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Matches.....200's
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Parlor Matches
NO BRIMSTONE.

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OMINION BREWERY
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est in the market. They are
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IS A SPECIALTY
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S OF WOMEN—Painful, Pro-
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CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for Gonorrhœa,
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Whites, unnatural dis-
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Sold by Druggists,
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Mammoth Value—Easy Terms.
$950.00 purchases nice 7-roomed solid brick residence in West End. Stone foundation, slate roof, gas, bath, w.c., and full-sized cellar, deep lot, etc.
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Aluminum Treble Ground Pens.
A Full Assortment.
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TWENTIETH YEAR | TEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING MAY 30 1899—TEN PAGES | ONE CENT

The Senate Reading Room S

WERE NO CONDITIONS SIR WILFRID SAYS

Who Could Have Loaded Up the American Press on This Boundary Question?

SOME ONE AFTER TROUBLE

But the Canadian Premier Says It Couldn't Have Been Authorities at Washington

WHO ARE AWARE OF ALL THE FACTS

The Contention Regarding the Alaskan Boundary is Pretty Fully Explained in the House.

Ottawa, May 29.—(Special.)—In the House of Commons to-night Col. Prior called attention to the despatches in the morning papers to the effect that Canada was responsible for the failure of the negotiations with respect to the Alaska boundary because Pyramid Harbor was claimed, and asked if the Government had any statement to make in the matter.

Sir Wilfrid Speaks Out.

The Prime Minister, Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied: Of course, I have, like everybody else, noticed the series of articles and correspondences that have appeared in the American press. I believe I am not saying too much when I state that there is an evident attempt on the part of somebody to create the impression that Canada has taken a very unfair position in regard to the settlement of the Alaskan boundary. It has been suggested in some quarters that the authorities in Washington must in some degree be responsible for such a statement appearing so frequently, so repeatedly, in the American press. I am quite sure that the American authorities in Washington are free from blame in this matter.

The U. S. Authorities Know.

I am sure they cannot in any way have authorized or sanctioned any such expression of opinion appearing in the press, for the very simple reason that the American authorities know perfectly well in what condition the question stands at the present time. I have only to repeat that the position to-day, on May 29, is exactly what it was when the commission adjourned in the month of February last. There has been no change, and so far as this Government is concerned there will be no change.

The Canadian Contention.

My hon. friend (Mr. Prior) asks me to state what is the contention maintained by the Government of Canada, or by the commissioners of Canada, with regard to the Alaskan boundary. I am not in a position at this moment to give any information on this point. I may say that I hope that, perhaps, without making any promise or even undertaking to anticipate coming events—I hope that perhaps the negotiations of the commission upon this subject may be laid before Parliament during the present session. As I say—I make no promise upon this point.

Papers May Be Made Public.

I hope that before we separate we shall be able to lay before Parliament the exact condition of things, that is to say the statement of the views maintained before the commission and of the point on which we disagreed. While I cannot say what was the position maintained by Canada upon this question, still I may say, without revealing any secret, that it is well-known by everybody, who has given any attention to the study of the question of the boundary, that the boundary is defined by the treaty between Great Britain and Russia in 1825. According to our construction of the treaty, according to the construction that has been maintained all along, the boundary line should follow the crest of the mountains nearest to the coast, passing over bays and creeks and inlets, which are territorial waters.

The U. S. Contention.

The contention maintained by the American authorities all along is that the boundary line should be placed so as to place in American territory the strip of territory which is given to Russia by the treaty of 1825, beyond and above all head water. That was the contention, I may say, which was maintained all along by both parties and it may be assumed without doing violence to any understanding, that this was the position maintained by the British Commissioner. The contentions of both parties were so far apart that it shall not surprise any one if I state that it was difficult to come to an understanding. Nor shall I surprise any one if I state that we endeavored on both sides, both American commissioners and Canadian commissioners, to reach a settlement by a fair compromise.

No Compromise Possible.

After we had negotiated on this basis for a long time we came to the conclusion that even a compromise could not be reached upon that question, and, having reached that conclusion, that it was not possible by the commission to effect a settlement of this question by giving and taking and by reconciling either party to the views of the other, we came to the conclusion that the only thing to be done was to have the question referred to arbitration.

