

Agricultural Census of Canada for 1851.

We are indebted to the Correspondent of the Montreal Herald for an abstract of the Agricultural census of Upper Canada for 1851, which we present in the following comparative form, that the Agricultural operations of both Provinces may be more easily considered. The returns have not yet been classified and brought down to the House; but the following statistics may be relied on:—

Comparative Statement of Crops, Occupiers of Land, and Cultivation in Upper and Lower Canada.

	UPPER CANADA.		LOWER CANADA.	
	Quantity.	Acres.	Quantity.	Acres.
Lands occupied.....	9,822,233	....	8,113,015	....
" Cultivated.....	2,697,724	....	2,603,317	....
" Cropped.....	2,274,586	....	2,072,053	....
Pasture.....	1,364,649	....	1,502,355	....
Gardens.....	55,489	....	30,209	....
Wild Lands.....	6,123,000	....	4,508,398	....
Acres in Wheat.....	782,115	....	427,111	....

OCCUPIERS IN UPPER CANADA.

Total occupiers in U. C.	22,960
Over 200 acres each.....	3,980
100 to 200 ".....	18,421
50 to 100 ".....	48,027
20 to 50 ".....	18,467
10 to 20 ".....	1,880
10 and under ".....	9,776

CROPS IN UPPER CANADA AND LOWER CANADA.

	Acres.	Bushels.	Average.
Wheat.....U. C.	782,115	12,692,852	14.90
".....L. C.	427,111	3,075,868	7.20
Barley.....U. C.	29,910	625,875	20.93
".....L. C.	42,027	668,626	15.00
Rye.....U. C.	38,068	479,651	12.34
".....L. C.	46,007	341,443	7.87
Peas.....U. C.	192,109	2,873,394	14.20
".....L. C.	165,192	1,182,190	7.16
Oats.....U. C.	421,684	11,191,844	26.54
".....L. C.	530,422	8,967,694	15.00
Buckwheat. U. C.	44,265	630,384	14.51
".....L. C.	51,781	530,317	10.24
Indian Corn U. C.	70,571	1,690,519	24.45
".....L. C.	22,069	400,287	17.60
Potatoes.....U. C.	77,072	4,981,475	64.00
".....L. C.	73,224	4,456,111	60.03
Turnips.....U. C.	17,135	3,644,943	212.00
".....L. C.	3,897	360,909	93.00

The following is returned as the gross produce in all other crops:—

	Upper Canada.	Lower Canada.
Grass Seeds.....Bush.	42,460	18,921
Carrots.....	174,995	82,338
Mangel Wurzel.....	51,228	103,999
Beans.....	18,109	24,902
Hay.....Tons	681,782	965,663
Butter.....Lbs.	15,976,315	9,637,152
Hops.....	113,064	111,158
Onions.....	2,236,778	511,054
Flax and Hemp.....	50,051	1,867,010
Tobacco.....	764,476	488,662
Wool.....	2,639,964	1,430,970
Maple Sugar.....	3,581,505	8,190,694

MANUFACTURES.

Fulled Cloth.....Yds	527,466	780,891
Linen.....	14,955	889,528
Flannel.....	1,169,301	860,850

CATTLE AND NEAT STOCK.

Bulls, &c.....Head	103,082	111,819
Milk Cows.....	298,924	294,514
Calves and Heifers.....	254,988	180,317
Horses.....	203,300	238,827
Sheep.....	968,023	629,827
Pigs.....	569,237	256,219

It must be remembered, that throughout the greater

part of Lower Canada, the acres are arable, and the bushels minute. An acre is about one-seventh less than an acre; and a bushel about one-eighth more than a bushel. The County which possesses the largest number of occupied acres is York with 390,525; the same County has likewise the largest number of acres in wheat, viz: 50,147, producing 901,608 bushels. The smallest number of acres in wheat is in the County of Bruce, where only 488 acres are cultivated for this crop; but as these acres produce 8,190 bushels, or an average of 20.30-100 bushels per acre, Bruce has the honour of being by a trifle the most fertile wheat county in the Province. York comes next, with an average of 19.71-100 bushels per acre; and Brant, Durham, Halton, Huron, Oxford, Stormont and Wentworth, all show a product within a fraction more or less of nineteen bushels to the acre. The County which exhibits the smallest average per acre is Lennox, with 5,046 acres producing 39,281 bushels—little more than 8 bushels to the acre. The average for the whole of Upper Canada is 14.90-100 bushels per acre.

