

A PINK NOTICE

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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE
"Equal Rights to All and Special Privileges to None"
A Weekly Journal for Progressive Farmers
Published under the auspices and employed as the official organ of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association, the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association and the United Farmers of Alberta

SUBSCRIPTIONS AND ADVERTISING

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LLOYD GEORGE AND PEACE

In opening his speech in the British House of Commons, December 19, the premier, Right Hon. David Lloyd George, said that he appeared before the House with the most terrible responsibility that could fall on the shoulders of any living man, as chief adviser of the crown in the most of which its destiny depends.

"The statement made by the latter in the Reichstag," he continued, "has been followed by a note presented to us by the United States, without comment. An answer will be given by the government, in full accord with our brave allies. Naturally, there has been an interchange of views—not upon the note, because it has only recently arrived, but upon the speech which propelled it—and inasmuch as the note itself is practically only a reproduction or certainly a paraphrase, of that speech, the subject-matter of the note itself has been discussed formally.

"I am very glad to be able to state that we have each, separately and independently, arrived at identical conclusions. I am very glad that the first answer was given by France and Russia, for they have unquestionably the right to give the first answer to such an invitation. The enemy is still on their soil, and their sacrifices have been the greater. That answer has already been published, and on behalf of the government I give a clear and definite support to it.

"Any man, or set of men who wantonly or without sufficient cause prolonged a terrible conflict like this would have on his soul a crime that oceans could not cleanse. On the other hand, it is equally true that any man or set of men who, from a sense of weariness or despair, abandoned the struggle without achieving the highest purpose for which we entered it, would be guilty of the costliest act of poltroonery ever perpetrated by any statesman.

After showing that history proves that patched up peace terms were only an excuse for preparation for a still more terrible and costly war, he, repeating the words of Hon. H. H. Asquith, spoken in the House just a week previously, said we must have "Reparation and guarantee against repetition, so there shall be no mistake in a matter of life or death to millions."

"Let me repeat—complete restitution, full reparation and effectual guarantee.

MIXTURES OF GASOLINE AND KEROSENE

Those who are inclined to experiment with mixtures of gasoline and kerosene should remember that the two liquids are liable to separate if left standing over night; and as the kerosene, which is the heavier, settles to the bottom of the tank, there would be a difficulty in starting under the circumstances. After the liquids are well mixed by agitation, the vibration of a moving car would suffice to keep them well mixed.

CANADA NATIONAL SERVICE
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given under the authority of the "War Measures Act, 1914," that during the first week in January, 1917, an inventory will be made by the Post Office Authorities, of every male between the ages of sixteen and sixty-five, residing in Canada.
National Service Cards and addressed envelopes for their return to Ottawa have been placed in the hands of all Postmasters for distribution amongst the persons required to fill in such cards. Every male person of the prescribed ages is required to fill in and return a card enclosed in an envelope within ten days of its receipt.
Any person who fails to receive a card and envelope may obtain the same upon application to the nearest Postmaster.
R. B. BENNETT, Director General.
Ottawa, 15th December, 1916.
THE NATIONAL SERVICE CARD
1. What is your full name? 2. How old are you? years.
3. Where do you live? Province.
4. Name of city, town, village or Post Office.
5. In what country were you born?
6. In what country was your father born?
7. In what country was your mother born?
8. Were you born a British subject?
9. If not, are you naturalized?
10. How much time have you lost in last 12 months from sickness?
11. Have you full use of your arms?
12. Of your legs? 13. Of your sight?
14. Of your hearing?
15. Which are you—married, single or a widower?
16. How many persons besides yourself do you support?
17. What are you working at for a living?
18. Whom do you work for?
19. Have you a trade or profession? 20. If so, what?
21. Are you working now? 22. If not, why?
23. Would you be willing to change your present work for other necessary work at the same pay during the war?
24. Are you willing, if your railway fare is paid, to leave where you now live, and go to some other place in Canada to do such work?
GOD SAVE THE KING