

London Advertiser.
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 TELEPHONE CALLS.
 Business Office 107
 Editorial Department 134
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 LONDON, TUESDAY, AUG. 29.

Peace.

Every topic of public interest is overshadowed today by the news from Portsmouth.

The plenipotentiaries have agreed upon terms of peace, when the world had given up hope.

The first sensation will be one of amazement at Japan's almost complete surrender.

She abandons her claim for an indemnity; for the possession of Russian warships which had taken refuge in neutral harbors, and for the limitation of Russia's naval establishment in eastern waters.

She even consents to divide with Russia the island of Sakhalin, which was once her own, which was wrested from her by Russia, and which she reconquered in the present war.

The renunciation of all demand for reimbursement can be explained only by the supposition that Japan is much nearer financial exhaustion than the world believed.

Her fleet is in absolute command of the seas, and she has a great and victorious army in the field, ready to renew operations and apparently able to drive the Russian armies out of Manchuria at one stroke. The one remaining Russian seaport on the Pacific, Vladivostok, is at her mercy also.

With everything in her favor from a military point of view, she has chosen peace with no other recompense for the blood and treasure she has poured out than a small grant of territory of which she was robbed by her foe.

If Japan is under no financial necessity of ending the war and has chosen peace for the sake of peace, her act of renunciation is one of the most shining facts in history. There is no sign of the yellow peril there.

Back to the Land.

A former premier of France, M. Meunier, now a member of the French Senate, propounds the theory that manufacturing has been carried to an extreme which has "compromised the economical equilibrium of the world," and that the balance will be restored, after a great crisis, by a movement back to the land. Thanks to manufacturing, he says, men have become better clothed and better lodged, and have become familiar with many pleasures unknown to their fathers. But consumption must have its bounds. So long as industrial production depended upon human labor, its extension was limited, but the substitution of machinery for hand labor, and the cheapening of transportation, changed the situation. The periodical glut of a nation's market with goods, throwing many out of employment until the congestion is relieved, is a symptom of the disproportion between mechanical and agricultural production. This phenomenon, M. Meunier thinks, will become universal and so disastrous that a revolution will follow unless some means are found of diverting the surplus labor to the soil.

The argument that limits should be set to the progress of mechanical invention is crude and unscientific. A man cannot earn more than the product of his labor, and any invention which increases that product places him in a position to command more of the things that minister to his comfort and pleasure. But there is a grain of truth in M. Meunier's deductions. Nearly every country, by means of tariffs and bounties, has sought to stimulate mechanical industry within its borders, and has placed a premium upon manufacturing at the expense of agriculture. One result has been to divert capital from the land to industrial production by the prospect of higher profits. Each of these countries in the endeavor to make itself self-contained in an industrial sense, has developed its manufacturing capacity beyond the needs of its own market, and must find an outlet for its surplus productions, but finds itself confronted everywhere by tariff barriers, which interfere with the natural distribution of commodities. Instead of each country producing the things for which it is specially adapted by nature, and the character of its people, and exchanging them for things which other countries can produce with advantage, it has forced the production within its own boundaries of many commodities which it could more profitably purchase elsewhere. Economic laws have been violated, and there has been a lop-sided development, which results in recurring periods of over-production. A universal free exchange of commodities would give full play to the productive forces of the world, and enable each country to make the best of its natural advantages, but universal free trade, which the Cobdenites half a century ago believed was within measurable distance, is now only an ideal.

Mining Lands Withdrawn.

The Ontario Government has acted in the public interest in refusing to sell or lease any more lands in the Cobalt mining district until it has framed new regulations.

