

POPE PIUS NOW SUFFERS FROM ANOTHER RELAPSE

Grave Anxiety Felt By Sudden Change For Worse

PONTIFF'S CONDITION IS NOW DANGEROUS

Temperature has Risen to 102 and Affected Zone in Chest is Further Congested — Doctors Constantly in Attendance.

Rome, April 15.—Once again there has been a sudden change for the worse in the condition of Pope Pius X. It is changes such as this that have repeatedly transformed the feeling of optimism regarding the Pope's recovery into one of grave anxiety in the knowledge that each recurrence withdraws something from the vital forces of the Holy Father.

Notwithstanding the reassurances of Prof. Marchisavi, a careful watch is being kept on the Vatican, and there is doubt that the "satisfactory general condition" of the Pontiff as reported by the doctors, is borne out by the facts.

The temperature of the Pope, which throughout almost the whole day remained at 97 degrees, in itself indicating depression and weakness, rose in the early evening to 100 and later to 102. The bronchial symptoms which at the morning examination were found to be diminished, presented new and grave features this evening. The affected zone on the left side of the chest was further congested, with a possible area of consolidation, one of the signs of pneumonia and the sounds within the bronchial tubes were more pronounced.

The attending physicians ordered a special bacteriological examination of the sputum, in order to ascertain whether it contained infectious material and the nature of the detritus that threatens to block up the lungs.

Contradictory Reports.

The darkest reports are being circulated, one of them to the effect that the Pope is at the point of death, and that Father Agostino Piffiori, an Augustinian monk, has been ordered to be in readiness to bring the patient the viaticum, this being the prerogative of his office.

This appears to be an exaggeration of the situation, although undoubtedly the Pope's condition is much worse, owing to the fact that he did not take sufficient rest today and over-exerted himself, as he had done on previous occasions. This resulted in general prostration, elevation of the temperature and inability to retain nourishment, even the very lightest nutriment.

The arrival in Rome tonight of Angelo Sarto, the Pope's brother, was interpreted in some quarters as a certain sign that all hope was abandoned. It was forgotten that Angelo Sarto left his own village on his journey to the holy city long before the present setback of the patient, in fact, when the condition of the Pope had greatly improved.

Angelo was received with open arms by his sisters, who seem to think that the more the Pope is surrounded by the members of his family the easier it will be to save him.

Prof. Marchisavi's visit to the sick room tonight lasted forty minutes. When he left the Vatican he was besieged for details, as the aggravation of the Pope's condition was already known, but he renewed his assurance that the situation was not grave.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC PLAN FOR EXPRESS ACROSS CONTINENT

Montreal to Vancouver in 72 Hours is Object of Company — Would be Fastest Trans-continental Train.

Winnipeg, April 15.—From Montreal to Vancouver in 72 hours is the objective of the C.P.R., according to a statement made by a prominent official of the passenger department today. It is expected that the company will be able to make this time. The calculation is based on the following estimate: An average speed of fifty miles per hour, for sixty hours, and twelve hours allowed for stops.

ROOSEVELT A PATRON OF COST LUNCH

Inspects Cost. Price of Food Furnished to School Children — Professes to be Well Satisfied with Meal.

One cup of bean soup 1 cent.
One egg sandwich 1 cent.
Total 2 cents.

New York, April 15.—Such was Theodore Roosevelt's lunch and its cost today. It was bought and paid for by the colonel among pupils, children of polyglot parents at an East Side grammar school at noon. The former president visited several schools to investigate the food at cost price luncheons furnished under the auspices of the Child Life Committee of the progressive party.

"It was food which I would have enjoyed as a first class dinner or lunch on the road up, or with the regiment, or on a picnic or anything like that," said the colonel. "I feel very strongly on this lunch question. I feel that we ought by law to get every state to provide that the school children should furnish meals to the children at not less than the cost of the raw materials. I hope that will be made a plank of the progressive municipal platform in the fall."

