THE TORONTO RUBBER CO.
OF CANADA
T. McILROY, JR., & CO.
India Rubber goods of every description.
28 KING-ST WEST.

The Toronto World.

Dominion Royal Mail Line.
First Sailing from Montreal.
OREGON, May 8th.
All foreign money exchanged. C.S. GZOWSKI, JR., Stock and Exchange Broker, 24 King-street east.

TENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING APRIL 24, 1889. PRICE ONE CENT.

BOODLERS MAY BEWARE.

THE WELDON BILL PASSES THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Will Not Apply to Past Offences—The Copyright Act Amendment and Anti-Combines Bill Passed—The Supplementary Estimates Brought Down.

OTTAWA, April 23.—Three measures of importance and of general public interest passed through their final stages in the House to-day—the Copyright Act amendment, the Anti-Combines Bill and the Boodlers' Expulsion Bill. The latter lost its sting, however, for those members of the boodle brigade now disporting themselves in the Dominion, the retroactive clause being expunged, and the act will apply only to offences committed after its passage.

On motion for the third reading of the bill to amend the Copyright Act Sir John Thompson explained in answer to questions that it was not intended to allow any publisher a monopoly of the republication of a British work which he might obtain license to reissue in Canada. Respecting the limit of time within which a work copyrighted in Canada must be republished here after its publication in England, he did not think it would be fair to make that longer than one month, as in the meantime Canadian readers would be deprived of the opportunity of procuring the work.

He was opposed to allowing at all the importation of American reprints, as they would destroy the market for the Canadian publisher. He was assured that the general prices would not be increased under the provisions of the bill and that the prices of many desirable works would be cheapened.

As to the proposition to make the provisions of the bill retroactive with respect to the reprinting of British copyrights, he thought to do so would raise such opposition in Great Britain on the ground of interference with vested rights that the whole bill would be seriously imperilled, especially as we will have in connection an important constitutional question to settle with the Colonial Office.

The bill was read a third time and passed.

The Anti-Combines Bill was read a third time and passed. Mr. Curran offered an amendment to allow an appeal against a conviction to the highest court of appeal for criminal matters in the province where such conviction shall have been made up on all questions of law and fact, but this amendment was declared lost.

The Present Boodle Colony Safe.

On motion of Sir John Thompson the House went into committee on the bill introduced by Professor Weldon to amend the Extradition Act so as to permit the surrender by Canada of fugitives charged with certain criminal offences. Discussion on various proposed amendments arose and was continued after recess.

Strong opposition was made to the retroactive clause on the ground that under it the persons who had many years ago committed indictable offences in the United States but had since led honest lives would be liable to be surrendered, and much misery would thus be brought upon their innocent wives and families long after the offence had been forgotten.

On division the committee adopted an amendment moved by Mr. Lavergne and the bill will now apply only to offences committed subsequent to its passage. After other unimportant amendments the bill was reported by the committee and read a third time and passed.

The Export Duty on Logs.

Mr. Charlton, on Mr. Foster's motion to go into Committee of Supply, spoke at considerable length in condemnation of the recent increase in the export duty on logs. Though he believed that the Government had last fall increased the duty at the request of the lumbermen these same lumbermen had seen from the hostility that the increase had created in the United States that their sawn lumber market there was likely to be injuriously affected by the increase of the import duties and they therefore wanted the duty reduced. He considered that the action of the American Congress at its next session would be such as to compel Canada to abolish this duty.

Hon. G. E. Foster said the increased export duty had been imposed in response to the almost unanimous demand of the lumbermen. Now the same men wished the duty removed because of their fear of retaliatory legislation on the part of the United States. The result is a reduction of the duty was now under the consideration of the Government, and would be dealt with in the manner considered in the best interests of the country.

Mr. Robillard's Timber Limit.

In amendment to the motion to go into supply Mr. Barron moved a resolution censuring the Government for the sale in 1886 of a certain timber limit on the Indian Reserve at Whitefish Lake, north of Georgian Bay. He claimed that this timber limit had been sold to Honore Robillard, subsequently elected a member of the Commons, and that though the price paid was only $316 the limit had since been sold for nearly $50,000. He held that the Indians, for whom the land was held in trust by the Government, had been grievously wronged by the transaction and that it was done as a reward for Mr. Robillard's vote on the Riel matter in 1886 when a member of the Ontario Legislature.

Hon. Edgar Dewdney explained that the sale had been made in the usual course. The surrender from the Indians was obtained in the customary manner. Though this particular limit had many years before been sold by the Government for a considerable sum the title of the province had been disputed and the limit was never worked. The timber was being destroyed by fires, and it was represented that unless the limits were taken up and worked the timber would soon be rendered valueless. The Government had therefore determined to sell. So far from the Indians receiving $31 as their share of the price of this limit the fact was that when the timber was all sold the Indians would have received between $2500 and $3000, being their percentage of the dues of $1 per thousand feet collected for all the timber cut.

