

London Advertiser

FOUNDED IN 1863. NOON AND EVENING DAILY. WESTERN ADVERTISER WEEKLY. THE LONDON ADVERTISER CO., Limited, Publishers, 191-192 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

PHONE NUMBERS: Business Department, 107; Editorial Rooms, 134 and 136; Job Printing Department, 115.

TO SUBSCRIBERS: Readers of The Advertiser are requested to favor the management by reporting any irregularities in delivery.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Daily, Delivered by Carrier in City, One Year, \$5.00; One Week, \$1.00; Daily, Delivered by Carrier Outside City, One Year, \$6.00; One Week, \$1.25; One Month, \$2.00; Daily, by Mail, Outside City, One Year, \$5.00; One Month, \$1.00.

The Advertiser is on sale regularly at the following news stands, where subscriptions may be left: Buffalo, N. Y.—Seldenburg, Ellcott, Square News Stand; Chicago, Ill.—Chicago Newspaper Agency, 176 Madison street; Louisville, Ky.—Kentucky International News Company; Toronto—Inglis Hotel News Stand; Rossin House News Stand.

Entered at the London (Canada) post-office as matter of the second class.

LONDON, THURSDAY, JULY 7.

PUTTING MONEY INTO CANADA.

When it is said that Americans are taking a larger part in the development of Canada than Britishers, it is not implied that Canada is getting more American than British capital.

American and British investments in this country take different forms. Britain is the great lender of money. She lends it to Canada chiefly on Government, municipal, and railway bonds.

The United States, on the other hand, is not one of the world's bankers. Foreign bonds have no attraction for Americans; they must have the prospect of a higher return for their money than ordinary interest if they are to be induced to invest it outside the United States.

The Britisher is satisfied with small profits, combined with perfect security. The American buys or builds factories and grasps other opportunities of making large profits.

He is taking a fuller advantage of Canada's wonderful development and reaping greater rewards than his British cousin, who is getting three and four per cent on his loans and will look only at gilt-edged securities.

If John Bull is not doing as well for himself in Canada as he might, he is doing a great deal for Canada herself. His investments in Canada during the past six years have been compiled by the Monetary Times as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Year, Amount. 1905: £ 13,530,287; 1906: 6,327,500; 1907: 11,203,711; 1908: 28,550,821; 1909: 38,971,798; 1910 (to date): 24,456,001.

Total: £123,439,978. British capital is an abundant and fertilizing stream which has helped to make the Canadian wilderness blossom like the rose.

A WEAK SPOT.

It is useless to attempt to deny that there is a serious state of affairs in the Ontario Agricultural Department.

Mr. Flavell's letter has merely drawn public attention to facts known to every professor at the Ontario Agriculture College, every well-informed writer on agricultural journals, and every scientific farmer in the province.

The energy and initiative of the department have been paralyzed since Mr. Duff became its head. He has a splendid staff and organization, built up by Mr. Dryden, but this machinery is rusting in idleness because the minister refuses to supply the motive power.

The Farmers' Advocate, whose authority and impartiality no one will dispute, says that in the main Mr. Flavell's strictures only too well apply, adding:

"Come to think of it, what forward movement of any consequence has been launched by the Department of Agriculture since the present minister assumed office? The late Mr. Dryden, at the department, and led it capably. Mr. Monteith, though not brilliant, was diligent and earnest. Under him, the present system of dairy instruction was finally developed and taken over by the department, and several other good lines of work, such as the horse investigation, inaugurated.

The electors of his home constituency manifested their appreciation (?) by turning him down at the polls. Is it much wonder that Sir James Whitney chose as his successor a man whose chief qualification, beyond a respectable character, appears to be that he was politically strong in his constituency?"

At a critical time, a transition period, in Ontario agriculture, it is essential that the department should be a vigorous directing and stimulating force. The great basic industry of the province is handicapped by the absence of energy and enterprise at headquarters. If Mr. Duff will not or cannot do better, a better man must replace him, or the Government will pay the penalty. Unfortunately the province is paying the penalty already.

PUGILISM AND WAR.