Venezuela as a Precedent.

We proposed, and the statement was made when we adjourned, that is to say, the British commissioners proposed, that the arbitration should be held on the lines of the Venezuela precedent. That position was ours, and it was not coupled with any other condition. The only proposition which we made was that the matter should be referred to arbitration, and that the arbitration should proceed exactly on all fours with the lines of the Venezuela precedent. All statements made that this was coupled with any other condition were absolutely erroneous. This is the set statement of the case that I have to make at this moment, and I hope I have made it sufficiently clear to have it understood by everybody in this House.

Sir Charles Was Thankful.

Sir Charles Tupper: I am sure that the House is greatly obliged to the right hon. gentleman (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) for having gone as far as he could properly go under the circumstances in giving a brief explanation of the present position of this question. One of the great difficulties, I suppose, that were encountered at the outset was the determination of the meaning of the term "coast." The United States authorities contended that ten leagues from the coast counted from the upper waters on the inlets, whereas the British plenipotentiaries have undoubtedly always con-

Continued on Page 2.

REV. DR. BLACK ACCEPTS

Cabled Last Night to Mr. Justice Maclennan That He Will Come to St. Andrew's Church.

At last, after much searching and anxious waiting, St. Andrew's Church has a pastor.

It was a sad blow to the parishioners when Dr. McCaughan was called away to Chicago.

Citizens said: "Can we get one to fill his place?" The matter was placed in the hands of an able committee, and various persons were sought after, but the unanimous choice finally fell upon Rev. Dr. Armstrong Black of Birkenhead, England.

More than seven hundred signatures of members of the congregation were placed upon the call extended to this gentleman. The call was passed by the congregation, carried to the Presbytery, recommended and forwarded to the Ministers' Presbytery in England.

Yesterday morning Justice Maclennan received a letter from Dr. Black expressing has pleasure at such a cordial invitation, but, stating that though personally he would gladly come, yet all rested with his Presbytery that met yesterday.

Last night a cablegram reached the Justice, announcing the Presbytery's recommendation of the call and Dr. Black's acceptance.

The new pastor is an impressive-looking man, standing fully six feet in height and is broad-shouldered. He wears his hair rather long and has the appearance of a student. He has a magnetic presence and the easy carriage of a cultured gentleman.

He has had extended experience, lasting some 25 years, in active ministerial work. He has held charges in St. Andrew's, Irvine, Waterbeck, Edinburgh, Kilcreggan and Birkenhead. He has been much sought after and has endeared himself to his several parishes.

He is an eloquent preacher and wins

Rev. Dr. Black.

friends as much by his kindly disposition as by his earnest spirituality. He is an ideal pastor, going in and among his people, to their spiritual uplifting, sympathizing with them and encouraging them in their troubles. Both in pulpit and out of it he is always the pastor of his people.

Dr. Black will come to Toronto in August. He will not come alone, but will be accompanied by his wife, to whom he was married in 1896. She is said to be a charming woman. As one said: "She is literally the most beautiful woman I ever saw. Everybody is delighted with her. She speaks the Gaelic, too."

Dr. Black is a graduate of Edinburgh University, where he toook a high stand as a scholar and orator.

MR. OGILVIE AND THE YUKON

It Does Appear as if Sir Hibbert Tupper Was Barking Up the Wrong Tree.

PURPLE STAMPED ENVELOPES

Create Enquiry in the House — Is Anybody Speculating in Them, as Alleged?

Ottawa, May 29.—(Special.)—After routine the House proceeded at once to the answering of questions put by members, a large number of which were replied to, nearly all of them being of a local character.

Sir Louis Davies said, in reply to Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, that Capt. Moore of the Allen steamer California had informed him that he attached no value whatever to the tidal survey.

Purple Two-Cent Envelopes.

