

"All Dunlop tires in 1900"

On macadam roads—on country roads—on good roads and bad roads—Dunlop Detachable Tires are safest and easiest to ride.

If you meet with a mishap—a puncture—ten miles from home—these are the only tools you need.



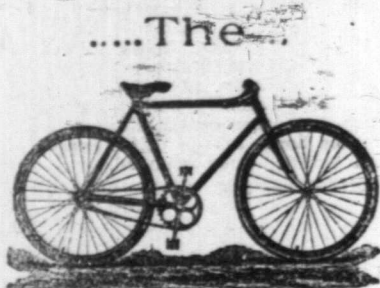
"The only tools."

The Dunlop Tire Co., Limited,  
Toronto, Winnipeg, St. John

BERESFORD CIGAR  
10c

MANUFACTURED BY STRETTON & DUNN,  
LONDON, FOR SALE AT

W. H. HENNETT'S CIGAR STORE  
19-20 E. BUILDING.



"Chicago"

Bicycle

Is fitted with all the latest improvements and sells for

\$35

AT THE  
Planet Office, Chatham

BEFORE MAKING YOUR PURCHASE  
IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE  
THIS WHEEL.

Eggs for  
Hatching

From Barred Plymouth Rocks, and  
Black Minorcas, all from the best  
stock, good healthy birds  
bred true prize at the Pen-  
sion. Examination for heavy eggs  
for setting of 13 eggs \$1. special  
price for large quantities.  
Orders promptly filled.

W. Everitt,  
Chatham, Ont.

Maple City Brewery

Beer for Hotel and Home  
Consumption

PROMPTLY DELIVERED IN ANY PART  
OF THE CITY.

12 quart bottles.....\$1.00  
24 pint bottles.....\$1.10  
Kege of 4 gallons.....\$1.00

An order will convince you that we are able  
to make a beer that will ensure a continu-  
ance of your order.

Brewery—Head Street  
Telephone 247 North Chatham

TAKE YOUR WORK TO THE  
Tecomseh Flour Mills

Morrison Bros., Props.

Custom Grinding  
Flour, Feed, Buckwheat Flour and  
Cornmeal

WOOD SOLD AND DELIVERED.  
Cor. Queen St. and Park Ave

COYNE  
Merchant  
Tanner

Opp Grand Opera House Entrance

Minard's Liniment Cures Deafness.

## VENTRILOQUISM

Must be Natural to the Person Like Singing  
When it is Easily Cultivated.

"A veteran showman" is alleged to have made the assertion the other day that ventriloquism was playing out as an ad-ventitious attraction. He also ventures the startling assurance that "of course we know now-a-days that there is no such thing as 'throwing the voice,'" but that it is simply an illusion in which the eye plays a bigger part than the ear, etc. The showman" is also made to say that the illusion is quickly dispelled by standing close to the ventriloquist.

I don't know where "the showman" received his impressions, but after reading the interview I am firmly convinced that what "the showman" doesn't know about ventriloquism would fill a large volume, and what he does know about it could be printed on an ordinary postage stamp. That ventriloquism is simply an illusion of sounds is no secret, nor is it something that has only been found out "now-a-days," as "the showman" could easily ascertain by looking up the word in any old dictionary or in one of the books which are published on this subject.

It is, however, an art that a few acquire, and, like singing or any other special talent, must come naturally to the person, or he can never master it and son, or he can never master it and make much of a success of it. And, like singing, a man has to keep in practice to do it well. Three of my brothers were ventriloquists, and I taught Davis many of his tricks of voice, so that I know what I am talking about.

If ventriloquism is playing out as a vaudeville attraction it is because there are few good ventriloquists left on the stage. Most of the ventriloquist stars that I have known have died from the effects of consumption, to which this class of artists seem to be susceptible.

Again, I dispute the assertion that the illusion is easily dispelled by being close to the artist. Of course ventriloquists are supposed to be able to do great deal which they cannot do, but it is as difficult to tell where the sound is coming from when near the ventriloquist as it is to locate that great, unmythological ventriloquist, the cricket.