The discovery of rich silver ores has already poured fortunes into private pockets, without any corresponding public advantage. The ores have

to be sent out of the Province for treatment, so that most of the money spent by the mine-owners has been paid out across the line. The people of Ontario, who own the mineral lands should share in the wealth produced from them. The Federal Government asserted this principle in the Yukon, and imposed a royalty which yielded a revenue sufficient to meet the expenses of administration in that territory. Care must be taken not to discourage private enterprise by laying too heavy a burden upon the industry. The Yukon royalty was not excessive in the early stages of development, but it became so when more expensive methods of mining became necessary, and it was gradually reduced. In the Cobalt district of Ontario the expense of taking out the ores is comparatively small, and it may be that they can be made to contribute handsomely to the revenues of the Province.

While no more lands will be patented for a time, the Government will encourage prospecting, and priority will be given to claims in the order filed. An outcry against the Government's action may be expected from the mining camp, but the interests of the people must have precedence.

It is imperative that the profits of mining should be kept in the Province, and when a smelting industry is established here, the Government will be in a better position to frame regulations which shall be permanent.

Another feather in Roosevelt's cap.

This is the week that may make or mar the west.

Still, Russia can hardly call it a draw.

Three hundred and forty-seven university professors are on strike in Russia. There has been a general impression that the brains of Russia haven't been working for a long time.

Prince Louis of Battenberg, who is going from Canada to the United States, is a Hessian by birth. At one time the Hessians were highly unpopular in the States, but they came on a different errand.

The Salvation Army managers in England hear that women are scarce in Canada and will open a matrimonial bureau for the benefit of Canadian bachelors. The army managers might change their minds if they went to a few Canadian summer resorts.

We Have Been Friends.

[Caroline Norton.]
 We have been friends together,
 In sunshine and in shade,
 Since first beneath the chestnut tree
 In infancy we played;
 But coldness dwells within my heart,
 A cloud upon my brow;
 We have been gay together—
 Shall a light word part us now?

We have been gay together,
 We have laughed at little jests;
 For the fount of hope was gushing
 Warm and joyous in our breasts;
 But laughter now hath fled thy lip,
 And sullen glooms thy brow;
 We have been gay together—
 Shall a light word part us now?

We have been sad together,
 We have wept with bitter tears
 O'er the grass-grown graves where slumbered
 The hopes of early years.
 The voices which were silent there
 Would bid thee clear thy brow;
 We have been sad together—
 Shall a light word part us now?

Getting Out of Difficulty.

[Judge.]
 She—Which would you rather lose, Jack—me or my money?
 He—You, sweetheart.
 She—Oh, Jack!
 He—But I would. Because, don't you see, dearest, if I lost you I would have the money to offer large rewards for your recovery and yet you back again.
 She—Dear Jack!

The Limit of Mendacity.

[Philadelphia Record.]
 Hook—I don't think Longbow always sticks to the truth.
 Nye—Shouldn't you know he doesn't. Why, that fellow lies like a tombstone.

Missed an Opportunity.

[Branford Exp. Post.]
 The history of the history of justices of the peace consists solely in the cutting off of Liberals and the appointment of Conservatives in their places. Mr. Justice has a magnificent opportunity to score in not changing the entire system.

A Careful Comparison.

[Washington Star.]
 "We don't want no flyin' machines," said Mr. Erasmus Pickley, flatulently. "Dem automobiles is bad enough."
 "Do you think flyin' machines will be worse than automobiles?"
 "Yas, I does. When you is hit by an automobile, dar you is; but when you is hit by a flyin' machine you ain't hit no fly. You has a long, hard drop comin'."

Japs in Peace or War.

[Belleville Intelligencer.]
 Some people were afraid, at first, that Wilson and his fellow-Russians were going to get the best of the Jap peace envoys, but just at present it would appear that the astute servants of the Mikado stand to make their Muscovite opponents look like thirty kopecks.

A wily little man.

Is the Jap:
 You seldom catch him taking a nap.
 In peace or in war
 He's the best you ever saw
 And for his tricks he cares not a straw.
 They're a snap.

Oronhyatekha and Laurier.

[Lindsay Post.]
 Dr. Oronhyatekha, head of the Independent Order of Foresters, now gets a salary of \$15,000 more than Premier Laurier. The Foresters are more generous to their chief officer than are the people of Canada.

