

\$4,300

Neatest home in west end, near College. 7 rooms, unfinished attic, walled ceiling, reception hall with fire place, large veranda. Owner leaving city; must sell at once.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., Realty Brokers, 26 Victoria St.

Senate-Rooming Room
1410-1428
SENATE P O

PROBS.— Fresh to strong winds; sleet and rain.

TWENTY PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING MARCH 27 1909— TWENTY PAGES

YONGE ST. STORE,

near Louisa, to lease for a term of years, 27 feet frontage by 100 feet deep, to a lane; possession of one store June 1st.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., Realty Brokers, 26 Victoria St.

51 29TH YEAR

CANADA AND LUMBER OF U.S.

Fervid Tariff Discussion in Congress—Oriental Labor in B. C. Mills.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The momentum of the tariff debate in the course of representatives was relieved for a time today by a clash between Messrs. Fordney of Michigan and Byrd of Mississippi, which came near ending in blows.

Mr. Fordney had been making an exhaustive discussion of the lumber schedule when he was interrupted by the Mississippi, who insisted that the lumber manufacturers, of whom Mr. Fordney was one, were in a trust. The statements were vehemently denied and Fordney said that "Mr. Byrd did not know a damned thing about it."

The Mississippi member made a move towards Fordney and was in the act of removing his coat when some of his Democratic colleagues took hold of him. Later it developed that the incident grew out of a misunderstanding and both men made mutual explanations and apologies.

Mr. Fordney made a notable speech on the subject of lumber and pleaded for the tariff protection on the product in the rough. Diametrically opposed to him was Mr. Howland of Ohio, who wanted the product put on the free list.

Others who spoke were Messrs. Pott of North Carolina, and Macon of Arkansas, both of whom arraigned the Payne bill.

When the tariff bill was laid before the house today, Mr. Humphrey (Washington) took the issue with statements made by Mr. Payne in his opening speech regarding the number of Orientals engaged in the lumber mills of British Columbia.

Mr. Payne said that there were fewer Orientals working in such mills there than in the State of Washington. That statement was erroneous, said left the impression that there were fewer Orientals working in such mills there than in the State of Washington.

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Electric Radial Applies to Use Niagara Power

Would Distribute H. E. Energy Thru a District Not Invaded at Present.

A novel and interesting proposal was made yesterday by the hydro-electric power commission by gentlemen concerned in the electric railway project which is designed to connect Guelph and Stratford. Branches are also planned to Fergus, Elora and from New Hamburg to Woodstock via Plattsville. Eventually the road will come down to Toronto from the north-west.

The system as at the present outlined covers some 150 miles, and the proposal made to the commission is that the company, which has already obtained a charter, should distribute Niagara power in such districts as the H. E. P. Commission does not penetrate. New Hamburg is prepared to bonus the company to the extent of \$20,000 with the stipulation that it will undertake this work, thus bringing Niagara power into the district.

Reeve Katzenmeier, who is also warden of the county, D. Becker, S. R. Stewart, Lewis Hahn, and E. Munnell are the aldermen who yesterday to lay the plan before them.

POWER HERE IN SEPTEMBER
So Aid. Church Informs Council, But Nobody Shows Much Interest.

The statement that Hon. Adam Beck had told him the hydro-electric commission would be ready to deliver power in Toronto by September was made by Aid. Church who rose to speak just as the city council was adjourning yesterday.

"What I would like to know," pursued the member in the midst of a general scurry of his colleagues to reach the members' room, "is what the city is doing to prepare to distribute power."

"Oh, we'll be ready," interjected the mayor as he vanished out of the council chamber, and that ended the incident.

CANADIANS' BIG PROJECT
Power Schemes in Mexico Will Involve Output of \$5,000,000.

EL PASO, Texas, March 26.—(Special.)—Headed by E. Franklin Pearson, a mammoth Canadian syndicate has secured a concession from the Mexican Government for the construction of two dams on the Conchos River at a cost of approximately eight million dollars.

The lower dam will cost between five and six million dollars, and will be devoted to flood water irrigation for three hundred thousand acres of farming land in Conchos Valley. Construction on this dam is to start this year, and will be completed in three years.

THREATEN BIGGER STRIKE
If Government Prosecute Members of Committee.

PARIS, March 26.—Owing to the fact that the government has threatened to prosecute the members of the committee that controlled the recent strike of telegraphers and postmen, for its failure to accept a settlement after terms of settlement had been arranged, the committee has announced its intention of organizing a general government carries out its intention.

