. 1854

TRINITY COLLEGE. The last letter of the Canadian corres pondent of the New York Church Journal of service to give the letter in full :--DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

"I must now proceed to give you the promised particulars with respect to Trinity College, feeling confident that they will prove welcome to those who have already manifested so warm an interest in its welfare, not merely by words but by deeds. The whole number of students on the books at the 'commencement,' last October, was 115. I believe the number is considerably greater now than it was then. Of this body 50 are matriculated students, 40 are devoting themselves exclusively to the medical

profession, and 25 are students in law. All the matriculated students reside in the college. with the exception of a few whose parents reside There are 8 students at present in Toronto preparing for Orders, but several of the students in the Arts will, in all probability, become candidates for the ministry when they have graduated.

The college expenses are, for residents \$200 per annum ; this charge includes board, rooms, fuel, washing, and all the fees, with the exception of a matriculation fee of \$5, and fees for degrees. The washing allowed to each student Non-resident students in Arts pay 62 dollars per annum. There are three College Terms. C. There are three College Terms. C. There are three College Terms. annum. There are three College Terms- St. John's ch. Berkley, per Rev. Dr. Michaelmas, from October 1st to December 20th; Lent, from January 10th to second Satur-Christ-ch., Port Maitland 2 1 day before Easter ; and Easter, from first Saturday after Easter to July 1st. Residence per Rev. A. Townley. or attendance during the whole of these terms is required. It is necessary to keep 9 terms, or 3 years, for the degree of B. A. There are terminal examinations, and an examination in the work of the whole year at the end of the Easter Term. The examinations for the B. A. degree, are held at the beginning of October every year. Candidates complete their college lectures and Brought formful 254 5 6

examinations on the 1st of the preceding July. and thus have three months of preparation for their final ordeal. Students are received at the St. Philip's, Markham 11 3 (4.6) beginning of the Lent or Easter Terms, but it is a serious disadvantage to them not to enter in Octob The Divinity Course extends over two years,

In the case of a graduate of Trinity College or any other recognized University. If a young man comes as a divinity student, without a degree, and cannot afford to go through his course in the arts before commencing his studies in divinity, his whole term of residence may be shortened to three years, on the approval of the professors; provided always, that he has com-pleted his 21st year before entering on his Divinity Course. He has also the privilege of coming forward as a candidate for the B. A. decree which he may obtain if he study the degree, which he may obtain if he study the arts diligently, in private, in addition to his Divinity Course. The first year of his resi-dence is devoted nearly exclusively to the arts. The college authorities are anxious, when pos sible, that candidates for orders should be three

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years in the arts, and two studying divinity. There are five divinity scholarships, tenable for four years each, open to competition next October; one worth \$120 per annum, two \$100 Hon. the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, K and two \$80. A portion of the time has to be spent in the Arts Course. A scholarship founded by His Grace the Duke of Wellington, worth \$200 per annum and tenable for two Jears, is awarded every year to the student who has peed the best avamination at the close of as passed the best examination at the close of his first year. The student who comes in second guished and numerous company attended on the 18 entitled to one of the Burnside Scholarships, occasion, and after the dinner the galleries were or that of Bishop Strachan, each of which is occupied by a party of ladies. worth \$120 per annum and is tenable for three years. The Hon. J. H. Cameron has, with of Newcastle, the Most Noble the Marquis of great munificence, just founded two scholar-ships, for the sons of clergymen in British North America, worth \$100 each. A law scho-the Earl of Ellesmere, the Right Hon. Lord arship, worth \$120 and tenable for three years, Monteagle, the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, is als are said daily at 7.30 A. M.; evening prayers M.P., the Right Hon. Sir John Young, Bart., 9.30 P.M. All students are required to attend regularly. On Sundays there is full service, morning and afternoon, and on holy days morn-ing prayers at 11 A M., with sermon. The gates are closed at 7 P. M. in winter, and 8.30 Built Hon. Sir John Foung, Bart., M.P., this Excellency James Buchanan, the Right Hon. Sir John Pakington, M.P., Lord Stanley, M.P., Sir Francis Head, Bart., the Hon. Francis Hincks (Prime Minister of Canada), the Chief Justice of Lower Canada, Lieutenantbe absent twice a week till Chapel time, but additional leave, in special cases, may be ob-tained on application. Meals are all taken in the black of the protocol taken in the taken in the black of the protocol taken in the black of the protocol taken in the black of the protocol taken in the black of the taken in the black of the protocol taken in the taken in taken in the taken in take the hall, one of the professors being present; and lectures are delivered from 9 a.M. to 1 P.M. Each student has a room to himself, furnished with good plain furniture, but bedding and a few extras have to be furnished by himself; so likewise a concurrent advertise. The Earl of Elgin was received with loud cheering. He said: My lords and gentlemen, it is really very difficult for me—I am sure I speak very unaffectedly when I say it—to find words to express what I feel on this occasion (hear hear). The indefatigable Secretary of the Diocesan Church Society, the Rev. T. S. Kennedy, has returned from an extensive tour through the Eastern parts of the Diocese, on behalf of the Society. His reports of the growth of the church, and the increased energy of the laity in her behalf, are, I understand, very encouraging. B. A.