Mr. Robillard explained that the limit had been awarded nominally to him, but really to Riopel & Co. of Ottawa, for whom he had made the application. They were Liberals and had asked him to use his influence to secure the berth for them. They were intimate friends of his and he exerted himself out of friendship, but not one dollar had ever passed to him on account of the transaction. He did not know what had subsequently been realized for the limit because he had no interest.

After further discussion the House divided on the amendment, which was lost, 91 to 60. The House then went into committee of supply.

The House adjourned at 2.10 a.m.

THE CONSERVATIVE CAUCUS.

The Increase of the Judges' Salaries the Main Topic Discussed.

OTTAWA, April 23.—The caucus of Government supporters held to-day found so many subjects of party importance to discuss that an adjournment had to be made before the business was completed and another caucus will be held before the session closes. The date of prorogation was not discussed to-day.

The main topic turned out to be the proposed increase in the salaries of the judges, and this, after a vigorous opposition on the ground that Their Lordships are well enough paid already, was reluctantly endorsed by a small majority.

The proposed building of the Harvey and Salisbury link of the Short Line Railway as a Government work was discussed at length and Nova Scotia's claim to the expenditure was strongly contested. The Ontario members strongly urged that as an offset to this large grant to the Maritime Provinces the Ontario millers should be allowed to benefit by an increased duty on flour. The claim of Quebec to the bridge subsidy was not pressed, as the members from that province were divided on the matter and they left the caucus early. With reference to the Harvey and Salisbury line Sir John Macdonald very emphatically stated that the faith of the country was pledged to the construction and the Government therefore had no honorable alternative but to go on with the work.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

A Total of $1,313,757 Asked—The Chief Ontario Public Works Items.

OTTAWA, April 23.—The supplementary estimates of expenditure for the year ending June 30, 1890, were submitted this afternoon. They amount to $1,313,757, of which $131,554 is chargeable to capital account. More than half of this total extra appropriation asked is for public works. For these $730,811 is asked, of which $100,000 is for improvement of the ship channel between Quebec and Montreal.

The chief Ontario items are:

Public Buildings.	
Belleville drill shed	$ 10,000
Brantford drill shed	10,000
Hamilton public building	2000
Guelph Postoffice improvements	2000
London Postoffice repairs	1200
Orillia public buildings	4000
Peterboro Custom House	10,000
Peterboro P. O. (re-vote)	1000
Stratford Postoffice improvements	3000
Supreme Court, Ottawa, addition to	5000
Toronto Military School (drill shed)	3000
Toronto Old Fort (new magazine)	2500
Toronto examining warehouse	35,000
Toronto P.O. sanitary works	4230
Toronto immigrant buildings	2000
Walkerton P.O. and Custom House	4000
Harbors and Rivers.	
Thessalon	$ 10,000
Little Current	10,000
Southampton	7,000
Midland Harbor (conditional)	16,000
Wiarton breakwater	10,000
Meaford harbor works	3,500
Beaver River dredging (conditional)	2,000

A Slice for Toronto.

A sum of $4080 is asked to provide for thirteen additional letter carriers in the Toronto Postoffice at $360 each.

A quarter of a million dollars is asked to meet expenses in connection with the Franchise Act. Among the special votes asked are $3000 to aid in the further extension and development of the dairying interests of Canada, $2000 to aid in the extension and development of the fruit growing industry of Canada, $10,000 towards meeting the expenditure in connection with the meeting of the American Mining Institute at Ottawa this year, $1000 revoted in aid of the monument to Col. Williams and $1000 towards aiding in the publication of the sixth volume of Le Dictionnaire Genealogique des Familles Canadiennes. Concerning this work Hon Peter Mitchell incidentally told the House last night that it was in the best interests of the English-speaking people of this country that it should be circulated as largely as possible because it proved that the French were increasing at a rate which would enable them to overshadow the English in about fifty years.

Combining these supplementaries with the main estimates the expenditure for the next fiscal year is thus estimated:

On capital account	$ 9,357,161
On consolidated fund account	36,556,483
Total	$45,944,644

LORD SALISBURY TALKS.

He Praises the Primrose League and Ridicules Home Rule for Ireland.

LONDON, April 23.—Lord Salisbury delivered an address at Bristol to-day. He spoke of the growth of the Primrose League, which he said was marvellous. The league, he declared, was of transcendent value in the solution of any current political question, as it was a noble instrument with which to blend the classes and the masses. He hoped that ere long the Government would settle the troubles which were menacing the internal peace of the nation. Lord Salisbury ridiculed the agitation in favor of Home Rule in Ireland.

Chamberlain to Churchill.

