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For Coughs, Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough. Price 25 cents; large size 50c.

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For Disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Price 25 cents.

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Athens Reporter

ISSUED WEEKLY

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON

—BY—

G. F. DONNELLEY

PUBLISHER

SUBSCRIPTION

1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE OR 1.25 IF NOT PAID IN THREE MONTHS

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Advertisements sent without written instructions will be inserted until forbidden and charged full time.

All advertisements measured by a scale of solid nonpareil—12 lines to the inch.

Paid For It.

A kind hearted Washington woman paid a visit to New Orleans while the shipping season on the river was at its height, and as the loading or unloading of a big river boat is one of the most interesting things imaginable to watch she went one day to the levee where a steamboat, one of the largest afloat, was discharging its cargo. The mate of the vessel stood at the gangplank and directed the operations of the negro rowboats. He was loud voiced, as a mate should be, and he belted and roared and swore and now and then whacked some unusually slow or stupid negro with a spar. One negro received so many blows that the Washington woman's sympathies were aroused. When she could endure the mate's brutality toward him no longer, she walked over to where the negro stood and spoke to him, "Why do you allow that man to strike you and curse you as he does?" she asked. The negro looked at her in surprise and then showed all his teeth in a grin. "Law, miss," said he, chuckling, "I don't mind him. He's paid for doin' that, same as I's paid for doin' this."

The Use of English.

Ruskin has said somewhere in the "Fors Clavigera" that extreme nicety in pronunciation and the use of words is vulgarity. There can be no doubt of it. At any rate, to prefer a fine word to a plain one or common one and to say what you have to say in a so called fine style rather than in a natural style is a sure sign of small culture and of no taste at all. If a speaker or a writer is up to his work, he will trust for his effects to his clearness of thought, strength of argument, force of imagination and power to use the English language easily, directly and with common sense correctness. Grammar, diction and style are the three things which make the difference between good writing and bad. The grammar of the language must of course be adhered to, but adhered to not in the way in which a servant obeys orders by doing simply as he is told, but as a man who knows in himself what he has to do.

Forgot Himself.

Mrs. Henpeck—We have bin married twenty years today, Hiram.
Hiram (with a sigh)—Yes, for twenty years we've fought—
Mrs. Henpeck (scowling)—What? You old wretch!
Hiram (quickly)—Life's battles to gether, Miranda.

Too Valuable to Lose.

Mr. Grogan—Sure, Molke, an' what did yez do wit' yure dog?
Mike—Oh, he wuz wort' \$10 an' Oi kep' tinkin' if some wan sh'd stak um Oi could ill afford th' loss, so Oi gave um away, b'gorral!

Awfully Bewitched.

Dasherly—is he so very ignorant?
Flasherly—Ignorant? Why, actually, he doesn't even know a cure for colds!

I wonder why it is we are not all kinder to one another. How easily it is done! How instantaneously it acts! How infallibly it is remembered!—Drummond.

BLOODY TRAIL OF THE TURK

Inhabitants of Unhappy Bulgaria Persecuted For Months.

Terrific Category of Murder, Torture, Incarceration, Pillage and General Oppression—People Terrified and Battered—Appalling Cruelty—People Tortured With Red-Hot Irons—2,000 Bulgarians Shot at Smardesch.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Aug. 17.—The Bulgarian Government has presented a memorandum to the powers setting out at great length the condition of affairs in Macedonia during the past three months, since the Turkish Government undertook to inaugurate the promised reforms. The most precise details, places, dates and names of persons are given in the memorandum, the whole constituting a terrible category of murder, torture, incarceration, pillage and general oppression committed by the Ottoman soldiers and officials. These particulars were obtained entirely from official sources, such as the representatives of the Bulgarian Consulate and agents of the Bulgarian Government, and, in many instances, reports made by Turkish authorities. The Bulgarian Government guarantees the absolute truth of every statement and challenges the Porte to disprove a single charge made in the memorandum.