"The desolate places of Connaught and Kerry are the strongholds of proselytism. It is un-questionable that many are falling away from the faith."—*The Lamp*, Dec. 4th, 1852. relates to Trinity College. Though much of the information will not be new to in the southern and western parts of Ireland, many of our readers, we think it may be are well aware of the evils that have been produced amongst them by the vile efforts of pro-selytizers, either directly sent amongst them from England and Scotland, or employed and paid by English gold."—Weekly Telegraph, Sep-tember 24th, 1853.

Our readers will perceive that the Rev. D. E. Blake's letter is simply explanatory and defensive ; and that he does not press his plan. The letter was unavoidably postponed last week.

DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

THE CHURCH SOCIETY OF THE DIOCESE OF TORONTO. COLLECTIONS MADE IN THE SEVERAL CHURCHES, CHAPELS AND MISSIONARY STATIONS ON BE-HALF OF THE THEOLOGICAL STUDENTS' FUND, APPOINTED TO BE TAKEN UP ON THE 19TH OF MARCH 1854.

Brought forward 211 4 8 Christ-chnrch, Scarboro' 1 7 6 15 0 St. Paul's ch. do. St. Jude's ch. do. 10 0 per Rev. W. Belt. ______ 4 6 2 12 6 16 3 _ 2 16 6 15 0 Hillier Wellington per Rev. R. G. Cox. 5 0 Ingersoll, per Churchwarden 15 0

Brought forward 354 5 1 0 0 4 6 Gracechurch, do. per Rev. George Hill. ----15 9

217 collections, amounting to £356 1 3 THOS. SMITH KENNEDY, Sec. C. S. D. T. Toronto, April 27, 1854.

MONEYS RECEIVED ON ACCOUNT OF CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF SYNOD. Previously acknowledged, £12; St. Paul's

Church, Dunnville, per Rev. A. Townley, 11s. £12 11s. THOMAS SMITH KENNEDY.

European News.

DINNER TO THE EARL OF ELGIN, GOVERNOR GENERAL OF CANADA.

(From the London Morning Chronicle.) Last night a sumptuous banquet was given at the London Tavern, in honour of the Right a seat on the chairman's right. A very distin

open for competition. Morning prayers M.P., the Right Hon. Sir George Grey, Bart., [Of the speeches delivered, we can find room only for Lord Elgin's.—ED. CH.] mmenced his speech by saying that he felt it to be an honour to be called up, in the presence of so many persons connected with official life, so many distinguished persons of the City of London, and so many individuals connected with Canada, to address such a company as is now here assembled. Then, what must be my feelings, when I recollect that all these persons have met together to do honour to so humble an individual as myself (hear hear?) It has been said, and said upon high authority too, that out of the abundance of the heart the Those of our readers who have read the mouth speaketh ; but I cannot help feeling that report lately published in our columns of the abundance of the heart tells sometimes all the exceedingly interesting speech delivered by the Rev. Benjamin Cronyn, at the Church Society meeting lately held in St. Catharines, will read the following extracts, exceedingly grateful to the gentlemen connected taken from a late number of the Dublin with Canada, and to the friends who have done me the honour to invite me to this most sumptuous entertainment, and to the noble lord, who REASONS FOR INCREASED EXERTION. The success with which God has blessed the Irish Church Missions has drawn forth the ut-most energies of the Romish Church to resist Thish Church Missions has drawn forth the ut-most energies of the Romish Church to resist the aggression. As a consequence of the very blessing vouchsafed, the Irish Church Missions find all the powers of the enemy in battle array against them. To such a pitch have the fears of the papacy been excited, that the Roman Catholic Hierarchy, alarmed at the falling off of so many from their church, in so short a time, found it necessary to organise a machinery found it necessary to organise a machinery specially for the purpose of counteracting pro-selytism; and, about two years ago, established the "Catholic Defence Association," to stem the Onward and another the noble lord as Colonial Secretary, I have had ample opportunity, during my official career, of onward progress of Ireland's reformation in the nineteenth century. The attempt proved a failure; in less than two years the "Catholic Defence Association" became extinct, and the how numerous are the monuments which he has house occupied as its office has become of late left behind of a wise and beneficial adminis the Office of the Irish Church Missions in Dublin. tration of colonial affairs (cheers.) He has been good enough to give me credit for certain ROMAN CATHOLIC ADMISSIONS. We repeat, that it is not Tuam, nor Cashel, for Armagh, that are the chief seats of success-been good enough to give me credit for certain qualities of judgment and firmness in the dis-targe of what I believe to have been my dury; but I think that before I are noncomponente to ful proselytism, but this very city in which we live."—*Tablet*, 8th November, 1851. live."—*Tablet*, 8th November, 1851. "We learn, from unquestionable Catholic anthority, that the success of the proselytizers in almost every part of the country, and, we are told, in the metropolis, is beyond all that the worst misgivings could have dreamt of. There is not only no use in denying these statements, but it would have are not of the model of the possession of these qualities? At any rate, I remember an instance—I should not but it would have are not of the post of the post is not only no use in denying these statements, but it would have are not of the post of the post but it would have are not of the post of the post worst misgivings could have dreamt of. There is not only no use in denying these statements, but it would have are not of the post to the post of the post of the post to the post of the post of the post and post of the post of the post the post of the post of the post and post of the post the but it would be an act of treachery to the best interests of the Catholic Church to conceal them, so eminently characteristic of the noble lord or even to pass the matter over as a thing of no and so illustrative of the secret of that influence great moment. But there is no Catholic who does not regard the movement—if he be a sensi-ble and sincere one, and not a brawler and a mountcheat and sincere one, and not a brawler and a honourable men—I remember the case of a public servant, certainly not a person of any great eminence or authority, not a person certainly, whom there would have any great difficulty in throwing overboard, at a time more especially when the waves of adversity were running high, and seemed to threaten to close or an that moment was that moment was been do not be hered but who at that moment was the possession of the colonial press mountebank — with, we were going to say dismay, but we shall substitute for the word, indignation certainly, whom there would have any great and shame."-Dublin Evening Post, November difficulty in throwing overboard, at a time more "There can no longer be any question that the systematized proselytism has met with an immense success in Connaught and Kerry. It is true that the Cathelia Church and the systematic of very onerous and is true that the altars of the Catholic Church have been deserted by thousands born and bap-tized in the ancient faith of Ireland. "Shall the soupers and tract-distributors accomplish the work which all the force of Eng-land, for three hundred years, has been unable land, for three hundred years, has been unable to effect?"—Nation Newspaper, 20th November, 1852. It is solve a problem in government which had baffled the skill of far abler men; and I remem-ber how, when that individual was made the object of attacks (of which I will now say