LONDON, April 22.—Joseph Chamberlain has written a reply to the sharp letter addressed to him by Lord Randolph Churchill, in which he says: "I will endeavor in all humility to profit by your advice, although I fear the task of reconciling our conflicting views and interests is not made easier by your communication." In regard to further speeches he says the Conservatives and Liberal-Unionists ought to canvass and ascertain their relative force in Birmingham and afterwards submit their differences to arbitration.

He Prayed for Humbert.

ROME, April 23.—Father Agostino, the famous preacher, at the conclusion of his sermon last Sunday caused a sensation by invoking the divine blessing upon King Humbert and the Italian army.

Andy Maloney Again in Durance Vile.

MONTREAL, April 23.—Andy Maloney, who has been out on bail ever since the first eight days after his arrest in connection with the $14,000 jewelry case, was re-arrested to-day when he came to court to attend at the enquete in the Phillips case. Judge Desnoyers has ordered him to bring new bail instead of that furnished by Harry Phillips, who is under arrest himself, and the delay being up to-day Andy will again lodge with Father Payette. It is said some startling developments in the case are likely to come out within the next few days.

A Tug and a Dwelling Burnt.

COLLINGWOOD, April 23.—The report comes from Wiarton that the fishing tug Ethel of Collingwood has been burned and sunk. She left here a few days ago for Squaw Island. Valued at $2000, insured in Royal Canadian for $1000.

A dwelling house and part of the contents owned by David Watts, situated in East Ward, was totally destroyed by fire this afternoon.

Murder Will Out.

AYLMER, April 23.—At an early hour this morning Provincial Detective Clayton and Coroner P. W. McLay were notified to investigate a case of supposed murder at Springfield, six miles from here. Some eighteen years ago Gifford Williams mysteriously disappeared. Evidence is forthcoming that he was foully murdered and his body thrown into a well. Since then a large brick hotel has been erected over the spot.

The Minneapolis Carmen Beaten.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 23.—The thirteenth day of the street car strike began with applications of twenty old men on the University-avenue line to the company for reinstatement. The strikers privately admit they are practically defeated. The failure of the strike may result in the disbandment of the Street Car Employes' Assembly of the Knights of Labor. President Lowry insisted that every man who works for him shall sign a contract to form no connection with any labor organization. New men who are competent will not be discharged, but as many as possible of the old men will be reinstated on the company's terms. The motor men have resolved to stay out, but several want to go back.

THE LATEST BY LIGHTNING.

Despatches of the Night Rolled Down—Flashes From Here and There.

Legitime's forces burned the town of Petite Revere on April 7.

Sir Julian Pauncefote left New York for Washington yesterday morning.

The municipal authorities of Edinburgh have voted the freedom of the city to Mr. Parnell.

Captain Knudsen of the wrecked steamer Danmark and three engineers belonging to that vessel have arrived at London.

Surgeon-General Hamilton was informed yesterday by the Board of Health of Sanford, Fla., that a case of yellow fever existed there.

The Hamburg-American Packet Company's steamer Wieland, from Havre yesterday for New York, will call at the Azores and take on board the passengers of the steamer Danmark who were landed there.

Eighteen colored non-union men who arrived at Duquesne, Pa., yesterday to take the place of strikers in the Allegheny Bessemer Steel Works were met at the gates by a crowd of strikers, who drew revolvers and threatened death to any who entered. The non-union men agreed to return home.

HIS WIFE GOT THE BOODLE.

AND NOW REV. MR. TOMKINS WANTS SOME OF IT BACK.

A Cause Celebre from the Niagara Frontier Tried at the Wentworth Assizes—Why Mrs. Tomkins was Jealous and the Divine Signed a Treaty.

HAMILTON, April 23.—The cause celebre of Tomkins v. Tomkins was tried by Judge Armour at the Assizes to-day. The evidence adduced was exceedingly spicy and in some of its details of anything but a savory character. All the parties to the suit come from Niagara Falls South. The plaintiff, Rev. George Tomkins, brought the action against his wife, her father and uncle, charging conspiracy to obtain his property. He subsequently withdrew the charge of conspiracy and proceeded with the action as far as the retaining of certain property was concerned. A settlement was made a year ago, but the reverend gentleman asked that the settlement be set aside.

The plaintiff is a short, gentlemanly-looking Englishman with a close-cropped beard and a pair of pince nez glasses. Mrs. Tomkins is a young lady with a pale, delicate face and a graceful figure set off by a fine black silk dress. She is evidently of a keen and business-like disposition.

Briefly stated, the facts are as follows: Rev. George Tomkins came to Niagara Falls South about six years ago from England and became engaged to Miss Lizzie Redpath, daughter of a respected merchant in that town. Then he went home and divorced a former wife and returned to wed the Canadian beauty. He had a fortune of $80,000 in England, part of which he did not get, but he contended that his wife and her relatives bled him of the whole of his wealth and then fired him out with 49 cents in his inside pocket. The wife claims that he made her a present of $40,000 of the sum.

