

Day—Longfellow's Purse \$300, gift of F. J. ... 1  
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J. M. ... 1  
 J. G. ... 2  
 G. W. ... 3  
 R. ... 4  
 F. B. ... 5  
 J. T. ... 6  
 G. W. ... 7  
 B. ... 8  
 B. G. ... 9  
 Time—1:51, 1:52.  
 May 17—Purse \$300, for beaten horses; horses beaten once allowed 7 lb; twice 12 lb; three times, 16 lb; \$250 to the first, \$50 to the second. Mile heats.  
 T. J. ... 1  
 J. G. ... 2  
 G. W. ... 3  
 Time—1:51, 1:56.  
 Note.—Bill Bass was "pulled" in the race, for which Shelton was ruled off.  
 Same Day—Purse \$250, all ages, \$200 to the first, \$50 to the second; mile and a quarter.  
 R. ... 1  
 G. W. ... 2  
 T. J. ... 3  
 Time—2:15.  
 Same Day—Purse \$550 for all ages; \$400 to the first, \$100 to the second and \$50 to the third; two miles and a furlong.  
 H. P. ... 1  
 W. ... 2  
 Time—4:15.

**Pedestrianism.**

**BARNES AND CARRUTHERS MATCHED.**

The principals in this match met at our office on Saturday morning last, and after very little negotiation, signed the following articles, which tell the story as far as the event has gone:—  
 ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT made this eighteenth day of May, 1878, between John S. Barnes and G. Carruthers, both of the city of Toronto, by which they agree to be mutually bound.  
 The said Barnes and Carruthers agree to run a foot race on the morning of May 24th next, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock, for the sum of Fifty Dollars a side, the distance to be one hundred yards, flying start, the race to take place on the Toronto Cricket Ground. The referee to be selected by mutual consent on the ground the morning of the race. Mr. P. Collins, of the CANADIAN SPORTING TIMES, to be stakeholder, and he is hereby authorized to pay the money over on the written order of the referee. Race to take place positively, rain or shine. Either man failing to appear will forfeit the money already posted. Twenty-five dollars a side is hereby deposited in the hands of the stakeholder as a forfeit, the remaining twenty-five dollars a side to be posted in his hands before five o'clock on the afternoon of Monday, May 20th. Any default in the posting of the second deposit to forfeit the money already up.  
 Witness, JOHN S. BARNES, G. CARRUTHERS.  
 J. O'CONNELL.  
 [The whole of the money in the above match has been received.—Ed. S. T.]

QUICK WORK.—At a recent meeting of the London, Eng., A. A. C., at Stamford Bridge, Fulham, Mr. L. Junker is said to have run 180 yards in 18 1/5 seconds.

**QUOTING.**

The Belleville Quoit Club met last week and elected the following officers:—President, Hugh McKinnon; 1st Vice-President, S. C. Edwards; 2nd Vice-President, R. S. Ball; Secretary-Treasurer, E. Hayne.

one hundred and fifty points. In two ... and Donohue, which resulted in a victory by five points for Dion. Dion's greatest break was seventy-two points, and Donohue's was twenty-eight points. Some very clever shots were made by all the competitors, which were applauded by the great number who were present. After the above matches were concluded, Mr. John Donohue gave an exhibition of ring shots, which comprised carousing around the edge of the table, around a hat, and several other very clever shots. There are in the room six splendid tables, and no pains has been spared to fit this room up with all the billiard requisites. With such an excellent proprietor, this billiard room is certain to be successful.

**AMATEUR BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.**

The billiard tournament, commenced at the Mechanics' Institute here during the winter, came to a close on Saturday with the following result.—Three ball game, ten competitors, first prize, Mr. W. A. Littlejohn, second, Mr. Charles Madison, third, Mr. W. S. Johnston; fourth, Mr. James P. Edwards. The last three gentlemen tied twice for second place, Mr. Edwards having to retire from the contest owing to illness. Four ball game, seventeen competitors, first prize, Mr. J. Langley; second, Mr. A. Gibson; third, Mr. Alex. Carmichael; fourth, Mr. J. T. Matthews; fifth, Mr. H. H. Haight; sixth, Mr. W. A. Searies. The prizes were cues of various values. The first prize in the three ball game was presented by Mr. R. G. Trotter, and the second by Mr. Samuel May. The first prize in the four ball game was presented by Messrs. J. M. Brunswick, Balke & Co. Chicago. The remaining prizes were made up of subscriptions.

Pius IX was a good billiard player; but a newspaper paragraph represents his successor as at first considerably taken aback by a request from Cardinal Franchi for permission to establish a billiard table in his own apartments. Leo XIII, however, yielded at once on hearing that his Secretary of State had been ordered by his physicians to play at billiards one hour a day.

**The Ring.**

**GLOVE FIGHTING IN NEW YORK.**

DONOVAN BEATS MCCLELLAN.  
 The second glove contest between Prof. McClellan, of New York, and Mike Donovan, of Chicago, took place on the evening of May 18. One hundred and fifty brokers, lawyers, sporting men, and well-known citizens were present. The contestants were in full prize ring costume, both being stripped to the waist. The rules of the English prize-ring were observed in every respect, except that the contestants wore light gloves merely to evade the law. Seven rounds were fought, and the battle lasted a little over fifteen minutes. McClellan's friends withdrew their champion on a claim of foul, which was not allowed by the referee, who awarded the contest and the light weight championship to Donovan. McClellan was badly punished about the face and body, while Donovan had scarcely a scratch.

**A CARD.**

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of memory, &c. This is the great remedy, and the only one that will cure you. Send for a copy of the book to Rev. J. J. ... New York City.

