

## PROGRESS.

W. K. REYNOLDS, Editor.  
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ADVERTISING RATES.  
 One Inch, One Year, \$15.00  
 One Inch, Six Months, 8.00  
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 The edition of PROGRESS is now so large that it is necessary to put the inside pages to press on Thursday, and no changes of advertisements will be received later than 10 a. m. of that day. Advertisers will forward their own interests by sending their copy as much earlier than this as possible.

News and opinions on any subject are always welcome, but all communications should be signed. Manuscripts unsolicited to our purpose will be returned if stamps are sent.

EDWARD S. CARTER,  
 Publisher and Proprietor,  
 Office: Masonic Building, Germain Street.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, FEB. 22.

CIRCULATION, 6,200.

THIS PAPER GOES TO PRESS EVERY FRIDAY AT TWELVE O'CLOCK.

## THE RIGHT KIND OF MEN.

The men who are needed at the council board are not only such as have some interest in the city, but who have first-class business capacity. The affairs of the city are of too much importance to be entrusted to incompetent persons, whether they be rich or poor, for wealth in many cases does not presuppose ability any more than poverty indicates the lack of it. A great deal depends upon how the wealth was acquired, and who acquired it.

When, however, there can be found a man of means and leisure, with clean record and an ability for grasping public questions, such a man is likely to be a good representative, if he be honest and his motives are good. The man who, in the capacity of alderman, gives his attention to public affairs must have a certain amount of leisure, or be prepared to sacrifice his own interests to those of the public. It is, unfortunately, for this reason, that the best citizens are often unwilling to serve, and that men who have a good deal more time than money push themselves to the front and are elected.

The fact that some of the best aldermen at the board today are men whose own affairs are sufficient of themselves to tax their best energies, shows, however, that an active business man can in many cases do justice both to himself and the people whom he represents. It is purely a matter of system, which may not be arranged to suit all cases, but which can be applied without doubt in the majority of them.

It is honest workers who are needed at the council. There are too many talkers there already. The alderman who makes speeches may be an ornament at times, but the alderman who is no orator, but acts with the consciousness that a trust is reposed on him is something more than an ornament. The people prefer solid results to speeches.

The selection of a candidate simply because "the boys" will take hold of him is bad in principle. The "boys" are admittedly a good lot to have on one's side, but they are bright enough in most cases to support a good man, who has been brought forward for some other reason than that they will favor him. This is such a thing as suiting the boys and doing justice to the ratepayers as well.

The man who is intelligent in the conduct of his own affairs, honest in his dealings with others, who has mind enough to think for himself without the leadership of any man at the board, and who has no axe to grind for himself or his friends, is the right kind of a man for the council.

It will pay to elect such men, and the ratepayers should choose them now.

## PROFESSIONAL JURORS.

One of the radical defects of the jury system in this part of the world is the class of men who do duty as jurors. To a large extent they are what are known as "professionals," selected because they have abundant leisure, are willing to serve, and are anxious to earn their fee of a dollar a day.

A sheriff will doubtless claim that it is difficult to get citizens to serve as jurors, that he summons men who are "poor but honest," and that substantial justice is done save in exceptional cases.

Why should it not be done in every case? That it is not is amply shown by authentic incidents published in PROGRESS not long ago, where the jurors seemed to lack either common intelligence or common honesty. They were country juries, it is true, but there may be even graver causes for doubt in the case of city professionals.

The trouble is that men who are not fit for anything else, are not fit to weigh evidence and a true verdict give between plaintiff and defendant. If they are not biased, they may be incompetent and are in the hands of the judge, who controls them as he pleases. The judge in such cases is the jury as well. Perhaps, in many instances, it is in the interests of justice that he should be so. In such an event the jury is simply an unnecessary trouble and expense.

The jury system is as right in theory as anything connected with the machinery of the law. In practice it is not, because the wrong kind of men are selected as jurors.

The character of an ordinary panel was shown in a recent criminal case when one after another of those selected to decide whatever difficult questions might arise in civil suits, were summarily bounced on account of old age and other infirmities. Are these the class of men to determine a man's right to property, decide on conflicting statements and do the highest justice in an intricate case between man and man? Most of people would say not.

