in the years after the war. The "Allied Representatives", whose powers are enumerated in the Draft Instrument should, it is considered, be vested with authority by those of the United Nations whose interests are deeply involved, otherwise those countries whose co-operation is essential if a stable settlement is to be achieved may be inclined to stand aside.

Moreover, it will be recalled that Article 2 of the Declaration by the United Nations of January 1st, 1942, specifically states that "each Government pledges itself to co-operate with the Governments signatory hereto and not to make a separate armistice or peace with the enemies".

It is also to be observed that the formula at present suggested by the terms of the Draft Instrument does not cover the case of the French Committee of National Liberation, which is not included in the term "United Nations".

The Canadian Government would be prepared, if it would help towards a solution, to take up these questions with the Governments of the United States and the U.S.S.R. Before doing so, however, they would much appreciate receiving the comments of the United Kingdom Government on the views put forward in their telegram No. 106 of June 16th.

June 28th, 1944.

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