

The Evening Times and Star

ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 8, 1917.

The St. John Evening Times is printed at 27 and 29 Canterbury Street, every evening (Sunday excepted) by The St. John Times Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd., a company incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Act.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING

The New Brunswick committee which visited Halifax to study the question of vocational education found the educational authorities there greatly impressed with the need of a change in the public school course which would better serve the interests of the boys and girls who must leave school at an early age and go to work.

Supt. MacKay and Prof. Sexton would not take away anything from the present course, so far as those children are concerned who are able to remain to take the full course up to the highest grade, and those who intend to go on to higher institutions of learning; but they would have special provision made for intensive training in the essential subjects for those who are the majority—who must leave school at the age of fourteen years or very soon thereafter.

This would of course involve a division of the pupils at the age of about twelve years, or on attainment of a certain grade, into different classes. It would call for more school accommodations, provision for better work in manual training and domestic science, and more teachers. The additional expense would be justified by increased efficiency of the boys and girls. Not only so, but it is found that where more of practical training is given the pupils work harder and are more desirous of remaining in school as long as possible.

Of course, in rural districts, greater emphasis would be placed upon training for agriculture, and in towns and cities for industrial work; and the emphasis might in different towns be placed upon different lines of industry, where pupils were able to remain long enough to pursue such a course beyond the merely elementary stage. It would also be very desirable, in such an industrial centre as St. John, to have a well equipped technical school, whether it assumed the proportions of an engineering college or not.

The Nova Scotia authorities are strong advocates of evening vocational classes, and the success of these classes in many towns in the province fully justify their views. Not only working boys and girls who have left school, but persons up to thirty or forty years of age, whose early education was neglected, have found in these classes an opportunity to get knowledge and practical skill which is reflected in larger earning power. Hence money expended on such classes is of the greatest benefit to the community as a whole.

There is also the question of continuation schools or classes which boys and girls leaving school at an early age might be required to attend for further instruction in the regular school course. This is a matter worthy of serious consideration in any effort to raise the general standard of education among the people.

Then there is the question of compulsory school attendance, and this lies at the very base of any effective system of education. It is not only amazing, but very depressing to learn how many grown-up people can neither read nor write, or who can barely do so. Of very many boys and girls who leave school while yet in the lower grades, not a few are permitted to do so by their parents because the young people are tired of school and insist upon staying away, even if they are told they must go to work. As already pointed out, many, and perhaps all of these, would stay longer in school if a more practical turn were given to the training they receive. But compulsory attendance is a necessity, and to this end there should be an annual school census and enough truant officers to see that the law was not disregarded.

The province of New Brunswick needs a system of vocational training. It will be needed more than ever after the war. The young people must be trained for efficiency, and in the case of the greater number of children that is not done at present. The very remarkable work that is being done in convalescent hospitals for soldiers shows what can be accomplished in practical education in the case of grown men, and it emphasizes the importance of giving the boys and girls a practical start. Here is one illustration:

A young man who was a member of a very large family in Quebec province went overseas, was wounded and returned. He could neither read nor write. After three months' study in a convalescent home he could read and write well. Then he took a six months' course in tool-making. Now he is earning \$5.50 per day in the employ of a steel company. The lesson is obvious. But let us not wait till our boys grow to manhood before setting their feet firmly and squarely on the road to industrial efficiency.

Mr. Hanna says that dealers who advanced the price of sugar in the past month exacted an unfair profit. What will he do about it? Will he make an example of a few of them as a warning to other profiteers?

MR. CARVELL'S ADDRESS

Hon. F. B. Carvell's address to the electors of Carleton-Victoria is not long, but it covers the ground. In terse and vigorous sentences he sets out clearly the great issue before the country in this hour of national peril, and states the reason for the existence of a union government. Not lightly or hastily did he and his union Liberal colleagues part company with Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but only after four months of fruitless effort to find a common ground of action.