A gentleman who recently had a case in court, was accosted at the outset of the trial by an able-bodied "professional," who had not been selected to sit on that case, with the remark, "I wish I was in the box to help you out," or words to that effect. What did he mean? Did he imply that he was prepared to go into the jury box, under oath, with a previous determination to render a verdict in a certain way? If so, it would be interesting to know if such things happen often.

The professional juror may have his advantages in knowing his business, but there may be such a thing as his knowing it too well. Better men are required on juries all over the province. If they will not serve, it is time to consider whether the abolition of the jury system will not be in the interests of justice.

## TALMAGE AND HIS METHODS.

Whether or not Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage is a humbug is a question which the New York Sun is trying to solve. In the effort to do so it gives a striking picture of the preacher, his aims and his methods. This picture is not a flattering one. If it be a true one, there is a good deal in support of an affirmative answer to the paper's pertinent query.

There is no charge against the private character or orthodoxy of the preacher. His creed is disposed of in the statement that he does not inflict much theology of any sort on his hearers. The gravest accusation is that "his object in life has been money getting and the achievement of personal fame, and the means he has adopted to gain his ends have been the most extraordinary that a minister of the Gospel who sought to retain an honest name ever resorted to." It is claimed that the great defects of his character are insincerity and selfishness.

Mr. TALMAGE is said to be worth \$500,000, all of which has been made in the last twenty years. He has a gross income of \$40,000 a year, derived from his salary, his published sermons, his lectures, and his interest and dividend account. More than 500 newspapers in the United States print his sermons every week, to say nothing of an English syndicate and the Canadian papers. He was originally glad to supply his sermons to the press free, but his price increased with the demand, and finally he closed with a boilerplate concern to give it the advance copy at the rate of nearly \$12,000 a year. This is his very comfortable way of obeying the command, "Go ye into all the world, and preach the Gospel to every creature."

These sermons are supplied to the boilerplate concern about two weeks in advance. The learned doctor sits back in a chair, dictates to a stenographer for an hour, and gets \$250 each week for his trouble. The boilerplate concern, in turn, gets \$2 or so from more than 500 papers, leaving a handsome margin for profit. The only limit to the profit is that the sermons are supplied to only one paper in each place in the United States.

The charge of humbug gets its greatest weight from the circumstances of TALMAGE's trip to the Holy Land. It is claimed that it was an advertising dodge to call attention to his forthcoming *Life of Christ*, suggested by the publishers, who paid all expenses. Before TALMAGE left, he prepared a lot of sermons, to cover each Sunday of his absence, to be printed as having been delivered at various places on the route. It was arranged that the preacher utilized the most sacred spots which the feet of CHRIST had trod to further the purposes of his fraud upon the public.

When he reached Mount Calvary he tried to buy the ground for spot cash, and he succeeded it would have been the biggest advertisement yet. He failed but "succeeded in purloining" a rock which he brought with him to be a corner-stone for his church. Later, reaching the Jordan, he was determined to immortalize himself by baptizing somebody in the sacred stream. As he tells the story, the convert was an American traveller who had been brought to repentance while travelling in the Holy Land, and the scene was most impressive. According to the *Sun*, the man was a dirty native tramp, whom TALMAGE seized, dragged in and soured under, as an advertisement of his own great self.

In summing up, the assertion is made that though TALMAGE speaks to great multitudes he utterly fails to touch the hearts of his hearers. He is a professed follower of the meek and lowly CHRIST, and yet in the trip to Palestine, what a comparison between the two! He is selfish and apparently insincere. It would require a reverse of his wonderful prosperity to see the man in his true character. "It would," says the *Sun*, "make of him either an infidel or a Christian."



## BUY EAGLE CHOP TEA.

## SUNDY HITS AND HINTS.

The gripe isn't so fashionable as it was. Bring along your candidates for the council. Morrisey's "mill" - the fight with Tweedie. What do you think of Northumberland now? And so the winter is likely to get in its average, after all.

Winter has not lost its gripe, even if spring does begin next month.

Had the big snow storm anything to do with the snowing-under in Northumberland?

Did we understand Mr. Thaddeus Stevens, M. P., to remark that Thursday was a very cold day?

The voters of Victoria ward will have only themselves to blame if they are misrepresented this year.

Nobody wants any more elections just now. The lawyers are the only people who make any money out of the protests.