Mr. Gansy and Politics.

[Hamilton Herald.]
 Mr. Gansy says he is tired of public life. He can also boast that he has made other politicians tired of politics.

Laugh!

[The Khan.]
 We don't laugh half enough. But we don't laugh because we don't get the chance!
 We are surrounded by tragedies, and most of us dare not laugh.
 Is it not absurd that I have to pay

one dollar and a half to sit in an orchestra chair and laugh?
 That's all right, but if I were to laugh like that at home Aunt Lucy would look grave, and Phoebe would say that I was drinking again.
 One thousand years from now our historian will tell his readers that we bought a ticket to entertain us to laugh. He will gravely say that we never laughed anywhere else, and that we had to show a piece of cardboard to a demon in the rotunda before we were permitted to go in and laugh.
 And that we laughed our money's worth, and laughed no more.
 The world is full of delightfully funny things. If we would only laugh. I was on tenter hooks—she frowned, and the world in general was drowned. Suddenly she looked up and laughed, and laughed, and like a sweet, soft waft from heaven came—I cannot give the thing a name!

To a Butterfly.

[At 90 Degrees in the Shade.]
 [Punch.]
 Bless spirit, that flitted through the air
 North summer suns, device of care
 And underwear—
 I envy thee, distracting fly,
 Thou look'st so fresh and cool, while I
 Can't, though I try.

No collar donned at fashion's beck
 Depends, a moist and crumpled neck,
 About thy neck.
 No hard-boiled shirt, no fancy vest,
 Lies nightmar-like on thine oppressed
 And shimmering chest.

I envy thee! Ah! would I too
 Might brave, untroussed even as you,
 The public view!

A handkerchief, a string of beads,
 Such as the Hottentot concedes
 To custom's needs.

These and a brush or so of paint
 I'd gladly wear without complaint,
 Only I mayn't!

Something Doing in Chicago.

[Buffalo Commercial.]
 A death every fifteen minutes.
 A birth every eight minutes and 27 seconds.
 A murder every 70 hours.
 A suicide every eighteen hours.
 A serious accident, necessitating nurse's or physician's care, every four minutes.
 A fatal accident every five hours.
 A case of assault and battery every 26 minutes.
 A burglary every three hours.
 A hold-up every six hours.
 A disturbance of the peace, to attract attention, every six seconds.
 A larceny every twenty minutes.
 An arrest every seven minutes and 30 seconds.
 A fire every hour.
 An arrest for drunkenness every 15 minutes.
 A marriage every twenty minutes.
 A case for the coroner every three hours.
 A new building completed every one hour and fifteen minutes.
 A railroad passenger train arrives every 56 seconds.

Just Another One.

[Chicago Chronicle.]
 There was a man in our town
 With brains just like a soil.
 For when he went to work a day,
 He always reeked the soil.

And when he saw what fun it was
 He reeked it more and more,
 And by this man's remains
 May wash up on the shore.

The Princess Alice.

[Toronto Star.]
 Since Miss Roosevelt went away on her trip her every movement has been recorded in the American press as if she were the empress of a devoted people. It is a curious development in the character of a republican people, they are making of this young lady their Princess Alice, and if she had an ambitious father he might be misled into venturing into some grand enterprise for the elevation of his family.

Religion in Deeds.

[Hamilton Herald.]
 Dr. Campbell Morgan complains bitterly that the development of the church in America is along secular rather than spiritual lines. This fact he regards as a sign of religious degeneracy. But is it?