In the end the momentous step was taken, because they were convinced the policy of Sir Wilfrid would not enable Canada to throw her whole strength into the war and give the men in the trenches the support they have a right to demand from the people at home. Mr. Carvell makes it clear that the union agreement ceases as soon as the country is again placed on a peace footing, and that matters of merely local political interest are to remain in abeyance until the war has been pressed to a successful issue. For himself Mr. Carvell says:

"I elected I will not only give my whole energy to the great object for which this government was constituted, but also, so far as my department is concerned, and so far as my opinion may prevail with my colleagues, the affairs of this country will be run upon a business basis such as never existed heretofore. Patronage committees and appointments to offices and other necessary functions of government will be divided between both political parties in an equitable manner as it is possible. In other words, I intend to practice in office what, for the past six years, I have been preaching in opposition."

This is the forthright declaration of a straightforward, honest man, in whose firmness of purpose the people have learned to repose full confidence. His appeal to his constituents should be irresistible, and they would be doing themselves honor to return Mr. Carvell by acclamation.

A BRILLIANT FEAT.

The London papers attach the greatest importance to the capture of Passendale by the Canadians. It was one of the most brilliant feats of the Flanders campaign, and also of great strategic value. From the dominating ridges now held by the British the enemy lines can be swept by artillery, and every move detected. The Daily Mail says that the British now threaten the German positions on the coast and at Lille. It is gratifying that the Canadians who have been able to accomplish what is described by the same paper as one of the greatest events of the war. The very frank admission of the German military critic, Lieut. Gen. von Ardenne, that the Germans cannot face the British barrage, and that their artillery is inferior and the conditions under which they are fighting make it impossible to relieve the men every two days, tends to confirm the London Times assertion that the British now have a dominating position in West Flanders. The capture of two German battalion commanders and their staffs by the Canadians was a severe blow to the enemy. Canada should rejoice at this, and should be stimulated to send more men and to make the Victory Loan a complete and striking success. For we in Canada must also carry on.

The action of the city council in deciding to seek legislation to exempt Victory Loan bonds from taxation will be generally approved by the citizens, and similar action might well be taken by other cities. It is a patriotic move which will help to popularize the Victory Loan, and every encouragement should be given to the people to invest in these bonds. Canada must do her part in financing the war, and the opportunity is now given. The great nation-wide campaign begins next week.

Viscount French warns the English people to be prepared for anything—even an invasion of England. Can there be any good ground for such an alarmist statement? If so Canada cannot rush troops across a moment before they are needed.

Only eight British vessels over 1,600 tons were sunk last week by submarines. This is the smallest toll since the war's most concerned, however, about the situation in Italy. Will help come in time?

If Allied reinforcements do not turn the scale the Italian war outlook is gloomy enough. Gen. Cadorna is still retreating.

The British troops in Palestine are marching on. Gaza has fallen to them, along with several other towns.

The political situation in Russia grows more serious. Can Kerensky weather the storm?

LIGHTER VEIN.

The two men in blue were exchanging confidences on the verandah of a big military hospital.

"Did you go to the big society party they gave for us crooked fellows yesterday?"

"Yes," said the other and shuddered.

"What did you think of it?"

"Believe me, old bloke, I'd rather have another bang go through me than go through another ball."

A revival meeting was in progress in a southern town and Sister Smith was called upon for testimony. Being meek and humble, she said: "I do not feel as though I should stand here and give testimony. I have been a transgressor for a good many years and have only recently seen the light. I believe that my place is in a dark corner behind the door."

Brother Jones was next called upon for his testimony, and following the example set by Sister Smith, he said: "I, too, have been a sinner for more than forty years, and I do not think it would be fitting for me to stand before this assembly as a model. I think my place is behind the door, in a dark corner, with Sister Smith."

THE MONTREAL HERALD.

Montreal, Nov. 8.—That the Herald Company, Limited, has rescinded the resolution adopted by a majority of the shareholders on October 29 to lease the plant and machinery of the Herald newspaper to the British American Publishing Company, and again publishes the Herald under the old name, was stated in court here yesterday, when the petition of S. J. LeFevre asking for an injunction to prevent the lease from being carried into effect was called. A settlement in the case was arrived at yesterday.

Had Piles For Ten Years

And Tried Nearly Everything Except a Surgical Operation Without Obtaining Relief—Tells How Complete Cure Was Effected

Brantford, Ont., Nov. 6.—There is reported here three cases of chronic cases of piles. In all three cases many treatments were tried before a successful result was obtained. Dr. Chase's Ointment is about the only real cure for this distressing ailment.