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nothing, because they were natural enough (cheers;) and what is more, that they will under the circumstances)—I recollect, I say, how the noble lord provoked a burst of chival-entrusted to a people, because I believe that on rous sympathy in an assembly of English the success of our Canadian experiment not only the liberties of many other colonies depend, but tative and organ, by the use he made of these to a far greater extent than many suppose the simple words, "We should be the basest of men if, believing Lord Elgin to be in the right, we were to desert him in his difficulty" (cheers). I will only add a word I should be the most ungrateful of men (and that is a character to which at least I can lay no claim) if I were to forget those words, or the of a noble and high-minded people, too great roumstances in which they were spoken (hear, to entertain unworthy suspicions and jea hear, hear.) From the high arena I can look - a sympathy towards a youthful and kindred back to my career in Canada, extending now people who are endeavouring, with steps not so over a period of seven years-a long time, considering the rapidity with which events

of which I may mention the fact that five of my predecessors in the office of Governor-General have hardly filled that situation for a more extended term -I can look back in retrospect

and reflect upon the progress which the colony has made, and to the changes that have taken place, not in its outward form and structure, but in the practical working of its politi but in the practical working of its pointed institutions—upon the shock—the inevitable shock—which these changes have given to feelings and prepossessions for which I candidly confess that I feel a sincere sympathy, and I might be greatly tempted on this opportunity to enter into some explanations and details which might serve to throw light upon past transactions, and to remove doubts from the minds of those whose good opinion I desire to secure. But, upon reflection, I have resolved to resist that temptation, because I feel that the time at our disposal this evening is very precious, and that we have other and far more important matters in hand. I must say for myself that what is chiefly gratifying to men in connection with this re-union, and far more gratifying than any bearing which this assembly may have on my personal interests and prospects that my humble services, you will, should have furnished an occasion for bringing together so many influential persons in the centre of this busy metropolis, and induced them to bestow upon Canada a few hours matched from their ordinary cares and other coupations (cheers). For I cannot but think that it is greatly to be regretted tha little attention is apparently at least, in the usual course of things, bestowed upon this class of subjects. This seeming indifference has not only a tendency to chill the feelings of the colonists, by producing a corresponding feeling in them, but it induce the people of this country to set a lower value than they ought to do upon colonial interests (hear, hear). I have had the good fortune, within the last two or three months, to be present twice at great banquets held in honor of Governors of East India Presidencies, and attended by many distinguished persons in this country. I confess that when I listened to the glowing pictures of the prospects of India submitted to those audiences, and duly spread over the country through the instrumentality of the press. I could not help feeling something of jealousy and regret that no similar opportunity was given for calling the attention of the people of this.country to that great western lependency which, though it is no doubt inferior in wealth and importance to India, and though its condition in many respects even contrasts strikingly with the condition of India, is not Beef-new nhabited by native tribes, but by a population drawn from the most energetic and active races, inglishmen, Frenchmen, Irishmen, and Scotch-nen, and is bordered not by effete and decayed mpires, but by a youthful and vigorous reput ic, whose distinguished representative has nonored us with his company this evening, and between whose country and the people of Canada generally, give me leave to say that Canada, nothing but feelings and mutual respect and Europa. gratitude are entertained (hear, hear, hear). Well, gentlemen, your great kindness to me personally has provided just such an oppor-tunity, and I believe that there are very few

ersons in this country without the walls of is room who form any adequate conception f the magnitude of the question with which we are dealing, when we talk of the interests and the future of Canada (cheers.) This Canada, which we speak so glibly, is the great heart British America, and the greater part of the orthern continent of America is still British.

