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Shot, Powder, Shells, Wads, Loading Implements, Hunting Coats and Vests, Belts, Bags, etc., in endless variety.

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The "UNIVERSAL" will chop all of raw or cooked meat, fruit, vegetables or bread, fine or coarse as desired. A machine that will be used every day and for almost every meal—self-cleaning, self-sharpening. Nothing to get out of order; with ordinary care will last a life time.

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MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN First Class Bedding, Wire Mattresses.

Iron Bedsteads and Cribes, Invalid Wheel Chairs, Etc.
101 to 107 GERMAIN STREET.

THE

Arch Support

That will keep your feet in the shape nature intended them : : : : : They are invaluable for persons compelled to stand all day.

Men's, \$2.50 a pair
Women's \$2.00 a pair

Waterbury Rising
61 King St. 212 Union St.

FUR LINED CAPES!

Special For One Week Only

\$20 Capes for \$16.50

F. S. Thomas,
555 MAIN ST. NORTH END.

Dark Grey Raglan Overcoats.

YOUTHS, Sizes 32 to 35, \$6.50
BOYS, 4.50
CHILDREN'S, 3.50

The correct thing for cold weather.

J. N. HARVEY, MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
129 and 201 Union St.

DROPPED DEAD ON WAY HOME

Sad Death of Mrs. Samuel Daly, of Lynn, Mass.

Lost Her Purse and Died From Excitement While Waiting For Train.

Mrs. Mary Jane Daly, wife of Samuel Daly, of Lynn, Mass., an old lady, sixty-five years of age, formerly of this city, who has been visiting Miss McKelvie, at 135 Sheffield street, died suddenly at the L. C. R. station, about seven o'clock this morning, prior to the departure of the Boston train. It seems that Mrs. Daly and Mrs. McKelvie had arrived at the station, where she was to take the train for her home in Lynn. Before departing Mrs. Daly missed her pocketbook, which she had left at the McKelvie home. Mr. McKelvie was on his way back for the purse when he met his sister Miss Jane McKelvie coming with it. It is thought that the sudden excitement brought on by the loss of the money must have caused heart failure, from which the old lady expired, death taking place in the ladies' waiting room.

Coroner Berryman and Dr. James Christie were summoned, but life was extinct when they arrived on the scene. Police Officer Marshall kept the anxious crowd away while Undertaker Chamberlain took charge of the remains, conveying the body to the McKelvie home.

It is not thought that an inquest will be necessary. Mrs. Daly was formerly a resident of this city, moving to Lynn some years ago. Her son, Samuel Daly, was well-known here, where he conducted a nickel plating business on Union street.

Mrs. Daly is the mother of Mrs. Fred James, who recently moved with her husband to Halifax.

GREAT RACING.

Prinos Alert, Dan Patch, Lou Dillon and Major Delmar are Matched.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 1.—The Memphis driving park announce a race between Prince Alert, 1:57 and Dan Patch, 1:59 on October 20. On Oct. 21, Lou Dillon, the trotting queen, and Major Delmar will trot a specially arranged race.

THREE BROTHERS EXECUTED

DANNEMORA, N. Y., Oct. 1.—Dr. Ransom the prison physician visited the three Vanwormer brothers in their cells this morning and closely noted their physical condition. In the morning while Warden Day decided upon the order in which the men would go to the chair as follows: First, Willis, the oldest and most impressionable of the three; second, Frederick, the youngest, who has seemed to be the most hardened; third, Burton, the second in point of age. It was Burton who told the warden the other day that he had no preference as to his turn in the succession to the chair. He had the nerve, he said, to go first or to wait until the last. At 9:30 it was reported by the warden that the men were in the best possible condition both of mind and body and well served for the ordeal.

DANNEMORA, N. Y., Oct. 1.—The Vanwormers have been executed. Willis Vanwormer entered the death chamber at 11:30.30, the current was turned on to his body one minute later and at 11:37 he was declared dead. At 11:43 Frederick entered the death chamber and at 11:49 the current was turned on and he was declared dead at 11:49.30. Burton entered the death chamber at 11:47, the current was turned on at 11:47.30 and he was declared dead at 11:48.30. The entire proceeding from the start of the first man from his cell till the doctors' declaration of the death of the last consumed but 15-3 minutes.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived.
Schr. Luce Bros., 63, Mitchell, from Eastport.
Consulship—Schr. Buda, Justina, from a fishing cruise; Freddie Oliver, from Back Bay; Lena, Wilder, from Noel; sloop Alton, Cassidy, from fishing cruise; sloop Florence, Shaw, from a fishing cruise; schr. Beaver, Stevens, from Harvey; Dora, Canine, from Farnboro; Hoffs, Hoffs, from Port Grenville.
Cleared.
Schr. Buda, Justina, on a fishing cruise.
Sloop Alton, Cassidy, for Eastport.
Schr. Judge Moore, Curtis, for Eastport.
Schr. Mary M. Lord, Lord, for Eastport, with fish.
Schr. Frank and Ira, 57, Barton, for New Haven.
Schr. Fannie Tucker, for Lubec, 5th.
Schr. Gulf of Anceud, 1639, McNeill, for Havre, France, and London, via Halifax.
Bark St. Monan, 1488, Jaulden, for Newport, Wales.
Schr. Hattie Muriel, 54, Wasson, for Eastport.
Consulship—Schr. B. Baker, for Margareteville; Annie Pearl, Stavart, for River Robert; Two Sisters, Kincaid, for Harvey; Sielen M., Hatfield, for Advocate; Dora Canine, for Farnboro; Hoffs, Hoffs, for Meteghan.

