

IRISH EMIGRATION STATISTICS.

The emigration statistics for 1904, which have just been published, continue the story of the depletion of the Irish population, says The Dublin Freeman's Journal. The number of emigrants was 37,115, or 8.5 per 1,000 of the estimated population in the middle of the year. This, however, according to the figures showed a decrease on the previous year. Unfortunately, this decrease has not continued, for this year, up to the present, the emigration has been much larger than for many years past.

Of the 36,902 natives of Ireland who left the country last year, 15,177 or 3.9 per 1,000, were from Leinster; 12,606, or 11.7 per 1,000, were from Munster; 10,156, or 6.4 per 1,000, were from Ulster, while 9,623, or 14.7 per 1,000, were from Connaught. The figures show, in comparison with the previous year, that the emigration from Connaught and Munster, respectively, marked a decrease of 1,431 and 2,098, while in the cases of the other two provinces, Leinster shows an emigration increase of 227, and Ulster an increase of 486. These figures are rather remarkable. It is certainly rather surprising to find emigration going back in Ulster and Connaught, while it is increasing in Leinster and Munster.

The destination of Irish emigrants is a matter of great interest. This report includes a table which fully covers this aspect of the question for the year dealt with. From this table it appears that 33,434, or 90.6 per cent. of the total, emigrated to the colonies, or to foreign countries, and 3,468, or 9.4 per cent. to Great Britain. The United States received 30,580 or 82.9 per cent., a slightly smaller percentage than in the preceding year.

On the other hand, the number of Irish emigrants to New Zealand in 1904 was 123 as compared with 67 in the previous year. Emigration to Canada shows a tendency to increase. In 1903 the number of Irish emigrants to that country was 1,493, while last year it was 2,083. The Irish emigration to Australia is apparently drying up, notwithstanding the fine position our people now occupy in that country. "The emigrants to Australia," says the report, "numbered 336 in 1904, against 380 in 1903, 496 in 1902, 595 in 1901, 834 in 1900, 1,005 in 1899, 837 in 1898, 676 in 1897, 545 in 1896, 629 in 1895, 457 in 1894, 511 in 1893, 1,216 in 1892, 1,821 in 1891, 2,338 in 1890, 3,038 in 1889, 3,110 in 1888, and 3,596 in 1887.

A very interesting feature of the return is the figures of the emigration turn to Great Britain. Of the natives of Ireland who left the country during 1904 to settle permanently in England or Scotland, there were 3,468, 2,011 of whom went to England and Wales, and 1,457 to Scotland; 65.6 per cent., of those who went to England and Wales were Ulster people, as were nearly all those who went to Scotland. Half of the latter were Antrim people. Except from Ulster, the emigration from Ireland to Great Britain, therefore, seems to be drying up.

HATRED OF FRENCH ANTI-CLERICALS.

Perhaps the most striking, certainly the most amusing, concession of the French government is that which graciously grants the clergy permission to wear their cassocks in public. One furious anti-clerical deputy, M. Chahert, moved a resolution that priests should be forbidden to wear the cassock except during divine service. He called the cassock, "a living sermon," "a permanent act of proselytism," "conscience in the street." He besought the government to free the priest from his cassock, and let him mingle among men habited like a man. His amendment was rejected with laughter. But one of his friends, M. Dejeante, took it very seriously, and threatened that all young Republicans, of either sex, would adopt the costume of priests and nuns and make it ridiculous. "You will get drunk in ecclesiastical garments?" queried a Deputy from the Right. "Certainly," rejoined M. Dejeante, "we will do anything to make the clerical dress ludicrous." But repartee is not dead in France, and one of the Deputies quietly remarked: "Very well, M. Dejeante; just dress yourself like a cure and come to the next sitting of the Chambers!" The incident shows to what depths of hatred the anti-clericals can descend.

AN IMPORTANT MATTER.