"We should be the basest of men future greatness and happiness of the mother unequal as many persons imagine, to side by side with them in the career of moral succeed each other in new countries, and in proof and material improvement. (Loud cheers.)

The Church.

ARRIVAL OF THE "ASIA." New York, April 29-2 P.M. The Asia arrived at noon, with Liverpool dates to the Sth inst.

The Arabia arrived out on the 8th. The Washington at Southampton on the same day. No battles yet on the Baltic. Russians dis-mantling their fortresses on the island of Aland. Napier's fleet still at Kioge bay. Navigation was open at St. Petersburgh.

Navigation was open at St. Petersburgh. The allied fleet entered the Black sea to effect Toronto, April 27th, 1854. movement in conjunction with Omar Pachathey have steered for Varna.

As soon as hostilities commence in the Baltic. the Empress and the Russian Court will remove to Moscow.

The Russians were raising all the fortresses in the Dobrodscha; their position was considered critical-reinforcements were called for. The l'urks were falling back to Trojan's wall in good

The Turks had beaten Gen. Ushakoff, in Besarabia, and forced him back. The Turks have crossed the Danube between

Russian passage of the Balkans the cause of Wire in the point, they are not Genuine. war.

reject the Czar's proposal, propounded in his letter to the King of Prussia. A despatch from Berlin says, negotiations

and Great Britain.

John Russell confirmed the statement that Austria was concentrating troops on the frontier Always ask for the agent's certificate, and be of Servia, but as negotiations were still in progress he could not state what course Austria POINTS, near the base. would pursue.

April 26 is appointed a national fast day throughout Great Britain. A riot occurred at Barcelona on the 13th.

Several citizens killed. A man named Boschi was arrested as the

assassin of the Duke of Parma. LIVERPOOL MARKETS .- Richardson Brothers

Corn is a trifle lower. Western canal flour 38s @ 37s; Baltimore and Philadelphia 36s 6d @ 37s; Ohio 37s @ 35s. Corn-white

Beef-new 12s. Pork unsaleable Bacon lower-fair quantities 42s @ 43s.

Lard nominal 54s, tendency downward. Tallow lower. Cotton-better feeling-fair a shade dearer.

Baring's London Circular quotes money un-changed. Consols 874 @ 878. The Asia passed on the 16th p.m., steamer Canada, signalled on the 20th at 3 a.m. steamer

ARRIVAL OF THE "ARABIA."

Halifax, April 15th. The Royal Mail steamer Arabia, from Liver-The Collins steamer Pacific, from New York Royal Mail Steam Packet Office, The Collins steamer Pacific, from New York Saturday 2d, arrived at Liverpool on Friday 14th.

The news by this arrival, although presenting no new feature of striking importance, is very interesting. From Madrid we learn that Spain has made



N MONDAY, THE 1st DAY OF () MAY next, at 12 o'clock, noon. ed for Sale by Public A Frame House on Victoria Street, lately owned by T. W. Anderson, Esq., situated on the corner of Richmond and Victoria Streets. The said house to be removed from the line of Victoria Street, which it now in part occupies within one month from the day of sale. And immediately afterwards will be offered for Sale, a LOT on Queen-street, having about 20 feet frontage on said street, and extending south-ward along Victoria-street, about 105 feet, forming the south-east corner of Queen and Victoria Streets; also, a similar sized **LOT on Rich**mond-street, forming the north-eastern corner of Richmond and Victoria-streets.

TERMS OF SALE.

For the House-cash at the time of Sale. third in six months, and the remainder in twelve months by approved indorsed notes A. T. McCORD,

Chamberlain 39 td

PROTECTION FROM LIGHTNING By Spratt's Patent Lightning Rods.

MANUFACTURED BY E. V. WILSON & H. PYPER & BROTHER, 50, YONGE STREET.

THE Subscribers are the only authorized agents for the sale of these valuable rods in the Canadas. Manufactured and for sale, wholesale and retail, at their manufactory,

50 Yonge Street, Toronto. CAUTION-Allow no man to protect your icopolis and Rustchuck. It is not rumored that Austria will make the his rods; and if they have not the Platinum

coating of the point is of a composition metal The English and French governments entirely that never rusts, retaining its brightness for

between Austria and Prussia were not yet closed. out for Rods manufactured at St. George, C. W. Prussia had joined in a Protocol signed in They purport to be Spratt's Points and Rods, Vienna on April 3rd, between Austria, France but are not. They are made of steel highly polished; but will become coated with rust In the House of Commons, on Friday, Lord after the first night's exposure to the atmosphere; consequently rendering them useless. sure to notice the stamp, SPRATT'S IMPROVED

NOTICE.-No Policy of Insurance covers losses by lightning, unless burned down or set

on fire AGENTS WANTED. E. V. WILSON & H. PYPER & BRO.,

50, Yonge Street, Toronto, April 15, 1854.

quote a suspension of the excitement in bread-stuffs, and wheat declined 2d @ 3d; four 1s 6d CALLING AT

Whitby, Oshawa, Darlington, Bond Head Port Hope and Cobourg.