Mrs. A. Oates, 29 Gilkinson street, Brantford, Ont., writes: "I have used Dr. Chase's Ointment as a household remedy for ever so long, and am particularly indebted to it for a cure from piles. I had suffered from this annoying trouble for ten years, and tried nearly everything I heard of. After using Dr. Chase's Ointment a short while I was completely cured."

Mrs. Wm. Shantz, 155 Albert street, Kitchener, Ont., writes: "For several years I was troubled with bleeding piles. I tried different remedies for relief without success. I read in Dr. Chase's Almanac of the benefits of his Ointment, so I sent to your office for a sample box. I had tried every other remedy, but I went to a drug store and purchased a full-sized box. I have used several boxes since, and have derived more benefit from its use than any remedy I have ever used."

Frederick McLeod, Victoria street, Ingersoll, Ont., writes: "About two years and a half ago I was suffering from piles. I had tried every other remedy, but I went to a drug store and purchased a full-sized box. I have used several boxes since, and have derived more benefit from its use than any remedy I have ever used."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 40 cents a box, at all dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. There are no rivals to Dr. Chase's Ointment as a treatment for Piles.

La Tour FLOUR DIRECT FROM MILL TO HOME AT MILL PRICES Per Barrel.....\$12.50 Per 1/2 Barrel..... 6.40 Per 1/4 Barrel Bag..... 6.15 Per 24 lb. Bag..... 1.60 Delivered Anywhere in Town. PHONE WEST 8

Fowler Milling Co LIMITED BEST QUALITY REASONABLE PRICES R. P. & W. F. STARR, Limited Wholesale and Retail Dealers 40 SMYTH ST. 151 UNION ST

GOLWELL'S COAL "Is Good Coal" All kinds on hand. Phone West 17 J. FIRTH BRITAIN, Mgr. Foley's Stove Linings THAT LAST TELEPHONE MAIN 1801 Don't Let The Fire Burn Thru To The Grass

MISERABLE FROM STOMACH TROUBLE

Felt Wretched Until He Started To Take "Fruit-a-lives"

594 Champlain St., Montreal. "For two years, I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I had frequent Diarrhoea, and when I took food, felt wretched and bloated. I suffered from Rheumatism, especially, with pain in my back and joints, and my hands swollen. A friend advised "Fruit-a-lives" and from the outset, they did me good. After a few days, I felt I was better, and I can truthfully say that "Fruit-a-lives" is the only medicine that helped me."

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

TAKE 10 P. C. OF COAL OUTPUT

U. S. Government to Hold it For Cases Where Shortage Works Hardships

Washington, Nov. 8.—Ten per cent. of the total coal output of New York City, taken over by the Fuel Administration under the powers granted in the food control law, will be reserved to households and industries where the temporary shortage has worked a hardship. An order to that effect probably will be issued tomorrow by Dr. H. A. Garfield, the Fuel Administrator, and he expects all of the mines to co-operate in making the plan for a great "free coal pile" a success. The order will extend over an indefinite period, and if continued for a year, would affect about 60,000,000 tons. Anthracite and bituminous coal will be included.

Mines which have contracts for all of their output will be asked to scale down the contracts to meet the request for the 10 per cent. The government wants and will be permitted later, as conditions warrant, to fill these contracts with output over which the government has control.

In using the "coal pile" the government will consider only emergency requirements, and probably will give no supplies to industries not essential to the conduct of the war. The distribution will be made after consultation with the state fuel administrators who have received and investigated reports of coal shortages in various cities and districts. It is the intention of the fuel administration to use a large quantity of coal to supply the needs of New York City, if requests are found to be justified. New York, it is understood, has received more coal than any other city in the east, and if definite evidence of hoarding is found, this coal also will be seized and distributed.

Don't Suffer From Piles

Sample Package of the Famous FRY'S PILES OINTMENT. It is a household remedy for ever so long, and am particularly indebted to it for a cure from piles. I had suffered from this annoying trouble for ten years, and tried nearly everything I heard of. After using Dr. Chase's Ointment a short while I was completely cured."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 40 cents a box, at all dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. There are no rivals to Dr. Chase's Ointment as a treatment for Piles.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON FRY'S PILES OINTMENT. Kindly send me a Free Sample of Fry's Piles Ointment in plain wrapper. Name..... Street..... City..... State.....

