

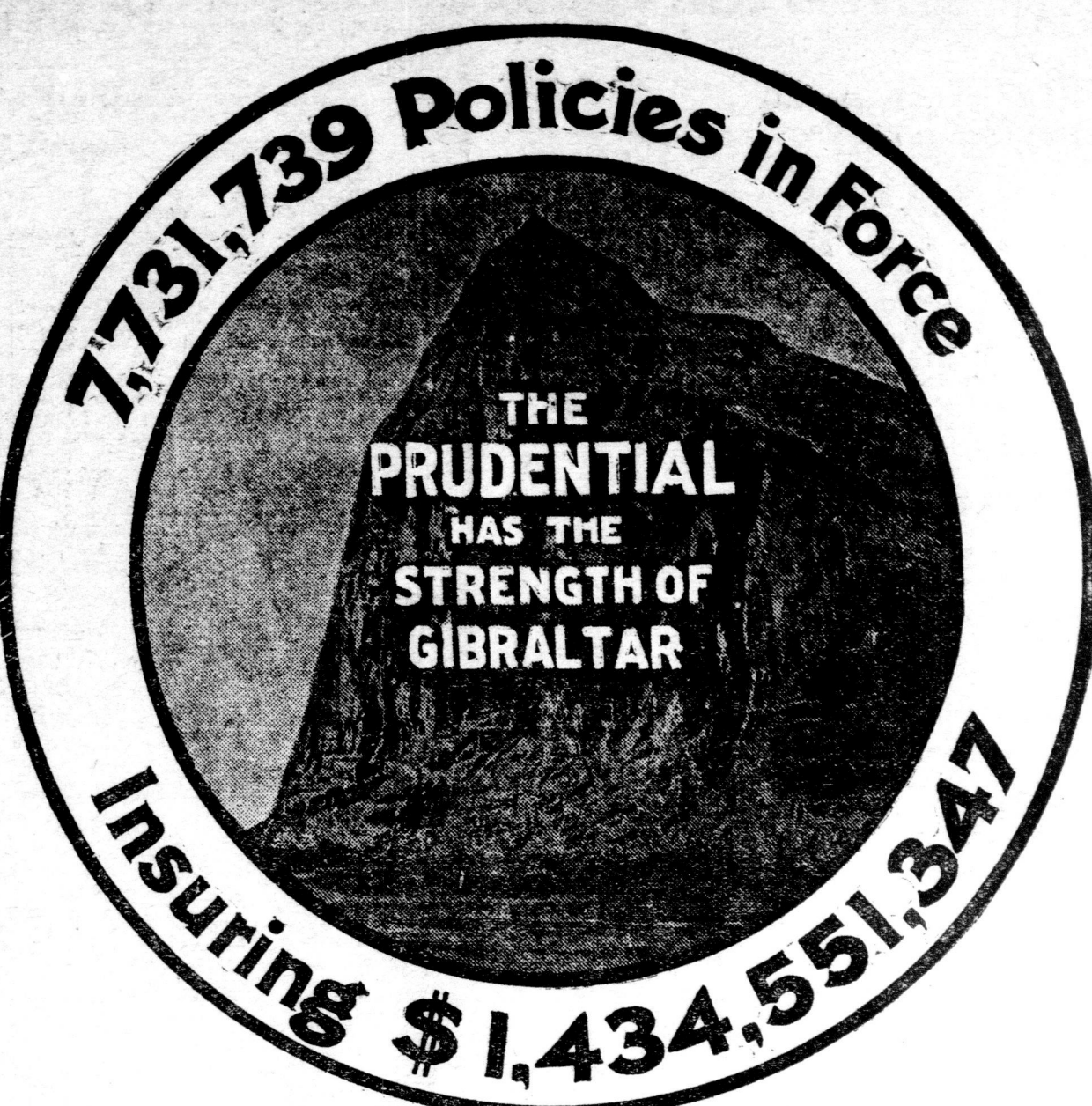
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AFTER AN AIRSHIP TO CARRY CANNON

Day That Germany Reaches This Goal, Race for Naval Supremacy Will End.

London, Aug. 25.—The day on which Germany discovers an efficient type of aerial cruiser the naval rivalry between herself and England will cease. She will abandon the building of Dreadnoughts, and will concentrate on the construction of aerial battleships. At the present moment, however, neither the Zeppelin, Gross, nor Farsval has attained that degree of perfection which would permit of its type being multiplied indefinitely. Whether the Schuette airship the latest on the stocks and the most formidable rival of the Zeppelin, will fulfill the expectations of its designer and builder and triumphantly surpass all others is a question for the future to decide.