38-6m.

THE STEAMER



CAPT. ROBERT KERR.

WILL until further notice (commencing on Saturday next, the 8th instrumenting on Saturday next, the 8th instant,) leave this Port for Rochester, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at 10 o'clock precisely. Returning, will leave Rochester every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday morning at 9 o'clock. calling at the above Ports going and returning, weather permitting. G. B. HOLLAND,

Agen

37-tf Toronto, April 5, 1854.

Circulating Library.

THE LIBRARY formerly open for circulation under the management of HENRY RowsELL, being about to be re-opened with

Trinity College, Toronto.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION for MA-TRICULATION and for SCHOLARSHIPS will mmence on MONDAY, October 2nd, 1854. The following SCHOLARSHIPS will be open to mpetition:

FIVE DIVINITY SCHOLARSHIPS, tenable for our years, viz: one of £30 currency per annum, wo of £25, and two of £20. The holders of these Scholarships will be re-WHOLESALE AND BETAIL

uired to reside for four years, during the first wo of which they must attend Lectures and Axaminations in the Arts Course. ONE CAMERON SCHOLARSHIP, tenable for & Collard, London-Bacon & Raven, N. York hree years, of the annual value of £25 currency, open to the sons of Clergymen of the United

hurch of England and Ireland, resident and doing luty in British North America, with a prefer nce, cæteris paribus, to Candidates in eceive Holy Orders in the Church of England. The holder of this Scholarship must graduate

BRASS & WOODEN INSTRUMENTS FOR BANDS, Genuine Italian Violin Strings; FLUTINAS AND ACCORDEONS ONE LAW SCHOLARSHIP of the annual value of £30 currency, tenable for three years, either before or after the degree of B.A. The holder must regularly attend the lectures in Arts till the ime of taking his degree, and must declare his

ntention of afterwards prosecuting the study of All persons presenting themselves for exami-

Parts. for the use of Choirs. Anthems and Ser-vices of Boyce, Green, Croft, Nares, Jeremiah Clarke, Clarke, Whitheld, Jackson, Kent, and nation must produce testimonials of good conduct. Candidates for Matriculation must have entered on their sixteenth, and for Scholarships, upon their

eventeenth, year. The subjects of examination may be learnt by pplication to the Provost of Trinity College, who will also furnish any other information re-

ONE WELLINGTON SCHOLARSHIP of the annual value of £50 currency, tenable for two years, and one BURNSIDE SCHOLARSHIP of £30, tenable r three years, will be awarded to students con. mencing their College course in October next, according to the result of the yearly Examination

the following June. TRINITY COLLEGE, ? Feb. 24, 1854.

FEMALE EDUCATION. CLERGYMAN, who is anxious to secure A for his own child the advantages of home education under the superintendence of an ac-complished lady, is induced to offer to receive ne young lady into his family, to be treated in all respects as a member of it.

31 -td

permitting.

Toronto, April 5, 1854.

For further particulars, apply (if by letter, postpaid) to the Rev. the Secretary of the Church ociety, Toronto. October 26, 1853 13

TRACTS ON CONFIRMATION

Per Hundred The Bishop of Toronto's Tract on Confirmation, ... 8 0 The following published by the S. P. C. K.

Also the following, published by the Bristol Tract Society. No. VIII. A short Catechism Preparatory to Con-

5 0

MISCELLANEOUS. A large supply of Tracts always on hand, including the Publications of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, and of the Bristol Tract Society.

Italian are also taught. Terms per quarter, for Boarders, including all the various branches in English and French, with Music, Drawing and Needle
 work
 £15
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 Pupils under 10 years of age
 12
 10
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 Day Pupils
 6
 10
 0

 Under 12 years of age
 4
 10
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 Singing
 5
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 HENRY ROWSELL, Church Depository,

King Street, Toronto. March 15th, 1854.

HENRY BOVELL HOPE, Conveyancer, Land, Life and Fire Insurance Agent,

Broker, commission merchant OFFICE-Corner of Church Street ; entrance from

Front Street. Messrs. FYSON, CURLING & Co., Solicitors, No. 8, Frederick's Place, Old Jewry, London. In Particulars of property for sale, &c., will found in the advertising columns of the out. The Fourth Term of this set the done. Messrs. Fyson, Curling & Co., Solicitors, No. 3,

Truly yours, Diocese of Toronto, March 1854.

REFORMATION IN IRELAND.

Warder, with much satisfaction :--

REASONS FOR INCREASED EXERTION.