The illusions are improved if the operator can beat a little distance from the audience, especially if he is imitating natural voices, but everything depends on the practice and experience of the ventriloquist and the amount of noise about the artist. I have a brother on the stage at the present time who has stood in the midst of many a circle of friends and started them on a wild goose chase of one kind or another, or has bewildered some friend or stranger on the opposite side of the street by making voices appear to come from his head or at his side and behind his back.

Another brother can imitate the cries of birds and animals so perfectly that he has kept neighbors busy many a time trying to locate fowls and animals, by making their cries appear to come from the air, under the barn or some other inaccessible place, and though he would pretend to be one of the most diligent searchers it was years before the deception was discovered by the neighbors. Of course there is a class of artists who depend for their skill entirely upon wooden figures with movable jaws, but a good ventriloquist does not require any mechanical contrivance to aid him in his work, and these artists use them simply to increase the attractiveness and interest of the entertainment. When a ventriloquist is in a large hall he has to raise his voice to such a pitch that he prefers the stage to himself, as then persons standing close by can easily locate the source of the sounds.

Charles H. Wentzell.

Leather From Fish Skins.  
The United States Fish Commission report has been getting together a collection of leathers made from the skins of fishes and other aquatic animals. It is not only of interest to the curiosity seeker, but is intended to have a very practical value, showing incidentally what may be done with the outer coats of many creatures whose hides are commonly esteemed worthless. Already the world's supply of leather derived from land animals does not equal the demand, so that the almost efforts are being made to discover or manufacture some sort of available substitute, but hitherto nobody seems to have thought of utilizing the material afforded by creatures that live in the water.

Several kinds of fishes have skins that make excellent leather for some purposes, and it is a shame to think of the countless thousands of hides of these catenae that have been thrown away since the fishery for them began. Porpoise leather is even now employed for razor straps; being considered a very superior material. Seal leather, dyed in a number of different colors, is included in the Fish Commission's collection. Hair seal are still enormously plentiful in the North Atlantic and other seas, and it is not difficult to kill them, so that they afford a very promising source of leather supply.

Another kind of leather now coming into the market is that of the sea elephant. Up to within a few years ago a species of sea elephant was found on the Pacific coast, ranging as far north as lower California, but it has been entirely exterminated. A related species occurs in Antarctic seas, chiefly on Kerguelen Island, and it was driven likewise almost to the point of extinction a dozen years back. So few of them were left that it became unprofitable to go after them, and so they had a chance to increase again in numbers.

## THE CHATHAM DAILY PLANET FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1900

They Almost Closed Her Eyes.  
Physicians of No Benefit.  
Healed by CUTICURA.

When my little sister was four months old her cheeks became red and inflamed. Small pimples broke out over her face and it was one of the most distressing things I ever saw. We tried every remedy, but nothing seemed to do any good. I tried the CUTICURA, and in a few days the skin was clear and healthy. You can use this for a testimonial.

March 19, '98. ROBERT D. BAKER, Solon, Ohio.  
Signed by parent.

FRED BURGER, Mrs. C. BURGER.

## TETTER ON HANDS

CURED BY CUTICURA

I had Tetters on my hands for two years. My hands were all cracked and peeling, and I could not do any work. I tried everything, but nothing seemed to do any good. I tried the CUTICURA, and in a few days the skin was clear and healthy. You can use this for a testimonial.

CUTICURA. Resolves every kind of blood impurities and humors, cures Tetters, Eruptions, Pimples, Itch, and all skin diseases. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and cures all skin diseases. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and cures all skin diseases. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and cures all skin diseases.

Sold throughout the world. For Sale at Chatham, Ont., at the Planet Office.

Diverting in the British navy, before being passed as proficient in his craft have to be able to work in twelve fathoms of water for an hour, and in twenty fathoms for a quarter of an hour.

A man talks about owning his business. But, as a matter of fact, his business is owned by him. His whole life is regulated by the demands of the business. The time at which he rises, his breakfast, the time given to meals, the time spent in his office, his obligations, he rushes through lunch because he "can't spare the time from business" to eat leisurely. He won't take a rest because he is needed at the store or office. He is in fact an absolute slave to his business. The results which follow this slavery are to be seen in the countenance of the man. He is irritable, nervous, with drawn features, and hollow eyes, sit at the desk or stand behind the counter until they collapse in a fit of stress, or are taken away by heart failure. Those who cannot escape the exactions of business will find a friend in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which increases the vitality and physical vigor. It makes men strong and prevents them from being "break-downs" which so often terminate fatally.