VACCINATE SHIPLOAD
630 Aboard the Merion to Submit to Eighteen Doctors.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—Fifteen physicians of the bureau of health of Philadelphia left here today for Liverpool to assist the three state quarantine physicians in vaccinating every one of the 630 passengers on the steamer Merion from Liverpool, which is held up at the state quarantine station because two passengers by the steamer were found to be suffering from smallpox. All told 630 persons will be compelled to submit.

JAP CRUISERS FOR CANADA
Two of Them to Visit Our Waters in May.

OTTAWA, March 26.—(Special.)—Mr. Sugimura, acting consul-general of Japan, announces that a Japanese training squadron of two cruisers, the Aso and the Soya, will visit Canadian waters in May.

AUSTRALIANS QUITE EXCITED

Public Meetings to Boom "Dreadnoughts" and Others Deprecatory—Victoria's Enthusiasm.

SYDNEY, N.S.W., March 26.—(N.Y. Herald Cable.)—Public opinion here is sharply divided over the question of the British navy increase, the federal government having decided to follow New Zealand's example and grant the funds to construct the additional vessels many clamored for.

Wildly enthusiastic demonstrations were held simultaneously at Sydney, Melbourne, Hobart and Perth. Resolutions were adopted urging that the payment be increased for a subsidy for the Imperial navy and asking for subscripts to defray the cost of presenting a battle ship, patriotic songs were sung at all the meetings.

Mr. O'Sullivan, formerly a cabinet minister at Sydney declared that Great Britain should terminate Germany's rivalry by at once seizing the Kaiser's fleet, and that the Germans were the most callous, sordid and selfish people in the world, and declared that England should repeat Nelson's performance at Copenhagen.

The mayors of Brisbane and Adelaide refused to participate in the demonstrations by sailing meetings, and in their respective cities counter meetings of the labor parties were held to depreciate what was termed patriotic hysteria.

Claiming that the commonwealth can best assist the mother land by relieving her of responsibility in defending Australia in the present position, the federal government here looks with disfavor upon both the subsidy and the additional Dreadnoughts. The promoters of five states support the subsidy plan without the Dreadnought, the Victorian premier the favoring both, and declaring it to be his determination that his government shall present a battle ship in behalf of the State of Victoria.

Premier Asquith Explains How a Mistake Was Made
LONDON, March 26.—Premier Asquith has explained to the commons the discrepancy between his own statement and that made in the Reichstag by Admiral von Tirpitz, secretary of the navy, regarding the number of new battleships which Germany would have by the end of 1912.

He said that Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, had been verbally informed on March 10 that the German Government was intending to accelerate its naval program, and that it would have thirteen Dreadnoughts until the end of 1912. Comparing this statement with the statement of the British admiralty, to the effect that the number of such ships would be seven, the British government had concluded that the new battleship and the new cruisers had not been included in the total of thirteen.

Speaking in the Reichstag on March 17, Admiral von Tirpitz made it clear that these thirteen ships were intended for March 18 the British Government was further informed that, while two of this year's ships on the German program had been cancelled by constructing firms in advance of the usual time, this fact did not nullify the previous statements regarding the rate of production.

Premier Asquith intimated that this information might affect the British naval program.

The King Cables His Thanks to New Zealand
LONDON, March 26.—(C.A.P.)—The King has wired Premier Ward through Lord Cromer expressing his gratitude and high appreciation of the fine patriotism and generosity shown by New Zealand in the magnificent offer made to promptly and spontaneously contribute £250,000 towards the formation of a Dreadnought, while Wade, premier of New South Wales, advocates an increase of the naval subsidy to £500,000.

SERGEANTS CHEER FOR NAVY
Gov.-Gen. Body Guard Non-Coms. Enjoy Annual Banquet.

The sergeants of the Governor-General's Body Guard held their annual banquet last night and heartily claimed every suggestion of a contribution to the royal navy. Lt.-Col. Clarence Deakin favored the Canadian navy. It was our duty to assist the empire.