It is brutalizing and degrading for Johnson and Jeffries to meet in a ring and pound each other; but multiply Johnson and Jeffries by a hundred thousand, arm them with modern rifles, machine guns and other weapons of destruction, and send them to water the earth with each other's blood, and the thing becomes not only respectable but glorious.

THE ONE GREAT TROUBLE.

(Chicago Record-Herald.) "There's one great trouble with our jury system."

"What's that?" "So many of us are becoming able to read, write and think."

UP TO DATE.

(Cleveland Tribune.) "Where are you going, my pretty maid?" "I'm going a-lying, kind sir," she said. "May I go with you, my pretty maid?" "You're a little too fly, kind sir," she said.

Instead of prisoners being sent direct to the farm after conviction, they qualify for it by good behavior in the

Central Prison. The Provincial Secretary, Mr. Haana, told a number of newspapermen who were his guests at the farm the other day that the prisoners are being treated like men, and they are responding splendidly. They are encouraged to regard labor as wholesome for them as well as honest. They take an interest in their work, and go about it cheerfully and willingly.

The principle underlying this modern method of dealing with prisoners is that when there is hope of reclaiming their treatment should be reformatory rather than punitive. The aim is to operate directly on the human material to preserve it from moral decay, and where it has begun to decay to restore it to soundness. Instead of seeking to terrify the prisoner, effort is made to show him how to live a sensible and honest life. Confidence and kindness are powerful reformatory agencies, and if there is a trace of good in a man it is almost certain to sprout under the benevolent influences which are operating at the reformatory farm.

A point of no mean importance is that under judicious management there should be some profit from the farm. The production of farm and garden supplies and road-making material should bring financial gain to the province, and the actual services of the men will continue to be of value in road-making and other work incidental to provincial development, and that, too, without coming into competition with free labor.

Bruiser Johnson is the latest white man's burden in the United States. In their Canadian dealings, the British are the lenders and the Americans the spenders.

The proposal to celebrate a centenary of peace between English-speaking people is more rational and Christian than the proposal to celebrate the war of 1812.

The Hamilton papers are quarrelling as to which of them got their prize-fight special editions on the street first. This is a poor subject to quarrel over, much less to boast about.

Earl Grey tells the home folk that Canadians are a sane, sober, strenuous people, patriotic and invincibly industrious. Earl Grey is an English gentleman of the finest type, and the best of all possible governors-general.

Premier Roblin threatens to skin his opponent alive and make him "eat mud." This isn't the talk of a gentleman, or of a very confident politician. When a man is frightened, he is likely to talk loudly.

Judging by the prayer-meeting attendance, one of the speakers at the missionary conference in Edinburgh hit the nail on the head in this parody: "In the world's broad field of battle, in the bivouac of life, You will find the Christian soldier represented by his wife."

William Watson's latest volume of verse shows no impairment of his powers, and is a sufficient answer to the story of his mental derangement. In a noble ode he rebukes the fawning tone of much of the obituary poetry on King Edward:

"Honor the happy dead with sober praise, Who living would have scorned the fulsome phrase, Meet for the languorous Orient's Jew-elled ear. This was the English King, that loved the English ways: A man not too remote, or too august, For other children of the dust To know and to draw near."

How a man who can write so divinely could stoop to lampoon a woman must be explained by the vagaries of the artistic temperament.

Hatred of the United States and of Ireland is Col. Denison's religion. He told a Winnipeg audience the other day that tariff reform would be in existence in Great Britain today were it not for the "eighty paid emissaries of the United States who sit in the British House of Commons under the guise of members for the Irish people." This utterance is worthy of the man who said that the grant of self-government to South Africa showed that Canadians had shed their blood in vain. Colonel Denison's brand of loyalty may be that of a little coterie in Toronto, but it is offensive to the mass of the Canadian people, and it is anti-Imperial in the best sense of the word Imperial.

Colonel Denison and his claque would be impossible in any other Canadian community.

THE NEWS FROM RENO.

(From "Truthful James.") Do I sleep? Do I dream? Do I wonder and doubt? Are things what they seem, Are we visions about? Is our civilization a failure, Or is the Caucasian played out?

PUGILISM AND WAR.

(Woodstock Sentinel-Review.) It is brutalizing and degrading for Johnson and Jeffries to meet in a ring and pound each other; but multiply Johnson and Jeffries by a hundred thousand, arm them with modern rifles, machine guns and other weapons of destruction, and send them to water the earth with each other's blood, and the thing becomes not only respectable but glorious.