Colonel Roosevelt saw several children pay more than two cents for lunch, one child whom he referred to as an "amateur Vanderbilt," spent seven cents, buying chocolate, bread, cake, soup and three dishes of salad. Several pupils told the colonel that they used to go to the streets for some purchasing green pickles and candy. He learned that 2,000 children are served daily at seven schools.

IS CRUSHED TO DEATH

Ottawa Girl Instantly Killed When Automobile Jams Her Against Tree—Was Cranking Machine.

Ottawa, April 15.—Miss Fern J. Willoughby, aged 21, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Willoughby, 201 James street, was instantly killed this afternoon in this town in front of her home, when her motor car, which she was cranking, suddenly started, pinning her against a tree and breaking her neck. Her mother was standing in the front window and saw her daughter killed.

MONTREAL GAULKERS AND CARPENTERS ON STRIKE FOR MONEY

Failure of Big Company to Accede to Their Demands Brought a Lookout — Men are Confident.

Montreal, April 15.—The refusal of the directors to accede to the demand for an increase in wages precipitated a strike among the carpenters and caulkers employed by the Montreal Drydock and Ship Repairing Company, Limited, shortly after noon today. The entire staff of men engaged in this branch, numbering 24, laid down their tools and walked out.

SERVA AND BULGARIA NOW PREPARE FOR WAR

Balkan Allies Ready to Fight for Spoils of Conflict

SERVIANS DEMAND THE LION'S SHARE

Bulgarians Are Moving Army from Tchalajia to Macedonia in Readiness to Strike — Montenegrins Refuse to Yield.

London, April 15.—A Vienna despatch to the Chronicle says that the relations between Servia and Bulgaria are becoming increasingly strained. Servia claims for herself Epirus, Albania, Kratoia, Felix, Ukip and Okhrida, in total disregard for the treaty concluded before the war between Servia and Bulgaria, under which most of these towns, being Bulgarian, would go to Bulgaria. The disputed territory comprises 25,000 miles.

The Neps Freie Presse, the despatch adds, learns that Bulgaria suspects her allies of purposely delaying the conclusion of peace in order to retain the Bulgarian army at Tchalajia as long as possible, while Servia concentrates her army along the Verdara river, and Greece her forces near Salonika. Bulgaria is now preparing to divert all available troops from Adrianople and Tchalajia to Macedonia.

The Bulgarian government, according to a Sofia despatch to the Post, has notified the other governments of the Balkan League that the terms of the latest note of the great powers are acceptable to Bulgaria, and asks the allies to assent promptly to the conclusion of peace. It is probable, adds the despatch, that an armistice will be arranged this week.

Will Never Yield.

Cettinje, April 15.—The government has notified its representatives abroad that Montenegro rejects pecuniary compensation from Servia and will only yield to overwhelming force.

Reports Premature.

London, April 15.—The news of the actual conclusion of an armistice between Turkey and Bulgaria, appears to be premature, but there is little doubt that it is on the eve of arrangement. First reports regarding the armistice come from Constantinople and the Russian government is in receipt of similar news.

According to reports current in St. Petersburg the armistice will be acceptable to the British cabinet. In diplomatic circles in London, the view is held that the peace conference will shortly be reassembled in the city. A Constantinople despatch admits the existence of some sort of truce as a precursor of an armistice.

Kaiser is Against DUELS BETWEEN HIS MILITARY OFFICERS

Urges Generals to Put a Stop to Practice—Bad Tempers Must be Controlled — All Warned.

Berlin, April 15.—Emperor William is earnestly endeavoring to reduce the number of duels fought by German army officers, according to an announcement made by the committee of the Imperial parliament today by General Von Boerger, minister of war.