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True, a large portion of that region is barren and inhospitable, but as to Canada—and I may join with it the sister provinces—it is notorious that it contains a territory capable of sustaining many millions of inhabitants, and is inferior in its salubrity, fertility, and everything that can make residence desirable to persons of our race to no part of the American continent (cheers.) And as to it being the more northern part of the continent, I am obliged sometimes to say to our Canadian fellow-subjects, when with that modesty and diffidence which distinguish them, they yaunt of the great qualities of their southern neighbors, that in England, when we say that a man is too far north for another we do not mean to say that he is not likely to be his match (laughter;) and that if the Canadian people only make the most of their great resources and advantages, this proverb will become quite as significant in America as it is in Britain (cheers.) This magnificent ountry, the noble inheritance of the British people, and which in now brought by the agency of steam within a week's distance of our shores, is at this moment in a condition of prosperity altogether unexampled, and in affording to an extent which to its previous history furnishes no parallel a profitable field for the investment of English capital and a congenial home for the subjects of her Majesty of all ranks of life (cheers.) I can add also in confirmation of what the noble lord said, that a spirit of loyalty and attachment to the Queen pervades all classes of the colonists, whose institutions, as far as circumstances will permit, are now happily a faithful imitation of those of the mother countr (hear, hear.) • The people of Canada, divided as they are into different races and religions, and notwithstanding their party disputes, yet recognise the fact that the common interests which unite them are greater than the causes of division. (cheers.) This no doubt a ver different picture of the condition of Canada from what used to be sketched by those who formerly ried with each other in the contrasts they drew between the wretched state of our provinces and of the adjoining republic, and therefore I may be asked what are the causes which have produced the results that have recently been witnessed in Canada? Now, nothing could be more absurd than to ascribe the present prosperity of these provinces to any one single cause. Canada has largely participated in the prosperity which has prevailed all over the commercial world. I believe that she suffered severely in the first instance from the removal of protection; yet, although the consequence of the collapse in the artificial trade of the St. Lawrence was serious, I have no doubt, but by markets, and which will consist of a large assort-

energy and self-reliance Canada will be able to ment of repair the loss which recent legislation occa-sioned. (Hear, hear.) But above all these causes, there were causes, I think, in the old system of colonial governmnt which were very unfavorable to progress; and something has been done of late years to remove those obsta-cles. (Hear.) Formerly there were always two parties in the colony, one of which was self-styled the imperial and the other the clonial party. They took opposite sides on all disputed questions—the one looked for support to the authority of the Home Government, and the other called for Colonial independence; the strife was interminable. It has been said that the new system of responsible self-government been done of late years to remove those obsta-cles. (Hear.) Formerly there were always the new system of responsible self-governmen

by and bye take possession of the colonial press likewise. (Hear, hear.) I have often warned

if they do not pay the same scrupulous regard

ill reparation for the Black Warrior outrage. | considerable additions, by

The business of the week ended on rule of the following day being Good Friday. Cotton in good demand, the trade fairly met holders at an advance of 1s. 6d. @ 1s. 8d. as herefore the books. compared by the Asia's quotations; sales 40,000

Bread-stuffs are recovering from the depres sion of the previous week, and shewing, at the close, an advance of 1s. on flour; 6d. on wheat; Western Canal quoted 37s. 6d.; Ohio 39s.; White Wheat 12s. 3d.; Corn, good qualities, White 43s.; Yellow 42s. Provisions generally firm, fair demand. Lard

advanced to 54s. Consols had advanced to 87g. Quotations for American securities show no change. Trade improved in Manchester.

TORONTO MARKETS. April 13, 1854 TORONTO

Lonon10, A	pin	1 10	, ,	001	•
international and the second second	8.	D.		8.	D.
Flour-Millers' extra sup. per barrel	33	9	a	35	0
Farmers' per 196 lbs.	30	0	a	32	6
Wheat-Fall per bushel, 60 lbs	7	6	a	7	8
Oatmeal, per barrel	38	9	a	40	0
Rye, per bushel, 56 lbs.	5	6	a	6	0
Barley, per bushel, 48 lbs.	3	9	a	4	0
Oats, per bushel, 34 lbs	2	113	a	3	0
Peas, per bushel,	4	0	a	4	6
Potatoes, per bushel,	3	6	a	4.	6
Apples, per bushel,	3	6	a	4	0
Grass Seed, per bushel,	7	6	a	11	3
Clover Seed, per bushel,	33	9	a	35	0
Hay, per ton,	90	0	a	100	0
Straw, per ton,	40	0	a	50	0
Onions, per bushel,	8	9	a	10	- 0
Butter- Tub, per Ib	0	10	a	1	0
Fresh, per 10,	1	0	a	1	9
Beef, per 100 lbs,	40	0	a	45	0
Pork, per 100lbs,	35	0	a	40	0
Eggs per dozen	m 1	0	a	0	0
Ling wood nor gord	10	0	1	00	0

New Advertisements.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

COLLINS & WILSON

BEG to announce to their numerous Customers change. Survey SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

ALL THE NOVELTIES ! For the present and forthcoming season. They would particularly call the attention of the Ladies to their

-ALSO-Spratt's Compendium of Toxicology-illustrated

For Sale by HENRY ROWSELL, Bookseller, Stationer & Printer,

*

No fighting by sea or land. The Prussian and Austrian governments are carrying on an active correspondence. It is reported that the Russian expedition to Japan have succeeded in opening the ports of the Prussian and Austrian governments are is reported that the Russian expedition to Japan have succeeded in opening the ports of the Prussian and Austrian governments are is reported that the Russian expedition to Japan have succeeded in opening the ports of the Prussian and Austrian governments are the time the Library closed, and some of them have not yet been returned to him. Any party who may have volumes in their possession, or hat Empire. The business of the week ended on Thursday -the following day being Good Friday. who may have volumes in their possession, or know where any may be found, will confer a favor by informing H. Rowsell of it. Of course

> HENRY ROWSELL. Toronto, April 18, 1854.