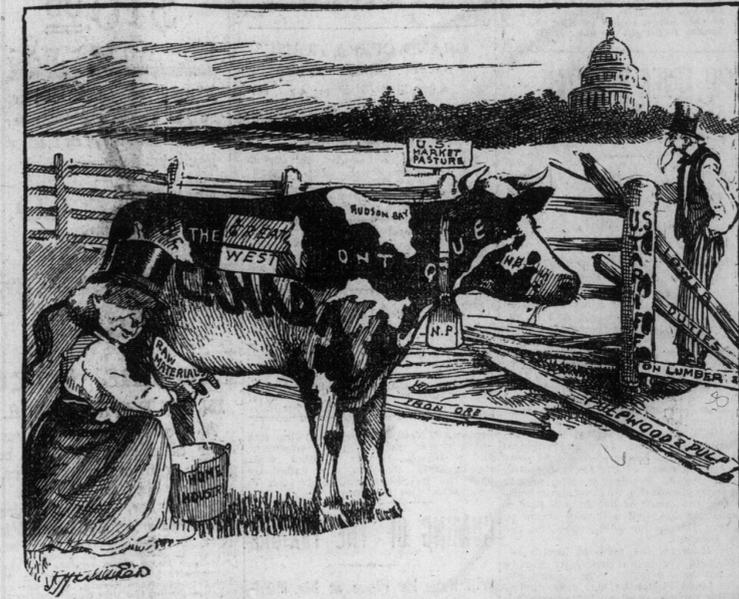
NOTED SCHOLAR COMING
J. Linton Myres of Liverpool to Give Lecture Here.

J. Linton Myres, professor of Greek in the University of Liverpool, will lecture in Toronto on the evening of Thursday, April 8.

ONTARIO BOY FATALLY SHOT.
BUFFALO, N.Y., March 26.—(Special.)—Clement Evans, 12-year-old son of C. Evans, school teacher at Basingstoke, Ont., was shot here to-night by a playmate. The bullet pierced the left lung. They were playing hold up in one of the best streets. Two of the boys were arrested. Evans will die.

CONDUCTOR FOUND GUILTY.
STRATFORD, March 26.—Peter Fountain, G.T.R. freight conductor of Stratford, pleaded guilty at the police court today to two charges of forgery, that of the name of Trainmaster C. G. Hawker, at Stratford, and that of Supt. U. E. Gillen at Toronto. He was remanded for sentence.

HIS OWN COW GONE DRY



THE MILKMAID: He'd like awful well to coax her in there—and milk her dry.

67 STABS, 6 BULLETS BROTHER ADMITS CRIME

Claims He Murdered For Self-Protection—Warrants Out For Three Other Brothers.

DALLAS, Texas, March 26.—Offering no explanation other than that he had acted in self-defence, Roy H. Terry, of this city surrendered at the county prison early to-day in connection with the killing of his brother, Dr. Hugh F. Terry, a well-known physician, who was stabbed and shot to death in his apartments a short while before.

The body showed a total of 67 knife wounds, besides six bullet wounds. Other than an assertion by members of the family that the physician was subject to the use of drugs and the statement of the man under arrest, no details of the killing are ascertainable, but later to-day warrants were sworn out for Paul, Rob and Neil, other brothers of the dead physician.

Friends of the dead man deny that he was a drug fiend.

STUDENTS CLASH WITH POLICE
Mt. Allison Celebrants Got Too Gay, and Were Roughly Treated.

SACKVILLE, N.B., March 26.—(Special.)—Mount Allison University students, celebrating their victory in a debate with the University of New Brunswick, Terry pulled the fire alarm, rang church bells and lit bonfires in the streets.

The whole police department turned out, and after some injuries had been received, the students dispersed.

AERIAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION
Preliminary Organizational Meeting to Be Held at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, March 26.—(Special.)—In connection with the visit here Saturday of Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, it is understood that preliminary arrangements will be made for the formation of the Aerial Science Association.

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QUEBEC BREWERIES IN BIG COMBINATION

Details at Last Arranged For a Merger of the Various Plants.

MONTREAL, March 26.—(Special.)—After many fruitless attempts, many denials and as many confirmations, the announcement is now semi-officially made that the last difficulty has been removed and that the owners of all the breweries of the Province of Quebec have consented to pass under the control of a holding company, with a capital of about \$12,000,000. Charles R. Hooper will be at its head, supported by other leading capitalists of this city and province.

The statement is also made that the merger has paved the way for the sale of the Montreal Brewery or the Cushing interest to the Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

It is also stated authoritatively this evening that the valuation of the several properties, constituting what is to be called the Eastern Breweries, will be placed within sixty days and that soon after the merger will be an accomplished fact.

The following companies, with their estimated output, are interested in the merger: The Union Brewing Co., \$2,000,000; the Daves Brewery of Lachine, \$2,000,000; the Dow Brewery, \$400,000; the Canadian Brewery Co., \$250,000; the Montreal Brewery Co., \$200,000; Molson's Brewery, \$500,000; the Imperial Brewery, \$100,000; the Reinhardt Brewery, \$150,000; and the St. Theresse Brewery, \$100,000.