REVEREND EDITOR SOUNDLY CITED BY OTTAWA JOURNAL

Rev. J. A. MacDonald of the Toronto Globe, Sharply Taken to Task for Direct Misstatements of Fact—Has Joined Liberal Camp Followers.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 15.—The Evening Journal says tonight: In the course of a sharp denunciation of Premier Borden, because of the introduction of closure in parliament, Rev. Dr. J. A. MacDonald, editor of the Toronto Globe, says that Mr. Borden, "in his position, affects kid glove methods, but contemplates the methods of a brigand." What methods does Rev. Dr. MacDonald affect? What methods does he contemplate, nay employ?

As his name suggests, Rev. Dr. MacDonald is a clergyman. His ability for graphic writing led to his entrance into journalism, and he occupies an editorial chair that has been filled by honorable men. As a clergyman he enjoys a certain amount of prestige in the clergy. Journalists do not enjoy the popular supposition being that the ideals of the Christian ministry stand as a stone wall between Rev. Dr. MacDonald and the temptations of party political fighting. Rev. Dr. MacDonald, therefore, affects the methods of the clergy. Occasionally he delivers sermons, good sermons, too, because he knows a lot more of men and things than the average clergyman knows. He can get a look at things from several standpoints at once.

What methods does Rev. Dr. MacDonald contemplate and employ? What does he do when the church doors close, and he leaves the mid-week prayer meeting to take part in a political party council of war? Words to describe the methods Dr. MacDonald employs will come to those who read his comments on Mr. Borden's personal actions in introducing closure in parliament as follows: "His (Mr. Borden's) voice joined with those who planned to howl down Sir Wilfrid Laurier into humiliation." For him (Mr. Borden) to have cried "Sit down, sit down," as the press gallery men report him doing, etc.

It is a lie, plain and unvarnished, to say that a plan was made to howl down Sir Wilfrid Laurier. It is a lie, also to say that Mr. Borden cried "sit down, sit down." But he shelters himself behind others, to drag in the insult.

Dr. MacDonald has chosen to take his place amongst the party heasers. As he forgets his sense of justice to make a cruel attack upon Mr. Borden, he must lose his self-respect and he will lose his influence. The political prominence which had its birth in ingenious defence of graft will die a natural death. Neither Sir Wilfrid Laurier nor any of his supporters in the house has claimed that he was "howled down" in parliament, nor will they claim it. But it remains for the party camp followers to play fast and loose with the truth at their "howl down" Rev. Dr. MacDonald is a grotesque figure.

ATTEMPTING TO PREVENT FRICTION WITH JAPANESE

Washington, D. C., April 15.—Efforts to prevent friction between the United States and Japan over the proposed Japanese alien land-holding bill, were continued today by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan, in conference with the Japanese ambassador, called at the White House to talk with the president and then proceeded to the State Department to confer with Secretary Bryan.

There was no announcement as to the nature of the conference, but it was admitted that the California problem was under discussion.

Without offending the people of California by an official interference with their legislative proceedings, the president and his secretary of state have unofficially conveyed to certain influential persons in California the hope that the projected legislation will not be permitted to take a form that would seriously offend the Japanese government, asserting that it constituted a breach of the treaty obligations of the United States.

The purpose of today's conference, it is understood, was to ascertain whether the state bill as amended, is still objectionable to Japan, and if so in what respects. The ambassador is said to have indicated that further changes must be made in the bill before it can be said to be acceptable to Japan, and that these changes must take the form of amendments to place all aliens on even terms.

The Japanese government contends the bill in its present state does not do this, in spite of the assertion of the promoters of the measure in the California senate that the discrimination contained in the first bill has been removed.

LAST MINUTE FLASHES

ST. LAWRENCE CHANNEL OPEN.

Montreal, April 15.—The ship channel between Montreal and Quebec was reported open today when the icebreaker Lady Dufferin, her way through the Lake St. Peter ice and arrived at Sorel.

J. J. MITCHELL ELECTED.

Boston, April 15.—John J. Mitchell, democratic congressman from the 13th district today, after a three-corner contest in which the tariff discussion figured prominently.

