

the bulky food on his farm, and also as much as possible of the concentrates (meals). Very often, meals, such as oil-cake, gluten-meal, etc., may be purchased at reasonable prices, thus increasing the milk-flow and adding to the fertility of the soil.

The standard of production should be *one cow for each acre of land.*

ADVANTAGES OF DAIRY FARMING,

MORE ESPECIALLY TO ONTARIO AND EASTERN CANADA.

1. Our soil and climate are well adapted for dairying. The soil, more especially in Ontario and some parts of Quebec, is well suited for growing all crops needed for the production of milk. The Maritime Provinces have excellent pastures and grow large crops of hay and plenty of coarse grains. Manitoba and the North-West can furnish the bran, which is such an excellent food for cows. In British Columbia, creameries, where established, thrive remarkably well. Ontario is almost surrounded by the great fresh water lakes, which temper the winter and moisten the atmosphere of the summer. The Maritime Provinces feel the stimulus of sea breezes, which have been helpful in developing the dairy countries of Europe. Our population is inclined towards dairying, as we are descended from the famous dairymen and dairywomen of Europe—English, Scotch, Irish, French, Germans—the blood of these dairy races runs through the veins of Canadians, hence we are predisposed to favor dairying.