

Last fall there were nineteen students in the graduating class, but unfortunately John Kirkpatrick, of this city, has been compelled to give up his studies owing to prolonged illness. It is the fervent wish of every classmate of this popular young man to continue his studies next fall.

Following is the complete list of the medical class at Western University graduating this year: J. H. Alexander, R. D. L. Annett, C. B. Bowen, S. G. Chalk, C. A. Cline, H. W. Colborne, M. S. Douglas, W. L. Hughes, J. Fisher, R. W. Knight, W. H. Lewis, Hugh Lewis, W. E. Mace, W. R. M. Martin, D. H. McInnes, W. R. Quinn, M. Simpson and T. O. Smith.

ASKS CANADA TO TALK PLANS FOR BIG SHIP CANAL

United States Administration Sends Request to Ottawa, Dispatch States.

ANSWER NOT RECEIVED

Decision Is Rude Shock to Middle West Advocates of Scheme.

Washington, May 25.—The state department announced today that it had communicated to the Canadian government its willingness to begin negotiations in connection with the St. Lawrence Canal project to permit ocean-going vessels to reach the Great Lakes. No answer has yet been received from the Canadian government.

Secretary Hughes dispatched his note on the subject on May 17, to the British ambassador, who is understood at the state department to have forwarded the communication promptly to the Canadian Government. The note, the department's announcement said, stated that the United States Government would be glad to take up with the Canadian Government the negotiation of a treaty looking to the deepening of the waterways which would enable ocean going ships to reach the great lakes.

"This is the latest step in the history of this project, so vital to many Great Lake towns with visions of Majestic steamships up to their docks," says the Tribune story. "President Harding became convinced some time ago that a treaty would have to be negotiated before any legislation should be passed. This decision was a rude shock to most of the advocates of the project, especially those from the states in the northern part of the Middle West, where the politics of the proposition has been strong for some time."

"In Congress these advocates of the proposal have been liberally trading votes with those who favored a ship subsidy, tying the two propositions together. Just about the time that it was learned President Harding thought it would be essential to have a treaty first, the log rollers on Capitol Hill had obtained pledges to insure the passage of both the ship subsidy and the waterway."

"About this time, Governor Miller of New York took the opposition side with the question in a joint debate here with the Governor Allen of Kansas, and the statements of Governor Miller about the burden which would be imposed on the American taxpayers by this scheme gave the first big jar to those who had agreed to vote for the bill."

"The Canadian government, it is learned here, is very much embarrassed at the request just made by the government at this time. Unofficial information has been allowed to reach Washington some time ago to the effect that while Mackenzie King, present head of the Canadian government, was personally favorable to the project, he did not wish it brought up at this time."

"The British embassy has been informed by the Canadian government and has transmitted the information to the state department that no official statement be made by this government about the request."

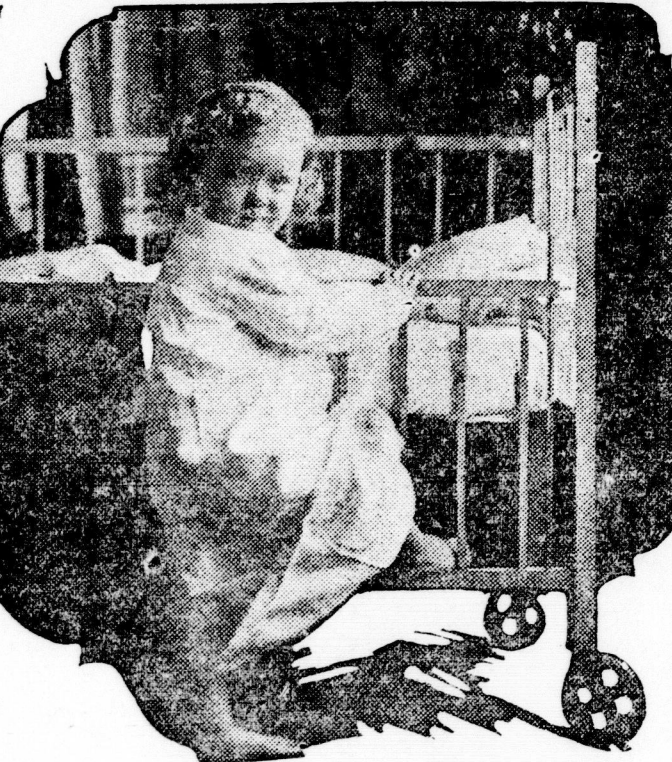
WILL NEGOTIATE.