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THE GRIND BEGINS.

(Louisville Courier-Journal.) "Do I have to exchange wedding presents in the department from which they were purchased." "Not at all," said the floorwalker. "Thank you," said the June bride. "I wish to trade a china vase for a frying pan."

"DOCTRA" DAILY.

(Joseph I. Breen, in New York Sun.) A Foreham University the degree of Doctor of Literature was conferred upon T. A. Daly.

On Thursday when he passed up By dees peanutta stan, I say to heem, "Good mornin, Tom." He say, "Hallo, my fraan." Heeg Irish cop he stand by, He say, "You theek head wopp, Why you insook da gentleman, I bat I mak' you stop."

An' den hees grab me by da arm An' gesse me fraan, He say, "You mus' no call heem Tom, He ees a granda doc."

At frst I cannot ondrastan', I theenk be mak' fun, But den he cross hees heart an' say He see eet in da Sun.

Oh, my! Eet mak' me feel so seek, Eet mak' me feel so blue, Ma fraan' no mor' he speak weeth me, I dunno w'at to do.

So when he passa by dat night I hide bahin' da stan', Hee's mad, I know hee's mad, I theenk: He ees no mor' fraan, But den he ketch me hidin' there, He say, "What's matta' you?"

I say, "Oh, doctra, I am seek, I feel so bad an' blue, An' den he laugha loud lik' dese, He say, "Oh, ho, ma fraan,"

W'at for you call me datta name, I cannot ondrastan' no more, "I see eet in da Sun," I say, "You are a doctra man,"

An' den he laugh an' say, "Ah, yes I mos' forgot—Bananan."

So now I call him "doc" no mor'; You see, I am so dom', He say to me, "Good mornin, Joe," I say, "Good mornin, Tom."

JUST THE STARTER.

(Detroit Free Press.) When I've buttoned her dress down the back, On my tasks I have only begun, I must hunt for her gloves and her veil, For her chateleine purse I must run, I must get out her rubbers and see, As she passes the door, I must see, That her white skirts are hung properly, And tell her that none of them show.

I must see that the doors are all locked, I must put out the milk bottle, too, I must close every window that's up, For I fear that the rain may beat through, I must brush off her coat and her skirt, I must stand by to hand her more pins, When I've buttoned her dress down the back, It is then that my trouble begins.

DOGGING THEM.

(Chicago Tribune.) The tardy clubman paused at the door of the smoking-room. "Bingley," he asked, in a whisper, "has Slodger given out the daily statement of his health, and told all about his symptoms yet?" "Yes," said the man inside the door. "He's just finished."

PISCATORIAL DONT'S.

(Pur News.) Don't walk right up to a riff and fish it; stay above it and let your line float down to it, and if you don't get a strike hold your pole still and reel your line in, and let it run out again two or three times; then swing your pole from side to side.

If using reel worms don't put on a big bait. One reel worm is enough. Start about three-quarters from head and string worm on the hook; let the head stick out so there's a little wiggle, and pull point of hook out, so the worms can't come off.

Don't jerk hard to hook a fish. Don't pull too quick. Don't let the line slacken. When a fish is hooked don't get excited; if a big fish is hooked give him time. Time is golden.

Don't take any intoxicating drinks. Again, don't stand so your shadow is on the water if it is a still day and nothing is moving, and don't forget that time and patience make the difference between a pull point of hook out, so the worms can't come off.

CANADIAN AGED 108.

(Lloyd's Weekly.) We recently announced the death, at the great age of 106 years, of a person who claimed to be the King's oldest subject. This caught the eye of a Lloyd's News reader in Star City, Sask., Canada, who writes declaring:

"We Canadians are proud to acknowledge as subjects his Majesty's oldest subject, therefore, is not dead. We have living, three miles from Star City, Mr. and Mrs. John McCoshen. Mrs. McCoshen is 108 years old in June. John McCoshen will be 98 years old should he live till Dec. 23, 1910."