Life and Eternal Life.

The plaintiff, who was the first witness, told his story substantially as above stated. After the marriage he said they went on a bridal tour to Europe. He had $45,000, which his wife's father helped him to invest, and the investments were a dead loss. He belonged to the Baptist denomination but was at that time a life insurance agent, though he occasionally preached at various churches there.

Mr. Blackstock: "You carried on the business even in a churchman as well as that of a life insurance agent?"

Witness: "Yes, life and eternal life."

Counsel then questioned him with reference to his residence in Havannah, N.Y., where he admitted that he got into trouble. At Niagara Falls South a colored woman named Mrs. Dett, whose husband was a Pullman car employe and away from home frequently for several days at a time, aroused his wife's jealousy. On one occasion as he was going along a lane to speak to Mrs. Dett and tell her not to let her children call his wife names, his wife came running after him. He took a lower lane and gave her a shaking, and she was carried back to the house in hysterics. She fell into the arms of her brother, "for whom," said the divine, "I have now a warrant against for committing a murderous assault on me with a pair of knuckle dusters." He denied that he had admitted to his wife that he had sinned with the colored woman. His wife at that time attempted to shoot him and refused for several weeks to live with him.

A Treaty of Peace.

Then this treaty was signed:

MY DEAR WIFE: In condition of your reconciliation to every indignity and indiscretion I have inflicted upon you and your restoring me to my position as your husband until any one of the promises (made after due consideration) are broken I solemnly pledge myself: 1. To do all in my power as long as they were the cause of my misconduct with Mrs. Dett, July 15, 1887, or at any other times, caused you, and will manfully honor your tenderest sensibilities and rigidly guard against any recurrence of the cause of our sorrow by pledging myself to live a pure life before God and man. 2. To never again visit, speak to, recognize or correspond with the said Mrs. R. T. Dett personally or through a third party. 3. To abstain from lanes, alleys and other unfrequented places. 4. Never under any consideration will I directly or indirectly consult A. G. Hill, barrister, Niagara Falls, Ont., about our personal affairs, either in fictitious letters or in my own name. 5. Not to in any way strike, harm, or threaten to strike or harm our child or yourself. 6. Not to buy, receive as a gift, or have in my possession a revolver. 7. To guard your interests in matters from further shocks, and cherish your loving confidence and respectful co-operation. 8. Knowing from former and experienced judgment of character, to be better than mine, I will not speak to or associate with those whom you may kindly warn me against. Should any one of the above promises be broken I hereby agree to peacefully forfeit and surrender forever the care and custody of our child to you, its mother.

GEORGE TOMKINS.

The witness usually had some loaded revolvers with him. He brought two over when coming to "such a wild country as Canada." His wife objected to these weapons.

The Little Joker.

Mrs. Tomkins, looking white and cool, took the stand and swore that her husband had voluntarily promised to give her half of the $80,000 he expected from England. Before their marriage she told him she was worth nothing. On one occasion he had placed a loaded revolver to her head, and threatened to kill her if she would not give false evidence in a church trouble. She got $40,000 from her husband, which she has invested so judiciously that it is now worth $58,000. On cross-examination she said she became engaged to Rev. Mr. Tomkins on his second or third visit. She knew at the time that he had a wife in England from whom he had not then been divorced. She admitted she had told him that she had money, but it was in a joke. She said she was a speculator—also in a joke. The counsel read a letter from witness to her husband written before marriage in which she referred to her money: "I appeal to God that He will assist me, but I fear my little money is lost in the wheat speculation." This was also written in a joke. Mr. Tomkins told her he thought speculating was wicked.

A number of witnesses were examined to show that the plaintiff had not previously claimed the property, and then Judge Armour dismissed the case against the defendants Mr. Redpath and Mr. Bender, and reserved judgment as against Mrs. Tomkins. He stated that he thought the previous settlement should be binding on Rev. Mr. Tomkins, and will likely hold in that way.

Queen's Own Minstrels—10 end men, 60 chorus—Grand Opera House, Monday, May 6, 1889. Box plan opens at I. Suckling & Sons, 107 Yonge-street, on Monday, April 29, at 10 a.m. Checks issued at 8 a.m. 13

Winnipeg Wirelets.

WINNIPEG, April 23.—A verdict of manslaughter was returned against Bob Heffer at the inquest on the body of Mary Hood this evening.

Gabriel Dumont is going to Montana to collect a party of halfbreeds and Indians who participated in the Riel rebellion to take with him to Paris.

Oklahoma Boomlets.

Guthrie is now a town of 15,000 inhabitants.

The first municipal election was held at Guthrie Monday.

The country threatens to be a tremendous disappointment.

The Bank of Oklahoma has opened for business at Guthrie, with a capital of $50,000.

