

Telegraphic News.

New York, May 11.
Dangerous forest fires are reported in various parts of Michigan, and a repetition of the terrible scenes of two years ago is feared.
Stanley & Co.'s saw mill and stove factory at Goodrich, Ont., was burned yesterday; loss \$25,000. Insured.

At Toronto, on Saturday, John Taylor & Co.'s safe manufactory, the Currier boiler works, Smith & Kelchley, wholesale grocers, and Sherrin & Butler's leather store, were burned. A spark from this fire destroyed two houses, two dwellings and a quantity of coal.
The lower House of Congress has passed a resolution declaring that if taxation is necessary, income tax shall be levied upon persons and corporations.
Gold 112 1/2.

London, May 11.
Steamship "Liberty," plying between Liverpool and Madeira, is supposed to be lost with all her crew and passengers.
Lieutenant General Sir Archibald Wilson, knighted for gallant service at the capture of Delhi, in 1857, is dead.

The "Naval Gazette" says that a prominent Clyde ship builder has recently visited this country, with a view to purchasing suitable grounds upon which to establish a very large ship building establishment for his sons. He stated that the United States furnishes at the present time the only facilities for the prosecution of a successful business in this branch of art, and it will not be long before American built ships of all kinds will find a ready market all over the world. There is plenty of room, material and men, for all the requirements of ship building for the whole world within our bounds. Send in your orders, gentlemen, and we will fill them promptly, honestly, and cheaply, and more than that, we will give you really a ship, be it of wood or iron. — [Calcutta Times.]

A. H. Gillmor, M. P.

The "Toronto Globe" in its leader of the 5th inst. says Mr. Gillmor a high compliment. After pointing out the difficulty of the Finance Minister levying the taxes so equitably as that they shall press on no one more severely than another, it shows that Mr. Cartwright's path was not smoothed by his antagonists in Parliament, and thus favorably alludes to Mr. Gillmor.

The ringing cheers which in old times greeted an appeal to sectional prejudice are heard no more, and the rebuke of such sentiments comes not unfrequently from those from whom it is least to be expected. This was especially the case on Thursday evening, when Mr. Gillmor, the member for the county of Charlotte, New Brunswick, replied to Dr. Tupper.

Mr. GILLMOR was opposed to Confederation; even now he admits that he fails to see that all the advantages predicted have descended upon the union of his own Province to Old Canada. But being a loyal and sensible man, he is willing to regard the union as an accomplished fact, and to see that the success of the great political change be opposed up to the time of its accomplishment depends on the harmonious working of the whole of the members of the Confederation one with another. He denied the allegation that the smaller Provinces had anything to complain of in the tariff. They had a share in the common welfare; their own demands on the public treasury cannot be inconsiderable; and it is their interest, no less than that of other portions of the dominion, that a policy of public improvement and national development should be followed. As all will share in the expenditure, all must share in the means of providing the income, and the more earnestly a feeling of mutual interest and co-operation is inculcated, the more cheerfully will all contribute, and the lighter will the burdens be regarded. It is satisfactory to find that views so just as those expressed by the honorable member have referred to have many other exponents in the House, and that the attempt on Dr. Tupper's part to make the Lower Provinces believe they were ground beneath "the iron heel of an Ontario Finance Minister," as he styled it, is treated with derision.

It is very evident that a change is impending in the Secretaryship of the U. S. Treasury. Mr. Richardson is at present on a trip to the South, his health being seriously impaired. It is already known that the position has been offered to Mr. Patterson of Philadelphia who is represented to be well qualified for the place but who has positively declined to accept. A despatch Monday giving as his reason the unpopularity of the department since the recent developments in the Sanborn and money scandals. It is now stated that prominent gentlemen are urging the President to appoint Judge Horner as Secretary. This appointment would be one eminently fit to be made, but it is to be feared that the Senate would refuse to confirm him. The indications now have a small majority in that body, and as Mr. Horner is one of the leading hard money men in the House, he has gained the illwill of those opposed to him on the financial question.

CONSTITUENTS are apt to expect their representatives to Parliament to make themselves heard as well as felt. It is important that representatives should carefully feel their way to an influence with Government and their fellow members; the former they cannot exert, as a rule, without the latter. From our observation we conclude that many members fail to reach a position of influence or wreck any influence they do possess, by rocklessly and unnecessarily making speeches. If a member can talk effectively, the time and occasion will present itself when he may serve his own reputation and the interests of his constituents and country by speaking; until

that time and occasion comes he is wise to keep silent. Of course the fact is remembered that there are always those whose duty from their official positions is to conduct debates. — [Carleton Sentinel.]