Ottawa, May 25.—An announcement that the state department at Washington has intimated to the Dominion Government its willingness to reopen negotiations on the St. Lawrence waterway scheme was well received here. The subject being before the house again when the house resumed its sittings on Friday. Debate on the budget will have right of way till concluded; government business now has precedence on every sitting day, but in view of the announcement by the state department it is altogether likely that when the house meets again there will be questions asked on the orders of the day and requests made for a statement from the government as to its proposed policy regarding the St. Lawrence waterways.

It is understood that the communication has been received from Washington and is now under consideration by the government.

Pick a Cool Place For Baby To Nap In Summer

Your Baby in Hot Weather.



JUST CLIMBING IN

NEXT to the problems of feeding, the question of how to make the baby comfortable while he sleeps is the most puzzling of all hot weather problems in the daily care of the baby.

The coolest place in the house should be found for day-time naps. This will usually be somewhere on the first floor, rather than in an upstairs bedroom. Quite often in the worst weather a pallet on the floor of the living room will afford more comfort than any other bed, but this selection of the best place for the baby to sleep in is one of those matters in which the judgment of the mother must be exercised.

The baby should be completely undressed when he takes his nap. A very thin cotton gown, open at the neck and short-sleeved, is perhaps the best garment to wear at least for the older baby. A tiny baby can usually be made comfortable in crib or carriage, and if he naps in his carriage, it can easily be moved about in search of the coolest spot.

Sleeping rooms are so hot in the early part of the night that it may be best to keep the baby outdoors

in the evening until the rooms have cooled somewhat, or put him to sleep in the porch, if here he can be protected from mosquitoes.

The main thing is to see that in the course of the 24 hours the baby has the necessary number of hours of sleep, even if the usual schedule has to be somewhat disturbed. A bath in tepid water just before going to bed will help cool the skin and make the baby fall asleep more readily. No soap should be used, and the flesh should be patted gently to dry it, not rubbed. A little powder may be sifted into the groin and under the arms and into the folds of the skin around the neck, but too much powder only makes the irritation worse.

If the baby wakens because he is hot and uncomfortable, a fresh nightgown and a drink of water will usually be all that is needed to send him quietly to sleep again. Outdoor sleeping porches and a bonnet to the mother of a young family screened and protected, they will afford the baby the opportunity for sound, refreshing sleep, even in the hottest weather, for at least some portion of the day and night.

Geo. Kimbal, Bryans-ton Shoots Self at Son's Home.

GEORGE KIMBAL of Bryans-ton, who was deputy reeve of London Township for several years, ended his life Thursday at 10 a.m. at his son's residence at Hyde Park, by shooting himself.

Funeral arrangements are being made by N. J. Griffiths.

CHINESE FAVOR OLD PARLIAMENT

Peking, May 25.—Public opinion in China favors the reconvening of the old parliament, according to dispatches to the Chinese press from various cities, and the delegates are assembling at Canton, Shanghai and Tientsin in the belief that they will soon be formally convened to assume direction of the nation's affairs.

WANT BRITAIN TO HAVE CONTROL

London, May 25.—(Canadian Press Cable).—The general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Australia has passed a resolution, says a Reuters cable from Melbourne, stating that the conditions of the islands under Franco-British joint government are deplorable and urging the federal government of Australia to press for British control of the Hebrides.

CRITICIZE DIGNITARIES IN BRITISH HOUSE OF LORDS

Church of Scotland Assembly Urges Wider Representation of Christian Views.

London, England, May 25.—(Canadian Press Cable).—The Church of Scotland assembly today passed a resolution to the effect that while appreciating the services of the Anglican bishops who sit in the House of Lords, a wider representation of Christian views was necessary and the Church of Scotland and other churches ought to be represented in the reformed second chamber.

The Anglican appeal for unity was cordially received, but its primary duty lay in promoting Presbyterian reunion in Scotland, the assembly decided.

The Methodist committee on union reports that the union is favored by an overwhelming majority among the Methodist bodies. A statement signed by six hundred Wesleyan ministers, however, declares that the Wesleyan point of view on union is essentially different from that of other Methodists. The Methodist Times today states that the Wesleyan Methodist membership in Great Britain is 465,500, an increase of 1,500 in a year.

FOUR KILLED IN STONE QUARRY

Nyack, N. Y., May 25.—Four laborers were killed at West Nyack yesterday when they were buried under an avalanche of stone at the Belmont Quarry. A premature blast of dynamite loosened hundreds of tons of rocks upon them. Two of the bodies were recovered.

MONTREAL VETS TO MEET ARMY FROM TORONTO

Will Begin March From East When Ontario Men Near Objective.

