hack to baffle that exposure of the plots and fallacies eing of their unprincipled faction. The illogical editor ipon of the Globe, incompetent to distinguish between your principles and measures, accused me of political into tergiversation, because with the same principles as I the had ever professed I was not of opinion that in 1835 ng? two particular measures were necessary which I llecdeemed expedient in 1832. I stated my reasons l to why I no longer deemed those measures expedient. an The editor of the Globe has never answered them, had but if the editor of the Globe requires any further ame information on this subject, if he be still anxious the to learn how it may be possible, without any forour feiture of political principles, to hold different nteopinions at different seasons respecting political measures, I refer him to his patron, Lord John you Russell, the whilom supporter of triennial Parliaher ments; or his ancient master, Lord Spencer, the not, umquhile advocate of the ballot. If these right ice, honourable personages cannot succeed in introducing vith a comprehension of this subject into the unparalleled rsy skull of the editor of the Globe, why, then he must iigs even have recourse to that Magnus Apollo of the wer Treasury Bench, Sir John Hobhouse, who will unthe doubtless make it most lucidly obvious to him how a man who commences a political career, pledged ry, to annual Parliaments and universal suffrage, may rile duly dwindle into a low Whig upholder of a senathe ter torial existence of seven years, and a suffrage limited er, to the mystical boundary of a ten-pound franchise.