The prime of life in a man of regular habits is not reached until he is from thirty to fifty-five years of age; in a woman, from twenty-four or twenty-five to about forty years of age.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.  
Do not give up. MINARD'S LINIMENT is my stable for over a year, and consider it the very best for horse flesh. I can get, and strongly recommend it.

GEO. HOUGH,  
Livery Stables, Quebec.

Large families are the rule among the Dutch. A certain Susanna Joubert, of Klipfontein, in the Orange River colony, has had four children, her living descendants number 327.

Blown to Atoms  
The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded; for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel all poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and sick headache. Only 25c. at A. L. McCall & Co's drug store.

The Czar has one estate which covers over 100,000,000 acres, more than three times as large as England, and he has another estate which is more than twice the size of Scotland.

Her Head a Fright.

"Large sores covered the head and face of our child," writes C. D. Isbell, of Morgentown, Tenn., "that no treatment helped till we used BULLOCK'S A. A. Ointment, which quickly cured her." Infallible in eruptions, Bruises, Accidents and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. at A. L. McCall & Co's drug store.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Nothing does so much harm to a woman as her patience, and nothing does her so little as the patience of her husband.—Joubert.

It is calculated that the tramways, omnibuses and underground railways in and around London, within a radius of five miles, carry each year about 453,000,000.

HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA CURED IN NO TIME.

By using Dr. Price's Pain Expeller. Sure and harmless. Cures rheumatic and neuralgic pains, sciatic, OR NEURALGIC CURED. By Dr. Price's Pine Oil. Cures parache, backache, toothache, in fact Aches and Pains of any kind. 25c. For sale by C. H. Gunn & Co., Drugists, Chatham, Ont.

## MOSEBY ESCAPED

George W. Fink Had the Famous Guerilla Under Arrest

The man who captured Colonel John Singleton Mosely, the most famous of the Confederate guerillas during the civil war, was George W. Fink. The fact that Mosely was a prisoner under fire for only a short time, not more than half an hour, in fact, does not take away much from the glory of his achievement, as may be seen from the circumstances of the incident as related by Mr. Fink at the Union station in the special train in which the colonists lay over while arrangements for the transfer from the Pennsylvania to the Fort Wayne were being made.

At the outbreak of the war Fink enlisted in Troop A, of the First Pennsylvania Cavalry, and went with that command almost immediately to the region of the Shenandoah Valley, where their field of operations continued to be. In 1861 Fink was one day a member of a scouting party sent out to reconnoiter, and in that capacity traveled a considerable distance from the spot where the camp had been pitched. It was learned from some of the Union sympathizers in the region that a small party of Confederate were concealed in a house three or four miles away, and a detachment was sent after them.

Fink himself rode up to the door and demanded entrance, which was refused him by the woman who answered the knock at the door. He denied vigorously that any soldiers were within and loudly protested against the intrusion of the scouts.

In one of the upper chambers two officers, a lieutenant and a captain, were found lying under the bed, and were triumphantly dragged forth, covered with dust and lint from the floor. In another room a third man, dressed in civilian's clothes, but very evidently connected with the army, was found and placed under arrest in company with the others. Their arms were taken from them, and under the guard of Fink and one companion their return to the camp was begun.

On the way a thick wood was passed through. The man in civilian's clothes was riding at the front of the little party. When the middle of the grove was reached he wheeled his horse, plunged the rowels into its side and dashed off to the right. Fink promptly raised his carbine and fired at the rapidly retreating form. The horse fell dead, but the rider leaped free from the animal's body and ran like the traditional white head further into the woods. The cavalrymen could not leave the two prisoners who remained and who were watching with breathless interest the flight of their comrade, so the journey to the camp was continued without chase having been made.

With headquarters were reached the two officers were turned over to the commander. On their way to the guard house they turned to Fink and one of them said:

"You may be interested in knowing that the man who got away was Colonel Mosely." Then he started on with his companion, Fink, in telling the incident said:

"I was feeling sore enough over the escape of my prisoner when I heard my prisoner was, I felt like going to the guard house myself and serving the longest sentence I could persuade my superiors to give me."