"This old couple are living on their own farm, over half a mile from their son's nearest neighbor. John often walks to town and back, nearly seven miles, and to see him walk one would say he was over fifty years yet. I am personally acquainted with him, and his intellect is as young as his body. To look at him you would judge his age to be about 60 years. Mrs. McCoshen is still able to do her own housework and keep house."

It would be interesting to know if this record can be beaten. It is difficult to imagine that there can be living an other couple so well and active as Mr. and Mrs. McCoshen at their extraordinary age.

MAGNET DRAWS NAILS FROM RIVER.

Ingenuous in the extreme is the method by which 1,000 kegs of wire nails from Mississippi River, where they went down when a barge sank at the head of Lafayette street several weeks ago. A huge electric magnet, attached to hoisting gear, is lowered in the water. The current is turned on and the kegs are hoisted one by one, clinging to the magnet. The magnet is shaped like a mushroom and is three feet in diameter. The electricity is controlled from the pilot house by means of a controller box such as is seen in trolley cars. The magnet is the property of the Carnegie steel mills, and was sent here from Pittsburgh. Its original use was the unloading of iron from cars in the yards of the mills.

There are 15,000 kegs of nails in the river. Of these 1,000 kegs have been recovered. Two months more will be required to complete the work. Divers will descend to place definitely the kegs. When the nails are brought out they are sent to the Dasey warehouse, where they are treated with a solution which restores them to their original color. New Orleans Times-Democrat.

VANGUARD OF TOUR LEFT FOR THE WEST

Special Car With Correspondents Precedes Premier Who Leaves Ottawa Today.

Ottawa, July 6.—The political tour of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. G. P. Graham to the west may be said to have begun this afternoon, when a special car containing the newspaper correspondents was attached to the transcontinental train.

It contained H. W. Anderson, of the Globe; B. B. Cooke, of the Toronto Star; F. A. Carman, of the Montreal Star; Rene Chevassu, of Le Canada; Montreal; R. H. Patchin, of the New York Herald; T. W. King, of the Mail and Empire, and Fraser, of the Halifax Chronicle and St. John Telegraph.

Sir Wilfrid will follow tomorrow afternoon, taking on his car Mr. E. M. MacDonald, M. P., for Pictou, N.S., Hon. G. P. Graham left for Brockville last night, and will go to Toronto tonight, leaving there tomorrow via Sudbury, in company with F. P. Fairdece, chief Liberal whip, and Senator William Gibson, of Beamsville.

The Premier will be given quite a send-off tomorrow. He is in splendid spirits, and looking forward with pleasure to his first official visit to the west since his appointment as Prime Minister.

Sir Richard Cartwright will be acting premier, and there will at all times be enough ministers to touch with Ottawa to allow of a cabinet meeting being held if necessary.

CHICAGO GETTING A NEW RELIGION

U. of C. Professors Would "Release Men's Mind From Tradition and Creed."

Chicago, July 7.—Members of the University of Chicago divinity school faculty have defined and formulated the characteristics of a "new Christianity."

The professors note the arrival of a new type of religion in an official but anonymous editorial in the current number of the Biblical World, issued yesterday by the university press.

The university authorities point to the coming of the "new christianity," as a type of faith which shall result in "the releasing of men's minds from the bonds of tradition and creed," accept the results of the scientific study of the world and deal in every day works more than in theological subtleties. The religion is described as "scientific, ethical, practical and altruistic."

After stating the necessity of scientific study, the author of the editorial proceeds:

"If there be a controversy between geology and geology, the new christianity will stand with geology. The record left in the strata of the earth cannot be impugned by a poet of the pre-scientific age, even though that poet be also a prophet of a higher conception of God than had before his day prevailed."

In conformity to the same principle, the new christianity will accept the assured results of historical investigation into the records of ancient times. Religion has its rights, but also has history, and one of these is that it be studied by historical methods."

WASHINGTON DENIES HUDSON BAY STORY

Whalers Not Instructed to Refuse Payment of Canadian Tax.

Washington, July 7.—Unofficially at the state department yesterday it was said that certain interests in Canada were trying to prejudice the American side of the fisheries controversy now being argued before the Hague arbitration tribunal.

