### Tondon Adbertiser. (ESTABLISHED 1863.)

MANAGER John Cameron. London, Monday, March 7, 1898.

Duty of the Hour.

It is announced that a caucus of all the Conservative members and party managers will be held at Toronto on Wednesday next. The object is to arrange for the protesting of a number of seats of Liberal members-elect. This kind of action must not be allowed by the Government and its friends to be bne-sided. In this connection, the Brantford Expositor gives good advice when it says that the victory which the Liberals here won must be maintained at all hazards. The Liberals "must be up and doing, or they may lose at bye-elections some of the ground they have held or won at the general election. Their first duty is to collect assiduously all the information they can possibly unearth as to the practice of corruption by their opponents. Now is the time to do this, while

the suspicious incidents are fresh in the minds of those who witnessed them. This should be done in every constitbasis for petitions to unseat elected Conservatives, and for cross-petitions to prevent the seating of defeated Conservetives. A few days of hard detective work by the Liberal committees just how many bear an abundant fruit hereafter."

And our contemporary fitly adds: "There is not, so far as we can discover, any feeling of defeat in the Liberal party. There is abundance of enthusiasm to carry it through to a more complete victory, if it is promptly, persistently and intelligently directed. Lib. erals know now whom they have to fight. Their contest is with 'Tupperism' and all that the term signifies Many Liberals made light of such statements a few days ago. They did so, however, to their own cost, and this mistake will not be repeated."

Be patient with a street car conductor. He has trouble enough with cranks. You get the best service from everyone in his position by kindliness.

### London, Hold Your Own.

Even after the contest is over, and London and the West have indorsed the educational policy of the Ontario Government, there is still opposition in 000, \$75,000 and \$33,000, maturing respectively in 1922, 1923, 1924 and 1927. of a Normal School in this city. The Hamilton Spectator, a leading Oppo- terest from the date of the debentures sition newspaper, thus voices the sen-

timents of its political friends: "London may as well give up all idea of getting the Provincial Normal Schools in the province now."

It is apparent from this express declaration, as well as from the antagonism of leading Conservative M. P.P.'select that the necessity for Londoners defending what is their own will not pass away for some time to come.

## Tiny Majorities.

Only one Liberal was elected in the late provincial contest with a majority of less than 25-Mr. McNish, of West Elgin. But five Conservatives got in with majorities respectively as follows: Mr. Beck, West Huron, 2 majority; Mr. Monteith, South Perth, where a Liberal and a Liberal Patron ran, 5 majority; Mr. Powell, Ottawa, 2 majority; The odds in the recounts are decidedly in favor of the Liberals.

## Prophecies Past and Present.

The Toronto World is beginning to reassume its senses. For days it expressed confidence that Mr. Whitney had carried the province. Now it confesses that Premier Hardy has a majority, but it tries to let itself down easily by saying that in a few months the Government will collapse. This reminds us of Sir Charles Tupper's prophesy regarding the new Liberal Government at Ottawa. The Opposition leader for weeks after the election of June 23, 1896, insisted that the Laurier Government could not live six months. It has now endured eighteen months, and its majority today is over 40, or double what it was at the time Pope. Sir Charles spoke. We know that Sir Charles is not regarded by the wing of the Conservative party to which the World belongs as much of an authority, but there are others who will believe that the World is no more likely to be successful in the business of prophecy than the Opposition leader at Ottawa. Rather will they believe with the World, when, in a saner declaration, it affirms: When a Government pulls through an election with a small but sufficient majority, it can build up that majority out of the bye-elections." That is the condition in which the Ontario Government really feels itself, and with a knowledge, now coming to light, of the underhanded influences to which it owed its loss of seats, or decreased majorities, it is now in a position, with the help of the friends of Liberalism, to begin a new career that will be highly beneficial to the province while conducive to its own safety.

## Good and Bad Ballots.

In view of the recounts which are likely to take place in the various Ontario constituencies, where the majorities were small in the late contest, the

fine across the center, or one of the lines of the cross, or with a curved line, like the blades of an anchor. (North Victoria case.)

2. An irregular mark in the figure of a cross, as long as it does not lose the form of a cross. (Monck case.) 3. A cross with a line before it. (Monck

4. A cross rightly placed with two additional crosses, one across the other candidate's name, and the other to the left. (Monck case.) 5. A double cross or two crosses (Monck case.)

6. Ballot paper inadvertently torn. (Monck case.) 7. Inadvertent marks in addition to the cross. (Monck case.) 8. Cross made with pen and ink instead of pencil. (Monck case.) 9. When voter wrongly votes, ther

obliterates cross and marked ballot for the other candidate. Ballots marked as follows are bad: 1. A single stroke instead of a cross. (Monck case; North Victoria case.) 2. Two single strokes not crossing. (Monck case.)

3. Ballots with candidate's name written thereon in addition to the cross. (North Victoria case.) 4. Ballots marked with a number of ines. (North Victoria case.)

5. Ballots with a cross for each candidate. (North Victoria case.) 6. All those upon which there is any writing or mark by which the voter can 7. Ballots not marked in division where candidate's name appears.