SCHEDULES ARRANGED.

Montreal, April 15.—The board of control today fixed the schedule of wages for the building trades which will be inserted in all civic contracts for buildings this year.

TIME EXTENDED.

New York, N. Y., April 15.—The time limit for filing damage claims against the Ocean Steam Navigation Company, Limited, for losses incurred by the sinking of the Titanic, was extended by United States Judge Holt today in the case of two attorneys representing nearly 60 claimants, the attorneys for seven residents of Switzerland was given 30 days. The other representing claims of over 50 immigrants, was given one week.

LIBERALS PLAN RIOT WHEN CLOSURE PASSES

THOUSANDS ON STRIKE IN BELGIUM

Socialists Estimate 400,000 Men Have Joined Movement for Universal Manhood Suffrage—No Rioting.

Brussels, April 15.—Out of the welter of contradictory and incomplete figures it is impossible tonight to more than approximate the total number of workmen who have joined in the strike through Belgium for manhood suffrage. Independent estimates place the number between 250,000 and 300,000, although the socialists, who are responsible for the movement, claim 400,000.

Except in the industrial centres, the strike has had no apparent effect. The general public has not been inconvenienced, and consequently is not impressed, and as the strikers generally maintain admirable discipline they have not alienated the sympathies of the liberal capitalist, who are contributing to the fund. The proprietor of a large hotel in Brussels is giving \$20,000 weekly until the strike has been lost or won.

The situation was the subject of debate in the senate, which re-assembled today. Answering attacks by the liberals and socialists, the premier said that the government was not ready to take conciliatory action, but that it had no intention to abdicate before the strike.

Rioting Feared.

Charlottetown, April 16.—The situation in the Province of Hainaut is beginning to be threatening. The strikers were reinforced by 12,000 during the day. The number of strikers is now 150,000 and 160,000. The car services have been suspended.

This is the first instance of a public utility being interfered with during a strike.

IS RELIC OF THE DARK AGES

This is What W. P. Archibald, Parole Officer, Says Regarding Treatment of Inebriates in Canada.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 15.—That the present treatment of the inebriate in Canada is a relic of the dark ages, is the declaration of W. P. Archibald, parole officer, who has returned to Ottawa after visiting the penitentiaries of Quebec and Ontario.

Mr. Archibald stated today that he had been struck by the fact that the system of fining men, or giving them an absurdity, "We must recognize that drunkenness is a physical disease very largely, and that it must be dealt with on a scientific basis," he said. "Such men need most to be sent to an institution and not to a place where they are made criminals when they have no criminal instincts."

Mr. Archibald expressed satisfaction with the result of his inquiries as regards the working out of the parole system, and stated that the number of those who had gone back upon their parole was under two per cent.

NEWCASTLE HOLDS ITS TOWN ELECTION

Special to The Standard.

Newcastle, April 15.—There being no mayoral contest and about half the electorate vote today was very small, only 245 voting, less than one third the total. There were two changes in council, ex-Mayor Belyea and Harold H. Ritchie replacing Aldermen Miller retired, and Doyle defeated.

The results were as follows: W. H. Belyea, 188; Alex. H. MacKay, 161; Harold H. Ritchie, 156; John Clark, 153; James Falconer, 128; Chas. Sargent, 125; Dr. F. C. McGrath, 123; Henry Harvey Stuart, 119; James Miller, 117; D. P. Dorrie, 115; Chas. M. John G. Kethro, 74.

MURDERER REMANDED.

Montreal, April 15.—John De Roach, alias Jack Roach, who is accused of the murder of Eugene Venne in Thoulon saloon, Mount Royal avenue a couple of weeks ago, was remanded today by Judge Leet for voluntary statement.