Certain reports have been widely published in the Canadian press and have received attention in this country that the United States Government had sent out instructions to sealers hunting in Hudson Bay that they were not required to pay a certain license exacted by Canada. The idea, it is said, was to involve the state department here in another controversy as to whether or not Hudson Bay is an open sea and stir up other questions to the prejudice of the case now being heard by the Hague court.

The state department refused to take notice of the reports, and insists that there is nothing before the department concerning the matter.

Mrs. Fred Coles and daughters Ada and Pearl are summering at Bido a Wee Cottage, Erie Rest.

Rev. Mr. Gardner, of Springfield, Ohio, and Rev. Dr. Baltzy, of Mansfield, Ohio, are holidaying in Michigan Cottage, Erie Rest.

Mr. Wm. Ward and family, of London, have taken possession of Detroit Cottage, Erie Rest, for the summer.

Mrs. Jack Green, of London, is the guest of Mrs. Arthur Blackburn, Fraser Heights.

Rev. Roy Elliott and family, of Minneapolis, Minn., are occupying Tarry Awhle Cottage, Fraser Heights.

Mrs. (Dr.) Edsill, of Jackson, Mich., Mrs. Charles Campbell, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and Mrs. John Nussery, of Detroit, Mich., are the guests of Mrs. F. O. Campbell. Mrs. Edsill will leave in a few days on an extended tour of Europe.

Mr. T. H. Purdom and family, of London, are now occupying their new cottage on Orchard Beach.

Mrs. W. Pennington and family, of London, are summering in their cottage Minola, Orchard Beach.

Three patrols of the London Boy Scouts are camping for two weeks on Mr. Week's farm.

Mr. Creighton Kelly, of London, is spending a few days in the village.

Mr. and Mrs. McDonald, Princess avenue, London, are rusticating at the Clifford Cottage.

The merchants of the village have contributed one hundred and fifty dollars towards purchasing and operating a watering wagon on the streets.

Miss Irene Keene, of North Berwick, Maine, is visiting her cousin, Miss Alice Keene, at Yntrest Cottage, Willow Beach.

CHAPMAN'S We Close at 5 o'clock Daily Except Saturdays JULY SALE

There's just one way to test the JULY SALE Bargains, and that is to attend the sales that interest you—this Dress Goods Sale at 39¢ yard, Friday morning, for instance. The bargain you get will repay the effort. Every day remarkable reductions take place that focus the eye of the careful shopper on CHAPMAN'S store. Be one of the fortunate number.

Dress Goods Sale FRIDAY MORNING AT 9 O'CLOCK The biggest bargain the JULY SALE has yet offered, comes from the Dress Goods Section, for a quick sale Friday morning at 9 o'clock. The lot embraces the most seasonable materials for summer dresses—Striped Voiles, Embroidered Albatross, Crepe de Chine, Brochene, Eolienne, and other light weights in the most wanted summer shades: Pink, sky blue, pearl grey, pastel green, mauve, violet; all double fold. Worth up to \$1.25 a yard. 39¢ A magnificent opportunity to get a handsome dress, at a yard SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

Trimmed Hats \$4.69 White Curtain Muslins JULY SALE

Friday sale of High-Class Trimmed Hats, worth from \$8.00 to \$12.00. Every Hat from our own workrooms, some hand-made Hats, others are handsomely trimmed shapes in desirable midsummer styles. We will display these Hats in the window until Friday morning at 9 o'clock. \$4.69 All Flowers at Half-Price during the July Sale.

A sacrifice sale of White Swiss Muslins for making dainty bedroom and sitting-room Curtains. A choice of very attractive patterns, ivy, polka dot, bow knot, arrow stripe, etc. You should see these at once. 12 1/2c, 15c and 18c White Swiss Muslins, on sale Friday and Saturday, at a yard 11c 35c White Swiss Muslins, Friday and Saturday, a yard 25c 40c White Swiss Muslins, Friday and Saturday, a yard 32c WHITE FRILLED MUSLINS, with lace and insertion, 40 inches wide. Regular 20c, 22c and 25c. Clearing Friday and Saturday, 17c a yard

Boys' Wash Suits Have you seen the July bargain in Boys' Wash Suits? We had lots of them, but they're selling fast. Nice washing materials, made in nobby styles (Russian, Military and Sailor styles). Sizes to fit little fellows 2 1/2 to 7 years. No excuse for not having plenty of cool Suits for your boys. July Sale 50¢ Washable Knickers for boys, pair 25¢

All-Wool Carpet Isn't this a bargain? Just for the July Sale. Yard-wide Reversible All-Wool Carpet, in green and fawn and red and fawn; 75¢ value 50¢ think of it, for a yard.