The memorandum begins by stating that during the past three months the Ottoman Government has taken a series of measures with the alleged intention of inaugurating the era of promised reforms and of assuring peace and tranquility to the Bulgarian population of European Turkey, but which have had the contrary effect of further exasperating this population movement. Instead of proceeding solely against persons guilty of breaches of the public order, the military and civil authorities have sought every possible pretext to persecute, terrorize and ruin the Bulgarian inhabitants.

Wholesale massacres, individual murders, the destruction of villages, the pillaging and setting fire to houses, arrests, ill-treatments, tortures, arbitrary imprisonment, banishment, the closing and disorganization of churches and schools, the ruining of merchants, the collection of taxes for many years in advance, such proceeds the memorandum, are among the acts of the Ottoman Administration of the vilayets of Salonica, Monastir, Uskub and Adrianople.

The memorandum says that in the town of Salonica itself, the Bulgarian professors of the university, the students and shopkeepers, in fact, all intelligent Bulgarians in the city, have been cast into prison. One hundred and twenty soldiers entered the village of Gorna-Ribnitsa, May 19, and tortured to death five men and two women. During the first three weeks of July, 25 villages in the district of Tikvesh were subjected to depredations of the Turkish soldiers and Bashibazouks. The villagers were beaten and tortured; the women violated, and the houses plundered while the Administrative authorities looked on.

In the vilayet of Monastir, artillery bombarded and razed the flourishing town of Smardesch. At the beginning of July, two Greek bands, with the connivance of the authorities, pillaged Bulgarian villages and murdered many of the inhabitants. In the vilayet of Uskub the entire Bulgarian population has been systematically persecuted since last May. The director of the Normal School at Uskub was imprisoned because his library contained the "revolutionary" works of "Othello" and "Les Miserables." In the districts of Pailanka, Koschani, Koumanovo and Gostigar, the prisons are filled with Bulgarian priests, schoolmasters and merchants.

During June, the soldiers and Bashibazouks terrorized the inhabitants of the Schit district, torturing the people with red hot irons. Similar outrages were perpetrated in the vilayet of Adrianople are cited. Altogether, the memorandum gives particulars of no less than 181 individual and general cases of excesses and outrages committed by the Turkish authorities. In summarizing the specific details of the outrages mentioned, the memorandum declares that wholesale massacres were perpetrated by regulars and Bashibazouks in the Town of Salonica and in several villages, while the scenes of carnage, pillage and incendiarism were very terrible. At Smardesch, over 2,000 Bulgarians were shot, killed with swords or burned to death. Over two hundred and fifty houses and the churches and schools were set on fire and pillaged, the property taken by the soldiers and Bashibazouks. Similar scenes occurred in four other villages. The villagers fled to the mountains. Over 3,000 men, women and children fled from the Sanjak of Kerkirli.

On the slightest pretext the Bulgarians were forced to sell their lands to the Turks at any price the latter chose to pay. Burdened with taxes, liable to perform statute labor for the Turkish land owners, the population is reduced to a state of serfdom. This is one of the principal causes of discontent, and when added the exactions of the tax gatherers, it is not difficult to understand why the wretched people should revolt from such a despotic Government and servitude.

The memorandum has made a strong impression in diplomatic circles. The Austrian diplomatic agent has already called on the Premier to express his anxiety regarding the results that may ensue from its publication. The French and Italian agents also expressed uneasiness, although they took a less gloomy view.

has been ordered to sail for Turkish waters. Notification of this move has been telegraphed from Sebastopol to the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople.

The despatch of the squadron is intended to emphasize Russia's intention of exacting complete compliance with her demands as to satisfaction for the murder by a Turkish general of her consul at Monastir.

Constantinople, Aug. 17.—The widow of M. Rostkowski, in informing Hilmi Pasha, the inspector general of Macedonia, that she would not accept the indemnity of \$80,000 offered by the Porte for the murder of her husband, said she did not want Turkish charity.