The County in L. C. which possesses the largest quantity of cultivated land is Dorchester, with 479,712 acres; and that with the greatest quantity in wheat is Huntingdon, with 40,229 acres, and 241,771 bushels. The smallest number of cultivated acres are in Gaspe, viz:—27,210; producing also the smallest quantity of wheat, or 641 acres, and 3,418 bushels. Stanstead grows most wheat in the acre of any County of Lower Canada, having 4,851 acres in wheat, and 92,882 bushels—12.96-100 bushels per acre. The County producing the smallest quantity per acre is L'Islet, from which the return is 15.531 acres—67,912 bushels, or 4.88-100 bushels per acre. After Stanstead, Mississippi and Sherbrooke, are the most fertile counties in wheat; both producing more than 12.50-100 bushels per acre.

It will thus be seen that the difference between Upper and Lower Canada, as regards the growth of wheat, in the two best wheat counties, is as 20 to 13; and in the counties having the lowest average, as 6 to 4.

Literary Notices.

LIVES OF WELLINGTON AND PEEL, New York. D. Appleton & Co., Toronto: A. H. Armour & Co.

We have in one of Appleton's Popular Library, price 50 cents, the Biographical sketch of Wellington which appeared in the Times of September 15, and is considered to have been written some years ago by Mr. Dodd, of Parliamentary Peorage celebrity. It is an admirable biography of this great man and in this form is easily accessible to all. The accompanying sketch of Peel is taken from the same paper of the day, and forms not an unhappy companion to that of the Great Duke. The facts in such cases are from the most reliable sources, for although these papers come out with all the freshness of the passing moment impressed upon them, when commemorating some sudden departure, they are in general prepared years before the dread event which gives them publicity, and so happily adapted to the circumstances of the times, that though possessing a earnestness of the broad chest, they have with them all the correctness and the precision of the more elaborate calendar.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE—October—New York: Leonard & Scott, Toronto: T. Maclear.

The contents of this ever welcome monthly are—"Cornicillo and Shakespeare," "Kallo Stewart," Part IV, "Are there not great Boasters among us?" "A Journey to Mander," "Jeffery," Part II, "My Novel; or, Varieties in English Life" Part XXV, "Day Dreams," "The Death of the Duke of Wellington."

The great Reviewer is very unmercifully dealt with in these sketches in Blackwood; but perhaps the very decided difference in political creed may afford some scope for the hypercritical sarcasm so lavishly displayed. The short sketch of the Duke is ably written, and we would earnestly wish every one to read the paper—"Are there not great Boasters among us?" We have been requested by the Publishers to say that they can now supply any of the Reviews or Blackwood by post direct from New York, thus causing less delay in delivery, and offering an inducement to those parties living at a distance from any regular bookseller, where they can be supplied. The reduction in the postage is thus a boon to all parties.

HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES, III. & IV. By Bartlett. London, George Virtue; Toronto, Hugh Rodgers.

We have had time only to glance at the pictures of these two numbers of this very beautifully illustrated History of the United States. The illustrations are, General Coffe repulsing the Indians at Madley, William Penn's Treaty with the Indians, Portrait of Washington, Portrait of Thomas Jefferson. These are finished in a very superior style of art, and the history will be found, if we may judge from previous numbers, to be pleasingly written, and correct as to details.

"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."—The Earl of Carlisle, who is familiar, from personal observation, with the working of negro slavery in the United States has written to the editor of the Leeds Times the following letter on the subject of Mrs. Stowe's book:—

My dear Mr. Baines,—I write a line to thank you, as privately or as publicly as you think fit, for your admirable comment upon an admirable book, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." It gave me the more special pleasure for having been somewhat disabused and disappointed in other quarters. There are, however, very few subjects (I will not say there are none,) upon which I have not found that our sympathies flow in common. With respect to the work in question, its genius, its pathos, its humour, must sufficiently commend themselves to its nearly unparalleled number of readers. I feel that I have seen and known enough to convince my own mind equally of its general fairness, fidelity and truth.

Very faithfully yours,

CARLISLE.

Naworth Castle, Sept. 6.

Oriental Sayings.

HANS IN-LUCK.

Translated from the German for the Canadian Family Herald. CHAPTER I.

Hans had served seven years with his master, when he said to him, "Master, my time is cut; give me my wages for I would like to go home to my mother." His master replied, "You have honestly and honourably served me; as your service so shall your wages be," and gave him a lump of gold that was as large as Hans's hand. Hans drew his handkerchief from his pocket, wrapped the lump in it, set it on his shoulder, and set out on the road home. As he was thus walking along, and over setting one foot before the other, a horseman came in sight, who freshly and merrily trotted past on a lively horse. "Ah," said Hans aloud, "what a fine thing riding is! There one sits as on a chair, kicks no stones, saves his shoes, and gets along he knows not how." The rider heard him, cried to him, "Hey, Hans, wherefore do you trudge on foot then?" "Ah, I must carry home this lump; it is real gold, but I cannot keep my neck straight for it, and it is very heavy on my shoulder." "I'll tell you what," said the horseman, halting, "I will exchange; I will give you my horse and you will give me your lump." "With all my heart," said