Bells! Bells!! Bells!!! For Churches, Academies, Factories, Steamboats, Plantations, &c., made, and a large assortment kept constantly on hand by the Subscribers, at their old established and enlarged Foundry, which has been in operation for Thirty Years, and whose patterns and process of manufacture so perfected, that their Bells have a world wide elebrity for volume of sound and quality of tone. The present Proprietors have recently succeeded in applying the process of loam moulding in Iron Cases to *Bell Casting*—which secures a perfect casting and even temper ; and as an evidence of the unimpaired excellence of their Bells, they have just received-January 1854-the FIRST PREMIUM (A Silver Medal) of the WORLD'S FAIR in New York, over all others, several from this Country and Europe being in competition ; and which is the 18th Medal besides many Diolomas, that has been awarded them. have patterns for, and keep on hand, Bells of a variety of tones of the same weight, and they also furnish to order CHIMES of any number of Bells, or key, and can refer to several of their nake throughout the States and Canadas. Their Hangings, comprising many recent and valuable improvements, consist of Cast Iron Yoke, with veable arms, and which may be turned upon the Bell; Spring acting on the Clapper, pro-longing the sound; Iron Frame; Tolling Hammer; Counterpoise; Stop, etc. For Steamboats, Steamships, etc., their improved revolving Yoke,

or Fancy Hangings in Brass or Bronze of any design furnished. We can supply whole sets, or parts, of our Improved Hangings, to rehang Bells of other construction, upon proper specifi-cations being given. Old Bells taken in ex-

Surveyors' Instruments of all descriptions,

made, and kept on hand. Being in immediate connection with the prin-

nication, are respectfully solicited. A. MENEELY'S SONS,

West Troy, Albany Co., N. Y. 31 March 1: 1854.

EDUCATION FOR YOUNG LADIES.

usual departments of English, will comprise the French, Italian and German languages, Music, Singing, Drawing, Plain and Ornamental Needle-

ligious knowledge. The terms (payable in advance) will vary, Inkewise. (Hear, hear.) I have often warned my Canadian friends against doing anything to lead the people of this country to suspect that they were capable of abusing the powers con-fided to them, and pointed out to them that if they do not with some some some some based of the principal indigenous for Sale by for Boarders $\begin{cases} \pm 50.\\ \pm 60.\\ \pm 75. \end{cases}$ Day Pupils... $\begin{cases} \pm 15.\\ \pm 20.\\ \pm 30. \end{cases}$

Printer, King Street. 35-tf Toronto, Feb. 9, 1854.

Countryman newspaper. Toronto, C. W., Feb. 3rid, 1854.

THE TORONTO LADIES' SCHOOL.

33

Lady Principal.......MRS. POETTER. Lady ResidentMRS. HAMMERSLEY. ASSISTANTS.

Resident French Governess ... Md'lle Coulon. Writing and Arithmetic Mr. Barley.

 Writing and Arithmetic
 Mr. Bull.

 Prawing
 Mr. Bull.

 Music
 Mr. G. F. Hayter.

 Singing
 Mr. Humpbreys.

 The studies include a thorough English educa made, and hopes to be ready to offer his stock as can be made, and hopes to be ready to offer his stock as can be made.

tion, with French, Italian and German, Music, Singing (for Finishing Pupils) and Drawing.

The religious instruction is under the kind superintendence of the Clergymen of St. James's Cathedral. TERMS. *

(To be paid Quarterly and in advance.) Education£15 per annum. Finishing Pupils 5 " additional. Boarding and Washing 35 " (No extras.)

The continued applications for the admission of Boarders to this Institution, has obliged Mrs. Poetter to make some arrangements, which will enable her to receive a few more at Easter. She trusts that the parents of her pupils who can make it convenient will attend the yearly private Examinations of the School, when they will have an opportunity of appreciating the plans adopted by Mrs. Poetter for giving her pupils a sound and

orough English education. The fourth term of this institution will com-

nence on Monday, the 24th of A pril. Persons wishing for further information are requested to apply (if by letter postpaid) to MRS. POETTER,

Front Street. 35-6t Toronto, 21st March, 1854.