The statement is also made that there will be no change in the internal working of each establishment, although there will be a local manager at the head of each concern. The holding company will, however, be directed by an executive board, but at present at least there will be no general manager. The proceeds of each brewery will be sold separately as at present. The object of the merger will be to do away with the competition, and the announcement is made that there will be an increase in prices. The executive board will also embrace the heads of all the brewing establishments constituting the merger.

As for the financial side of the great brewing amalgamation it is understood that the holding company will be made by the American Appraising Company and that of the lands will be made by Craddock Simpson and H. L. Putnam, real estate dealers of this city. Each concern will receive 65 per cent. of the value of its lands, buildings and plant in 6 per cent. bonds issued by the holding company, while the balance of 35 per cent. will be paid for by the company's 7 per cent. preferred stock, and the common stock will represent the goodwill of each concern, the valuation here reached by taking the earnings of the year of 1908.

The underwriting syndicate, of which Mr. Hooper is the head, have made arrangements with the Royal Trust Co. to finance the company, and it is understood that the account of this great concern will go to the Bank of Montreal. It is also said that if any of the holders wish to dispose of their proposed stock the sum of eighty-five dollars cash will be paid them, while the one value of the stock will be given in a term of three years. The bond issue of the new merger will be \$12,000,000, and one of the stipulations of the merger is that the holding company will assume no liabilities, thus beginning business on a clean sheet.

Import Russian Moulks.
VANCOUVER, B.C., March 26.—R. M. S. Montague, who arrived here from the Orient to-day, brought sixty Russian moulks from Siberia, who have been imported expressly to work on the Grand Trunk Pacific construction from Prince Rupert east. They came by steamer and showed lack of all rules of good living by their eating, sleeping and general deportment.

HIGH RIVER, March 26.—The remarkably close fight in this constituency has been finally decided in favor of the Conservative candidate, Dr. Stanley, at least temporarily, after being in doubt ever since Monday, latest returns giving him one majority.

GRADE IMPORTED FRUIT TO PROTECT GROWERS

Closer Inspection Needed to Take Off Keen Edge of United States Competition.

OTTAWA, March 26.—(Special.)—Suggestions for the development of the fruit growing industry were made in the commons this afternoon by many of the rural delegates.

Martin Burrell (Yale-Cariboo) first called attention to some of the weak spots in the Fruit Marks Act. He held that imported fruit should be graded and marked as Canadian, and in the west, they had to face strong competition from the U. S., and there were only two ways to meet that competition, by the protection afforded by the tariff, and by a rigid enforcement of the regulations. Two dangers in imported fruits had to be met, pests and diseases, and the fruit men of British Columbia had learned by experience that eternal vigilance was the price of safety. They had rejected thousands of consignments of all kinds of U. S. fruits as a result of the work of the provincial inspectors, but in the neighboring Province of Alberta the regulations were very feebly enforced and the province was made a dumping ground for culls and diseased fruit.

More Inspectors For Ottawa.
Mr. Armstrong pointed out that Ontario produced last year 16,000,000 barrels of apples, and he made a plea for more inspectors in that province. He alleged that fruit not up to the grade of customs was exported to Ontario, and if we were to retain our trade there must be a more rigid inspection.

Replying, Hon. Mr. Fisher said it would be impossible to secure enough inspectors to inspect all the fruits of the Dominion. Last year three inspectors had been assigned to Ontario and he believed that more should be engaged. The regulations under the Fruit Marks Act applied to imported fruit.

Mr. Fisher would not discuss the question of increased production, but he promised to represent to the minister of customs that three boxes should represent a barrel and not four as at present, thus increasing the duty on American fruit to the extent of 25 per cent. Mr. Lator believed that there should be an inspector in each county during the packing season. He requested to see facilities as to the number of American apples were imported into the Northwest provinces and he thought the duty might well be given as a little so as to offset the disadvantage of heavy freight rates from Ontario.

Mr. Lator supported the government in respect to the German suttax, but the German suttax against Canadian evaporated apples was almost prohibitive, and this was, he believed, the only industry that was suffering in that way. Therefore he urged upon the government the need of some measures to foster the industry here.

An Educational Campaign.
Malcolm Schell urged a more active educational campaign for the development of the apple industry. By thorough and systematic spraying he believed the profits on an apple crop could be doubled. The Ontario Government, he believed, was not doing its duty in this regard.

Mr. Gordon (East Kent) spoke of the value of improving the standards of the apple industry. By thorough and systematic spraying he believed the profits on an apple crop could be doubled. The Ontario Government, he believed, was not doing its duty in this regard.