It has never been positively established that the man who got away in the woods was really Mosely. The two officers averred that it was, and Fink's comrades believed them and always called him "the man who captured Mosely."

It was Mosely it was the closest escape he ever had from becoming a prisoner of the Federal government, for there was no man probably in the whole rebel army who was more wanted than he was. Many a soldier whose more determined efforts were directed. Arch H. Rowand, Jr., the well-known local attorney, who was during the war one of the most famous of Federal scouts, put in the best part of three years in trying to apprehend him. Mr. Rowand this morning said in connection with the Fink incident:

"If Fink really had him I never heard of it. I put in my spare time and a good deal more during 1862-3-4 in going after the famous old fellow, and when we weren't after him he was after us. I was once chased by three of his men from Stickers Gap clear into Harper's Ferry. My own opinion is that the man who slipped out in the woods Fink speaks of was not the guerilla at all, but that the officers who didn't get a chance to clear out just said he was, to make their own captors feel sore at their loss. Of course you understand, I don't believe in the story of the affair, and that this theory is one of my own construction."

Mosely is still alive and resides in California. He came into great prominence just after the close of the Civil war by becoming a Republican, or as the phrase went then, a "reconstructed rebel." He held office under President Grant and has always remained an administration man. During the Spanish war he came into public notice again by applying for a commission in the United States army. He was told to get the recommendation of the Senators of his State, but hotly declined to seek any such backing, closing the letter in which he did so with the characteristic declaration that he was after an army job, not a political appointment.

"The use of visiting-cards dates back to quite an antiquity," explains Mrs. Van Koert Schuyler, in the Ladies' Home Journal. "Formerly the porter at the lodge or door of great houses kept a visitors' book, in which he scrawled his idea of the names of those who called upon the master and his family, and to whose inspection it was submitted from time to time. One fine gentleman, a scion of the nobility from the Faubourg St. Germain, was shocked to find that his porter kept so poor a register of the names of those who had called upon him. The names, scrawled by the porter, were spluttered and pale or muddy ink, suggested to him the idea of writing his own name upon slips of paper or bits of card-board in advance of calling upon his neighbors, and his name should be as ready at the hands of their porters. This custom soon became generally established."

## REWARD OF MERIT

Pretty Schoolma'am Gives Scholars Kisses for Being Good.

Now All Her Boys are Reformed and She Has a Clutch on Her J.B.

Topeka, Kan., Aug. 2.—While the practice of giving kisses to scholars as rewards of merit for obedience to school rules may not become a popular feature of the American public school system, the plan has worked like a charm in the case of pretty Miss Millie Daniels, a district school teacher in Nemaha county, Kansas. This plan is original with Miss Daniels and was tried only after other expedients for the luring of truants to the school room had failed. That the plan has been a success is attested by the fact that the enrollment of the school has increased over 50 per cent in the time Miss Daniels has taught there.

Miss Daniels, who is described as unusually pretty, came to Kansas two years ago, fresh from the high schools of Illinois. She found her school in Nemaha county in a very bad condition. The boys were hopelessly addicted to the "hooky" habit and when in school were unruly. All devices known to the teachers' art were tried to secure good behavior and attendance, but without avail. Finally the teacher announced her scheme, and it was sanctioned by the school board. The obligatory event was pulled off every Friday. The pupils who had been well behaved and attended every session of the week, is allowed to kiss the teacher, while the pupil who has been absent or tardy, but once is kissed by the teacher. The school board is satisfied with the workings of the plan and has re-elected Miss Daniels for another two-years' term.

Troubles of a Minister.  
To benefit others Rev. J. T. W. Vernon, of Hartwell, Ga., writes: "For a long time I had a running sore on my leg. I tried many remedies without benefit. I finally used a bottle of Electric Bitters and a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which cured me sound and well." Sores, Eruptions, Boils, Eczema, Tetters, Salt Rheum, show impure blood. Thousands have found in Electric Bitters a grand blood purifier that absolutely cures these troubles. Satisfaction is guaranteed or money refunded by A. L. McCall & Co. Large bottles only 50c.

Children Cry for  
CASTORIA.  
For Infants and Children.