'Spontaneous' Outbursts of Indignation Now Being Arranged

LAST STAGE MAY COME THURSDAY

And William Pugsley is Expected to Be One of Principal 'Outbursters' — Hope to Injure Traditional Parliamentary Dignity.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 15.—According to present indications the opposition having run out of argument, is planning a riot in which Mr. Pugsley may play a prominent part. The debate on the closure resolution is dragging wearily toward the last stage which may be reached by Thursday. The Liberals will mark the adoption of the closure by making as much noise and doing as much injury to the traditional dignity of parliament as they can. Having some proficiency along this line they are confident of their ability to make such a scene as will forever stand against the record of Liberalism in parliament.

Some of the more expert blockers are being held in reserve for the last day. It is expected that Dr. Michael Clark and Hon. William Pugsley will speak on that day. Mr. Pugsley will, it is said, advance one or more points of order with the intention that they shall be over-ruled, and this will be the occasion for the blockers to "start something."

The Conservative members will continue as heretofore in strict observance of the rules and the rough house efforts of the opposition will receive no encouragement from the other side of the House.

So flat has the situation become, that many of the Liberal members are absenting themselves from the House. Several of these have gone home, and more are going.

At the opening of the house Mr. Graham introduced a bill to oblige railways desiring to change their terminal divisional points to compensate their employees forced to change their residence as a result of such alteration by the company.

Several towns in Ontario are threatened with the loss of part of their population, including Brockville, Carleton Place and Havelock. Mr. Webster, in introducing Mr. Seymour's (East Peterboro), supported the idea as did Mr. Emmerson. Mr. Cochrane stated that the government had already considered the subject and had drafted a section covering the point to form part of its Railway Act Amendment Bill.

Mr. Carroll moved the adjournment of the house to discuss recent breaches of the immigration laws in regard to the photo-engravers' strike at Toronto, and that the attitude of the government in relation thereto.

Mr. Carroll stated that early in the year, a strike of photo-engravers occurred in Toronto, and that the government had already considered the subject, and had drafted a section covering the point to form part of its Railway Act Amendment Bill.

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TO BREED HORSES FOR THE MILITIA

Arrangements for Using Military Manoeuvring Areas for Horse Breeding Being Made With Militia Department.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 15.—Arrangements are being made between the militia and defence department, and the National Horse Breeding Bureau, of which Hon. Clifford Sifton is president, whereby the military manoeuvre area north of Medicine Hat, and one in British Columbia, will be utilized for the breeding of horses. The general conditions are that the Canadian government will have the first choice to buy young animals for the forces, and the British government will have second choice.

Other governments and outside parties will come in later. An important announcement is also officially made to the effect that it is proposed that other military manoeuvre areas in other districts the government will establish its own breeding establishments. A new department will be made this year in the manoeuvres inasmuch as the horses will be isolated entirely from the camps and from the rifle ranges.

ESTIMATES BROUGHT DOWN IN NOVA SCOTIA

Special to The Standard.

Halifax, April 15.—The estimates of the province were brought down in the House of Assembly today by Premier Murray. The estimated revenue is \$1,998,916, and the expenditure \$1,998,792. The estimated income from mine royalties is \$52,000, and succession duties, \$45,000. The heaviest items of expenditures are \$242,000 for education, interest \$424,744, public charities \$242,200, and roads \$220,000.

FIGHTS IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 15.—Jack Britton, of Chicago, outpointed Matty Baldwin, the Boston lightweight, in a one-sided ten round bout tonight. Britton started the blood flowing with left jabs and hooks. He continued jabbing Baldwin throughout the fight, occasionally punching in the upper part. Baldwin was short in his reach, most of his blows not reaching Britton's head, landing on the chest instead. Britton left the ring unmarked, while Baldwin's face showed the effects of Britton's jabs.

George (Knockout) Brown, the Chicago middleweight, outpointed Billy Grupp, of St. Louis, in a ten round preliminary, while Willie Beecher, of this city, outpointed "One-round" Hogan, the California lightweight, in another.