The street department are at work at the head of King street renewing the wooden pavement at the corner by Nelson's book store.
LONDON, Oct. 1.—The air is full of mysterious rumors. That Mr. Balfour and the Duke of Devonshire will resign; that the King objects to the appointment of Arnold Forster as war minister; and that Lord Elphinstone has been summoned to Balmoral, etc.

CHAMBERLAIN'S POLICY.

The Great Imperialist's Clear Exposition of His Scheme.

Free Trade Arguments Refuted—Preference Won't Increase

Price of Food and Will Alone Provide For Trade Expansion.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—Mr. Chamberlain contributes to the Daily Telegraph this morning a letter which is intended to serve as a preface to the republication in book form of a series of articles which have appeared in the Daily Telegraph on the fiscal problem. The letter, however, is practically a complete exposition of his proposed policy.

After disclaiming the credit ascribed to him in some quarters for the authorship of the articles in the Daily Telegraph, which, he says, constitute the conclusive indictment of the present one-sided system of free imports, Mr. Chamberlain proceeds:

"All is not well with British trade. After a long period of success the policy of unrestricted free imports has now shown evident signs of failure. We receive from our competitors a large proportion of manufactured goods and we send them a larger proportion of raw materials than we used to. Our supremacy in what have always been considered our standard industries has been wrested from us or is seriously menaced.

"Our colonies alone continue to increase their purchases and even here we must abandon all hope of expansion and we are threatened with the loss of our existing trade if we are unable to meet their requests for reciprocal preference.

"Even our competition, which is already so acute, is not fair competition. It is supported by bounties fostered by the operations of trusts, and strengthened by the economical advantages which our opponents enjoy in the shape of cheaper labor, and in the absence of those regulations which we have attempted to impose on the workers in other classes and in order to raise their standard of living.

The case for inquiry is overwhelming and the articles suggest that the case for reform will be overwhelming also. The supporters of our antiquated policy resort naturally to well-worn devices which have proved abortive at the services of every opponent of reform.

"They abound in statements for which there is no foundation, estimating in the bold assertion that those who called attention to the dangers of our present system are prepared to restore all the evils of the anti-colonial law times and reduce the masses to actual starvation. It is not easy to characterize such perversions of the truth in parliamentary language. They are founded on garbled and incomplete extracts from speeches, selected without regard to their general tenor, and they attribute methods and intentions which exist only in the imagination of the free-trade controversialists.

The line of argument commonly stated seems to be as follows:— "Firstly, it is intended to extend a preference to our colonies, whose chief exports are articles of food. It will therefore be necessary to put a duty upon food. This statement implies that food is free now and deliberately ignores the fact that a large part of our revenue is raised by taxes on food and drink, the bulk of which is consumed by the working classes.

"Secondly, this is contrary to the doctrine of the most eminent of modern economists, who say that where an article is exported from a foreign country and is also produced at home and in the colonies, a tax upon the foreign article alone will not raise the price proportionally with the duty, but that the cost to the consumer will be mainly regulated by the supply and the demand. This is essentially the fact when the duty is small. There is much to be said in confirmation of the theory of the economists. Neither in France, Germany nor in any other protected country have the prices risen by the amount of the protective duty, while in this country it did raise the price at all. It would be noted that the danger of the

NO ASSAULT IN CELL.

Andrew Irvine, the prisoner who was arrested in the old burial ground on Wednesday night by Officer Totten between 12 and 1 o'clock, was brought into court this morning, when on his complaint as to being beaten in the police station was gone into.

No charge was made against Officer Totten, who was on duty at the police station, who on the stand and stated:—"The prisoner was brought into the station between 12 and 1 by Officers Totten and Collins. He was bleeding from a cut in his head. Totten got some water and washed the blood off his face and then put him in a cell. I went down after about a quarter of an hour after he was taken to the cell. He was still bleeding; wash down again in another quarter of an hour, he was still bleeding. Prisoner wanted a doctor to look at his head. I got Officer Finley to look at prisoner; new blood still still on his head. I telephoned Dr. Berryman. I asked him if he felt he said "Marshall hit me." He did not say where Marshall hit me.