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128 1/2 Dundas St.

LIFE SAVERS NEEDED FOR PORT BEACHES

Drowning of Little Harris Girl Has Raised Important Question. [Special to The Advertiser.] Port Stanley, July 7.—The drowning accident of Tuesday afternoon has aroused a great deal of sentiment here against the loose manner in which things are run at the lakeside. Such accidents as Tuesday's should be made impossible. The parties responsible for the public safety should see that at least two experienced life-saving men be constantly on duty at the beach, and one or two along the break-water. Had here been such a life-saving crew at the pavilion on Tuesday, the little Harris girl would have been saved. At American bathing beaches every precaution is taken against accidents.

Miss Marjorie Meek, of London, is visiting Miss Vera Graham at Victoria Cottage, Erie Rest.

Miss Myrtle Slater, of London, is the guest of Miss Florence Keene at Shady View, Erie Rest.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Anderson, of London, have returned home after visiting the remains of Frank Gray in Victoria Cottage, Erie Rest.

Miss Boyle, of London, is spending a few days with the Misses Hanson at Grantham Cottage, Erie Rest.

Mrs. Fred Coles and daughters Ada and Pearl are summering at Bido a Wee Cottage, Erie Rest.

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RUSSIA AND JAPAN TO CONTROL MANCHURIA

One-Time Enemy Form Treaty Which O'lets the Knox Plan of Neutralization.

St. Petersburg, July 6.—The foreign office has decided to communicate to the United States, China and other interested powers the Russo-Japanese convention covering railway and "other interests" in Manchuria. The agreement will be given to the newspapers after its transmission to other governments.

The new Russo-Japanese treaty is calculated to rivet the attention of the entire political world on the changing outlook in the Far East. By this convention Russia and Japan have made another important stride in the direction of genuine co-partnership in Far-Eastern enterprises, which, it is believed, will of necessity be followed by others further reaching still.

Ever since M. Iswolsky took charge of foreign affairs, Russia and Japan have been wending steadily in the direction of friendship and partnership, despite formidable hindrances raised in both countries, and elsewhere.

The new treaty has two characteristic traits. In the first place it deals only with Manchuria. That province, however, having been the principal apple of discord in most of the Far Eastern troubles during the past fifteen years, one may argue that if peace be safeguarded in Manchuria it will in all probability be secure in the remainder of the Far East. This fruitful idea underlays the recent American scheme for neutralizing that province.

The second characteristic is that by the new treaty, the status quo is unreservedly accepted by each government at the groundwork of its future Far Eastern policy. That accord manifestly connotes not only readiness on the part of each to respect the rights of the other side, but also a determination, if needs were, to maintain those rights as essential to the peace of the Far East.

The new treaty shows that the representatives of the Czar and the Mikado have taken up the threads of policy where they were dropped by the Marquis Ito in 1902. The Marquis Ito himself never doubted that this would be the final outcome of the experiment made when Count Lamsdorff was Russian foreign secretary. The treaty brings a Russo-Japanese political partnership within the field of practical politics, and is merely the pre-amble to a closer and lasting alliance.

It is quite probable that Secretary Knox's proposal for the neutralization of the Manchurian railways resulted in hastening this Russo-Japanese treaty.

GREAT G. T. P. DOCK FOR PRINCE RUPERT

Company Files Plan at Capital for Monster Floating Dock.

Ottawa, July 6.—The Grand Trunk Pacific has filed plans and made application for a drydock subsidy. The company proposes to put in an immense floating dock at Prince Rupert. It will cost a million and a half, and have a lifting capacity of 20,000 tons. It will be a commercial dock of the second-class, and be entitled to a subsidy of 3 1/2 per cent for 25 years.

The marine department has made arrangements to immediately establish a marine depot at Prince Rupert, at an initial expenditure of a hundred thousand dollars, for ship repairs and depot for light and buoy service.

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