Children Cry for  
CASTORIA.  
Children Cry for  
CASTORIA.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Minard's Liniment—Lumberman's Friend.

Change of Time

The Wabash

Railroad Co.

Is now acknowledged to be the

greatest through car line between the

east and the west, the best appointed

and most up-to-date railroad in

America.

All Wabash trains have free reclining

chair cars, and are solid wide

ventilable from head to rear platform.

Passengers leaving Chatham on No. 9, reach St. Louis same day at 12 p. m.

Kansas City, 9:30 p. m.; far away Texas

and Colorado points next afternoon.

This is hours in advance of any other

line.

Full particulars from any R. R. agent, or J. A. Richardson, District Passenger Agent, northeast corner King & Yonge Sts., Toronto and St. Thomas, Ont.

W. E. Rispin,  
115 King Street, Chatham  
City Agent Wabash Railway

GRAND TRUNK			
NO.	GOING EAST	NO.	GOING WEST
19	8:12 a.m.	21	8:15 a.m.
23	9:08 a.m.	25	9:12 p.m.
27	1:30 p.m.	29	1:35 p.m.
31	4:00 p.m.	33	4:05 p.m.
35	1:45 p.m., W. & D. R.	37	1:50 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC			
Corrected June 30, 1900			
GOING EAST	Express	GOING WEST	Express
9:30 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
3:04 p.m.	3:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
7:30 p.m.	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.	8:30 p.m.
1:00 a.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 a.m.	2:00 a.m.
1:00 a.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 a.m.	2:00 a.m.
1:00 a.m.	1:30 a.m.	1:30 a.m.	2:00 a.m.

THE WABASH RAILROAD CO.			
GOING WEST	Express	GOING EAST	Express
No. 1-4:45 a.m.	No. 1-11:00 p.m.	No. 1-4:45 a.m.	No. 1-11:00 p.m.
No. 2-1:07 p.m.	No. 2-12:55 p.m.	No. 2-1:07 p.m.	No. 2-12:55 p.m.
No. 3-1:35 p.m.	No. 3-1:25 p.m.	No. 3-1:35 p.m.	No. 3-1:25 p.m.
No. 4-8:14 p.m.	No. 4-8:04 p.m.	No. 4-8:14 p.m.	No. 4-8:04 p.m.
No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.

J. A. RICHARDSON			
Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto and St. Thomas			
LAKE ERIE & DETROIT RIVER RAILWAY.			
Commencing June 30th, 1900			

ROND RAY STEAMSHIP SERVICE			
Commencing June 30th, 1900			
GOING WEST	Express	GOING EAST	Express
No. 1-4:45 a.m.	No. 1-11:00 p.m.	No. 1-4:45 a.m.	No. 1-11:00 p.m.
No. 2-1:07 p.m.	No. 2-12:55 p.m.	No. 2-1:07 p.m.	No. 2-12:55 p.m.
No. 3-1:35 p.m.	No. 3-1:25 p.m.	No. 3-1:35 p.m.	No. 3-1:25 p.m.
No. 4-8:14 p.m.	No. 4-8:04 p.m.	No. 4-8:14 p.m.	No. 4-8:04 p.m.
No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.

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No. 3-1:35 p.m.	No. 3-1:25 p.m.	No. 3-1:35 p.m.	No. 3-1:25 p.m.
No. 4-8:14 p.m.	No. 4-8:04 p.m.	No. 4-8:14 p.m.	No. 4-8:04 p.m.
No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.

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No. 1-4:45 a.m.	No. 1-11:00 p.m.	No. 1-4:45 a.m.	No. 1-11:00 p.m.
No. 2-1:07 p.m.	No. 2-12:55 p.m.	No. 2-1:07 p.m.	No. 2-12:55 p.m.
No. 3-1:35 p.m.	No. 3-1:25 p.m.	No. 3-1:35 p.m.	No. 3-1:25 p.m.
No. 4-8:14 p.m.	No. 4-8:04 p.m.	No. 4-8:14 p.m.	No. 4-8:04 p.m.
No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.	No. 5-1:01 a.m.

Ar ve Chatham.....	9.11 a.m 2.35, 5.29 and 6.25 p. m.	10.45 p.m
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