HIKERS REFUSE TO WORK

Tell Cobourg Contractors Who Offer Jobs, They Cannot Desert Cause.

Cobourg, May 25.—The successful march of Ernest McDonald's army has resulted in further important developments. An organizer of a similar movement in Montreal, George Cannabin, arrived here today, and had a conference with McDonald. He promised at least four hundred men to reinforce the present column in its march to Ottawa. It is proposed that the Montreal contingent leave that city when the original of the movement are within a hundred miles of the capital, thus being able to join forces just outside their objective.

The present extensive unemployment makes the situation ripe for further reinforcements. The advance guard, which has been busy recruiting at that point, reports that from 50 to 100 are ready to join. This brings the situation to a crucial point, for a large number of recruits might introduce an undisciplined element into the force at a time when the present veterans of the expedition are just settling down as an organized unit. The presence of provincial police officers, however, who have been with the column ever since it departed from Toronto, and McDonald's unique success with handling men, under no obligation to obey him as a leader, will no doubt see the crisis safely handled.

More men are expected to join at Belleville and Kingston. At this latter point a council of war will decide the route to be taken. McDonald, who had walked every step of the way from Toronto at the head of his men, rode the seventeen miles between Cobourg and Cobourg, under the doctor's orders.

REFUSE TO WORK

Cobourg, May 24.—A local contractor offered six of the veterans employment on the breakwater that is being built here.

"Oh, no," they said. This matter of going to the capital was a sacred trust, they stated, to which they had dedicated their lives. Their honor was involved, and they would not desert the cause of the 450,000 who were represented. A wire to His Excellency the Governor-General was sent last night, asking his support towards the complete re-establishment of all the Byng boys. A wire was also sent to the mayor of Ottawa requesting his support.

REDUCTION MADE IN FREIGHT RATE

Washington, May 24.—(Canadian Press).—The large reduction in freight rates which was ordered by the Interstate Commerce Commission today is expected to have an important bearing on importations from Canada and elsewhere. The lowering of freight rates, as viewed here, will to some extent increase imports from Canada.

DEMAND FOR FARM LABOR SATISFIED

Regina, May 25.—Demand and supply in the farmer-labor market just about balance at the present time, according to Thomas H. Molloy, commissionaire of labor. Mr. Molloy states that practically all the men brought into the province for spring and summer farm work have been absorbed and there is no further demand for more men now.

ELECTRIC TOWER DYNAMITED

Charleston, W. Va., May 25.—An electric transmission line tower of the Virginia Power Company, was dynamited yesterday near Elberton, Fayette County. Eight mines closed as a result, according to James C. Smith, commercial manager of the power company.

Princess Is Ill



PRINCESS ELIZABETH of Romania, who recently became the wife of Prince George of Greece (below), is reported critically ill following an operation.

OFFICIALS SEIZE M'MULLEN CAR

Police Now Believe Automobile To Be Stolen Property.

Vehicle Was Previously Released to Brother of Alleged Bandit.

BULLETIN.

Police authorities announced at 3 o'clock Thursday that parties will be brought to this city from Flint, Michigan, in an effort to identify the Oldsmobile touring car, which is again being held after first being released to John McMullen, brother of Edward McMullen, who claimed it as his property.

Now suspecting that it is stolen property, provincial officers have seized the Oldsmobile touring car bearing license number 69-291, in which Edward McMullen, one of the alleged Wyoming bank bandits was riding when arrested Saturday last. On Tuesday last the machine was released to John McMullen, brother of the prisoner, who produced a document that at the time seemingly satisfied the authorities.

Provincial Officer Arthur Palmer informed The Advertiser Thursday morning that further investigation is in progress relative to the possible ownership of the car, as well as other phases of the case. The police proclaim complete success in their diligent search during the past three days for one of the two women, declared to have been urgently needed by the crown in connection with the prosecution of the four London men charged with the Wyoming bank robbery in October last, the police in charge of the investigation which culminated in the arrest of the suspects Saturday night last.

Provincial evidence has been obtained that leaves but little doubt in their minds but that the prisoners are the bandits who have escaped detection these many months. Women To Testify.

Aside from the evidence of the manager and staff of the Wyoming bank, from which was stolen \$13,000 cash, and who it is now claimed stand ready to positively identify the four men, the crown appears to be pinning not a little faith in the word of two London women, one of whom is said to have been an associate of one of the prisoners.

The second woman, said to be the fiancée of another member of the quartet, disappeared from her rooming house Monday night. It is reported, but has since been located. The authorities now maintain.

Turn to Page 3, Column 2.