Constantinople, Aug. 17.—The Ottoman Government has concluded negotiations with the Krupp works for 32 batteries of quick-firing field artillery, each of six guns.

Constantinople, Aug. 17.—The British Ambassador has called the attention of the Turkish Government to the situation in Macedonia. He pointed out that grave consequences may attend fresh murders of Consuls or foreign subjects. The Ambassador had an audience with the Sultan on Friday.

London, Aug. 16.—The Evening Post states that the Macedonian committee is about to issue a manifesto proclaiming the independence of Macedonia and the establishment of a provisional Government.

Constantinople, Aug. 15.—The imperial troops have moved from Monastir. A force of 4,000 troops besieged the place and bombarded it with artillery. The fighting with the revolutionists is still proceeding outside the town. The people continue at Monastir and the shops are closed.

A court-martial held at Monastir Thursday condemned the gendarmes Halim to death for the murder of M. Rostkowski, the Russian consul at Monastir. The sentence was immediately carried out. Another gendarme was sentenced to 15 years penal servitude.

Grand Trunk Pacific. The Piece de Resistance in the House of Commons For the Past Week—Names of Those Who Spoke.

Ottawa, Aug. 10.—This was the one hundredth working day of the session, and the House of Commons displayed commendable energy and promptitude in the despatch of public business. The bill incorporating the G. T. Pacific was given its final stage, after a discussion lasting about an hour. The Government being lost on division. The Government bill establishing a railway commission and consolidating the law relating to railways was also passed after an amendment by Mr. W. F. Maclean, fixing the maximum passenger rate at two cents per mile, had been voted down. Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick's bill making provision for the requirement of Judges was also passed and sent up to the Senate.

Ottawa, Aug. 11.—On the opening of the House to-day, after some formal business, Sir Wilfrid Laurier moved that the House go into Committee of the whole on the Grand Trunk Pacific resolutions. Hon. Mr. Blair, former Minister of Railways, opened the debate in a four hours' session in opposition to the project, and he was followed by Mr. John Charlton, who had not concluded when the House rose.

Ottawa, Aug. 12.—The debate on the Grand Trunk Pacific resolutions was continued to-day, the speakers being Messrs. Charlton, Monk, Fielding and Barker.

Ottawa, Aug. 13.—Hon. Clifford Sifton continued his debate on the G.T.P. resolutions to-day and was followed by Hon. John Haggart in opposition to the scheme.

Ottawa, Aug. 14.—Hon. Mr. Emerson was the first speaker on the G.T.P. debate and favored the project. He was followed by Dr. Sproule against Mr. Rudolph Lemieux, and Mr. Oliver in favor of the project. Before the House closed for the week Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that hereafter late sittings would be held.

A Quintette Drowned.

Steamer Morsey Foundered a Little Below Point Oulard, Quebec.

Quebec, Aug. 15.—News has been received from Point Oulard, on the north shore below Metis, that the steamer Morsey, from Quebec, with a cargo for Seven Islands, foundered a little below Point Oulard about 2 p.m. Thursday. Capt. Gagnon, the mate, and another man succeeded in reaching shore after much hardship. Five of the crew were drowned.

Percy Hespeler Drowned.

Waterloo, Aug. 14.—The sad intelligence of the drowning fatality near Lake Huron on Lake Huron on Wednesday of Percy Hespeler, only son of Jacob Hespeler, manager of the Molsons Bank, Waterloo, has cast a gloom over the town.

The young man attempted to sail a canoe in a strong wind, and when quite a distance from the shore the canoe upset. Percy struck out to swim ashore, and though a good swimmer, evidently underestimated the distance and sank before help could reach him.

Dollar Wheat Again.

Minneapolis, Aug. 15.—"Dollar wheat" was at last seen on "Change" yesterday for the first time since the latter corner in 1898. It was cash wheat, and there were sales at that figure. Later \$1.02 was asked, and \$1.01 bid, with no sales. The September option touched \$1.02, the highest point in 14 years.

NEWS TOPICS OF A WEEK

Important Events in Few Words For Busy Readers.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape For the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment in Paragraphs.