NAVIGATION.—The "City of Fredericton," Capt. Duncan, being the first steamer of the season, arrived here Saturday evening last. Since that time steamers of the line have been making regular trips from Fredericton to Tobique. — [ib]

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, MAY 13, 1874.

THE ELECTION CONTEST.—It is cheering to record the progress which is being made by the Free School party, which should be called in future THE PARTY OF THE PEOPLE.

In St. John, York, Westmorland, Kings, Northumberland, Carleton, Albert, Victoria, and last but not least, Charlotte, "the Party of the People," are working successfully for the return of candidates who are thorough Free Non-Sectarian School men. What is being done in Queen's and Sunbury, we have not heard, but as a majority of their population are free school men, it is probable they will return men favorable to the present law. What they will do in Madawaska, Kent and Gloucester, we cannot say, but believe anti free school men will be elected in those counties; this will make no difference in the law being maintained, as all the other counties, it is believed, will return staunch non-sectarian school representatives.

The evidence before the North West Committee, now sitting in Ottawa, has brought out the fact, that Sir John A. Macdonald actually paid \$1,000 to Riel to leave the country for a year, which he does not deny; and Bishop Tache maintains that Sir John promised an Annuity to all engaged in the North West troubles; this Sir John denies. It is not surprising if these reports are correct, that there were those in Parliament who voted against his expulsion. Were they more guilty than the leader of the law party? Some of them may have had no sympathy for Riel; but surely they would not sit in Parliament with an accused murderer. We look upon their vote in the same light as Sir John's advance of the \$1,000.

A NEW DOCTRINE.—"Men, not measures" is propounded by the "Head Quarters," contrary to all political experience and due regard to the wishes of intelligent constituencies. There is little to be apprehended from this new doctrine, as the honest yeomen of old York County will not be misled on the School question, by wire pullers, or a misguided writer. The people of that County have acted upon the old motto "united we stand, divided we fall," and it is not probable that they will be defeated in the choice of their representatives by any "influence" open or secret; they will uphold the advocates of the School Law as it is; as every attempt at tinkering or altering the law has tended to mar its fair proportions. The present Government are entitled to the warm support of the free and independent electors of the Province, for the many stand they took upon Free Non-Sectarian Education, and where any of its members do not desire re-election, care should be taken to elect successors who are avowed free school men, who will use their best efforts to maintain the law in fact.

Yes—elect men who will maintain the Act which secures like privileges for the poor as well as the rich man's child—who will oppose sectarian education. This is a free country, and will not be bound down by the dictum of any "foreign influence, lay or clerical." Let the issue be "measures, not men."

MINISTERIAL CHANGES.—The Rev. George Seelye, who has ministered with so much satisfaction and profit to the Baptist Church here, preached his farewell sermon on Sabbath last to the congregation over which he has presided for the past three years. He carries with him the best wishes of the people of St. Andrews, to his new sphere of labour.—[Woolstock.]

The Rev. C. Lockhart, of the Wesleyan Church, with his family left here on Monday last for Nova Scotia via St. John. There are now three Churches without stated pastors in this Town, the Presbyterian, Baptist and Wesleyan.

The Rev. Dr. Brooke, of Fredericton, will preach in Greenock Church, on Sabbath next. Communion service in the forenoon. On Saturday evening previous, service will be held in the Church at seven o'clock.

How is it that Quacks and other empirics are permitted to practice their arts in this Province without let or hindrance, or taking out a licence? The same can be said of United States and Canadian runners, who sell by samples and take orders, without paying a fee for the privilege. Is it not unjust to professional men and merchants who are settled in the Province and contribute to its revenue? We trust that those itinerant self-dubbed M. D.'s and travelling runners will be called upon to pay for the privilege of practicing their calling in this place, as they do in other towns in New Brunswick.

POSTAL MATTERS.—We seldom complain of irregularity in the Postal Department, but really it is surprising that letters addressed from one part of Canada to another place in the Dominion should go the rounds of the offices in the Maritime provinces. An official letter addressed to me from Ottawa, and mailed on the 17th March, only reached the St. Andrews Office on the 8th of May. Seven weeks instead of four days. This will account for an apparent want of punctuality on our part.

THE TICKET.—The conventions so far have not decided upon who are to be placed on the School ticket. At St. George, another meeting will be called, or that harmony which should characterize the Ticket Candidates will not be secured. Personal jealousies ought not to exist. The cards of Messrs. McGee and MacKay are published in our columns. It is rumoured that Nathan Smart, Esq., will be placed on the Ticket if he will consent to offer, but we think Mr. Smart has better prospects in view.