No Armed Airships Now.

Today the chief problem confronting German aerial students is to find a dirigible airship that will be able to render effective military service—that is to say, to be able to attack and defend herself against an enemy. To send a ship into the air unarmed and provided with no suitable means of offense or defense is simply to invite the destruction of a valuable national asset. One hears all sorts of absurd rumors about armored Zeppelin cruisers, whose "decks" are said to be bristling with guns which can be fired not alone horizontally, but perpendicularly. Some writers in this respect have allowed their imagination to run riot, overlooking the fact that guns and shells are at present made of steel, and not of aluminum like the hull of Zeppelin's ships. What would happen to an aerial cruiser with guns mounted on her platform tower, now used, as in the case of the Zeppelin, for observation purposes? It does not need much scientific knowledge to see that she would be top-heavy, and would in all likelihood turn turtle in the air.

The Zeppelin, until something better is found to replace her, stands for the accepted model of an aerial warship. It belongs to the nation and is jealously guarded. Unlike the Farsval, no Zeppelin has as yet been sold to a foreign power. The Zeppelin company, in the prosperity of which every German feels himself directly interested, has its working headquarters at Manzell on Lake Constance, half a mile or so from the floating dock which invariably shelters one of the completed cruisers. At Friedrichshaven itself under the direction of the German Government, a large area of land has been reserved for aerial experiments. It is eminently adapted for the purpose, for on the water-side a thick wood screens it alike from

PEONAGE CHARGE TO BE INVESTIGATED

U. S. Government Orders an Inquiry Into Conditions at Pressed Steel Car Plant.

Pittsburg, Aug. 25.—An official investigation of the McKees Rocks plant of the Pressed Steel Car Company will begin today. From the department of justice at Washington United States District Attorney John H. Jordan late today received orders to move at once on the plant in investigation of the charges of peonage which have been made against President Frank N. Post. A systematic search of the houses of the strikers for weapons was begun in McKees Rocks today. The deputy-sheriffs assisted the constables in their search and there were many clashes and not a few arrests made. Sixty-six strikers were given a hearing on a charge of carrying concealed weapons, and 44 were lodged in the county jail or released for a court hearing on bail.

DETECTIVES IN RAID

Dressed in Rags, Are Taken for Robbers and Are Arrested.

Paris, Aug. 24.—Two detectives dressed in rags, have made a sensational arrest in Paris. The information had been lodged with the police that clandestine betting went on in a restaurant. The two detectives, one of them carrying a large guitar, stood outside the building. Both had good voices, and they collected quite a lot of money from people who went in and out to bet or to be paid their winnings. At a moment, when, through the open door of the restaurant, they had seen the proprietor collecting betting papers and putting money in a bag to be handed over to an agent who was waiting for it, the detectives made a rush and secured the restaurant keeper, the money and the papers. The keeper shouted for help, and two policemen entered and arrested the detectives, who had some difficulty in proving their identity, because the uniformed officers would not let them put their hands into their pockets—fearing that there were revolvers there. Eventually each "ragman" was shut in a cupboard in turn, and was then permitted to hand out his police card of identity. Both were then released, and everybody in the restaurant was taken to the police station, charged with illicit betting.

DIAMONDS VANISH

Thieves Make a Big Haul From a Victoria Store.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 24.—Diamond rings and jewelry to the value of \$4,500 were stolen from C. E. Redfern's jewelry store here, being missed on Friday night, shortly before placing the stock in the safe. The principal item of the loot is a pair of diamond earrings, valued at \$1,250. The other jewelry stolen was from a tray, and consists of rings with small and large diamonds. Mrs. Walk, who assists in putting the jewelry away, was the first to notice the disappearance, and on reporting it to the owner, notified the police, and strenuous efforts were made to hush up the affair.

SENT BACK HOME.

Toronto, Aug. 24.—Victoria Bullock, or Buller, the young girl wanted in Berlin, Ont., on a charge of larceny was sent back to that place this morning, with the result that the evangelist's car was badly wrecked.

CONDEMNED WORE VEIL

French Murderer Guillotined in a Bizarre Costume.