In answer to a question put for Mr. Quinn, the Postmaster-General said that no mistake had been made in printing the purple two-cent stamp envelopes, and that none were recalled from circulation. The Government had not taken any steps to ascertain the truth of charges made in the press that Government officials had secured a large stock of these purple envelopes, and are making them the object of a speculation for their personal profit, because the Government did not know anything about the matter; but, if these gentlemen would make a charge that any stamps had been improperly obtained, the department would make an investigation. It was not the intention of the Government to print any more purple two-cent envelopes.

Eight Reports From Walsh.

Mr. Sifton, in answer to Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, said that eight reports had been received from Major Walsh, under order-in-Council, on the 17th of August, 1897. Six of these reports have been brought down, and the other two will be included in a return which is now being prepared.

Questions re Name Ogilvie.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper asked: Had Mr. Ogilvie, the Commissioner of the Yukon, any connection with the British Canadian Gold Fields of the Klondike, Limited? 2. If so, what was it? 3. If so, when did he cease to have any connection with the said company? 4. Is the Government aware that the prospectus of the company refers to Mr. Ogilvie as asserting: "That, to his per-

Continued on Page 4.

THE STORM STRUCK BUFFALO.

A Number of Persons Were Hurt and Much Damage to Property Resulted—Loss at Tonawanda.

Buffalo, May 29.—A severe rain and wind storm passed over Buffalo and vicinity this afternoon, causing considerable damage to property and injury to a number of people. In this city a 90-foot smokestack at the works of the Buffalo Cast-Iron Pipe Company was blown over, and in falling it crushed in the wall of the foundry building. Andrew Riedle and Valentine Hahn, workmen in the foundry, were probably fatally injured, and 20 others were slightly hurt.

At Lockport, the grand stand at the Lake-avenue ball grounds was wrecked. Daniel Toothill, 14 years old, was fatally injured. Two other boys, named Albert Murphy and Sharkey, were painfully injured. Reports from Tonawanda, Jamestown and other places tell of much damage in the way of trees and outhouses blown down, windows blown in and signs torn down. Many houses were struck by lightning in outlying districts.

Pember's Turkish and Vapor Baths 127 and 129 Yonge. Bath and bed, $1.00

A Charming Attraction.

Such an abundance of exquisite roses at Dunlop's. You are always sure of the perfect freshness of all flowers. Roses from 50 cents a dozen. Dunlop's artist will either arrange them for you or give you ideas for striking effects for all festivities. 5 King W. 445 Yonge-street.

Cook's Turkish Baths—204 King W.

To-Day's Program.

Baptist Convention, last day, 9.30 a.m.
Grand Orange Lodge meets, 2 p.m.
Burns' Monument Committee, St. George's Hall, 8 p.m.
Annual meeting U. C. Bible Society at Westminster Church, 8 p.m.
Trinity Medical College Convocation, Spruce-street, 4 p.m.

Dr. Riordan of Toronto, who is president this year of the International Association of Railway Surgeons, accompanied by Mrs. Riordan, left yesterday for Richmond, Va., where the annual convention begins this week. Dr. Riordan will deliver the opening address.

WHAT CIVIC TORONTO ASKS

That the Trackmen's Strike Shall Be Settled on an Equitable and Fair Basis.

MEMBERS WITH RAILWAY PASSES

Came in for Some Criticism at the Hands of Alderman Spence—The Views Expressed.

Business began at the City Council yesterday with a motion by Ald. R. H. Graham, as follows:

That whereas the strike of the G.T.R. trackmen affects the comfort and convenience of many families residing in the City of Toronto and exposes the lives of the traveling public to imminent danger;

Resolved that this Council respectfully petition the Dominion Government to take such steps as they may deem necessary to terminate the strike on an equitable and fair basis.

"Everybody," said the mover, "sympathizes with the strikers. Everybody hoped to see them get better than the miserable pittance of 9c cents per day."

"In the public interest we want to see this strike terminated at once. The Government, as the representatives of the people of Canada—"

Ald. Hubbard: "Which people?"

Ald. Graham: "Well, a majority of them, at any rate." The alderman wanted to see the commerce of Toronto conserved; that was another reason for his motion.

Ald. Hallam saw no harm in the resolution, but saw no reason for Council to interfere till they were asked.