The delegation at St. Stephen has selected Thomas Cotterell and James Murdoch, Jr., as candidates for the Upper Parishes. The St. George committee might refer any difference as to their candidature, to a general caucus at St. Andrews.

QUIP.—The first number of this comic paper, was received on Saturday last, and is fully up to the promise in the Prospectus. The comic illustration—"The great Spring meeting in New Brunswick, 1874, open to all comers," is really good; any one who knows the gentlemen on the cake of ice would at once say "capital, that's King," he is putting his way along towards the House of Assembly, on his solid craft named "free non-sectarian schools and constitutional rights," and will reach his destination, and find a good crew to work the ship. There are several other illustrations well executed, and the letter press is entertaining, pointed and witty. Published fortnightly by Messrs. J. & A. McMillan. Edited by D. G. Smith. Price \$1.25 per annum.

An extraordinary effort is being made by the enemies of Free Schools, to distract the attention of electors from the true issue, by raising the question of the fitness of the present Government. What has this to do with the elections. The new House of Assembly can retain or dismiss them, just as it may think proper. The attempt will, however fail, for if for no other reason than that they introduced and have supported the School Law, they will be sustained. Further, we would like to see the men who can administer the affairs better than the present Government. To be sure they are not perfect, but we hold they are much better than those who oppose them. They have not at all events interfered with the formation of Tickets. We hope every one of them will be re-elected.

Strikes appear to be the order of the day in England, as well as elsewhere. They generally end in loss to the workmen. The millmen of St. John are on a strike, which it is probable will end in want and suffering to the unfortunate families of the recusant employees. "All play and no work" will soon bring a change for the worse to the malcontents.

BATTLE ROYAL.—In the Biddleford City Council on Monday evening, a passage at arms took place between a supervisor of schools, a lawyer and one of the councillors. The law was given, blows struck, and the fight became general. No great damage was done, beyond the disarrangement of wardrobes and an extra display of lines.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.—On reference to a notice in our columns, it will be seen that the Block, known as the "Donation block," with the House thereon, occupied by Mrs. Kyle, is offered for sale. The property is delightfully situated, and commands a view of the surrounding country, and is one of the best sites for a private residence in the Town. Mr. MacKay, of St. John, will furnish particulars.

LEGISLATIVE REPORTS.—The Assembly Reporter, Mr. D. G. Smith, has kindly sent us a copy in bound form of his synoptic report of the Debates in the Local Legislature, during the last Session. We must say that he performed a large amount of labor, for an inadequate remuneration. The price is 75 cents, at McMillan's, St. John.

SUMMARY.—The Farmer's are now busily engaged ploughing and preparing the land for crop; work has also commenced in the gardens. The spring is still very backward, the buds are only beginning to appear on the trees; the mornings and evenings are still cool for the time of year.

We are sorry to learn by St. John papers, that Mr. Robert Fulton, of the "Paris Crew," cut his foot badly with an axe. He will be unable to row for some months.

The Cricket Club was re-organized on Wednesday last, for the present season. Capt. Leary, of the Steamer "Linda," was drowned in Yarmouth harbor last week while receiving a man who fell overboard from a boat. His remains were recovered and brought to his residence in St. John, where he leaves a wife and family.

BASE BALL.—A game of Base Ball will be played by the young men of St. Andrews, on Friday afternoon next.

Mr. MORRIS will sell at auction, to-morrow, a lot of House and Garden plants and shrubs.

Miss Craker, of Baraboo, Wisconsin, has been awarded \$1,000 damages for having been kissed by a railroad conductor—not that she loved kissing him, but money more. And she is tickled to death, too, to think that she got both.

We were seeking but the arbiters, my fair, laughing love and I, sang Spinks, May-day, but he didn't find any arbiters or anything else, but a very large and very good mud puddle, into which he stepped with both feet.

Mr. Robert Marshall has announced himself a candidate to represent the City of St. John at the coming elections. In his card Mr. Marshall blows hot and blows cold on the school question, and we should judge, his chances of election are small.

MORE IMMIGRANTS COING.—The "St. Johnian," of the Anchor Line, sailed on 30th

inst., with a number of immigrants for the Kingstons colony.

THE NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for May has been received. The franchise is a likeness of the Minister of Justice, Hon. A. A. Dorion. It has a variety of interesting articles. Price \$1.50 per annum, J. Douglass & Son, Publishers.

BALLOU'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE FOR JUNE.—The June number of this justly popular magazine is issued, and an attentive reading of its contents shows us that its serial in the country can compete with it for variety and real interest to the general and intelligent reader.