Mr. Sealey also spoke on the question of the house got into supply at 6 o'clock.

Tug Wrecked.
VANCOUVER, March 26.—(Special.)—The American tug Seabird, owned by Hookbrook and Marrow of Seattle, was wrecked last week off Ketchikan, Alaska, and Capt. Whitworth and his crew came nearly going to the bottom.

F. P. Dwyer, general agent of the Grand Trunk Railway in New York City, was in town yesterday.

THE DAY TO REMEMBER.
Saturday, just coming on Easter, is a day to remember for that is the day when men buy their spring hats. It ought to be a record breaker this year at Dineen's, for the stock never was so complete—never embraced such exclusive styles by such great makers. Then there are hats by special designers such as Henry Healy of London, England, and Dunlap of New York, for whom Dineen is sole Canadian agent.

Nord Northcliffe is expected to visit Victoria, B. C., in June.

IN CELL WRITES

Thrilling Address By Released Suffragette of Experiences in Holland Prison.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The American has the following London cable: "There was a storm of hisses and shouts of execration against the government last night when Lady Constance Lytton, daughter of the Earl of Lytton, with flushed cheeks and quivering voice, addressed a large company of ladies and gentlemen at a dinner of welcome to her and her twenty-five sister martyrs in the Holloway Prison yesterday."

Sitting beside Lady Constance was Daisy Solomons, daughter of Sir John Solomons, late crown minister to Cape Colony, and other prominent women who have been playing the role of prison martyrs in the government's determined stand against the suffragettes.

Lady Constance told a thrilling story of how she overcame the rigid and almost barbaric prison regulations enforced against her. She denied no hardships and managed to make notes in writing—notes for use in her speech on liberation.

"They would not let me write," said Lady Constance. "They tried in every way to prevent me from even making notes. They denied me paper, pencils and ink. They went so far as to deny me a light in my cell until the prison authorities intervened to furnish one. Then they shrouded the light until I could scarcely see, making the cell almost as dark as it was before."

"But despite these harsh and inhuman prison rules invoked against me, they could not prevent me from using ink, for nature had provided me with a sealed bottle of scarlet writing fluid. I got up yesterday," Lady Constance exclaimed dramatically, "removed the shroud from the lamp and on the back of a business letter I had received I wrote down the notes for this speech to-night in red ink!"

"Here it is," she said, displaying the letter. "It is written in my own blood!"

The audience applauded frantically and wound up by hissing the government for five minutes or more. Continuing her speech and referring to the red lined document in her hand, Lady Constance roared defiance against the prison system and the treatment to which the imprisoned suffragettes had been subjected.

On Feb. 25 Lady Constance Lytton was sentenced to one month's imprisonment for disorderly conduct, the charges against her being that she took in the attempt to see Premier Asquith and present to him a "votes for women" petition.

The twenty-five other women were sentenced at the same time, among them Miss Stratford, Miss Dugdale, Miss Constance Lytton, Miss Solomons and Mrs. Catherine Elizabeth Corbett. All took full sentences rather than give a promise to abstain from maintaining they had not violated the law.

WRITES OWN OBITUARY
GUIDES IN HERALD SQ.

Tragic Death of U.S. Veteran of Distinguished Family After Period of Hard Luck.

NEW YORK, March 26.—After carefully preparing a long obituary notice and handing it in at the office of the Herald for submission to the city editor, General Daniel Chase, a son of the late General Daniel Chase, and a cousin of Salmon P. Chase, secretary of the treasury under President Lincoln, stepped out into Broadway at Herald square to-day, and shot himself in the heart. He died within a few minutes.

Chase was 60 years of age. He had been ill and despondent for some time. In the papers which he left for publication, he spoke bitterly of the fact that he had been unable to obtain employment in the government service.

"Uncle Sam wanted me badly enough in war time," he said, "my father and myself fought for the union, and three of my brothers died on the battlefield. He had been employed as a carpenter in the Brooklyn navy yard until three months ago, when a cut down in the force came, and he was released. In concluding his obituary notice, he asked that a fund of some kind be started to provide for his widow.

Chase was lineal descendant of Peregrine White, the first white child born in America in the Mayflower. He was one of the youngest enlisted men in the union army, having barely reached thirteen when he entered the Maine volunteers.

The suicide occurred during the middle of the afternoon, when Broadway was crowded with shoppers and others. A crowd of several thousand persons, which gathered at the sound of the shot, blocked the street for a considerable distance, and was finally dispersed by the police with difficulty.

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