

# Vipond Stamp Mill is Making Good --- Dome Ex. Down Again

## ANOTHER SUDDEN RAID ON DOME EXTENSION

**Porcupine Stock Drops to a New Low Record Price — General List Shows Sympathetic Action — Nothing Doing in Cobalt Issues.**

World Office, Friday Evening, July 12.

A sudden collapse in Dome Extension, which broke thru to a new low

record at 15 1/2, and a sympathetic

weakness in some of the other lesser

porcupine stocks, were the features of a

rather dull session of the mining ex-

change to-day. Trading was nervous,

the majority of the listed issues being

quiet in only to the extent of a couple

of board lots.

For some days there has been a large

block of Dome Extension overhanging

this exchange and the burdensome sell-

ing which it has occasioned caught the

market in the vulnerable position. The

buying demand was undoubtedly very

limited to-day, and in all probability

the decline was quickened by the

operations of the bearish inclined in-

terests, who saw in the financial sit-

uation of the company a good basis

for putting out short lines. After the

low price had been reached the stock

raised a bit and the close at 17 1/2

represented a decline of little more

than a point.

The general list did not come in for

any voluminous trading and in the

main prices held comparatively steady.

Hallinger was on offer at \$13 1/2 all day

and the close represented no altera-

tion in the quotations. Pearl Lake

dropped back to 27, the selling being

inspired by the announcement that the

big shareholders were asked to enter a

pool, the why of the selling being

any such effect on the market it was

hard to say.

The Cobalt list moved entirely in a

downward direction, the active issues

being right on a par with

those of the preceding day.

Standard Exchange.

Open. High. Low. Cl. Sales.

Porcupines—

Apex— 3 1/2 11 1/2 10 1/2 1,500

Do. 60 days— 12 1/2 13 1/2 12 1/2 1,500

Do. 90 days— 11 1/2 12 1/2 11 1/2 1,500

Do. 120 days— 10 1/2 11 1/2 10 1/2 1,500

Do. 150 days— 9 1/2 10 1/2 9 1/2 1,500

Do. 180 days— 8 1/2 9 1/2 8 1/2 1,500

Do. 210 days— 7 1/2 8 1/2 7 1/2 1,500

Do. 240 days— 6 1/2 7 1/2 6 1/2 1,500

Do. 270 days— 5 1/2 6 1/2 5 1/2 1,500

Do. 300 days— 4 1/2 5 1/2 4 1/2 1,500

Do. 330 days— 3 1/2 4 1/2 3 1/2 1,500

Do. 360 days— 2 1/2 3 1/2 2 1/2 1,500

Do. 390 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 420 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 450 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 480 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 510 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 540 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 570 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 600 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 630 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 660 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 690 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 720 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 750 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 780 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 810 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 840 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 870 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 900 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 930 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 960 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 990 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 1020 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 1050 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 1080 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 1110 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 1140 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 1170 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

Do. 1200 days— 1 1/2 2 1/2 1 1/2 1,500

## RAND OUTPUT AT HIGH RANGE

**South African Gold Fields Reach New Record for Production in Half Year—The June Output.**

LONDON, July 11.—In June the

mines of the Rand produced 73,988 fine

ounces of gold, compared with 68,697

ounces in June, 1911, and 62,131 in the

corresponding month of 1910. The out-

put was valued at \$2,202,517, against

\$2,077,854 in the same month last year

and \$2,555,042 in June, 1910.

The following table gives the output

of gold at the Rand (in fine ounces):

January— 1912 1911 1910

February— 73,988 61,027 60,188

March— 70,886 61,023 67,392

April— 69,733 67,065 67,118

May— 73,680 67,747 61,045

June— 77,652 68,351 63,170

July— 78,938 68,567 63,151

August— 70,252 68,714

September— 71,407 68,250

October— 70,825 68,339

November— 70,844 63,147

December— 71,729 64,331

Total— 709,908 640,805

Total— 4,842,907 3,247,728 7,534,130

The following table shows the total

value of each month to the present

time:

1912 1911 1910

Jan.— \$2,130,339 \$2,708,596 \$2,654,493

Feb.— 2,839,322 2,384,634 2,448,783

Mar.— 3,028,598 3,171,740 2,578,877

Apr.— 3,138,283 2,986,297 2,629,535

May— 3,211,794 2,915,724 2,692,753

June— 3,302,617 2,907,854 2,665,002

July— 3,012,738 2,718,033

Aug.— 3,030,360 2,757,919

Sept.— 2,976,065 2,747,838

Oct.— 3,010,130 2,774,350

Nov.— 3,067,213 2,728,554

Dec.— 3,015,499 2,735,715

Total— \$21,597,044 \$24,921,620 \$22,902,912

## WEEK'S REVIEW ON LOCAL MARKET CHANGES

Intense heat gripped the live stock

markets this week and buying tapered

into a comatose state. Consumers are

taking about 50 per cent less of meats

this during the cooler weather.

The supply of cattle, although consid-

erably decreased from that of one year ago

very large bulk of it coming in the

middle of the week. The market was

very quiet and the price of beef cattle

was generally poorer than one

year ago.

Exporters decreased in price from 30c

to 20c on the grasses offered and were

down from 30c to 20c below the quota-

tions of two weeks ago. No well-fed cat-

tle was brought in.

Butcher's Demand.

Butcher's demand suffered a

reduction of 50c a hundred on the good

quality, and the on the poorer grades,

quotations fluctuated from \$7.50 for the

good of one week ago, to \$7.25 to \$7.40,

and from 80c on the medium quality to

\$5.50 and \$6. Commons sold from \$4.50

to \$5.50.

This is a fall of over \$1 a hundred on

good butchers during the two weeks.

Butcher's cows slumped \$1 a hundred

and closed at \$5.50 for the good and from

\$4.50 to \$4.75 for the mediums, with com-

mons going at \$3.50 to \$4.

The calf market fell a straight \$1 at the

close on Thursday, in addition to a sharp

decline of one-quarter to one-half cent

a pound on Wednesday. The commons

were off Thursday from \$1.50 to \$2.

Four grades came in freely Wednesday

and Thursday and the demand was

as the last continued.

Fast heavy ewes dropped one cent dur-

ing the week, closing on Thursday at \$2.

Butcher's kept pace with the heavy ewes.

Light ewes were easier with a drop of

one-half cent during the week, closing at

Thursday.

Alfalfa spring lambs held steady through-

out the week, with the good cattle offering

the last of the week saw a slight waver-

ing in the price, as many lambs of very

poor quality came in. In general there

was a decrease of 20 cents a hundred with

the close steady at \$3.50. Poorer grades

went down to \$2.

Eggs, owing to the scarcity, stiffened

to a firm quotation, but remain at the

old figures of 30c to 35c.

Butter and Eggs.

The only change during the week from

last week's prices was in creamery

solids, which, when the price went

up one cent to 30c per lb.

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old figures of 30c to 35c.

Stackers of a fair average held strong.

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During the week and closed more firm

than any other offering on the market.

The buying was strong during the week,

many farmers picking up cows and year-

lings to take back to the farm. Several

hundred head were returned to the grass.

The stock quality averaged from \$5.75 to

\$6.75, which was considered high, as com-

pared with the price of beef cattle.

Mild and a few firm during the week

and closed within the range of \$40 to \$75.

The offerings were good and the sales

rather brisk for this season.

But few heavy bulls were received,

which added in keeping the market up

several notches higher, with less slump</