We knew the funny man would not slip up this year. He has resuscitated the comundrum, about Lent and the umbrella.

Today is the anniversary of the birth of W. Washington, the man who never had a dock scheme, and consequently never told, etc.

An alderman who is but a boodler in a small way needs only the opportunity, and possibly the brains, to be a boodler on a large scale.

There are at least two men whose great expectations are dwindling as the health of a certain dominion official in St. John continues to improve.

There is an easy way of distinguishing some of the men who will be candidates for the coming council. They look when they meet you now.

When good concerts can be given at an average admission fee of seven cents a head, there is no reason why St. John should not be a great musical centre.

Valentine's day is getting played out in this practical age. This year there was scarcely any increase in the mail matter handled at the New York post office.

Nothing will make a Halifax newspaper madder than a Pickwickian pleasantry about ice in the harbor of that city. A St. John man just laughs when anything is said about the top of his city.

What is your opinion of an alderman who prostitutes his position to try and spite a paper which tells the truth about him? Isn't he likely to be fellow who would prostitute it for other purposes?

A prominent New York lawyer thinks that "if either trial by jury or trial by newspaper must be abolished the country could better afford to dispense with the former." Probably so, for though many an editor of a daily paper is an ass, the average jurymen is liable to be one too. Besides, it is the facts gathered by ill-paid reporters, rather than the opinions of over-paid editors that really influence the public.

## TALK ON THE STREET.

G. Wetmore Merritt, of Turnbull & Co., has purchased one of the fine residences recently erected on the site of the old Victoria by W. L. Prince. All the houses sold, and the owners are Ward C. Pittfield, J. DeWolfe Spurr, T. William Bell and G. Wetmore Merritt.

One of the finest building lots in the city, that next the Marsh block, on Prince Street, has, it is said, been sold to the Salvation Army. If the report is true, property owners in that section will suffer. It is bad enough to see and hear the army on the streets, but no one is fond enough of it to submit to an all night and day serenade.

The rent asked for Mr. McGaffigan's new house on Princess street is \$300 for the upper, and \$400 for the lower flat.

J. Herbert Wright obtained a great bargain in his Carleton purchase, getting a house that cost about \$11,000 for less than one third that amount.

T. Patton, who now occupies a store in a new building on Waterloo street, near Union, has determined to move to Charlotte street May 1 into the building now occupied by Messrs. Turner & Finlay as a branch store.

Messrs. Dowling Bros. intend to leave Charlotte street for King, and will be neighbors of Messrs. Hunter, Hamilton & McKay, in the store next them, now occupied by A. D. W. Knapp. The latter proposes to retire from business.

W. J. Fraser has succeeded in beginning his extensive improvements to the Royal Clothing store. The counters have disappeared, and in their places are long tables. The store has been painted and thoroughly renovated, ready for spring business.

## PERTINENT PERSONALS.

Douglas Shiden has met with an accident in Japan, which very nearly ended fatally or in the loss of his sight. He had gone to see the dancing girls and to be banqueted at the Waysto club, Tokyo, and at the end of the first dance stepped forward with his camera and flash light to photograph the dancers. He lighted the fuse but the magnesium hung fire.

In the usual orthodox gun accident method, he picked it up to examine it, when it went off with the usual promptness. He threw himself back and saved his eyes, but burnt his right hand very severely and loosened some of the nails. The hand is not permanently injured but it has taken a month to heal. Oil and flour were applied and the dancing suspended for an hour. Some idea of the force of the explosion may be gathered from the fact that the next flash light but one from this store off the rim of the thick carbonaceous saucer in which it was fixed as clean as if it had been cut with a razor.

And in the face of all this the Scarill company label them "Non explosive." Perhaps after all it does not require an explosion to blow yourself up.

## TO ROOM THE EXHIBITION.

An Attractive Folder - A Triumph of Designing and Engraving.