Guthrie already has its Main-street, its Harrison-street, its Guthrie-avenue and its Oklahoma-avenue.

Three men who took claims at Guthrie Monday were found murdered about 5 o'clock yesterday morning by claim jumpers.

Several hundred men who had been in Guthrie three or four days had staked out town lots before the train with the boomers arrived. They pretend to have complied with the law.

Off For the Northwest.

Another of Cella way's colonist trains bound for points in the Northwest left the Union Station last night. There were on board altogether 150 passengers, most of them being booked for the Province of Manitoba. This number included 35 who left on the colonist freight train composed of 16 cars.

On Friday next a special party of 25 will leave for the Pacific coast.

Burnett's Kali Fruit Sunny—good Surprising

A BOARD OF WORKS STORM.

Ald. Shaw and Tait Enjoy an Interchange of Compliments.

The following letter from Assessment Commissioner Maughan caused a great battle between Ald. Shaw and Baxter on the one part and Ald. Tait and Fleming on the other at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Works:

DEAR SIR: I beg to submit the following valuations of the properties required for a 63 feet roadway along the Rosedale Ravine, as the same appears on the plan dated Sept. 26:

Owner.	Area.	Amount.
C. S. Boon	0.75 acre.	$1150.00
J. E. Thompson	0.53 "	75.30
St. Simon's Church	0.53 "	48.30
William Croft	28 "	420.00
T. M. Thompson	046	46.00
R. Kilgour	2216 "	443.20
J. B. Boustead	11 "	220.00
Mrs. Wilkes	22 "	440.00
Hon. Frank Smith	47 "	940.00
Kerr & Jenkins		50.00
W. L. Smart		400.00
Thos. A. Hastings		2300.00
Hon. D. L. Macpherson	1.30 acre.	2600.00
Total		$9133.40

Ald. Shaw was the one to draw first blood. "I wish to state, gentlemen, that in my opinion some of these values are too high. There is the Hastings property, for which I think a much too large sum is being offered."

Ald. Tait got quite excited, championing License Inspector Hastings' claim. He charged that Ald. Shaw was actuated by spite and was persecuting Mr. Hastings. He wanted the offers closed right away, and secured a strong supporter in Ald. Fleming.

The Eloquent Father of the Council.

Ald. Baxter, who had patiently waited until Ald. Tait had got through his burst of eloquence, defended Ald. Shaw in good style. He explained that ill-became any member of the Council to impute malicious motives to a colleague. It was tantamount to charging him with being unfaithful to his oath of office. He had known Ald. Shaw for many years, and could say no more honorable man had sat with him in Council.

Ald. Shaw moved that the matter be referred to a sub-committee to visit the various properties and see if the awards were correct. The motion carried.

BOARD OF WORKS BUSINESS.

The Dundas-street Bridges Advanced Another Stage.

The regular meeting of the Board of Works was held yesterday, there being present Ald. Carlyle (chairman), Geo. Verral, Carlyle (St. And's), Tait, Macdougall, Peter Macdonald, Bell, Fleming, Lemon, Woods, Small, Shaw and Baxter. There was a large attendance of city contractors and cedar block ex-inspectors, as well as Chairman Herbert Kent of the Public School Board. Tenders for sewers were awarded as follows: Dundas-street, Scrantonavenue to Dundas-street, to A. J. Brown at $6360; Sheridan-Avenue, College-street to Muir, to John McKnight at $1275; Dufferin-street, Bloor-street to Union-street, to John McKnight at $2400. The cement contract was equally awarded to the Portland and Thorold brands at $2.80 and $1.07 per barrel respectively.

Chairman Herbert Kent appeared to secure a new sidewalk in front of Ryerson School. The present one had been 13 years in use, and had now outlived its usefulness and a new one was absolutely necessary. The matter was referred to Ald. Baxter and the City Engineer.

Original Communications.

Contractor James Rogers sent in a letter requesting to be allowed to withdraw from his contract for the blockpaving of Logan-avenue, owing to the decision of the Works Committee with respect to pine-holes in the blocks. It was determined to hold him to his contract.

The Assessment Commissioner recommended $1600 be tendered Mrs. Mills for the land owned by her and necessary for the extension of Cypress-avenue. The Board endorsed the Commissioner's proposition.

A communication from the Mayor containing correspondence between His Worship and the Bell Telephone Co. in reference to the company's poles was presented. The last communication which was dated April 23, stated that the Bell Co. that Manager Bise would be in the city shortly to see what could be done. Ald. Shaw explained that the company was on the look-out for a central locality for their property from which they would proceed to run their wires underground. They held that it would not be fair to ask them to put all in any power so long as they were located where they were now. The matter will be considered by the special committee of the council dealing with the subject.

The Board determined to read vertise for tenders for the blockpaving contracts already let to Mr. A. W. Godson, but referred back by the council.

The Engineer's Report.