GLASS OF SALTS CLEANS KIDNEYS If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers You, Drink Lots of Water

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salt which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 900 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get on any pharmaceutical about four ounces of Juice Salts. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to cleanse and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness. Juice Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active. Try this, also, and you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.

Weed Anti-Skid Chains

Now is the time to put them on your car. Wet pavements hold no dangers for the car equipped with Weed Chains for they make it "100 Per Cent. Skid-Proof"

Table with 2 columns: Size and Price. 80"x34" Per Pair \$5.00, 32"x34" Per Pair 5.50, 34"x34" Per Pair 7.00, 36"x34" Per Pair 7.50, 35"x44" Per Pair 8.00, 36"x44" Per Pair 8.00, 37"x44" Per Pair 8.75, 36"x45" Per Pair 9.00

T.M. AVITY & SONS, LTD

Tungsten Electric Lamps

BLUE LABEL BRAND Many people ignore the vital importance of good, reliable lights. 15, 25, 40 Watt, 50c.; 60 Watt, 55c.; 100 Watt, \$1.00 Tungsten Lamps stand for the highest accomplishment in electric lighting. The Perfect Light, Just a Little Cheaper. Made in Canada.

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

RECENT DEATHS

Maggie, wife of Sterling Haslewood, passed away at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Cook, St. Mary's, on Tuesday, at the age of 22 years. She is survived by her husband and two children, father and mother, and one brother.

The death of Miss Miriam Barker, the last member of the family of the late Wesley and Mary Barker, formerly of Fredericton, took place at Maple Ridge on Nov. 1. Miss Barker was 21 years of age. She had resided for some years at the house of her uncle, John Barker of Maple Ridge.

Clarence Toole died on Nov. 2 at his home in Central Blissettville. He was 52 years old. Besides his wife he is survived by six children. The daughters are Mrs. Bradford Duplissac of Central Blissettville; Mrs. Percy Duplissac of St. John, and Nellie at home. The sons are Leonard, Edgar and Harry, all at home. Six brothers, Harry and Percie of Memramcook, N.B.; Joe of Truro, N.S.; Albert of Londonderry; Tom of St. John and Fred in Alberta. The sisters are Mrs. Frank Brown, Mr. Jos. Bird, all of West Leicester, N.S., and Mrs. Henry Jiman of Sussex, N.B. His father is Jos. Toole of Memramcook, N.B.

The body of Samuel Milton, a former resident of Albert Mines, was brought home for burial in the family lot in the cemetery at Demoselle Creek. Mr. Milton, who was upwards of seventy five years of age, had been living for some years with one of the members of his family in Montreal, where his death occurred. He leaves four sons and three daughters all living in the western states. The sons are Percie, Murley, Elijah and Uziel. The three daughters are Mrs. Wallace Steeves, Mrs. Edward Edgett and Miss Minerva.

Frederick McLeod, a victim of the stone cutters' dread disease, died on Wednesday last at St. George's, and was buried on Saturday. He was fifty-four years of age.

Thomas Armstrong, eighty-seven years of age, died recently at the home of his daughter in St. George's.

The death of Katherine Veronica Hanlon took place at her parents' residence, Fairville, yesterday. She was the youngest daughter of John and Ellen Hanlon and was a very popular young lady. She leaves besides her parents three brothers, William, James and Dennis, all at home. Dennis is a returned soldier. Her three sisters are Mrs. Arthur C. Voyer, Fredericton; Mrs. E. T. Rourke, of West St. John, and Miss Mary at home.

Hedley W. Keech, of Woodstock, died on Sunday, November 4, after undergoing an operation at the Fisher Memorial Hospital. He worked with the Press in Woodstock, but later entered the C. P. R. employ. Early this year he took over the Royal Cafe in Woodstock. He is survived by a mother and two sisters.

Charles Curran died at his home in South Branch on Sunday evening at the age of eighty-two years.

The sudden death of Harry G. Huestis of Jemseg on Monday morning came as a great shock to the family and many friends. He was seventy-one years of age. He was seized suddenly with a pain Monday morning and fifteen minutes later passed away.

W. F. H. Gill, chief clerk in the post office inspector's department, at Charlottetown, died early yesterday morning as a result of falling on the street and striking his head against the concrete pavement. He was fifty-two years of age.