London, Aug. 24.—When Duchemin, the man who was guillotined in Paris the other day for murdering his mother, stepped from the prison van which brought him to the guillotine, he was barefooted, and a black veil covered his face, for the Code Napoleon provides that parricides must appear in this guise at their execution. Before the revolution a female parricide was burned or hanged; a male parricide had his right hand cut off and then was broken alive on the wheel. His body was afterwards burned, and the ashes scattered to the winds. Under the revolution parricides were treated like other murderers, but the authors of the Code Napoleon considered the ordinary method of execution insufficient, and introduced a black veil, bare feet, and reading of the sentence. They also reinstated the chopping off of the right hand, which was abolished again in 1832, when the code was revised.

TO CURE "LAZY" DISEASE

Treat Bug First, Patient Next, Dr. Stiles Tells Physicians.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 25.—If you want to treat the "lazy" disease successfully you must treat the parasite first and the patient second. Get rid of the "bug," then turn your attention to the person affected by it. This is the advice given to physicians by Dr. Charles Wardell Stiles, chief of the division of zoology, hygiene laboratory, public health and marine hospital service, in today's issue of the bulletin of that service. He shows the mistake of treating the patient first and afterwards the parasite. For several years Dr. Stiles has devoted practically all of his attention to investigating the hook worm disease in the Southern States, where it is said to be prevalent. It is said the disease produces profound anemia in those affected, causing an inability to perform work, and resulting in many instances in slow death. Dr. Stiles says the hook worm disease may attack persons in any walk of life, but that it is among the poorer classes it oftenest is found. Consequently, he says, the average physician should be more diligent in conducting the treatment Saturday evening and Sunday morning. "Notwithstanding that primarily the cure is to be directed at the parasite," says Dr. Stiles, "it should be remembered that if too great a quantity of thymol is absorbed by the patient the result may be disastrous. The patient's family should be warned not to permit the patient under any circumstances to have on the Sunday during which the treatment is given any food or drink containing alcohol, fats or oil. Patent medicines should be avoided because of the alcohol many of them contain, and even milk and butter should be forbidden." Dr. Stiles cites a case of serious thymol poisoning following the taking of a copious drink of milk the day thymol was taken.

BILLY SUNDAY HURT.

Laporte, Ind., Aug. 24.—An automobile containing "Billy" Sunday, the evangelist and former baseball star, and his wife, turned turtle today, throwing the couple into a ditch. Mrs. Sunday was seriously injured, but her husband escaped with minor bruises. Sunday was running at high speed, and in attempting to dash by another machine, the two autos hubbed, with the result that the evangelist's car was badly wrecked.

THE MEN MAY DRESS IN THE GAY COLORS

Tailors in Convention at London Say Varying of Costume Is Needed.

Paris, Aug. 25.—Delegates from France, Spain, Belgium, Russia, India, Austria, Holland and New Zealand, as well as Great Britain, are discussing the expediency of more color in men's clothes at the conference of the International Union of Foremen Tailors now being held in London. Mr. Thornton, the chairman, declares the cultivation of more variety in the costumes worn by men was sadly needed. He said: "There is not enough originality or diversity of style, and as a matter of fact the male fashions of our time seem to be narrowing down to the universal wear of the monotonous lounge suit. This for pure utilitarian purposes is undeniable, but surely no one can deny that there are other styles of costume that more fittingly adorn the human form divine than the sack-like envelope that is sold by some of our enterprising London outfitters at about 10 shillings 6 pence. "The garments for which subdued and artistic colors might be introduced are the more formal costumes of frock coat, morning suit and evening dress. I suggest as suitable shades for these costumes plum color, dark green, dark blue and a rich tint of brown. "The waistcoat would be colored harmoniously with the coat. I should suggest for them a material such as was used in the case of an order for 40 waistcoats recently given by a Russian grand duke in this country. They were made of a heavy mixture of woven silk rather resembling the broadie that used to be worn in the eighteenth century. "I am strongly in favor of the adoption in the case of all costumes of breeches in place of trousers. Trousers are hideous garments which conceal the graceful outlines of the leg. They are the bane of the sculptor and artist, and testimony is borne to their ugliness by the fact that at court functions, when everyone is expected to look his best, the wearing of breeches is imperative. "The question of hats is one of great difficulty, but an improvement could be brought about by the more general adoption of the white top hat which the King has popularized for racing purposes, and the wearing of brown and green bowler hats, with due regard to the wearer's complexion and the color of the rest of his dress, would increase the artistic effect of his costume."

