

istry, Survey, the elements of Civil Engineering, instruction in Military Engineering, Tactics, Reconnaissance, Topography, Military Administration and Law. The last year is devoted to a closer study of Civil Engineering, Surveying, Physics and Chemistry, together with more advanced work in the Military subjects.

In addition to indoor studies, full use is made of the establishment of riding horses and covered riding school. Physical Training forms one of the most important features of the Cadet's life. Sports of all sorts are encouraged to a maximum extent and the College is lucky in the possession of several fine boats, canoes, six tennis courts, two football grounds and running track.

The College is under the immediate supervision of Militia Headquarters, who appoint an annual Board of Visitors consisting of leading Canadian citizens, both Military and Civil, to visit the College each Spring and furnish a report.

The College Staff consists of a Commandant, a Director of Studies, a Staff-Adjutant and a Paymaster, assisted by a number of Civil and Military Professors and Instructors.

Prior to the war, Cadets not entering the Regular Army, Imperial or Canadian, were gazetted to the Active Militia for three years and did an annual training. This did not interfere in any way with their civil profession. This course will, it is anticipated, be re-adopted at an early date.

It would be impossible to encompass in the space of this article anything but a meagre reference to the part taken by the College in the Great War.

The names of 1493 Cadets are registered on the College books, but of these 100 to 150 although ac-