ne Chaplain fired, another quits

om Barrett

all three representatives of niversity Parish in SUB will ving in the near future. One signed, another has been the temporary period she ired for.

Reverend Fletcher Stewart een notified that his services longer required by the enical Chaplaincy Board administers the Anglican, yterian, and United h campus ministry. The aincy Board is composed rting churches, and six individuals from the

parish. The letter of termination received by Reverend Stewart, said in part;

"The Board has become and the third is nearing the increasingly concerned because your efforts did not seem to be striking the response from students that we had hoped to see. And while we do not want to get caught up in a 'numbers game', we would have felt a great deal more comfortable about the program if more students had been active participants.

"The weaknesses that we members from each of the observe in the present chaplaincy are largely ones of style .

"The chaplains have not

been working as a team" according to Board Chairperson Reverend Mary Thomas. She added that complaints have been received from Stewart's two colleagues, both of whom found him a difficult person to work with.

Reverend Stewart was not particularly impressed with the Board's statements however.

'I'm mad" he said. "I don't think I've been dealt with at all fairly. I though there was a gentleman's agreement that I was on a three year term."

Stewart termed the judgement passed on him "nothing more than an informal sharing of

opinion among Board members. Any evaluation they've done has been done without me. I'm not impressed by their ad-ministrative approach. I don't think they'll solve their problems by hiring new people.

Stewart described the complaints forwarded to him by the Board "very vague". He claimed that he was told by Board members that he was a square peg in a round hole, and that some people thought he was authoritarian, an charge which he firmly denies, but nothing more specific was mentioned to him

The Reverend Dr. George

Mossman, of the University Parish has announced his resignation. Apparently Mossman decided to leave the Campus Ministry some time ago, and informed the Board of his decision in January.

"The Ecumenical Chaplaincy involves a team commitment" Mossman told the Gateway on Wednesday. One of the reasons for my quitting was my feeling that the team relationship wasn't working."

Ms. Barbara Munro, the third employee of the campus ministry will also be leaving this summer.

FRIDAY MARCH 16, 1979

larch on Legislature remembered

marched. "We won't pay for less," "Hey Pete, whatay, how many cuts did you today," and "They say cut we say fight back. They carried signs. "People,

ear ago yesterday

Empty libraries, empty and even "Hi Mom, send

They stood in front of the ature, spilling out onto the s, and chanted "Bullshit!" ter Lougheed spoke.

year ago yesterday, about students from across the nce, academic staff and med citizens marched from **WB** Mall to the Provincial lature to protest cutbacks ucational spending. But what exactly caused this

we protest? What did it accomplish?

he primary cause was the in mid-February, of the ing grant to the univer-It quickly became obvious education was going to because the grant to the U was more than \$6 million f what was needed just to ain the status quo.

he Committee Opposing on Increases (COTI), earlier, changed its OCOTIAC in recognition fact that tuition increases ust part of the larger

They chanted slogans as ment to have a special debate on advanced education. They promised a review of student aid, promised special funds for utilities and concluded that the universities had nothing else to complain about.

A few months later, a special three year grant of \$9 million was given to postsecondary libraries. Many believe this move was prompted by the protest.

It is probably true that the situation now would be worse were it not for the march. On the other hand, the gains have been made in the form of special grants which threaten the university's autonomy by making its priority decisions.

It is certainly true that, though the situation was bad last year, it is much worse now. Libraries, teaching and research are all suffering.

Cutbacks, one year later, are more than just a memory.

see also page 2, 3, 6, 7

Calgary hurt by cutbacks

CALGARY (CUP) — The \$1.7 million. University of Calgary is \$750,000 Initial r short of meeting the bare minimal needs of equipment requests by the various faculties on campus, according to Peter Glockner, chairman of the University budget committee.

New capital for equipment is being axed by \$500,000 from last year's \$1.5 million. The move was made in an effort to maintain replacement capital for existing equipment. Consequently replacement capital retained a hold-the-line status of

Initial requests for capital from the various deans and budget officers on campus amounted to \$2.6 million. Ruling out everything that could possibly wait for another year, the budget committee came up with the figure of .78 million dollars in capital needs.

Norman Wagner, president of the University, stated that he has made a special presentation to premier Lougheed to bring to the government's attention the pressing need.

Media present frightening problem says Green



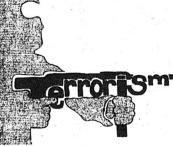
A temporary structure to house university health services (which has been displaced by construction at the University Hospital) is being erected in the parking lot directly south of the Law building, on 111 St., between 87 and 88 photo by Shirley Glew Avenue

-cutbacks. They realizhad a larger issue, and planning a march on the

hen came the turning General Faculties Council led classes for the March monstration. The motion student representatives ed more than a two thirds ty, indicating that the university community was

tesident Harry Gunning to march, along with Deans (although Gunwas later ordered by the of Governors not to.) It for the march built up, ng on March 14 with a issue of the Gateway ng all of the cuts expected. 15, but then the university mly sit back and wait for

threat of the march ned the provincial govern-



by Margaret Donovan

Defining precisely what terrorism is, said Dr. L.C. Green might go some way towards attempting to solve or control the problem.

At a lunch of the Women's Canadian Club of Edmonton, ere was a huge turnout on Green said terrorism is usually an act perpetrated against an innocent third party.

> The act of terrorism attempts to place extreme claimed their aim was to

International anti-terrorist squad needed

pressure on a government by the use of hostages, for example. He cited the F.L.Q. and the murder of Laporte as an act of internal terrorism, while the kidnapping of James Cross was international terrorism. The second instance was international terrorism because the British government subsequently put pressure on the Canadian government to solve the crisis.

Green said the problem of international terrorism is not new; the League of Nations tried to deal with it, but failed. The U.N. has also-failed to do anything except debate the problems along partisan lines. Several terroris

terrorist organizations issued a statement of solidarity at a conference held last year in Ireland under the auspices of the IRA. They

overthrow the existing governments and economic orders. Green cautioned that while the rhetoric is communistsounding, they are largely 'pseudo-Marxist".

There is evidence the Baader-Meinhoff gang, IRA, Japanese Red Army and other groups train at camps in Libya. Green says although terrorist training is internationalized, it is not clear whether a central headquarters exists.

Green said "the media will find their glamour wherever they can", and continued, saying the "problem of media in terrorist control is frightening." At the highjacking of a Lufthansa let in Mogadishu, a reporter picked up the negotiations on a radio, and nearly ruined the rescue attempt by the Germans by broadcasting the route of the plane.

Cooperation between nations in the East and West is needed, along with well defined guidelines as to what they should and shouldn't do. An International Squad, said Green, composed of countries that have dealt with terrorism, like Holland, Germany, Japan and Britain would be effective. The problems of location and command can be overcome, he said.

This kind of strategy would take the pressure off the government involved. Green said what the Israelis did at Entebbe was correct, and sees an International Squad doing the same thing in similar circumstances.

The price might be high in terms of lives of innocent people, but Green said it was the price that we have to pay, if we are to continue to fight against terrorism.