This time of year those who are fortunate enough to be able to do so take a vacation. It is well for Catholics to bear in mind when choosing a place to recreate to select one where they can enjoy all the benefits to be derived from the Catholic Church. As a rule when one is off on a vacation it means, in many cases, "for a good time." We are apt to forget our usual customs and habits of home and give way too much to the gaieties of life and thereby sow the seeds of future ruin. With the restraining influences of the Church near there is

very little danger to one. Many a life has been ruined and many souls lost from habits first learned on ships for vacations.

CLIMO'S SPECIAL PHOTO OFFER.

Mr. Climo, the well-known photographer, 85 Germain street, is making a special photo offer, which appears in our advertising columns. A photograph taken at this studio is always first class work. The extraordinary low rates quoted will no doubt be taken advantage of by large numbers.

PRIZE WINNERS.

Below is given the result of the drawing in connection with the recent Church of the Assumption picnic:

Ship—Minnie Buckley, Fort Dufferin. Cheese dish—Annie Walsh, St. James street.

Gold ring—James Kane, Chapel St. Sofa cushion—James Sullivan, Market Place.

Berry set—Edward Corey, Lancaster. Fruit dish—Chas. Haley, Germain street.

Toilet set—Mrs. A. E. Goldie, St. John street.

Parlor lamp—M. Connell, St. Patrick street.

Silk hat—John Nichols, St. David street.

Hand bag—Francis McCubbin, Sand Point.

PRINTERS' PAY.

The St. John Globe Publishing Company cheerfully complied with the request of the printers of the city to raise the weekly wage of journeymen by two dollars, and thus bring it up to twelve dollars a week. Although almost everything in the way of apparel and food is cheaper than a quarter of a century ago extension of the necessities of civilization makes a necessary now of many things which were once a luxury. The ways of living have improved; and printers as a class are deserving of all the advantages of a civilization which they help to create. With the increase of pay in the last half century the working hours have diminished. The printer is scarcely affected by conditions of weather. His work is under cover, and a sober, steady man, as a rule, gets the benefit of every day on which his health is good. Presumably, there is a limit to the capacity of any business in regard to the wages which it pays. The willingness with which the job printers, such as Messrs. McMillan and Barnes & Co., and others, responded to the request of their employees seems to indicate that these firms did not consider the request unreasonable. As for the newspapers their cheerful optimism, the unbounded evidence which they steadily display of success, must be quite encouraging to their employees; and, above all, is the exhibition of good feeling between employer and employee, which is afforded by the easy settlement of this matter.—Globe.

ORANGE AND GREEN.

It looks as if there is to be a blending of Orange and Green. "Castle government stands self-condemned. We do not trust either of the English parties on any of the questions that divide Ireland, and we are satisfied that both Liberals and Tories will continue in the future as they have done in the past, to play off Irish Protestants and Nationalists against each other to the prejudice of our country." This is taken not from a Nationalist document, but from a manifesto addressed to all Irishmen by Mr. T. H. Sloan, M. P., Mr. Lindsay Crawford, Imperial Grand Master, and other leaders of the Independent Orange Order of Ireland. What does the manifesto mean? That a considerable number of the Orangemen have become weary of beating the drum for the pleasure of the landlords and are beginning to feel that the assertion of narrow sectarian prejudice is not a thing one may be proud to live for. Too much must not be expected from this new development. Old traditions and habits are not easily abandoned. But if the Independent Order teach Irish Orangemen and the rank and file of Irish Protestants to say and to feel as they stand on Irish soil. "This is my own, my native land," it will render to Ireland a service for which future generations will bless it.

FROM ST. STEPHEN.

The interior of the church of the Holy Rosary has been further beautified by the extension of the sanctuary across the whole front, the side door on the east having been removed for this purpose and replaced by a window. The expense of this work was borne by the late John Connors, M. J. O'Donnell bears the cost of varnishing the altar rail and Mrs. P. Brown is to put in a decorated window.

How happy home might generally be made but for foolish quarrels or misunderstandings, as they are well named! It is our own fault if we are querulous or ill-humored; nor need we, though this be less easy, allow ourselves to be made unhappy by the querulousness or ill-humor of others.—Sir John Lubbock.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. Daniel Mullin, K. C., is back from Montreal.