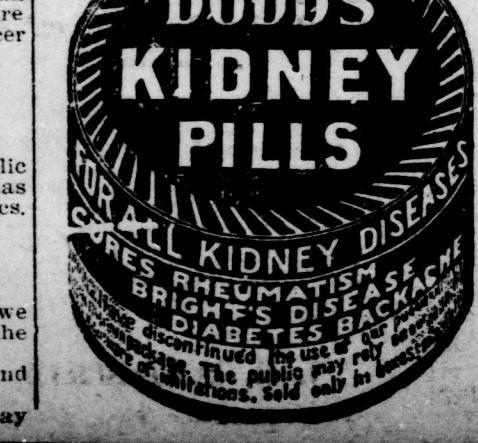
Until recently a church has been a place dedicated to worship and the spiritual awakening, strengthening and enlightenment of those who gathered there. A church, in addition to all this, is coming to be a center of social activities for the good of the community. The "institutional church" is a type that is becoming more common every year. To others besides Dr. Morgan, this movement causes alarm because it looks like the secularizing of the church, and a modern secularization is, in their opinion, necessarily a movement away from spirituality. Possibly it is away from Christian mysticism, but it is in close touch with Christian ethics. It is a truth too often ignored that religion may be manifested in deeds of kindness, not less than in prayer and praise, preaching and Bible-reading. The spiritual definition of "true religion" and "true piety" is the performance of very practical duties. And it should be considered that the founder of the church not only "spoke as never man spoke," but also "went about doing good." The religion which he taught and exemplified in his life was a religion of works as well as worship.

Thus in organizing and sustaining secular activities having for their sole object the welfare of humanity and prompted by the spirit of love, the church is only imitating the example of its founder.

Well-Behaved Money.

[Harper's Weekly.]
 In these days of tainted money and apparent jealousy of wealth it is worth noting how indifferent our public is to the vast accumulations of Avarice money. There is an enormous heap of it, it renders no services to the public that anyone hears much about; comparatively little of it is ever given away. But it pays taxes and obeys the laws, and nobody worries or complains about it.

The lifeboats of the Government stationed along the United States coasts were launched last winter, last year to go to wrecks. They were the means of saving 519 lives.



Steinway Pianos

Are the standard of excellence for the world.

Every royal house in Europe is graced with a Steinway Piano, and Canadians now recognize its superior musical qualities, which accounts for the large number being sold.

NORDHEIMER'S LIMITED.
 188 Dundas Street, London.
 SOLE CANADIAN AGENTS.

GOW'S ACQUITTAL PLEASES DUMMER

But the Crown Officers Will Probably Inquire Into Hill Tragedy.

Peterboro, Aug. 29.—The verdict of the coroner's jury in the Dummer township tragedy came as a surprise to many, the exoneration of Gow being a most unexpected feature of the affair. The new light thrown upon the mystery by the official investigation revealed a number of new incidents in connection with the fatal night, including the fact that the initial shooting was done from the Hill residence. Light was also thrown upon the evidence of the members of the Hill family regarding Murphy by the testimony of the part of young men, which went to show that Murphy was unarmed at the time, and therefore did not fire the shots, as it was alleged Hill had seen him.

Gow passed through Peterboro on Saturday night on his way to Ottawa, where he will participate in the annual matches of the Dominion Rifle Association. On being questioned by a Star representative, he reiterated the story told at the inquest.

Inquiry was also made of County Attorney Wood regarding the future action which may be taken in the case, and he stated that, with the evidence taken Saturday, will be referred at once to the Department of the Attorney-General, with a request for instructions as to what course will be pursued. Should these not be forthcoming he will proceed as he deems advisable upon consideration of the facts.

The verdict has been received with distinct feelings of gratification in Dummer township, though at the same time the coroner, having in view of his confession, Gow is a young man of hitherto unimpeachable character, and was one of the most popular young men of the community, possessing, as he did, a much higher intelligence than ordinarily is the case in such environments. His family are also highly respected, and on account alone the people of the vicinity express their gratification at the result.

The investigation will be made by the provincial authorities.

AMY SOLVE THE ARMY PROBLEM

Lord Chylesmore's Suggestion to Train Boys Likely to Be Adopted.