Too Much Meddling.

"There is too much meddling here with outside affairs," he said.

There was a little political bantering and then Ald. Lynd, while sponsoring the Government, said it ought to appoint a special commission to settle all strikes.

"The resolution," said Ald. Bowman, "may do good; it can do no harm."

Ald. Spence liked the mover's speech, but not his resolution. He favored a straight motion of sympathy with the strikers.

A Well-Heeled Lot.

"For," said he, "of the 213 members of the House of Commons, over 200 have railway passes in their pockets. How do you expect justice from subsidized men like that?"

Sentiment With the Strikers.

The sentiment of Council was undoubtedly with the strikers. The Mayor even wanted to embody Ald. Spence's views.

Ald. Crane gave vent to a little cynicism with respect to Ald. Graham's motives, but was solid with the majority.

Ald. Davies was a little disordant. "I couldn't encourage further strikes," he said, "by voting for this resolution."

It carried in its original form, however, without dissent.

FAVOR ARBITRATION.

Toronto Conservative Club Sympathizes With the G. T. R. Trackmen in Their Strike.

Mr. D'Arcy Hinds, at the meeting of the Toronto Conservative Club last night, moved the following resolution, which was passed:

That it is in the best interests of this country that courts of arbitration should be established, before which it would be made compulsory to bring all labor disputes that arise between employer and employes.

Also, that this club extends to the Grand Trunk trackmen, at present on strike, hopes that, in view of the righteousness of their cause, the corporation with whom they are in dispute will accede to the demands of the hard-worked and poorly-paid trackmen.

Interest in the Strike.

The hotel clerks are busy now answering travelers' enquiries as to "how the strike is." Great interest is being taken in it, and there seems to be general sympathy with the men's cause, although a general strike of train hands would cause great inconvenience to the traveling public.

For Ventilated Shoes—144 Yonge-street

O'Brien Beat Flaherty.

New York, May 29.—Jack O'Brien of this city defeated Martin Flaherty of Lowell, Mass., in a 25 round bout before the Lenox A.C. to-night. The bout went to the limit. Flaherty was the favorite at 100 to 60, but there were plenty of O'Brien men on hand, who backed the New Yorker. O'Brien fought cleverly all the way, and at no time did Flaherty have the better of the contest.

Armeda Ceylon Tea has the flavor.

Lakeview Hotel, Parliament and Winchester-streets. Terms, $1 and $1.50 per day. Special rates to weekly boarders. Table d'hote 6 to 8 o'clock. C. R. Ayre, manager, Mrs. M. A. Ayre, proprietor. 246

CAN'T BLUFF JACK.

JACK CANUCK (to Mr. Bull): Well, old man, if you're not going in I'm going to see what our chin-whiskered friend over there has.

IS THIS ANOTHER BLUFF?

"If" the Attorney-General Says They Can Do It, Retaliation Against Canada Will Follow.

ONTARIO GOVERNMENT'S ACTION

Is the Cause of All the Soreness, But All the Provinces Will Have to Suffer.

Washington, May 29.—Senator McMillan of Michigan had a long conference with Secretary Gage to-day regarding the proposed imposition of a countervailing duty on lumber imported from Canada. Senator McMillan on behalf of the Northern timber interests, strongly urged early action, and if the Attorney-General, in his expected opinion, holds that under the proviso in section 195 of the Tariff Act, the Secretary can lawfully impose a practically prohibitive duty on lumber from the Canadian provinces, such action almost certainly will be taken. The section in question authorizes the imposition of a retaliatory duty on lumber from any country or dependency which may impose an export duty on logs. The increase will apply to lumber of all kinds imported, not only from Ontario, but from any other Canadian provinces.

Nothing Hit But Lumber.

New York, May 29.—The Journal of Commerce has the following from Washington: "There will be no action taken regarding bonding or transit privileges between Canada and the United States with the purpose of retaliation against Canadians for the present prohibition upon export of logs."

WHERE IS THE DRIVER?

Grocer Teasdale Says He is Missing and So is the $73.

