

Sir HENRY THORNTON: It is extraordinary how cheaply you can haul passengers and make money if you are sure you can load your trains. The Great Eastern Railway in England, which perhaps did the largest suburban business of any railway in the world, made money on the suburban business at a very low passenger-mile-rate because the trains were not only filled, but packed to the roof.

Sir HENRY DRAYTON: I have been on them. You travel with a minimum of comfort and a maximum of profit to the line.

The CHAIRMAN: Are you ready to proceed with the estimates?

Sir HENRY THORNTON: Mr. Harris asked some questions about compensation. Shall I just file this statement?

Sir HENRY DRAYTON: Yes, put it in with the record.

The CHAIRMAN: Yes, it may be filed.

(Whereupon the said statement was offered and admitted; ordered made a part of this record, and is in word and figures as follows, to wit:)

COMPARISON OF SCALES OF COMPENSATION UNDER THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACTS, ETC., OF THE DIFFERENT PROVINCES OF CANADA
IN CASE OF DISABILITY—COMPENSATIONS (PLUS COST OF MEDICAL AID) ALLOWED

Percentage of average earnings on which compensation is based.

British Columbia, 62½ per cent medical aid.

Alberta (Accident Fund), 55 per cent medical aid.

Manitoba, 66⅔ per cent medical aid.

Ontario, 66⅔ per cent medical aid.

Quebec, 50 per cent (25 per cent of 50 per cent over \$1,000 up to \$1,500).

New Brunswick, 55 per cent medical aid.

Nova Scotia, 55 per cent medical aid.

Saskatchewan, lump sum not exceeding three years earnings or \$2,000 whichever is the larger, limited to \$2,500 (no medical aid).

Prince Edward Island, no Workmen's Compensation Act.

Maximum average earnings considered

British Columbia, \$2,000 per annum, medical aid.

Alberta (Accident Fund), \$2,000 per annum, medical aid.

Manitoba, \$2,000 per annum, medical aid.

Ontario, \$2,000 per annum, medical aid.

New Brunswick, \$1,500 per annum, medical aid.

Nova Scotia, \$1,200 per annum, medical aid.

Saskatchewan, lump sum, not exceeding three years earnings of \$2,000 whichever is the larger, limited to \$2,500—maximum \$2,500—Maximum \$2,500 (no medical aid).

Quebec, \$1,000, 50 per cent. Surplus to \$1,500—25 per cent (no medical aid).

Prince Edward Island, no Workmen's Compensation Act.

Minimum Compensation allowed—unless earnings are less than the amount of earnings.

British Columbia, \$5.00 per week.

Alberta (Accident Fund), \$10.00 per week.

Manitoba, \$15.00 per week.

Ontario, \$12.50 per week.

New Brunswick, \$6.00 per week.