The time seems to be fast approaching when Cuba must be freed from uency in the province, to furnish the Spanish martial domination. All too long has the island been misgoverned.

## London's Gredit Is Very High.

\$238,000 Worth of Debentures Bring the Highest Price Ever Secured.

A Local Company, the Huron & Erie, the Purchasers - A Change in the City Banking Recommended—The Finance Committee Meet.

Tenders for \$238,000 worth of city debentures, bearing 31/2 per cent interest, were opened on Saturday night by the finance committee, and brought the highest price ever secured by the corporation. It is also notable that a London institution-the Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Compan the purchaser. This is splendid evidence of the high credit and the financial resources of the city. The deben-The Huron and Erie offered \$242,215 50. They would not allow for accrued in-Dec. 31, 1897, to the date of delivery, March 14, 1898, which would amount to \$1,666. The Bank of British North America offered \$240,546 60, allowing for accrued interest. The difference was There are too many Normal \$3 50 in favor of the Huron and Erie, whose tender was recommended for acceptance. The city's premium is therefore \$2,549 50. Other tenders, which were independent of accrued interest, were: G. A. Stinson & Co., Toronto, \$238,615; Imperial Life Association of Canada, \$238,642 60; R. Wilson Smith, Montreal, \$239,785; Jas. A. Meldrum, Toronto, \$237,469; Andrew T. Drummond, \$234,398 30; Bank of Commerce, \$237,476 40; H. O'Hara & Co., Toronto, \$99 56 per \$100.

Tenders were also called for the city's banking, which has hitherto done by the Bank of Montreal. The tender of the Molsons Bank was recommended for acceptance, subject to the city solicitor's opinion as to the legality and effectiveness of the change. The Bank of Montreal offered to continue its former rate and allow 5 per cent rate of discount; 5 per cent rate of interest on sinking fund up to amount borrowed; deposit receipts, two Mr. Marter, North Toronto, 24 majority; notice; checks payable and taken at or three months, 3 per cent, without Mr. Brower, East Elgin, 17 majority. par. The Bank of British North America offered a 4 per cent rate of discount, 4 per cent rate of interest on sinking fund; 3 per cent on leposit receipts, with fifteen days' notice. The Molsons Bank offered a 41/2 per cent rate of discount, 41/4 per cent interest on sinking fund; 3 per cent on deposit receipts, and 2½ per cent on the minimum monthly balance. The Merchants' Bank offered a 4 per cent rate of discount up to amount of credit and 5 per cent on further sums; 4 interest on sinking fund; 3 per cent on deposit receipts, and 3 per cent on minimum monthly ances. The mayor estimates that an annual saving of about \$2,000 may be made by the change, owing to the in-

terest on the monthly bank balances, which average \$10,000. The chairman and city engineer will confer on the street railway matter with a view to an improved service. A number of accounts and tax petitions were dealt with. There were Ald. Winnett (chairman), Nutkins, McPhillips. O'Meara, McCallum, Mayor Wilson and City Treasurer

## TWO BRIDGES

To Be Erected by Middlesex and Elgin

Counties-Contracts Awarded. County Engineer Talbot and Mr. Simon McLeod, chairman of the county board of road directors, were in St. Thomas on Thursday opening tenders for two bridges to be erected jointly by Middlesex and Elgin.

One is known as the Ling bridge, over a small creek on the boundary line between Westminster and Southwold townships, and the contract for the superstructure, which is of steel, was awarded to the Stratford Bridge Company, at \$179. The contract for the two abutments of concrete was awarded to George A. Ponsford, of St. Thomas, whose figure was \$379, making the total cost of the bridge \$558. The second bridge is of wood, 250 feet long, over the Thames, on the boundary line between Ekfrid and Dunwich, and known as the Coyne road, or Tait bridge. Lang Anderson, St. Thomas, got the contract, at \$3,900, on condition that he furnishes security and executes the bond within a week. In the event of Anderson failing to do this, the contract will be awarded to John N. Gibb, of Mosa, at \$4,457. The highest tender was \$5,224.

The great lung healer is found in following statement of the law with regard to what are good and bad ballets will be of interest.

The great lung neaser is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membranes of the throat and air pastern to membranes of the many different remedies, but did not get relief. Since taking Hood's fect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsia and Too Hearty Eating. A personal to membrane to memb Ballots marked as follows are good:

1. With an ill-formed cross, or with small lines at the end of cross, or a many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

Interiorates of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for Coshono, Ont.

Oshono, Ont.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills Mailed for 25c. by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

### THE ELECTIONS. Detailed Returns from Several Ontario

SOUTH HURON, McLean. Eilber. Seaforth ..... 338 Exeter..... 155 Hensall ..... 98 Goderich township..... 89 Usborne......267 Bayfield ..... 63 Hay......450

Constituencis.

Total .....2,616 MONCK-MAJORITIES.

Harcourt. Galbraith. Caistor ..... Canboro ..... Gainsboro ..... 191 Pelham ..... 274 Wainfleet ..... 2 Dunnville ..... Moulton ..... Sherbrooke .....