Miss Ella Stanton, Main street, has returned from New York.

Mr. Stephen P. Gerow returned on Wednesday morning from Boston.

Mrs. Geo. E. King and Miss Roma King come up from St. Andrews on Tuesday.

Miss Elizabeth F. Hayes, of Boston, a former resident, is on a visit to St. John.

Miss Gertrude Farrell, of Fredericton, is visiting Miss Winnie MacNeill, Cliff street.

Miss Josie Hayes, of Boston, is visiting friends and relatives in Fairville and Milford.

Baron Gustav de Coriolis, of Montreal, is in the city. He is the representative of large monied interests.

Mr. J. J. Anslow, of the Hants Journal was in town this week, on his way to Windsor from the Miramichi.

Mrs. John Kyffin and daughter and Mr. William Hawkes of Boston, are visiting Mrs. Thomas Buckley, Harrison street.

Montreal Witness, Monday: Hon. Mr. Emmerson and his family came down from Ottawa yesterday. They left this morning for Old Orchard.

Fredericton Gleaner: Miss Nora O'Brien, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. C. F. Randolph, left for the States on Saturday evening.

Mr. H. B. Ames, M. P., for St. Antoine division, Montreal, was in the city Monday: He is touring the provinces becoming acquainted with transportation questions.

Miss Josephine McNeil, who received a first class license at the Normal school a few weeks ago, has been appointed on the reserve staff of the St. John schools.—Chatham World.

Mr. P. A. Nannary, who went to New York the other day, has been re-engaged by the Quincy Adams Sawyer Co., opening in Providence on Sept. 1, and going later on to the Pacific coast cities.

Mr. Edward Hackett, of Tignish, was in town on Thursday with his daughter, Mrs. Fitzgerald, of Montreal. We are pleased to see the old horse looking so well and hope he will continue to enjoy his present excellent health and spirits.—Sumner the Agriculturist.

The great party given at Knebworth by Lord Strathearn in honor of the Canadian visitors was March 15. As of Donegal wore white striped silk and a big black hat. She was with her mother, Mrs. Twining. Baroness Macdonald, gowned in white satin, chatted with the Archdeacon of London.

OPEN TO CHARTER.

The S. S. Elaine may be chartered any day (except Sunday) by private parties for picnics and excursions on the river from 10.30 a. m., to 4.40 p. m. For terms and arrangements apply to the president, 42 Princess St., or the manager at Indian town.

RETURNED TO BOSTON.

Rev. John A. Hanley, C. S. S. R., of the Mission Church, Roxbury, Mass., who has been a visitor at St. Peter's rectory, returned on Thursday morning to Boston, by way of Yarmouth. Father Hanley gave a retreat at Chatham, during his stay in New Brunswick.

HIS EIGHTIETH BIRTHDAY.

With a number of his family around him—children and grandchildren—Mr. Thomas A. Rankine on Tuesday celebrated his eightieth birthday. A notable citizen is Mr. Rankine, for he wears his four-score years easily, and is as prompt at business now as he was forty years ago.

The picnic of the R. C. Church held at Norton, on Tuesday, July 15th, was a thorough success, the sum of \$500 being the proceeds.

THIS AFTERNOON.

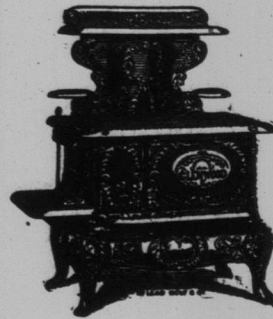
If you desire to have a pleasant sail on the St. John river and pass a few hours pleasantly at Watter's Landing go to the City Cornet Band Excursion this Saturday afternoon. Boats leave at 2.15 and 3.45 o'clock.

Pure Rubber Bathing Caps Rubber Sponges.

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Aug. 5	Gulf of Annapolis	Aug. 15	Aug. 28	
Aug. 19	Evangeline	Sept. 7	Sept. 10	
Aug. 29	St. John City	Sept. 16	Sept. 19	

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