JUST RECEIVED, A NEW AND COMPLETE

Gazetteer of the United States,

G IVING a full and comprehensive review of the present condition, industry, and re-sources of the American Confederacy; embracing also important Topographical, Statistical and Historical information, from recent and original sources; together with the results of t e Censu of 1850, and population and statistics in many cases to 1853 : By Thomas Baldwin, and J. Thomas, M.D. With a new and superb map o

the United States. In one thick volume, boun in sheep, price £1. HENRY ROWSELL,

Bookseller, Stationer and Printer,
King Street.Toronto, Feb. 17, 1854.30THOMAS BILTON,
MEBCHANT TABLOR,ANo. 2, Wellington Buildings,
Trowserings, Vestings, &c., of the latest styles
and qualities, selected from the best EnglishAGRADUATE of King's College, Fredericton,
N. B., now studying for Holy Orders, is
desirous of engaging himself with a clergyman
of the Church of England, as Tutor to his sons,
and would be happy to assist and to this som studies.
A situation with a private gentleman would
not be objected to.
For further particulars apply to A. B., box
217, Toronto.Toronto, Feb. 15th, 1854.29

In ready made Clothing, Gentlemen will be mabled invariably to meet with an article got u GOVERNESS, to undertake the charge enabled invariably to meet with an article got u

enabled invariably to meet with an article got u in the best possible style. In a few days a well-assorted stock of men Mercer's will be to hand, which will be found to be strictly in character with every other branch of the business. In Official Robes, in their various orders, th

same regard to correctness will be adhered to which for some years has secured to this Estab-lishment so large a portion of business. Inve hours every morning to her Pu belong to the Established Church. Apply by letter to A. Z., Box 9 Toronto. 36-t

Toronto, March 28th, 1854]

e Old rε-rommence on Thursday 27th April. Religions instruction most kindly afforded by 28-tf Rev. Dr. Let', once a week, in the school. Toronto, Avril 6th. 1854. 36tf

155

33tf

MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

ESTABLISHMENT.

MESSRS, SMALL & PAIGE,

King Street, three doors west of Yonge Street,

TORONTO, C.W.

Have constantly on hand and for sale,

Every article of Musical Merchandize :

Piano Fortes,

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AGENTS FOR WARREN'S AND OTHER

CELEBRATED HARMONIUMS,

Melodeons, &c.

Likewise a very choice selection of the best

Church Music,

consisting of Oratorios, with the separate Vocal

13 The latest music from England, Paris,

HAMILTON AND TORONTO.

CALLING AT

Wellington Square, Oakville and Credit.

THE STEAMER

- mark

CITY OF HAMILTON.

WILL leave Hamilton every morning (Sun-

W day excepted.) at 7 o'clock, commencing on Monday next, the 10th instant. Returning, will leave Toronto at 2 o'clock, P. M., calling at

G. B. HOLLAND,

Agent 37-tf

2 10 0

the above Ports going and returning, weather

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

CONDUCTED BY

MONSIEUR AND MADAME DESLANDES

PINEHURST, TORONTO.

THIS Establishment is composed of, besides

the Principals, two highly educated resident English Governesses, and one French.

PROFESSORS :

Of Singing...... Mr. Humphreys. Of Music....... Mr. Ambrose. Drawing Master..... Mr. Lucius O'Brien. Writing Master..... Mr. Ebbels. Calistension

Calisthenics..... by a Master. The best English Branches (with Arithmetic)

are taught by a professor. The French depart-ment is under the immediate superintendence of Monsieur Deslandes, assisted by a lady recently

arrived from Europe, by whom German and

Italian..... 2 10 0

The high patronage and support experienced during the eight years Mons. and Madame Des-

landes have resided in Toronto, and the entire satisfaction expressed by the parents of the

by a Master.

Establishment for Young Ladies,

many, and the United States.

Toronto, March 15, 1854.

Boston, and from other good makers.

NEW WHOLESALE Millinery Establishment.

J. CHARLESWORTH, would respectfully intimate to his Customers and the Trade of Canada generally, that he has determined upon making great alterations by building an addition of 45 feet by 24, three stories high, to his premises. when he purposes to carry on his Wholesale

and is now manufacturing as large a stock as can be made, and hopes to be ready to offer his stock for the selection of buyers about the middle of

March next. The Toronto House, No. 60 King Street. 6 doors West of Church Street, Toronto, JOHN CHARLESWORTH.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A GOOD MILLINER, to assist in the selling department and in the general management of the Millinery business. Apply personally or by letter post-pa

The Toronto House, No. 60 King Street, JNO. CHARLESWORTH.

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A T the Toronto House, No. 60 King Street, Toronto, Fifty good Bonnet Makers, also Fifty Cape and Mantilla Makers, to whom regular employment will be given. JOHN CHARLESWORTH.

2 GOOD Salesmen for a wholesale and retail Millinery, Staple and F 2 GOOD Salesmen for a wholesale and retail Millinery, Staple and Fancy Dry Good Store. None but such as are competent to assume the management of the indoor business need apply, and to such a liberal salary will be paid. The Toronto House, No. 60 King Street, JOHN CHARLESWORTH.

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Dry Goods and Millinery, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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THE Stock is replete with all that is seasona-ble and fashionable, and offers great induce-ments to buyers. The stock of Millinery, for variety surpasses any other stock in Canada. No Second Price.

JOHN CHARLESWORTH. Toron'o, January 18, 1853.

GOVERNESS, to undertake the charge

Apply by letter to A. Z., Box 972, Post Office

February 23, 1854.

81-tf