The City Engineer's report recommended sewers in Walmer-road, lane in rear of Parliament-street, Wells-street and Lowther-avenue. Cedar block pavements were proposed to be laid down in Renfrew-place, Simpson-avenue, Bloor-street from Bathurst to Dufferin with stone pavement, sidewalks on both sides of Simpson-avenue, Marlboro-avenue, both sides of Grace-street, gravel sidewalk in Spadina-avenue, east side Baldwin to College, a sewer in Upper Vanauley-street, the straightening of Scrivener-street from Yonge-street to Park-road and the extension of Boswell-avenue sewer.

The City Engineer placed the cost of the cedar block and stone pavement in Bloor-street from Bathurst-street to Dufferin at $64,800, of which $41,000 will be paid by the city and the balance, $23,800, to be charged against the property fronting on the pavement. He asked permission to call for tenders for the construction of a cedar block and stone sett pavement with stone kerb in Bloor-street from Avenue-road to Yonge-street, in order that the tenders may be in when the recommendation shall have passed the Court of Revision.

Touching the Dundas-street bridges the City Engineer sent in the following: A petition signed by John Minto, Paul Shakespeare and others, and certified by the City Clerk as being sufficiently signed, is now before the committee asking for the construction of an iron bridge over the tracks of the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Railways on Dundas-street, to be between St. Helen's avenue and Sorauren-avenue. The work is to be carried out as a local improvement.

The cost will be approximately, $75,000 (taking the Assessment Commissioner's valuation of $25,000 as the value of damage to land likely to be caused by the construction of the bridge); of this amount $20,000 will be paid by the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Companies and $30,000 will be paid by the city as its portion of the cost, and the balance, which will be the value of the damage to land, approximately, $25,000 will be assessed on the several properties described in the petition.

I only make this recommendation on the distinct understanding that nothing will be done in connection with the construction of the bridge until a full settlement or agreement is made for land damages, if any, and that before any contract is entered into by the city the City Solicitor shall take the necessary proceedings to have it ascertained if any person is entitled to be compensated for land taken, entered upon or injuriously affected by this work.

The last recommendation was the only clause in the report which caused any discussion. Ald. Fleming showed himself hostile to it but finally withdrew his opposition, and it was carried without amendment.

Ald. Fleming and the Gerrard-street Bridge.

Ald. Fleming took occasion to attack the Gerrard-street bridge, claiming that the City Engineer had made the bridge too low, and that it was moved 100 feet north when it should have been 100 feet south. He spoke pretty strongly, but the Engineer backed not a bit, giving the alderman as good as he sent, and the chairman supported him in the assertion that it was one of the finest structures of its kind in the country.

Queen's Own Minstrels—10 end men, 60 chorus—Grand Opera House, Monday, May 6, 1889. Box plan opens at I. Suckling & Sons, 107 Yonge-street, on Monday, April 29, at 10 a.m. Checks issued at 8 a.m. 13

Excursion to New York Via the Erie Railway

Parties intending to take advantage of the very cheap fare which the Erie Railway is making for April 27, 28 and 29 and good to return up to May 6, should apply at once for sleeping car berths. Mr. Sharp will personally conduct a large party from Toronto to New York on Sunday, April 28, and any person who would like to join his party will be well cared for. Apply to S. J. Sharp, corner Wellington and Scott-streets, for berths and full information.

Families leaving town for the summer can have their furniture carefully stored with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

New York Excursion.

H. W. VanEvery's excursion, which leaves Toronto 12.20 noon, on April 29, is $4.90 lower rate than any other line can sell at, and the only line running parlor reclining chair coaches free of extra charge. Pullman sleepers run through from Toronto without change. Those wishing to leave on Saturday or Sunday will be issued tickets at a lower rate than any other line can sell at, by applying to H. W. VanEvery, 5 Adelaide-street east.

Try Tutti Frutti Gum for Indigestion.

HURRAH FOR MERRIE ENGLAND.

St. George's Society Duly Honor the Day of the English Patron Saint.

Roses to right of them! roses to left of them! the roses of York and Lancaster on the margin of Ald. Frankland's vast expanse of shirt front! What else is the occasion than a St. George's Don celebration? And when Englishmen gather to celebrate St. George's Day, depend on it the celebration is no trivial affair. They sit down to a solid dinner, as they did at the Walker House last night. They give full line to eloquence and relate with glowing narrative the great deeds done by their ancestors, their prowess in battle, their influence in civilizing the world and their spirit of self-sacrifice in promoting the spread of the gospel.

President Wellington of the Toronto St. George's Society sat at the head of the table at the Walker House last night and looked paternally over an assemblage ruddy with content and happiness. On his right and left were Mayor Clarke; Dr. Wild, past chaplain of the society; Ald. McMillan, President of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Union; Col. Robert Denison; President Steiner, of the German Benevolent Society; Ald. Gibbs; Jas. Spooner, ex-President of the Toronto St. George's Society; E. Hooper; J. E. Pell, secretary, and Samuel Trees, treasurer.