CANADIAN.

Windsor, Aug. 17.—Magistrate Bartlett was knocked down by a horse and hurt Saturday. He is 63.

Windsor, Aug. 17.—The Canadian Government has passed an Order-in-Council abolishing the close season for whitefish in the waters bordering on Essex County.

Fort William, Aug. 14.—Rev. Mr. English of Cobourg, Ont., dropped dead in the Queen's Hotel here yesterday morning. He was returning from a trip to the coast.

Georgian, Aug. 17.—Mrs. William Anderson shot and killed herself on Wednesday at Nainewagway. She had been ailing for some time. She used a double-barrelled shot gun.

Cayuga, Aug. 15.—The ratepayers of Cayuga were on a bylaw to-day to loan \$8,000 to aid a tannery, glove and suspender factory. The bylaw was carried 118 to 12.

Toronto, Aug. 14.—Sydney White, the law firm office boy, was sentenced to two years in the Reformatory for receiving a sum of money, the theft of \$8,000 from his employers.

Belleville, Aug. 14.—Through the explosion of a lamp, a house on Brown street, occupied by William Black, was badly gutted by fire before the flames were extinguished.

Harrow, Aug. 17.—Mr. Hart of Detroit, who was summering at Oxley, on Lake Erie, died suddenly Saturday afternoon from heart failure, while bathing in three feet of water.

Windsor, Aug. 14.—Word has just been received of a sad and drowning accident at Edmonton, Alta., whereby Mrs. F. Allen and child, late of Toronto, lost their lives by the upsetting of a rowboat.

Windsor, Aug. 17.—Ex-Mayor Howland of Toronto writes a long letter to The Tribune, urging that the Grand Trunk Pacific Bill should not pass without having been submitted to the people by referendum.

Pickering, Aug. 15.—Farmers in this district have been orcharders in selling their apples for \$1 each and buyers who will in the fall send men around to pick and pack them. The farmers must draw them to the shipping points.

Brantford, Aug. 14.—At the Liberal convention held here yesterday to nominate a candidate for the Local Legislature, caused by the death of the late Dr. Bridgland, Dr. Hart of Huntsville was the unanimous choice of the convention.

Stratford, Aug. 14.—While Mrs. Jacob Koenig of Newton was washing her little son, Conrad, a lad of three years of age, fell into a pail of boiling water and was so severely scalded about the back and hips that he died in the hospital here Saturday.

Hamilton, Aug. 15.—After hearing the evidence the jurors brought in a verdict to the effect that that Mrs. Vosper came to her death as a result of a bullet wound from a revolver in the hands of her husband, and that Vosper died from the effects of poison self-administered.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Aug. 14.—The Amalgamated Brotherhood of Teamsters and Helpers, newly formed here, and representing 150,000 teamsters in the United States, have selected Indianapolis as permanent headquarters and Cincinnati as their meeting place next August.

Toronto, Aug. 17.—The body of Albert Murray of 35 Napier street, who has been missing since Tuesday, was found floating in the water at the foot of Cherry street, on Saturday.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Aug. 14.—Dr. James McGarry of Niagara Falls, a South, a corner, and one of the most prominent physicians in this district, died yesterday afternoon, aged 69 years. The doctor had a foot amputated a few days ago on account of gangrene, and the shock was too much for him.

Hamilton, Aug. 17.—Hiram Balfour, who lives on the Plains road, and who is employed in the G.T.P. roundhouse, was severely scalded Saturday evening. He was under an engine cleaning it when hot water came pouring out, scalding him about the arms, chest, neck and face. He was taken to the city hospital.

Tamworth, Aug. 17.—A very sad accident occurred about three miles from here Saturday morning. When William Thompson, the 17-year-old son of Marshall Thompson, was shot and killed instantly. Thompson, in company with several boys, were laying in the woods, and when he attempted to take a rifle from one of them, it went off, the ball passing through his temple.

UNITED STATES.