CHAMPION OF PURITY

Father Ducey, Noted American Priest, Dead at New York.

New York, Aug. 24.—Thomas J. Ducey, founder and pastor of St. Leo's Catholic Church, and one of the noteworthy clergymen of the country, died Sunday in his country home in St. James, L. I. "Father Tom," as he was known affectionately among rich and poor, had been falling for three months, but until recently insisted on attending to his pastoral duties. He knew on Saturday night that death was approaching, and before the end came left a farewell greeting to his flock. Father Ducey hobnobbed with the rich, but said of them: "The luxuries of the wealthy and the pitiful condition of the masses today form a topic which occupies the minds of all thinking people. While millionaires increase their millions, these unfortunate people are impossibly clothed and poorly fed. There are more places of refuge for an out-cast or fallen woman than there are for good, honest, respectable women." From the pulpit Father Ducey raised his voice for political parity, fought the Tweed ring in its day, assailed Tammany Hall and struck at the trusts. Archbishop Corrigan censured him for attending the sessions of the Lexow investigation, when testimony as to vile conditions was given. Father Ducey wrote a spirited reply in which he said: "The honest Catholic layman who would blush to go to such an assembly must, I think, be strangely constituted mentally, morally and physically. For years I have felt that you should be, next to the Holy Father now reigning, the greatest factor for good in the whole Catholic world. Unfortunately, I am forced to say that

MYSTERIOUS EXPLOSION

The Hotel Olympic at Elmira, N. Y., Completely Destroyed.

Elmira, N. Y., Aug. 24.—The police are investigating the origin of an explosion which destroyed the Olympic Hotel on West Water street, in this city, and caused the death of Mrs. E. W. Roby this morning. A policeman on his rounds tried the doors of the hotel just before the explosion and found them locked as usual. He had proceeded only half a block when there was a terrific report and the rear portion of the building was blown into the Chemung River. An instant later a sheet of flame swept from all of the windows on the second and third floors. The hotel was a roaring furnace by the time the firemen arrived, and was completely burned out. Mrs. Roby was not in the hotel. She was sleeping on the second floor of a frame building adjoining the hotel. The force of the explosion tore a hole 12 feet long and 20 inches wide through the ceiling of her room near her bed and the shock threw her from the bed on the floor. She had been suffering from heart trouble, and the shock killed her. The fire is believed to be of incendiary origin, but the nature of the explosion cannot be ascertained. No one was in the hotel at the time of the explosion, the proprietor having locked the doors and left at 1 a.m.

TORONTO WILL FIGHT.

Toronto, Aug. 24.—The writ for an injunction restraining the City of Toronto from completing the sale of part of Ashbridge Marsh to the National Iron Works Company was served on the city today. The city will fight the case through.

WELCOMED TO STRATHCONA.

Winnipeg, Aug. 24.—Lord Strathcona was given a splendid welcome tonight by Winnipeg. He was met at the train by the Military School cadets, brass bands, and all the Scotch and fraternal societies of the city. There was a big torchlight procession, and Lord Strathcona was escorted to Government House.

MOTHER SAVES SON.

Kingston, Aug. 24.—Unable to swim a stroke herself, Mrs. C. I. Baltic, wife of an employe of the Royal Military College, last night leaped into sixteen feet of water to rescue her 2-year-old son, Charlie, who was sinking for his widowed mother.

SURE TO ASK

The Kind of Coffee When Postum Is Well-Made.

"Three great coffee drinkers were my old school friend and her two daughters. "They were always complaining and taking medicine. I determined to give them Postum instead of coffee when anything visited me, so without saying anything to them about it, I made a big pot of Postum the first morning, using four heaping spoonfuls to the pint of water and let it boil twenty minutes, stirring down occasionally. "Before the meal was half over, each one passed up her cup to be refilled, remarking how fine the coffee was. The mother asked for a third cup and inquired as to the brand of coffee I used. I didn't answer her question just then, for I had heard her say a while before that she didn't like Postum unless it was more than half old-fashioned coffee. "After breakfast I told her that the coffee she liked so well at breakfast was pure Postum and the reason she liked it was because it was properly made, that is, it was boiled long enough to bring out the flavor. "I have been brought up from a nervous, wretched invalid, to a fine condition of physical health by leaving off coffee and using Postum. "I am doing all I can to help the world out of coffee slavery to Postum freedom, and have earned the gratitude of many, many friends." Read "The Road to Wellville," in packages "There's a Reason." "Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest."

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