All subscribers receive a handsome Chromo. Address Thomas & Talbot, 36 Broadfield Street, Boston, Mass., and for sale at every periodical depot in the country.

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE, for May, has an abundance of excellent readings. There is the real go-ahead map to this periodical which entitles it to much credit, and we cannot name one that will afford an equal amount of entertainment and instruction for so little money. Price one dollar per year.

Address: Wood's Household Magazine, Newburgh, N. Y.

ANOTHER GLASS FACTORY.—Notwithstanding the failure of two glass manufacturing enterprises in St. John, another company is forming. Mr. Davis, the pioneer in the glass business here, is to superintend the works of the new company. The failure of the other enterprises is accounted for on grounds that do not mar the prospects of another company and some of the best business men of St. John have faith in glass blowing yet, as shown by their subscriptions to the stock list that lies at the office of Messrs. Forbes & Sinnott. There seems to be no reason why, if properly started and conducted, the manufacture of glass should not be conducted in St. John with profit, and we sincerely hope that success may crown the efforts of the projectors. The works will be located in Main street, opposite the factory of John E. Turnbull, Esq. The subscriptions already obtained amount to \$18,000, and work will begin soon after the act of incorporation shall have been obtained from Parliament.

NAPOLEON IV ON THE RAMPAGE.—There has been a curious story going the rounds of the London clubs to the effect that the Prince Imperial, weary of material control and Woolwich discipline, and so impressed by the display of French feeling at the recent celebration at Chislehurst, had suddenly determined to start for France, and to imitate his father by suddenly landing at Boulogne and appealing to the sympathies of the "fishwives" of that port. The story says that the Prince actually got as far as Dover, but that he was there stopped by a faithful adherent, whose age and experience were sufficient excuse for his skepticism of French enthusiasm for "Le Petit Tricolre."

Intelligence from the Famine Districts, Bengal, show that 1,100,000 people have been on the public works in order to get a little money to buy food; and in Patna Beghalpore and Rajahm, 3,402,000 may require relief. Some hundreds of deaths have been acknowledged; and, though our telegrams told us that the famine was under control, the situation is evidently alarming. It is stated that the bayonet is to be abolished in the German army.

SUMMONSES.—Saturday a. m. Deputy Marshal R. D. Martin and E. H. Wilson arrested B. W. French, Nelson Smith, E. E. Emerson and James Dixon of Calais, on the arrival of the New Brunswick at this port, for smuggling wool, sheepskins and other merchandise at that port. These parties were brought before Judge Shepley Monday a. m. and French pleaded guilty to the charges. Dixon pleaded guilty to one offence, but the others pleaded not guilty, and furnished bonds for their future appearance. During the past two years, a good deal of smuggling has been going on at Calais in these articles to a large amount. French has been sentenced to sixty days in Maclellan jail. Emerson and Smith gave bonds, and Dixon was remanded until the 18th inst. — [Portland Advertiser.]

GRAND ORANGE LODGE.—The Grand Lodge of Loyal Orange Lodge of New Brunswick met at Grant's Hall, St. Stephen, on Tuesday evening, 5th inst., and closed its evening. Delegations were present from different parts of the province. The Grand Master, John Pickard, Esq., M. P., is necessarily absent. Parliament being now in session. The Deputy Masters, James Baker, Esq., of Woodstock, and J. E. Curry, Esq., of Georgetown, and most of the other officers were present.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—John Pickard, G. M.; M. Macdonough, D. G. M.; David Constantine, Junior D. G. M.; A. G. Blackie, Secretary; Wm. A. Livingstone, Asst. do.; Samuel Devenue, Treasurer; Rev. Mr. Percival, Grand Chaplain; W. M. Anderson, Grand Lecturer; George Thompson, Assistant do.; James R. Curry, Grand Director of Correspondence. — [St. Croix Courier.]

The reports which daily come from the overworked sections in the valley of the Mississippi certainly appeal a strongly to the sympathy of those able and willing to contribute for the relief of the thousands of homeless and starving people, many of whom, almost immediate supplies are furnished, must inevitably perish for want of food.