Mr. R. C. Teasdale, a grocer at 176 Terauley-street, is minus $73, so he told the police last night. He gave this amount to an employe yesterday afternoon to drive down to several wholesale houses and purchase provisions. The young man drove away, and that was the last seen of him. When 6 o'clock came and he did not turn up, Mr. Teasdale became anxious about his money and horse and wagon. He visited Police Headquarters, and the policemen on the beat were told to keep a lookout for the missing horse and cart. About 10 o'clock the horse and wagon were located down at the Union, where they had stood for several hours. The driver has not yet been found.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., Patent Solicitors and experts, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Was Fooling With a Cartridge.

London, Ont., May 29.—Fred Terry, 17 years old, living at 354 Lyle-street, was hammering a revolver cartridge Sunday, when it exploded, the bullet entering his leg. The ball was located by the aid of the X-rays and extracted. The wound is not serious.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Bath and bed $1.00. 202 and 204 King W.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Prof. Jehin Prume, the eminent violinist, died in Montreal yesterday, aged 60 years.

William Waddington, butcher, a respected native of Kingston, bachelor, high in the Masonic order, an Episcopalian, retired Saturday night, apparently in the best of health, but during the night was taken with a pain in the chest, which became worse, and at noon on Sunday he died from heart disease. He was 62 years old.

Pember's Tukish Baths, 129 Yonge-st

WINNIPEG STRIKE IS OVER

And There is General Rejoicing in the City Over It—Arbitration Decided On.

THOMAS GREENWOOD FOR BRANDON.

School Teacher Assaulted a Little Girl and is Sentenced to Be Flogged.

Winnipeg, May 29.—All the strikers are at work to-day, and there is a general feeling of relief throughout the city. The arbitrators met this morning to select a third man, but they did not come to any agreement, further than deciding to ask some prominent citizen who would likely be agreeable to both sides, if he would act, if chosen. Ex-Mayor Taylor's name has been prominently mentioned as the third arbitrator, but Mr. Galt denied the report that he had been definitely selected.

Thomas Greenwood has been nominated by the Conservatives of North Brandon to contest the Local seat.

W. H. Paulson of the Dominion Immigration Department has returned from the South. He says a large number of Icelandic families, with stock and machinery, are arranging to leave Dakota and settle in Alberta shortly.

The C.P.R. time-table changes take effect June 18.

Pierre Lardon, formerly school teacher at Notre Dame de Lourdes, was found guilty of indecent assault upon a girl about 10 years of age, and sentenced to four months' imprisonment, with hard labor, and to receive 25 lashes.

Two Galician boys, charged with breaking into and stealing goods from a store, were ordered to be whipped by their father.

A Galician who arrived lately was traveling in the vicinity of Ethelbert when he was frightened by another Galician into giving him $10 under threats of violence.

The electric light bylaw recount was dropped to-day. The city waives any claim it had to use the private wires of the company.

Lady Davies continued her journey west to-day.

Summer Shells at Dineens'.

The lightest shells in felt hats for the hot-weather season are seen at Dineens' in Derbys and other stiff hat styles, and in soft Fedora shapes, in drab, pearl, covert, brown and other fashionable summer shades, at $1.50, $2, $2.50—and an incomparably choice grade at $3. The feather-weight drab Fedoras look and feel so cool on men's heads that they will supplant straw hats to a great extent this summer—and there are a dozen different summer Fedora shapes to choose from at Dineens'.

Headache cured quickly without depressing the heart. Bingham's stimulating headache powders cure or money refunded. 12 for 25c. Bingham's Pharmacy, 100 Yonge-street. 246

Fly Screens. Phone 5597 for something up-to-date.

Steamship Movements.

May 29.	At	From
Lake Ontario	Fame Point	Liverpool
Soph. Rickmers	Father Point	Hamburg
Victoria	New York	Naples
City of Rome	New York	Glasgow
Scale	Gibraltar	New York
Fremona	Shields	Montreal
Georgian	Liverpool	Montreal
Lake Superior	Liverpool	Montreal
Tritonia	Glasgow	Montreal
Planet Mercury	London	Portland
Rydal Holme	Cork	Quebec

Sailed.	From	To
Monteagle	Montreal	Bristol
Pomeranian	Montreal	Glasgow
Montrose	London	Montreal
Iona	Shields	Montreal
Merrimac	Barry	Montreal

GREAT FIRE IN ST. THOMAS

Robertson, Lindsay & Co.'s Big Departmental Store Has Gone Up in Smoke

ALONG WITH GOODS WORTH $85,000.