BRITISH HOUSE CHEERS WHEN LEADER ENTERS

Points to Truce Agreement and Economic Results in Defending Parley.

WOULD GIVE RUSSIA AID

Declares Europe Cannot Afford to Leave Ruds to Fate.

London, May 25.—Loud cheers greeted Premier David Lloyd George when he entered the House of Commons this afternoon for a debate on the foreign policies of the government which is likely to have an important bearing on his political future.

The Genoa conference formed the text for the debate with the premier ready to point to its achievements, such as the agreement for a truce and the economic results reached and his opponents having for one thing the Russo-German treaty as a basis for criticism of the happenings at Genoa.

The premier was accompanied into the chamber by Sir Laming Worthington Evans, the secretary for war, who figured prominently in the Genoa deliberations.

Mr. Lloyd George, after reviewing the objects of the conference, said that in regard to the question whether the conference had succeeded, he would simply state the facts fairly, and let the members judge them.

Although peace had been established in Europe it was quite clear, said Mr. Lloyd George, that the war atmosphere to a certain extent remained. As for Russia, it was hopeless for her, whatever her government, continued the prime minister, to expect to extricate herself from the pit of squalid misery without the assistance of the great nations. There were three alternatives in dealing with the Russian situation. Mr. Lloyd George pointed out. The first was force, which had failed. No one had suggested that at Genoa. The second was to leave Russia to her fate.

"But how?" he asked, "could we insure Europe against the risks this policy would involve? The Russo-German agreement shows the sort of peril I mean."

Germany, said the premier, could not re-equip Russia economically, not having the capital, but that was not the case with armaments, as there was every natural resource in one country, and complete technical skill in the other.

"The British delegation," he said, Turn to Page 5, Column 3.

Best Baby Winner



BABY PETER EVANS.

BABY PETER EVANS, son of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Evans, 4 Kennon Place, who puts forth a claim to being a perfect baby in The London Advertiser on December 21 last, justified that claim by winning the "best baby prize" at Port Stanley Wednesday.

When Baby Evans was measured for The Advertiser five months ago, he was 7 months old, weighed 22 pounds, measured 27 inches from finger tip to finger tip, and stood 28 inches tall. From hip to foot he measured 14 inches, was 18 1/2 inches about the head, 19 inches about the abdomen, and his arm was 10 inches long.

VALUES ELEMENTS IN "AVERAGE MAN" AT PALTRY 98 CENTS!

NINETY-EIGHT cents is figured by Dr. Georgine Ludden as the actual value of the "average man," reduced to the elements, as follows:

Fat enough for seven bars of soap;
Iron enough for a medium-sized nail;
Sugar enough to fill a shaker;
Lime enough to whitewash a chicken coop;
Sulphur enough to rid a dog of fleas.

This is no idle or fantastic computation, but a result set forth to show that a scientist thinks it worth while to impress the public with some striking truths in a way made familiar in unscientific demonstrations, and incidentally to bring human vanities within proper perspective.

Dr. Ludden analyzes the minute units composing some of the ingredients of the human body as revealed by the microscope and by microchemistry in the medical laboratories.

The current issue of the Journal of the American Medical Association reviews the formulae thus worked out, showing how science treats as real and vital, as if they were tangible, units so small that the lay mind can hardly conceive of them.

"In medicine we often get so close to the details," the Journal reviewer says, "that we do not see the whole; so close to the forest that we do not see the woods for the trees. Ludden has called attention to this tendency

and points out a number of quantitative facts that are somewhat startling."

"For example, the entire volume of circulating blood, which about half fills an ordinary bucket, contains only a small teaspoonful (from four to six grammes) of sugar and a tablespoonful (thirty-two grammes) of salt. When we consider the minute variations in the sugar content of the blood, we gain added respect for the science of quantitative analysis."

"The iodine in the entire blood amounts to but 0.01 gramme, or an average dose of atropin. When the physiologist tells us that epinephrin can be detected by biological methods in a dilution of 1-200,000,000 it means

far less than to say it is equivalent to diluting a small glass of whiskey (ten cubic centimetres), a very small glass, into the contents of 1,220 city street-sprinkling carts, which would form a procession about six miles long."

"We all know that the normal blood contains about 5,000,000 red corpuscles in each cubic millimetre, but do we all realize that the entire blood therefore contains some twenty-five trillion (25,000,000,000,000) red cells and 30,000,000,000,000 leukocytes—figures that have an astronomical aspect? Do we realize that in all that mass of blood is distributed the insignificant quantity of from one to three grains of uric acid, which we assay accurately and speculate about vaguely?"