

nests of this bird were found by Mr. Richard Shillington at City View. There were four eggs in each nest. Eggs probably a week in incubation. Nests were in cedars, about seven feet from the ground. The eggs were presented to the Geological Survey by Mr. Shillington.

BROAD-WINGED HAWK.—Nest seen by Miss Harmer on the 22rd, in an elm tree thirty feet from the ground. She was unable to discover whether eggs had been laid.—W.T.M.

SEMI-ALBINO SONG-SPARROW.—Mr. C. H. Young, of Hurdman's Bridge, has shown me a very beautiful specimen of a male song-sparrow, which he shot this spring (March 26th) near his house. The head and shoulders are white, as is the whole lower surface with the exception of the patch of feathers on the breast. In this specimen these feathers are darker than usual. The wing coverts and secondaries are beautifully and symmetrically marked with brown and white. Primaries white. Tail and tail coverts brown. The specimen has been beautifully mounted by Mr. Young, who is a skilful taxidermist, and will be exhibited at one of the evening meetings next winter.—J.F.

NOTE.—Owing to lack of space "Bird Notes for April" have been held over till the next number.—EDITOR.

SUGAR : ITS CHEMISTRY AND MANUFACTURE.

The honour of delivering a popular lecture at the recent convocation of Queen's University was conferred upon Dr. Adolf Lehmann, who for several years was Assistant Chemist of the Experimental Farms, and therefore personally well known to many of our Ottawa members. Since his return from Leipzig, Dr. Lehmann has been lecturing on organic chemistry and allied branches at Queen's University, and the esteem in which he is held there is evidenced by the fact that he was this year chosen to give the annual lecture in connection with the closing exercises.

Dr. Lehmann took for his subject, Sugar, treating it historically, commercially and chemically. His special research work