New York, Aug. 17.—Dr. C. O. Tupper, formerly of Canada, has secured a divorce from his wife.

New Orleans, Aug. 15.—A. E. Batson was hanged at Lake Charles late yesterday for the murder of the Earl family of five persons in February, 1902, near Welsh.

Laredo, Texas, Aug. 14.—In view of the appearance of yellow fever in Victoria, Texas, about seventy miles from Monterey, the quarantine established here has been made more rigorous by the State authorities.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 15.—William Garwood of Trenton, N. J., injured in the accident at the Philadelphia Baseball Park on Saturday, is dead, making the twelfth fatality.

Other victims are still in a critical condition.

Red Bank, N.J., Aug. 17.—Enoch L. Cowart, cashier of the defunct Navasink National Bank, was arrested yesterday on the charge of embezzling \$40,000 of the bank's funds. Cowart surrendered himself and furnished \$10,000 bail to await the action of the grand jury.

Danville, Ill., Aug. 14.—The Grand Jury investigating the recent lynchings has reported true bills against eighteen men and one woman, for defacing public property, attempting to enter a building with intent to murder the sheriff and three prisoners, and riot and unlawful assemblages. All are under arrest.

Topeka, Kan., Aug. 14.—The engine, mail car and baggage car of the Texas Express on the Rock Island, went through a bridge across Hendrick's Creek, near Alma, yesterday, killing Fireman Leggett and seriously injuring Engineer McSteen. A cloudburst had filled the creek and weakened the bridge.

Lost Hair

"My hair came out by the handful, and the gray hairs began to come out. I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, and it stopped the hair from coming out and restored the color."—Mrs. M. D. Gray, No. Salem, Mass.

There's a pleasure in offering such a preparation as Ayer's Hair Vigor. It gives to all who use it such satisfaction. The hair becomes thicker, longer, softer, and more glossy. And you feel so secure in using such an old and reliable preparation.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send for a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your town, and we will send you a bottle at once. Address, J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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St. Catharines, Aug. 17.—One of St. Catharines' most enterprising citizens in the person of the Lucius S. Oille, M.D., died Saturday morning at his late residence on Queen street at the age of 73 years, after an illness of several months. The late Dr. Oille entered public life as a councillor for St. Andrew's Ward in 1868, and was elected to the mayoralty in the County of Lincoln for one term. He took an active part in the work of establishing the civic waterworks system, and was chairman of the Water Commission for a number of years. He was one of the promoters of the Niagara Central Railway, and the local street car line between Hamilton, Merritt and Thorold, which was then operated by horse power, and was later transformed into an electric line, being the pioneer trolley line in Canada. For a number of years he was president of the Board of Trade. Dr. Oille built the Grand Central Hotel, and many other buildings in this city, and at one time was one of the largest property owners. Deceased was born in the Township of Pelham on Oct. 6, 1830.

Salisbury Cannot Walk.

Advanced Kidney Trouble Makes His Death Soon Near.

London, Aug. 17.—The grave condition of Lord Salisbury is due to advanced kidney trouble, and he is not expected to outlive the month. Dropsy developed recently, and the patient's body was so swollen that he was unable to sit except in his special chair, the least movement being difficult.

The condition of the late Premier for some weeks has been such that the usual summer visit to Bournemouth has been abandoned. It recently became necessary to carry him from room to room.

Alaska Boundary Commission.

London, Aug. 17.—The first session of the Alaska Commission will be held on Sept. 3 at the Foreign Office, when the date will be set for the oral argument, either a week or fortnight or three weeks later. Senators Lodge and Turner are expected to join Secretary Root and ex-Secretary Foster when they arrive, at the end of August.

Vesuvius Erupts Again.

Naples, Aug. 17.—The eruption of Vesuvius, somewhat increased to-day. The stream of lava flowing the crater is divided into two branches. The longer reaches a distance of 2,600 feet in the direction of the Village of Ottaviano, and the other is now 2,300 feet towards Pompeii. There is no immediate danger.

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