Dr. Berryman then came on the stand. "Between 1 and 2 o'clock, said the doctor, "I went to the police station and found this man. On examination I discovered a wound on the left side of head. It looked like a contusion inflicted by some hard substance. The wound was about an inch long. An

artery had been severed, so that bleeding was continuous."
Officer Totten then asked: "Is there any charge against me?"
Magistrate: "No, there is no charge against you, but a complaint has been made that this prisoner has been ill-used and beaten in the police station. If you have been directed not to give a statement and don't wish to do so you can go about your business. A man has been hurt, injured, by some one, I don't know who, in the police station, and if nobody else wants to find out who made the assault, I will do it. That is all there is to it."

Totten went on the stand and stated that he arrested the prisoner in the old burial ground. He kicked witness in the side, then prisoner made a slash at him with his right hand, and witness gave him a tap on the head with the baton, brought him up and put him in cell. He was bleeding. Officer Collins came to the cell also. Went up stairs and Officer McLaren entered the charge on the police book. He was bleeding when witness left him. Officer Totten said he hit him once and once only; the blow he gave him caused the bleeding.

"The chief of police was seen about the matter and said he knew nothing of it and that no charge had been made against any member of the police force. He, as chief, would not tolerate any brutality by his officers. Irvine was remanded to jail. It is not known as yet what steps will be taken in the case, whether a charge will be preferred against Totten or not.

"Thirdly, it is said that the duty to be imposed will be a heavy one, at least five and ten shillings a quarter. There is absolutely no foundation for this assertion in any of the statements made by the advocates of tariff reform. It is a pure invention of the opponents of all changes, a bogey raised solely for the purpose of frightening timid people.

"Fourthly, it is said that the duty must be a high one in order to meet the cost of old age pensions. This is the fact that the question of old age pensions is entirely independent of fiscal reform. The amount gained by the exchequer from any new duty might, if the working class who form the majority of the electors desire it, be applied to making better provision for old age, but not as a necessary consequence and it cannot be done without their authority and good will. If, as seems probable, they prefer the bird in the hand to the bird in the bush, if that is, they prefer immediate advantage to the more distant vision of a pension, their decision will be final and in this case there will be no increase at all in the duties on food, but only transfer of existing tax from one article of food to another, from tea and sugar, for instance, to corn. The cost of living would not be increased in the slightest degree.

"To sum up, any duty on food imposed to secure preferential trade with our colonies will be a small one. It may probably be wholly paid and will certainly be paid by the foreigner. The additional cost, if any, to the working classes will be fully met by an equivalent reduction on other articles of food equally necessary to their existence. The dear food cry is an imposture, and the 'little loaf' a bugbear. The question of tariff reform may be considered on its merits without any fear that the cost of living will be increased to the poor. On the other hand, our tariffs may be revised so as to secure the following advantages:

"First, an increase of trade with our fellow subjects and best customers, but only transfer of existing tax from one article of food to another, from tea and sugar, for instance, to corn. The cost of living would not be increased in the slightest degree.

"Second, the power of bargaining with our competitors and thereby securing either that they shall take more of the products of our labor in return for the products of their labor or that they shall leave the British market completely to British labor.

"Third, in either case this change and the increased trade with our colonies will provide more employment for our own people and a greater demand for our own labor.

"Fourth, if the demand of labor increases the wages of labor must rise also, and full work at good prices will enable our manufacturers to pay higher wages without loss to themselves.

"Lastly, we shall have made a great advance towards union of the empire and have taken the first step towards freer trade with the rest of the world.

"All the points here mentioned are developed with a wealth of facts, figures and original illustrations in the articles now reprinted. These formed a complete popular handbook on the subject and will be most valuable to students and speakers in the coming campaign."
(Signed) CHAMBERLAIN.

GOLDSTREAMS COME TO TOWN.

Great English Band Royally Welcomed.

Ladder Laden with People Watching the March, Collapses—Fatally Narrowly Averted.

Not often have the streets of St. John been thronged with a greater crowd than that which turned out today to witness the arrival of the famous Goldstream Guards band. The vicar of the station house long before the arrival of the train was congested with expectant citizens. Within the station people were moving about in groups, good-naturedly brushing against one another; small boys were running about faultlessly shouting, and generally an air of unusual gaiety was evident everywhere.

The C. P. R. did not arrive on schedule time. It was long after twelve when a whistle in the distance announced its approach. Slowly the train pulled into the depot and before it had come to a standstill, shout after shout rose from the crowd. The appearance of the Goldstream band was the signal for a tremendous burst of applause.

Outside the depot both the local regimental bands, the 62nd Fusiliers and the Artillery, were drawn up to escort the visiting bandmen to their hotels. As soon as the Goldstream band had taken up its position in the rear, both the local bands struck up "The British Grenadiers," and all marched off at a jaunty stride.