MARRIED.
On the 29th ult. at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. George Seelye, Mr. Thomas Maxwell, of St. Stephen, to Miss Lucy M. Young, daughter of the late John Bradford, Esq.
On 7th inst., at St. Paul's Church Hall, by the Rev. Geo. W. Hill, M. A. Rector, G. N. Smith, of St. John, N. B., to Agnes, A. youngest daughter of John Steechan, Esq., of Halifax.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.
May 8, Willie, Caron, Boston, ballast.
Jane, Clark, Boston, coal, Lamb & Co.
Zicaro, Hodgkins, Eastport, ballast.
Daisy, Maloney, Portland, do.
10, Malinda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen cargo.
13, Sarah Glass, Boston, ballast.
Odessa, Tuttle, Boston, do.
R Rose, Clark, Boston, oakum, R Ross.
Franklin, Hanson, Portland, ballast.
CLARED.
May 6, Clara, Clark, Boston, 3075 sleepers, Hale.
8, Esther, Maloney, Boston, 2150 sleepers, Goodnow & Co.
11, Zicaro, Hodgkins, Boston, 2675 sleepers, R. Ross.
Mary Ellen, Britt, Boston, 775 sleepers, 111 M plank, J. S. Leighton.

LAND, HOUSE AND FURNITURE

AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, 21st inst., at 11 a. m., on the premises, the property on which the late Mrs. S. GETTY resided, consisting of: COTTAGE, BARN AND LAND, situate near the Town Plat of St. Andrews. Also, on same land and place, 1 Cow, 1 Truck Wagon; 1 House-hold Furniture, consisting of Mahogany Chairs, Tables, &c.; also Stoves, Earthenware, &c., &c.
TERMS.—One third cash on delivery of lease, balance payable in 6 and 12 months with interest secured by Bond and Mortgage, or approved joint notes. C. E. O. HATHAWAY, Auctioneer.
May 14, 1874.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CHARLOTTE COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN.—Having been selected as a Candidate for a seat in the House of Assembly, by a convention of delegates from the Free Non-Sectarian School Party in the Eastern Parishes, and also having had voluntary promises of support from many of your number throughout the whole County, I would respectfully announce that I will be a candidate for your suffrages, at the approaching election of Representatives to serve in the Local Legislature of this Province. If you should deem it wise and expedient to honor me with your support, and confidence, I shall try to represent you as fairly and as faithfully, in the best of my judgment and ability, and at all times endeavor to legislate wisely, honestly and independently for the best interests of the Province in general and the County in particular. I believe that the present Government merits the confidence of the people, and that the general policy is wise, particularly in regard to education, immigration and aid to railways and I sustain navigation, therefore I am willing to give it a liberal support.

In regard to the great and important question of the day, viz.—the School Law—I am, as I always have been, a firm supporter and strong advocate of Free Non-Sectarian Schools, believing that the State owes to every child a good and secular education, and should leave instruction in creeds and religious tenets to Parents, Guardians, and Pastors; therefore I am opposed to any change in the present law that would establish separate or denominational schools, my motto being "equal rights and equal privileges to all, none to all."

Believing that a great majority of the independent and intelligent Electors of Charlotte County will endorse the above views, and having received a large vote at the last general election as a Free School man, I now come forward with confidence, trusting that you will elect me as one of your representatives for the next term. I only ask a fair trial and if I find I am inadequate for the trust reposed in me, you will pardon me, you can easily select another to take my place. I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,
Tennant, May 11, 1874. JAMES MCKAY.

TO THE ELECTORS OF Charlotte.

A convention of nineteen Free School Delegates from the Eastern Parishes, held in St. George on the 11th inst., to select a Candidate for the Eastern section of Charlotte County, Mr. A. Young, of St. George, occupied the Chair, and Mr. Irvine Carlyle, of Pembroke, acted as Secretary, both of whom are proposed to my candidature, stood forth as candidates. On the first and second ballot being taken, the chairman announced 9 for McKay, 4 for Moore and 3 for Hibbard both times, "when the annexed declaration will show that I had 8 votes each time. A wrong or error had evidently been perpetrated by the Chairman and Secretary, or one of them. Unless the matter be satisfactorily explained, or a new delegation elected for the Eastern parishes, to honestly decide who is the chosen Candidate, whether on the Free School Ticket or not."
C. MCGEE.

St. George, 22nd May, 1874.
WE the undersigned who voted at the convention held at St. George on the 11th inst., to elect a Representative for the Eastern section of the County, do hereby declare and most positively severate, and are willing to swear, that at the election on the first and second ballot being taken, we all voted for Chas. McKee, Esq., when should have counted 10 votes for him, whereas the Chairman and Secretary counted the vote as SEVEN both times. We therefore maintain that either a gross fraud has been perpetrated by those who counted the votes, or that an error has occurred in counting the votes, which will be rectified.
M. W. SHAW.
G. K. WELMORE.
W. M. L. L. L.
JAS. O'BRYEN.
R. A. SHEWART.
H. B. GOSSE.
A. CARSON.
A. McMINN.

St. George, May 11, 1874.