A handsome folder, the design of which is justly credited to the energetic secretary of the Board of Trade, Ira Cornwall, the execution of the neat border letter-press to Mr. W. C. Fairweather and the splendid engravings to PROGRESS ENGRAVING BUREAU has attracted much attention at the Board of Trade rooms this week. It is intended to advertise the St. John exhibition and it is quite probable that as many as 500,000 copies of it will be printed and circulated. A large number of St. John merchants have placed their orders for advertising space on the back of the folder. The copies ordered by each has the firm name on the front of the circular presented with its compliments, while an advertisement of their business appears on the back. The advertisement costs nothing, but in order to get it an order must be placed for so many thousand folders, which are light and easily folded into envelope size. They are supposed to be sent out with invoices, statements, samples, correspondence, parcels, in fact distributed in every way possible. Two objects are gained - a wide and good advertisement for St. John and the exhibition and for the merchant's own business. Speaking of the folder the daily papers have this to say:

(From the Daily Telegraph.)

The secretary of the Board of Trade has received proofs of the very handsome circular which has been designed for advertising the full exhibition and St. John generally. The design was drawn by Walter C. Fairweather and reflects great credit upon the young artist. The engravers have executed their part of the work admirably. The first page contains a map of the maritime provinces, showing the various railways and steamship routes with some valuable marginal notes. In addition to this there is a comprehensive advertisement of the exhibition association and of the forthcoming exhibition. The second page contains some well executed views of the exhibition building, and a bird's eye view of St. John, and a view of St. John harbor with marginal references to the exhibition, references to the advantages of St. John as a port for export and import trade. The last page contains a map of the hemisphere showing the route of the Canadian Pacific Railway from Vancouver to St. John, with appropriate marginal notes. The balance of space is devoted to advertising purposes for the merchants and others who have ordered them.

(From the Evening Globe.)

Secretary Cornwall, of the Board of Trade, has received proof sheets of the engravings for the circular advertising the exhibition and the city generally, which has been previously described in the *Sun*. The idea has been very favorably received by the business men, and orders have already been received for the circular. The borders, lettering, etc., of the circular, were designed by Walter C. Fairweather, and reflect great credit upon his skill as a designer. The illustrations are of a character that will do much to set forth the advantages of this port.

(From the Evening Globe.)

Mr. Ira Cornwall, secretary of the Exhibition association, is having printed a very large number of circulars that should prove of great benefit in advertising the advantages of St. John as a business centre. The outside page of the little circular shows a map of the Dominion of Canada, and about it are a number of sentences, such as "St. John Marine slips unequalled for economic repair," "Export cargoes always ready at St. John," and others pointing out the facilities for trade and commerce. The open folders show very pretty photographs of the city, the harbor and the exhibition buildings. The circular can be folded into a common envelope without injuring any of the pictures. They are being furnished to the merchants, who will scatter them broadcast. It is expected about half a million will be circulated.

Our good-natured and generous contemporaries have our heartiest thanks for their unstinted praise of this piece of work. They neglected to mention that it was executed by PROGRESS ENGRAVING BUREAU, but that was, of course, an oversight, which they are, no doubt, sorry for already. PROGRESS takes pleasure in giving their kindly comments the benefit of its large circulation.

Mr. Cornwall states that the principal merchants of the city have seized upon the idea of the folder with wonderful readiness and through that fact he anticipates that the exhibition will get a prodigious amount of advertising.

## Too Late For Us.

Society letters from several places are omitted for want of room. They were received too late. These include Hampton Village, Dorchester, Truro and Sackville.

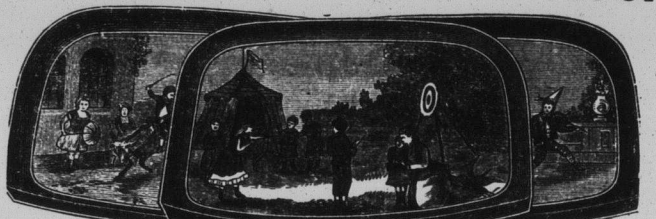
## LADIES' FINE UNDERWEAR, IN SILK, CASHMERE, AND MERINO, WITH AND WITHOUT SLEEVES.

We invite special attention to our 75c. SILK VEST, in Pink and Ecru, very suitable for Evening wear. COMBINATIONS, CORSET COVERS and NIGHT DRESSES in Natural Wool. Children's Vests and Combinations; Boys' Bk. Ribbed Hose, Double Knees; Hose Supporters; Children's Waists; Corsets in the leading makes, from 18 to 36 inches.