PETERBORO.—At a meeting of the Evergreen Base Ball Club on the following evening were elected for the ensuing year: J. McCallum, President; T. Kave, Captain; C. Mahon, Field Captain; W. M. ... Secretary and Treasurer.

WOODSTOCK.—At the meeting held by the Active Base Ball Club of Woodstock, May 16th, a new election of officers was called for, which resulted as follows:—President, T. H. Parker; Hon. President, A. V. McClellan; President, Wm. McKay; Vice-President, A. H. Fuller; Secretary, A. Weeks; Treasurer, James Goss; A. Ross, and Ed. O'Neill, Captain.

**Fur, Gun and Feather.**

**THE GAME LAWS.**

In addition to the Ontario statutes published last week, the following are further restrictions placed upon the destruction of insectivorous birds, and the protection of fish:—  
 Insectivorous Birds &c.—No birds may be shot, destroyed, wounded or injured, captured, bought, sold, or had in possession, except the birds above mentioned under the head of game, and eagles, falcons, hawks, owls, wild pigeons, kingfishers, jays, crows, ravens, plover, blackbirds and domestic birds and poultry.  
 Fines not over \$20 nor less than \$1, to go to the prosecutor.  
 Statutes of Ontario, 1878, chap. 45, and 1878 chap 22.  
 Fish—Speckled trout are not to be fished for, caught, killed, bought, sold, or had in possession between the 15th day of September and the 1st May. Order in Council passed 21st day of October, 1877. No means of catching or killing trout except by hand with hook and line.  
 Fines not over \$20 for such offences.  
 Lime, drugs, deleterious substances, saw dust and mill rubbish shall not be put or allowed to remain in any stream under a penalty of \$100.  
 Nets may be taken and removed by any person to be delivered to the magistrate.  
 Fines to go half to the prosecutor and half to the Crown.  
 Dominion statutes, 1868, chap 60.  
 FISH AND GAME SOCIETY.—A special meeting of the Peterboro' Fish and Game Society, was held on Monday night. Mr. Andrew Borrowman, was elected Sec. Treasurer for the current year. The Society expect to receive next week 20,000 more salmon fry from the Government establishment at Newcastle, which will be apportioned out between Bobcaygeon and Apaley.  
 The first plain hunters of the season arrived at Winnipeg recently, and report that many others will bring their furs to Winnipeg.

FISHMAN, out of East, \$14,000. ... by Stockwell, out of June, \$9,750. ... by Demark, by Stockwell, \$10,250. ... by Marbury, out of Nighting, \$8,000. ... by Dagmar, \$7,000. ... Several prizes fetched \$5,000. ... His Lordship, who was only beaten a head in the Marlborough Plate, was sold for \$2,000. ... Of the stallions, the Marquis, winner of the English St. Leger of 1863, by Stockwell, went to Mr. Cumming for \$1,000, and Fireworks, also to Mr. Cumming, for \$8,500. Angler was not sold. ... The total amount realized was \$236,175. The principal reason for the difference in prices in the countries mentioned over those realized in this country, are the facts that there is no support or encouragement given by this Government to encourage the breeding of horses, and also that the take owners are organized in those countries as to make them far more valuable than we have been able to make ours.

**AUCTION SALES OF HORSES.**

From time immemorial auction sales of horses, especially trotters, have been objects of suspicion to the public. The regular sales of thoroughbreds, at long-established breeding centres, have won their way to popular confidence through being conducted on sound business principles, but in other cases the facts have too often been otherwise. As a rule, when a man goes to an auction, with money in his pocket, it is in the hope and expectation of securing a bargain, and if he is morally convinced to advance that the choice stock will not be allowed to go to a bona fide bidder unless the price is satisfactory, he will not attempt the sale out will prefer to buy privately. Purchasers of horses have been frequently deluded we are sorry to say, by announcements that sales would be without reserve or by bidding, but when these sales were attended it was found that no horse could be bought below the value which his probably partial owner attached to him. Genuine buyers became tired of competing against men of straw, and going to the expense of useless journeys, and a cloud of suspicion settled down on all such affairs. The result of this feeling has been unfortunate to many honorably-conducted sales. Breeders of high reputation have advertised that their stock would be sold without reserve, but have been confounded in the minds of people with persons of less integrity, only a corporal's guard has attended the vendue, and the stock been knocked down at ruinous prices. Nevertheless, we are glad to note that some breeders have stood up to the rack under such circumstances, and strictly fulfilled their part of the contract. Their conduct will be of service to them in the future.  
 Notable instances of this kind are the recent sales of Messrs. Alden Goldsmith and J. P. Wiser. It must have been hard for these gentlemen to see magnificently bred and promising animals leave their possession for less sums than the services of their sires were valued at, and the after years of care, and expense, and risk, but they had agreed to make a clean sweep of all the animals in the catalogue, no matter how low the prices, and did so rather than break their words. And now, despite the apparent sacrifice, we are gratified to hear from both these gentlemen that they expect to reap their reward in the future. Their balance sheet for 1878 shows a loss of thousands of dollars, when their valuation of the stock sold and the amount received for it are compared, but they are far sighted enough to know that they have gained a reputation for square dealing that will be of service. When another spring comes the disastrous sale of 1878 will be the best possible advertisement for the sale of 1879 and a different class of buyers and in greater numbers will seek their farms. Competition for the prizes will be earnest, and good living prices realized. Such a result can be obtained by no other course of procedure than that followed by the gentlemen to whom we have alluded. It has been abundantly proved that, unless it is believed, as well as announced, that sales will be conducted without reserve, bidders will be scarce and illiberal, and we know no way to induce such a belief except by making sacrifices at first. As in another struggle for a grand result, breeders must "become perfect through suffering."—Spirit of the Times.