without the Concurrence of Parliament, has a Power to alter the old and introduce new Laws in a conquered Country, he cannot exempt an Inhabitant from the Laws of Trade, or from the Power of the Parliament of Great Britain, or give him Privileges exclusive of his other Subjects.\*

The Form of Government in most of the British Colonies is borrowed from that of England; and the Laws passed by their General Assemblies and Council, with the Concurrence of the Governor, are of the same Validity in the Colonies, as Acts of Parliament are in the Mother Country; unless repugnant to any Law made in Great Britain relative to the Colonies,<sup>b</sup> in which Case they are utterly void and of no Effect †.

It has been the Policy of the different Nations of Europe, with regard to their Colonies, to secure to themselves respectively the most important of their Productions, and retain exclusively the great Advantage of supplying them with European Produce and Manufactures; Commercial Monopoly is therefore the leading Principle of Colonial Intercourse.

The British Colonies in the West Indies (in so many respects dissimilar in Nature and Situation from those in North America) are of great Value and Importance, for their Cultivation is devoted to Objects which the Mother Country

\* Campbell v. Hall, (Cowper's Reports.) + 7 & 8 W. III. Ch. 22.