The Goldstream bandmen looked conspicuous in their faultlessly outfitted golden braid, which was much in evidence. They wore fatigue caps. All along the route of march noisy crowds were assembled and as the procession passed boisterous shouts rent the air. The procession broke up at head of King street and the visiting bandmen proceeded to their hotels.

The first concert to be given by the Goldstreams began at 2:45 o'clock this afternoon. The attendance was large and the school children who were given a holiday for the purpose went in throngs.

What might have been a serious accident occurred today at noon on the new Estabrook building. Mill street, as the mass of people and the bands escorting the Goldstream Guards were passing that place.

A ladder in two sections was running up and down the building, there were about six people on the ladder, it suddenly snapped in two, precipitating them to the ground. Strange to say, nobody was seriously hurt, although the distance of the fall must have been 35 or 40 feet.

One man, named James O'Donnell, a bootmaker of the North End, got a bad shaking up. Another man on the ground had his ankle twisted by the ladder falling against him.

"Alick" Diggs, a colored workman employed on the building, was hit by a falling brick. The brick was slightly damaged, but Alick still survives and is working away as usual. It was a miraculous escape for the half a dozen on the ladder and a great many on the ground.

PROMINENT AMERICAN WANTS SIR THOMAS AS BRITAIN'S NEXT ENVOY TO THE STATES.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Oct. 1.—"If King Edward would bring still closer together the English and American people, and if he would make more firm the commercial interests existing between the English and American people and maintain the cordial relations of every character existing, he will make Sir Thomas Lipton his next ambassador to the United States," said United States Senator Tom Stearns today in speaking of America and lamenting the death of Sir Michael Herbert. "Sir Thomas Lipton has done more during the last fifteen months to increase the good fellowship and genuine friendship existing between the English and American people," continued the senator, "than all the men and women in the British dominion, and he has done it without design, but altogether by his boating contests. Sir Thomas is a typical representative of English citizenship. He is one of the most polished diplomats I have ever met, and one of the most successful business men in the world. He would make a great success as ambassador from England and I hope King Edward will realize his opportunity."

AN ERROR.

A typographical error yesterday made the Star say editorially: "The evidence justifies the popular opinion that the Star Line Company's carelessness was responsible for the fire. The government cannot take too strong measures toward ensuring the safety of those who hereafter travel on the river."

The paragraph should have read: "If the evidence justifies the popular opinion, etc., the government cannot take too strong measures, etc."

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED.—A Girl for general work. Must be good cook. Apply Mrs. O. H. WARRICK, 30 Mackenzie street.

WANTED.—Girl to learn sewer box making. Apply D. F. BROWN CO., LTD.

Ladies' Furs

Black Sows, \$15.00 to \$18.20
Black Martin, 9.00 to 20.00
Stone Martin, 16.50 to 25.00

A splendid assortment of low priced Neckwear from \$1.00 up.

Our line of Ladies' Black Cloth Fur Trimmed Capes, starts at \$6.50.

Anderson's,
Manufacturers, - 17 Charlotte St.

Pattern Hats

An elegant display of all the latest styles in Paris, London and New York pattern Hats. Prices moderate. Inspection invited.

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Umbrellas

Received, Made, Repaired.
CHAIRS Reseated—Cane Splint and Purported (L.S. Cane only).

Hardware, Paints, Glass and Putty.

DUVAL'S
17 WATERLOO STREET.

SPORTSMEN'S SUPPLIES!

Shot Guns, Rifles, Loaded and Empty Shells, Powder, Shot, Wads, Decoys, Calls, etc.

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CLOCKS.

Another lot of Clocks just received, and we can give you a Good Clock for House, Office or Factory, in French or American and from the best Manufacturers.

COME AND SEE THE GREAT VARIETY.
41 King St.

FERGUSON & PAGE,

Pickling Season

Green Tomatoes.
8 lbs. Onions for 25 cents.
Spices, Vinegar.

At **CHARLES A. CLARK'S,**
49 Charlotte St., Market Building.
Tel. 803.

What kind of Soft Coal Do you Want?

Queens, Minudie, Joggins, Broad Cove, Picots, Springhill, or Sydney. Get it the lowest for cash at **GIBSON & CO'S,** Smythe St., (near North Wharf) and 6-1-2 Charlotte St.

Groceries and Shop Fixtures

By Auction, at Store No. 277 Main St., on FRIDAY Evening the 2nd inst., at 7 o'clock.

A general assortment of Groceries: Canned Goods, Tea Sugar, Etc., all bright, fresh stock. Also 1 Oil Tank, 2 Counter Scales, 1 Platform Scale, Meat Bench, Etc., Etc.

The above goods must be sold to highest bidder, as party is going away.
F. L. POTTS,
Auctioneer.