A Severe Loss to the City—Insurance on Stock $60,000 and on Building $25,000.

St. Thomas, Ont., May 29.—Robertson, Lindsay & Co.'s establishment, the largest departmental store in Western Ontario, was completely destroyed by fire to-night. The building is one of the largest in the city, and comprises about six stores. It is comparatively a new structure, having been built two years ago, and is situated in the centre of the city, directly opposite the postoffice.

The fire started on the third flat, in the tailor shop, at 11.15 p.m. In a very few minutes the whole structure was a mass of flames. The firemen were promptly upon the scene, but their efforts were fruitless, not a dollar's worth being saved, the walls alone standing. The stock is valued at $85,000, the building at $25,000. Insurance on stock in the neighborhood of $60,000, and on building $25,000. The names of the companies interested are not obtainable to-night. The fire is a serious blow to the city of St. Thomas. The new metallic service of the Bell Telephone Company is also badly wrecked, seven large cables being broken and tangled badly. Their loss is also heavy.

Every article that is dyed in these works is done by skilled workpeople and scientific methods. Lady Kirkpatrick says: "The work done by you for me has been done most satisfactorily." R. Parker & Co., Dyers and Cleaners, 787-791 Yonge-street, Toronto. Phones 3037, 3040, 2142, 1004, 5028.

Sumptuously Furnished.

"You have not seen the sights of the city if you have not been in Muller's," said a gentleman as he stepped into Muller's cigar store yesterday. His friend had evidently "quit winner" at the races, for he bought five boxes of Upmann's finest Havanas, remarking, "A friend of mine who lives in Montreal says he buys all his cigars here." Then they passed on into the new smoking room, the room that is sumptuously, yet tastefully, furnished, in the quaint old English baronial style.

Monuments and Plumbers' Marble—newest designs and perfect stock. Prices right. The Queen City Granite Co., Limited, 45 Queen St. East. 246

BIRTHS.

GORMLEY—At Burndennette Farm, Unionville, May 18, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. George Gormley.

MARRIAGES.

JOHNSTON—INCE—At Gravenhurst, on 27th inst., by Rev. Mr. Mitchell, G. E. Johnston, to Mabel, daughter of the late T. H. Ince, Toronto.

DEATHS.

DANDIE—At Cleveland, Ohio, May 25, William Henry Dandie, formerly of Toronto, aged 44 years.

Funeral from 202 Elizabeth-street, Tuesday, May 30, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, at 2 p.m.

SCHOLEFIELD—Accidentally killed at Rossland, B.C., on May 20, William Frederick Scholefield, youngest son of the late Charles Keeling Scholefield of the Merchants' Service, aged 40 years.

The funeral will take place from the undertaker's, in Oakville, at 3 o'clock to day.

BROTHERHOODS AS YET TAKE NO ACTION

Situation of the Trackmen's Strike Still Remains Without Change.

MEN ARE IN GOOD SPIRITS

And Claim That None of the Strikers Have Retreated and Returned to Their Work.

WHAT ORGANIZER LOWE SAYS.

The Men Are Winning the Fight, He Thinks, and All Are Anxious to Avoid Accidents.

The Grand Trunk trackmen in Toronto were in the best of spirits yesterday over the good news that was received from their executive in Montreal. They also hailed with delight the speech delivered by Mr. E. F. Clarke on the strikers' grievances in the House of Commons and the utterances of Hon. Clarke Wallace.

"We Are Winning."

The following telegram was received from A. B. Lowe, in Montreal: "Grand news from all parties. Italians and constables are making public sympathy hot for us and chasing the Dagos. Cannot replace us. We are winning."

Organizer Lowe's Letter.