## BARNES &amp; MURRAY,

17 CHARLOTTE STREET.

1889. New Year. 1890.



CHILDREN'S TRAYS: BRASS AND COPPER TEA KETTLES; CAKE COOLERS; "KEYSTONE" WHIPS; GRANITE AND AGATE TEA POTS; NIGHT LAMPS; NURSERY LAMPS; CAKE PANS, CAKE BOXES; SELF-WRINGING MOPS; And all the LATEST NOVELTIES in our line.

Which we are offering at our usual LOW PRICES - the lowest in the market.

## SHERATON &amp; SELFRIDGE, - 38 KING STREET.

TELEPHONE, No. 358.



My machine has been in continual use since August, 1885, and this is a specimen of my work: *Manifesting Eight Copies with a soft roller. I have made on this machine during the Cadby trial, with a hard roller, from Ten to Twelve Copies. I pin my faith to the Caligraph. This is the best manifold machine in the market, in addition to its other points of superiority.*

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

## More About Jerusalem.

TO THE EDITOR OF PROGRESS: I cannot let the remarks of "Tarbet," in your issue of Saturday last, relating to the music performed by Mr. Ford pass without again replying.

"Tarbet" admits, although unnecessary to do so, that he has never seen a copy of Salome's Canticle. Then why presume to criticize matters of such delicacy as touch and expression? How can other people play the piece is not sufficient. A musical critic must be a thorough musician, theoretically, if not practically, able to judge for himself and able to speak for himself. Unfortunately, in "Tarbet" the lack of the organist mentioned by way of comparison assures me that he never has played Salome's Canticle.

Strange that "Tarbet" should make such bold assertions when they prove to be utterly void of foundation.

Do not, the gentlemen named are excellent musicians, but should any one of them have performed Salome's Canticle as suggested by "Tarbet," - whose recollection, by the way, on this important point may be somewhat cloudy - I say, with due respect for age and experience, they were wrong, and certainly ought to have known better.

The objection raised against the song, "Jerusalem," is most absurd, it is most childish - the waltz like refrain or subject being one of the most beautiful features in modern sacred composition.

Nevertheless, the title of this class Tarbet thinks out of place in church. I suppose what applies to vocal will also apply to instrumental music. Now let us see what musical genius "Tarbet" would deprive the church of. Among a multitude of equally deserving compositions we cite:

"Nazareth," "Calvary," overture to "Hymn of Praise," "How lovely are the Messengers," "As the Heart Pains," &c., &c., any one of which could be converted into a waltz, being written in the "tempo" to which Tarbet strongly objects; saying nothing of the instrumental music of all the Great Masters.

"Jerusalem" compares most favorably with "Nazareth" particularly as to the melodic construction of the refrain, and if a person accepts the latter it becomes impossible to despise the former, unless prejudice exercises its influence to advantage. Certainly Henry Parker can write a song equal to Bertoldi's, and by such a comparison Tarbet has not gained much.

To say the criticism on the organ recital was just, would be fallacy. To say the reply to the letter of last week was anything like a satisfactory climax, would be equally false. The whole affair from beginning to end is a network of misconceptions, from which all the Tarbets in this wide world would struggle in vain to get disentangled.

Yours,  
 C. SHARP.

## Silver Collection - Seven Cents a Head.

TO THE EDITOR OF PROGRESS: Why is it that people, who willingly pay twenty-five or fifty cents for a concert when there is a set price for admission, give - be the concert never so good - unblushingly but the smallest silver coin of the realm when a silver collection leaves the matter of payment for the entertainment with themselves! It is a difficult question to answer.

Here is a case in point - one of many which might be taken for illustration: A concert was given not long ago in one of our city churches, at which some of our best musicians, both professional and amateur, appeared. The programme included two or three vocal solos, several organ solos, which were given with marked ability, and two numbers by an orchestra of twelve pieces. It was one of the best concerts that I have had the pleasure of listening to for a long time. But how did the large audience present respond when the collection plate was passed round? Two-thirds of the amount received was in five cent pieces, and the remainder chiefly in ten, with a very small sprinkling of twenty-five cent pieces. The sum received averaged about seven cents per capita.

Are St. John audiences disposed to be mean? I would prefer to think that they are only thoughtless, and that they do not take into consideration the fact that there is no little expense incurred in the getting up of a good entertainment.