London, Aug. 29.—If Lord Roberts and other prominent officers persist in the severe criticism of British army methods which are now attracting so much attention just now, it is not unlikely that the Government will give serious consideration to a plan devised by Lord Chylesmore. Briefly, this plan would have every school boy physically fit and trained to use a rifle. By beginning with youths of 15 or 16, and establishing a regular system for annual prize competitions, this nobleman declares that he could develop a nation of young marksmen, expert for their age, who would later on make first-class volunteers. This, of course, would provide a remedy for the "army problem," which the chief trouble—the lack of interest in military affairs apparent in nearly every rank of the British people.

The suggestion, in which the King has shown great interest, comes from Lord Chylesmore, mayor of the city of Westminster, which is incorporated in Metropolitan London. His mother was one of the early Anglo-American brides and was the daughter of Thomas Macnamara, of New Orleans. Early in life her son chose the army for a career, being gazetted into the Grenadier Guards in 19.

In 1890 a small but bloody battle broke out in this regiment, caused the whole Second Battalion to be transferred to Bermuda. To command these recruited soldiers the war office chose the present Lord Chylesmore, who in those days was Col. Herbert Eaton. For the "Tommy's" Bermuda proved, as the authorities in England had hoped, a dull place, but the officers found Hamilton was not without society. Among the Americans who made the island a regular summer resort was the family of Francis Ormond French, of New York, and the second season after Col. Eaton's departure, it became known in England that he was engaged to Miss Elizabeth French, daughter of the eminent New York banker.

Before the end of 1892 their marriage took place in London at the chapel in the Grosvenor Gardens. Early in life her son chose the army for a career, being gazetted into the Grenadier Guards in 19.

Canadian National Exhibition. Will be held in Toronto, Aug. 28 to Sept. 9. See Grand Trunk advertisement for special rates.



Easy to Shake Down the Pandora. The slightest pressure of the hand is all you need to shake the Pandora range. With common ranges the air is full of dust and the house is full of noise when you shake them down.

But the Pandora, with its triple-gear shaker, works so easily, silently and effectively that shaking is the merest effort, which a small child can easily exert.

And this is only one reason why the Pandora is the very best range you can get.

McClary's Pandora Range
 Warehouses and Factories:
 London, Toronto, Montreal,
 Winnipeg, Vancouver,
 St. John, N.B., Hamilton.

WM. STEVELY & SON, 362 Richmond Street,
 J. C. PARK, 663 Dundas Street East, Agents

Colorado

At Her Best. In late summer Colorado is at her best. The green of the verdure on mountain and meadow is slowly turning to crimson and gold. Afar looms a peak whose snow-capped summit is enshrouded in autumnal haze. The air is laden with the spice of mountain pines and fir trees. Colorado is surely the best place to go for the autumn vacation.

Very low rates via the Rock Island—Standard and Tourist sleepers and electric-lighted chair cars.

Go via Chicago, return via St. Louis if you like.

Use this coupon to learn all about it.
A. C. TURPIN, General Agent,
 297 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.
 Please send me Colorado booklet, with list of hotels and boarding houses, and tell me about Rock Island service.
 Name _____
 Address _____

Do Not Miss The great Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto this year. Specially low rates via Grand Trunk.

Special Train via Grand Trunk to the Toronto Exposition, \$2.55. Although the Grand Trunk have 8 trains every week day to Toronto they intend running on Special Excursion Days, viz. Aug. 29 and 31, Sept. 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, Oct. 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, Nov. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Dec. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jan. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Feb. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Mar. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Apr. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, May 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jun. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jul. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Aug. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Sep. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Oct. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Nov. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Dec. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jan. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Feb. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Mar. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Apr. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, May 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jun. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jul. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Aug. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Sep. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Oct. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Nov. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Dec. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jan. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Feb. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Mar. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Apr. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, May 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jun. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jul. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Aug. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Sep. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Oct. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Nov. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Dec. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jan. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Feb. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Mar. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Apr. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, May 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jun. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jul. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Aug. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Sep. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Oct. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Nov. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Dec. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jan. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Feb. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Mar. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Apr. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, May 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jun. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, Jul. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 3