The tables were surrounded by long rows of Toronto's leading citizens, basking in the bright light and inhaling the perfume of the floral decorations which graced the tables.

Letters regretting their inability to attend were read from Lieut.-Gov. Campbell, Hon. O. Mowat, W. R. Meredith, Prof. Clark and Canon Dumoulin.

Fraternal greetings were sent from London, Windsor, Guelph and Montreal.

The President made the introductory speech, referring to the day which they were celebrating and the uses of the St. George's Society. He closed with stating that he considered the presidency of the Toronto St. George's Society the proudest position to which he could be elected.

"The Queen," the "Prince of Wales and the Royal Family" and the "Governor-General and the Lieutenant-Governor" were duly honored.

The "Army, Navy and Auxiliary Forces" was proposed by the 1st vice-president and H. Plews. Col. Geo. T. Dennison replied, giving honor to the Old Land and advancing plans for Imperial Federation. He argued for the weal of Canadians from the point of view of Independence, Annexation and Imperial Federation, and contended that the latter was infinitely more preferable.

"Our Native Land and the Land we Live In," proposed most eloquently by Mr. H. K. Cockin, was responded to by Mr. Wilt. The speaker turned some very clever sentences, and even forebore to bring in the "ten tribes" theory though verging very close on it.

"Our Guests," proposed by Third Vice-President Charles Spanner, was responded to by Mayor Clarke, Dr. Clark and Ald. John McMillan. A notable feature of the evening was Mayor Clarke's declaring strongly in favor of Imperial Federation. He fully endorsed Col. Denison's views and held it was time for the Mother Country, England, and Canadians to give support to the consolidation of the greatest empire on earth.

"Our Sister Societies," proposed by Mr. J. Herbert Mason, was responded to by President Lewis of St. David's Society and President Steiner of the German Benevolent Society.

"The President and Vice-Presidents," "the Press" and "The Ladies" were all honored, and the assemblage closed with heartily singing the National Anthem.

MORE NEW SCHOOLS.

Their Location—A Successful Opposition—A New Departure.

The Sites and Building Committee of the Public School Board met on Monday and instructed Solicitor W. B. McMurrich to purchase from Mr. W. Rennie for $13,000 a lot on the east side of George-street, having a frontage of 100 feet and a depth of 150; also from Mr. W. Hope, for $45 per foot, a lot on Elgin-avenue having a frontage of 188 feet and depth of 135 feet. Total cost $8460. The third clause recommending the purchase of a lot on Murray-street was not carried. A deputation consisting of Judge Maclennan, Dr. Snelling, R. J. Score and others pleaded strongly against having a school house erected in that section, urging that the street is not easily accessible and open only at one end, and that the residents built houses there expecting to enjoy perfect quiet, and furthermore that the erection of a public school would depreciate the value of their property. The petition was signed by about 30 residents. The matter is left open for ten days to allow the committee an opportunity to procure another site.

Messrs. Busted and Davidson, trustees of the Public School Board of Parkdale, visited Toronto on Monday to make enquiries regarding school buildings, as they propose to erect a new school in that town.

To See for the Charities.

A new departure has been inaugurated in public school work by which the senior girls of the public schools have an opportunity to cut out and make garments for the various charitable institutions of the city. This idea was suggested by Inspector Hughes and Mr. W. B. McMurrich two years ago, when the City Council granted $200 for the purpose of purchasing material, and a quilt worth $200 has since been made by the School Board for that purpose, so that the project is on a good footing. Inspector Hughes and Mr. McMurrich have been appointed a sub-committee to purchase material, etc. For convenience, those schools in the vicinity of certain institutions will sew for that nearest them. These arrangements have been made: To sew for the Boys' Home, Church and Victoria-street Schools; for the Girls' Home, Dufferin, Park and Bolton-street schools; for the Orphans' Home, Riverside, Givens, Manning and St. Alban's Ward schools; for the Infants' Home, Wellesley and Jesse Ketchum schools; for the Sick Children's Hospital, John, Lansdowne and Phœbe-street schools. The material supplied will be cotton and flannel. Arrangements will be made between the ladies connected with the various institutions and the senior lady teacher at the schools regarding patterns, etc.

Queen's Own Minstrels—10 end men, 60 chorus—Grand Opera House, Monday, May 6, 1889. Box plan opens at I. Suckling & Sons, 107 Yonge-street, on Monday, April 29, at 10 a.m. Checks issued at 8 a.m. 13

To Sell Ardent Beverages.

The Board of License Commissioners in West York met yesterday in the Court House and decided to allow the following licenses with a few exceptions:

West Toronto Junction—D. Bies, allowed.

Weston—Thos. B. Walker, allowed; Wm. Burke, allowed; Jas. Little, held over.