Perhaps many may ask themselves, "What mat-

## READ THIS!

W. H. Fry, Official Stenographer writes:

ARTHUR P. TIPPET & CO., Sole Agents.

ters it how little I put in, so long as nobody knows," and govern themselves accordingly. Like the old story of the Eastern wedding, to which each guest was expected to bring a jug of wine, as his contribution towards the feast, and to empty it into a vessel set to receive it at the door. One said to himself, "One jug of water will never be detected in so much wine," and so took water. All had alike thought one jug of water would not injure so much wine, and had acted accordingly.

Perhaps the presence of so many five cent pieces in a silver collection may be similarly explained.

Enco.

## GOSSIP OF THE BALL SEASON.

The managing committee of the A. A. society has got fairly to work, and correspondence has been opened with the professionals. I understand that there will be less "lacking and filling" this year than last; that the ball committee is not inclined to banter and discuss price with any player; they are not after fancy figures, but want hard pan prices at the outset.

Small, Parsons, Rogers, Keith, Pashon and Donovan have been written to, and Kennedy and Kearns are being engaged.

I hear that "Chick" Ritchie, a new star, is one of the selected amateurs. Reports say he can play ball, and he will need to be smart to keep in his fast company.

Whitcomb has also been approached and asked for his figures. I would like to see him in the nine, for he is the only local professional worth having.

Robinson's friends think he should have a place on the combination, but I do not think the management would listen to any such suggestion. Apart from his action last spring, I question if Robinson has retained his hold on the public as a favorite. He did not improve any last year - which was due, perhaps, to his unfortunate accident - and Moncton's appreciation fell off at the latter end of the season.

So far, Moncton and Fredericton have made no money for the season, and there is some doubt whether they will about partner clubs this year. I hope they will, and having learned something from last season, they should do it more economically.

The Shamrocks are on a good financial footing - that is, they do not owe a dollar - and are keeping quiet, but working all the same. Will they or the A. A. club get Donovan?

JACK AND JILL.

## They are Coming Every Day.

The following letter is but one of hundreds received since January 1st at PROGRESS office:

Dear Sir: Enclosed please find one dollar (\$1.00) for subscription to your paper, PROGRESS, for the month of February.

As my former home was in Moncton, N. B., I find your society news of that and the surrounding towns very interesting. Mrs. H. F. T.

Boston, Mass.

## Always to the Front With an Idea.

Messrs. Manchester, Robertson & Allison have been thinking about the exhibition, and the result is an offer of \$500.00 for special prizes. This means a great help to the exhibition and advertising for the big house.

## PROMPT PAYMENT.

ST. GEORGE, N. B.,

30 January, 1890.

## North American Life Assurance Company.

Gentlemen,

I herewith acknowledge, through your Inspector, Mr. T. B. Lavers, your cheque in payment of Insurance held in the North American Life by my husband, the late Hon. James E. Lynott.

In the hour of bereavement it is a great source of satisfaction to the Beneficiaries to find the Insurance held in a company noted for its prompt payment of losses, and the North American Life is well deserving of the wide-spread reputation it has gained for its prompt payment of claims.

Truly yours,

(Signed) KATHLEEN LYNOTT.

## SOCIAL AND PE.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK.  
 BRUNSWICK AND NOV.

And the Happenings in Soc. Fredericton, Moncton, Westchester, St. Stephen, Sussex, Calais, Etc.

A pleasant meeting of the Ecclesiastical last Friday evening, at the residence of Kincaid.

Mr. J. Fred McMillan returned Colorado, last week.

Miss MacLaren is visiting Mrs. Chatham.

Miss Grace Campbell is visiting Miss Katie Murray left for New to pay a visit to her aunt.

Mr. J. de Wolfe Spurr spent the week.

Mr. Arthur C. Thomson, of Halifax, pointed to the branch of the Bank this city. He arrived here the first of the week.

Mr. Owen Campbell, of the Bank has been granted a few weeks' leave is visiting his friends in Moncton.

The two young children of Mrs. A. who have been seriously ill with influenza, are recovering.

Mrs. C. J. Coster, although not able is convalescing.

Mr. George Jones, who accompanied sisters as far as New York to see European tour, will remain there for weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Symonds have residence, Waterloo street, for a few weeks with Mrs. D. J. Seely, who home last week in consequence of the aunt.

Mrs. Henry Street, Welsford, spent the city, the quest of her sister, Mrs. Coburg street.