Bro. James Imrie also received a lengthy letter from Mr. Lowe yesterday, in which that representative gives a review of the situation since the strike began, and the manner in which the deputation of trackmen were received by the representatives of the Brotherhoods of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers.

In part, the letter says: "Our mail and telegrams to-day indicate greater firmness and determination than at any period of the strike. They have not been able to weaken the heart of one man, and have not been able to replace one man from Portland to Toronto. We still hold the fort. I was informed that a gang was preparing to run the section men out of Sherbrooke, but I forbade it. We have not rushed into this hot-headed; the company forced us to it. But we have shown that we have three things essential to good trackmen—sand to stand up for our rights, perseverance to keep at it and the courage to take all the risks it needs.

Missed His Mark.

"Mr. McGuigan, in sizing us up as a lot of 'poor unfortunates,' missed his mark. I do not know what kind of men he has been used to in the West, but evidently he totally misjudges Canadian character. When a road is patrolled by policemen with guns, I suppose, instead of by trackmen with wrenches, I think the end is near. In and around Montreal I did not ask the men to come out. They were then not members of the Brotherhood. To-day they are. I think if anyone now asked Mr. McGuigan to settle he would gladly do so. Uncle Mr. Hays says, 'Gentlemen, I have had enough,' we will let him have his constables. We can fight single-handed and show what strength the trackmen have."

Mr. Lowe also refers to the plans of the campaign as laid before the Board of Adjustment of the Engineers and Firemen at Montreal. He was told that his plan of action was a good one, and the grievances justified a strike, the responsibility resting with Mr. Hays.

News From Lindsay.

Later in the day another missive was received from Lindsay. It told of the meeting there of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. A resolution was passed and forwarded to General Superintendent McGuigan to the effect that unless the trackmen were re-engaged at fair wages they would join in the fight within a few days. It also said that the line from Belleville to Brockville was in "an awful bad state." The trackmen in the vicinity of Lindsay, the letter added, were being offered $1.50 per day if they would return to their duties.

Mr. Harris' Telegram.

While the men were preparing to go to their homes last night the following telegram came from James Harris, in Montreal: "Good news from all over. Good results of union meetings."

The Alien Labor Law.

Secretary Thomas Irwin visited Mr. W. B. McMurrich's office yesterday morning for the purpose of having that representative of the Government enforce the alien labor law should the Grand Trunk resort to hiring foreign labor. Mr. McMurrich was out of the city and the interview was postponed until this morning.

Organizer Lowe in Toronto.

The Grand Trunk train from the east, which arrived last night at the Union Depot at 9.15 o'clock, carried Bro. A. B. Lowe, Grand Organizer of the Brotherhood of Railway Trackmen. This is Mr. Lowe's first visit to the city since the beginning of the strike. He was met by a deputation consisting of Secretary Thomas Irwin, James Imrie, Ed Martin and J. Low. The representative was heartily received and during his short stay was he besieged with questions as to the condition of affairs and the probable outcome of the fight.

Talks to To World.

Mr. Lowe talked to a World reporter and assured him of the success that the trackmen will have

Continued on Page 2.

Fine and Warm.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, May 29.—(8 p.m.)—Pressure is now below the average over the greater portion of Canada, except in the Maritime Provinces, where it is comparatively high. Thunderstorms have been very numerous in the lake region, and rain has fallen generally east to Quebec.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 46—56; Kamloops, 48—60; Calgary, 34—64; Qu'Appelle, 42—62; Winnipeg, 50—70; Port Arthur, 42—52; Sault Ste Marie, 50—70; Toronto, 48—70; Ottawa, 52—74; Montreal, 56—70; Quebec, 44—54.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate to fresh southwesterly to westerly winds; fine and warm.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Showers or thunderstorms at first, then fair and warm.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate to fresh winds; unsettled and showery.

Maritime Provinces—Moderate to fresh southeast to southwest winds; fair to cloudy with showers.

Lake Superior—Moderate winds; generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Manitoba—Fair and warm.

At Oak Hall Clothiers, 115 King-street east, are suits to suit men who will not be suited with suits that are not all right.

POOR COPY