Woodbridge—K. B. Harris, allowed; Thos. Haystead, allowed; John Emeler, held over.

Markham—John C. Steele, allowed.

Maple—William Richardson, allowed.

Trenton—Geo. Phillips, allowed.

Pine Grove—Thos. Sullivan, allowed.

Kleinburg—Geo. Gobell, allowed; R. Beamish, held over; Gilbert Gillmore, held over.

Thornhill—Peter Doyle, held over; William Osborne, held over.

Edgeley—John McFayden, held over.

York—Abner Cherry; Frank McFarlane, Jas. Thompson, Wm. Brunskill, John Oulcott, Jno. Warren, E. R. Bigger, M. O'Halloran, allowed. William Brown, refused; A. J. Hayden, held over; John Deacon, held over; John Deegan, refused; James Fairbairn, held over; Robt. Irving, held over.

Etobicoke—Thomas Holmes, allowed; Hollingshead and McDonald, allowed.

The Humber—C. Nurse, allowed; James Morrow, held over; Jno. Duck, held over.

No shop licenses were granted.

The commissioners will meet again in a week.

Unreservedly.

During the whole of this week the public is afforded a rare chance to obtain choice lines of underwear and men's furnishings generally at remarkably low prices. The elegant stock of hosiery, shirts, gloves, suspenders, &c., &c., at 92 Yonge-street will be offered by auction every afternoon and evening until the whole is disposed of.

Cut in Two by a Circular Saw.

James Vanatto, aged 19, of Kendall was cut in two the other day by a circular saw making 60 revolutions a minute. He was cut through the heart and died instantly.

Moral: Insure in the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Company, 33 King west, Toronto. tf

For England.

The Allan Line royal mail steamship Parisian from Quebec on the 16th May and 20th June has already a large portion of her cabin accommodation taken up.

Cabin passengers intending to proceed by this favorite steamer should apply early for berths.

The Parisian has numerous intermediate and steerage accommodation. Passengers are allowed to embark at Montreal and by this arrangement can be on board within 12 hours after leaving Toronto.

THE GAY KIRMESS OPEN.

BEAUTIFUL SIGHTS AND FANCY COSTUMES AT THE PAVILION.

A Description of the Many Handsome Booths and the Varied Amusements—The Spanish, Hungarian and Lawn Tennis Fancy Dances and the Britannia Chorus.

Exceeding in brilliancy and with every prospect of exceeding in financial success is the second Kirmess in aid of the Infants' Home, which was opened in the Pavilion last night, to be continued day and night until Saturday. The Pavilion never looked gayer than it does now with its ugly-painted woodwork covered with artistic drapings of flags, bunting, streamers and other hangings, every nook and corner transformed into bowers of loveliness occupied with beautiful women selling flowers, refreshments and nick nacks, the whole place being brilliantly lighted.

On entering the most noticeable object is the circular Flower Market in the centre of the floor with a roof consisting of a huge umbrella of pink billowy gauze 20 feet in diameter. All around and within are masses of choicest flowers, potted and cut, while from the top floats the seasonable motto, "Au Printemps." Besides flowers there are for sale some of the season's delicacies and dairy products.

Next to the "Marche de Fleurs" in attractiveness is Mrs. Chris. Bunting's and Mrs. Charles Riordon's candy booth called "Le Chateau d' Or," probably the most artistic there. The furnishing is in white and gold, the inscription over the front being done in gilded rope, while festoons of yellow roses adorn the pillars and tall brass lamps with yellow shades illuminate it. Candy in endless variety is for sale.

The Post Office is one of the features of the fair and through it will pass many a dainty missive at 5 cents postage. The home and foreign departments respectively are presided over by Mrs. A. Williamson and Fraulein Hofmann respectively. Then there is also the Kirmess Express Company, which is quite a novelty. Parcels of varied size and full of deep mystery may be obtained here.

A sumptuous repast is served in the tea room, while charming is the resort where Rebekah ladies out cooling drinks from her well. Miss Peterson is Rebekah. Miss Violet Towner is Damsel and Mr. G. M. Grete is Laban. This nook is most appropriately fitted up.

"The Ladies' Gallery" is the name of a stand where the latest novelties in millinery materials may be purchased from Mrs. Sprague, Mrs. Forsyth Grant, Miss Robinson and the Misses Jessie and Daisy McInnis, all in tasteful fancy costumes.

Of ice cream booths there are three, one on the ground floor and two in the galleries.

An excellent Punch and Judy show is carried on by the Boultbees who managed a similar one at the last Kirmess. Mrs. Alfred Boultbee and Mrs. Monk are the managers, assisted by Messrs. Alf. Boultbee, jr., and A. Watt, Miss Marian Boultbee and others.

The conservatory has been turned into a concerthall where concerts are given every half hour. It is beautifully decor