Eight Thousand Yet To Register

Almost 1,000 registered under the military service act yesterday. To date there have been 16,782 registrations, leaving yet 8,692 who have not yet placed their names with the provincial registrar. So far 912 have signed the service cards in New Brunswick and 8,870 have filed exemption claims.

Charles H. Edgcombe and Wallace Kitchen of Fredericton left last evening to join the Royal Flying Corps. From Fredericton they will proceed to Toronto and from here they will go to Texas for further training. Mr. Edgcombe is a son of F. B. Edgcombe, Fredericton, while Mr. Kitchen is a son of ex-Alderman A. B. Kitchen.

Word was received yesterday that Captain Walter A. Harrison of this city had been promoted to the position of deputy quartermaster general of the third division. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Harrison of St. John, Casualties.

Yesterday's casualties show that the artillery and the Mounted Rifles were the heaviest sufferers in the recent heavy fighting of the Canadians. Among the names of those reported is Sgt. William A. Noddin, of Moncton, reported officially as being gassed; Cecil Carman, of Gibson (N. B.), as having died of wounds, and Pte. Charles Clifford McKinnon, of Moncton, suffering from a gunshot wound. This latter casualty makes three of one family, two other McKinnon boys having made the supreme sacrifice about a year ago.

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 7.—Word has been received by relatives in New Brunswick of Lieutenant Walter Veniot, son of the minister of public works, who has been in the trenches since March last, that he has been recommended for the military cross. Lieutenant Veniot went overseas with the 182nd Battalion. Recently he received a letter from the general officer commanding the Canadian forces warmly commending him for excellent work done in some operations carried out under his direction.

P. J. Veniot, a returned soldier, who has been employed on the Valley railway at Gasquetown since July, met with a severe accident a few days ago. He had the misfortune to fall from a pile of sleepers and sustained painful injuries in the abdomen. His parents, Hon. and Mrs. R. J. Veniot, of Bathurst, have been called to his bedside. His friends will be glad to learn that his condition

We Have Received Another Shipment of KEISER PRESERVING PEAS, Also QUINCES In Medium and Large Sizes

CHEYNE & CO., 166 Union St. TELEPHONE 1122 TEL. N. BRUNSWICK CORNER FITT AND LEINSTER

GIVE KIDDIES Health Biscuits

An ideal combination of whole wheat and other valuable food products. Grocers Sell Them

is now greatly improved, and he is considered past the danger point.

RECENT WEDDINGS

Steeves-Prosser At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Prosser, Prosser Brook, Albert county, on Nov. 1, their eldest daughter, Eva Alice, was united in marriage to Archie Steeves of Hopewell Cape.

Brown-Jones On Nov. 6 in the United Baptist church, Woodstock, by the Rev. J. P. Wilson, Irma Lee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Jones, was united in marriage to J. F. Leiper Brown, of Woodstock, N. B., son of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Brown of Middle Southampton.

Miss Helen Gallagher, daughter of Mrs. Mary Gallagher of Devon, York county, and Lawrence Grant, of Aroostook, were married on November 7, by Rev. Father Murphy in St. Anthony's church, Deron. They will reside in Aroostook.

ARE YOU LOSING YOUR GRIP

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the Remedy to Restore Your Energy, and to Rebuild Health and Vitality.

If anyone who feels weak or languid, whose vitality has been lowered from any cause, whose nerves are overstrained or "jumpy," will take a course of Dr. Cassell's Tablets, he or she cannot fail to be astonished at the wonderful new health and vigor that will follow and follow quickly. Dr. Cassell's Tablets are an ideal brace-up. They strengthen the nervous system throughout, invigorate all the bodily functions, give "Spring" and "Grip" and fitness, even to the weakest. And there is no doubt in them.

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address Harold F. Ritchie and Co., Ltd., 10 McCaul Street, Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the supreme remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Troubles, Sleeplessness, Anæmia, Nervous ailments and Nerve paralysis, and for weakness in children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Price 50 cents per tube, six tubes for the price of five, from druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Don't waste your money on imitations; get the genuine Dr. Cassell's Tablets. Proprietors, Dr. Cassell's Co., Manchester, Eng.