Harcourt's majority, 331. WELLAND-MAJORITIES.

Humberstone ..... 58 (Lib.) (Con.) Welland ..... 216 Crowland .... Willoughby ..... Fort Erie ..... Thorold township ..... Niagara Falls town ..... Stamford ..... Bridgeburg ..... Chippewa ..... Niagara Falls South .... Thorold town .....

German's majority, 700. YORK, EAST.

Markham village ..... 106 Markham township ..... 778 Scarboro township ..... York township ..... 404 East Toronto ..... Richmond Hill .....

Majority for Richardson, 423.

## IN EAST MIDDLESEX.

Result of the Official Count-A Majority of 95 for Hodgens.

Appended is the detailed vote in East Middlesex, according to the official count:

LONDON TOWNSHIP. Hodgens. William Subdivision 1 ..... Subdivision 2 ..... Subdivision 3 ..... Subdivision 4 ..... Subdivision 5 ..... Subdivision 6 ..... Subdivision 7 ..... Subdivision 8 ..... Subdivision 9 ..... Subdivision 10 ..... Subdivision 11 ..... Subdivision 12 ..... Subdivision 13 ..... Subdivision 14 ..... 76

WESTMINSTER.

Subdivision 1 ..... 37 Subdivision 2 ..... Subdivision 3 ..... Subdivision 4 ..... Subdivision 5 ..... Subdivision 6 ..... Subdivision 7 ..... Subdivision 8 ..... Subdivision 9 ..... WEST NISSOURI. Subdivision 1 ...... 61

Subdivision 2 ..... Subdivision 3 ..... Subdivision 4 ..... Subdivision 5 ..... Subdivision 6 ..... Subdivision 7 ..... Subdivision 8 ..... NORTH DORCHESTER. Subdivision 1 ...... 47

Subdivision 2 ..... Subdivision 3 ..... Subdivision 4 ..... Subdivision 5 ..... Subdivision 6 ..... Subdivision 7 ..... Subdivision 8 .....

LONDON WEST. Subdivision 1 ...... 71 Subdivision 2 ..... Subdivision 3 .....

RECAPITULATION.

Townships --London ..... 1,018 Westminster .. 414 W. Nissouri ... 400 N. Dorchester.. 440 London West .. 191 162 2,463 2,368 24 Majority for Hodgens, 95.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN. St. Thomas, March 7.-Mr. Richard Howarth, Barnes street, an M. C. R. brakeman, had a narrow escape from death on Friday night. Mr. Howarth was brakeman on Conductor T. Reynolds' east-bound freight, which took the side-track at Welland to let No. 85, T. H. and B. express go by. Howarth stood near the track, and was struck by the engine of the express and thrown with great force on his face on the ground. His right hip and arm were badly bruised, his jaw broken in two places, teeth broken and knocked out, nose split open and torn at one side, and besides all this he received several scalp wounds, and wounds and bruises all over the face. It is believed,

however, that he will recover. Was Wasting Away.

"I could not eat, sleep, walk, or sit down for any length of time. I was always in pain and wasting away. I

Curious Symptom of Indigestion

Haven't you often heard people say, I love this, or I love that, but I am afraid to touch it. It disagrees with me. You may depend that this fear is based on actual experience, for people don't give up these things unless they have to.

When simple indigestion has developed into chronic dyspepsia the disease becomes one of the mind as well as of the stomach, and the fear of food exaggerates itself to such a degree that the poor sufferer finds it difficult to keep body and soul together.

A few weeks ago, what is perhaps the most representative medical organization in the United States, the New York Academy of Medicine, devoted an entire evening to a consideration of the treatment of dyspepsia. The consensus of opinion was that the disease is readily curable, but not by resort to drugs; as one eminent spe-cialist expressed it: "Little can be expected of drugs. We must depend upon nourishment, for when properly nourished, the body will overcome its own infirmities.'

The fear of food is simply nature's way of telling the invalid that this or that substance will not be digested even if eaten, and should, therefore, be let alone.

Whenever simple indigestion or chronic dyspepsia appear, the proper treatment is artificially digested food. By resort to food of this class one can virtually force nourishment upon the system regardless of the condition of the stomach. With returning strength digestion will appear, and as digestion comes the fear of food will disappear, and the first thing we know, the dyspeptic will say: "I believe I could not a good dispersion will say the say that the say in the say that and the first thing we know, the dyspeptic will say: "I believe I could eat a good dinner today," and he will, and furthermore, he will digest it without discomfort. From that point on, recovery is very rapid. Nutrol is the highest development

of artificially digested foods. It is promptly absorbed, it aids the digestion of other foods and increase of 135 appetite, strength and weight can usually be noted from the very first You don't have to wait long, weary months for a slight improve ment. You feel it at once. Taken in accordance with directions, there is almost invariably an appetite for the

next meal. Consumptives and those suffering from other wasting diseases are wonderfully benefited. It has the indorsement of the highest medical authorities of Europe, and is used in all the principal hospitals of Germany. More than eight hundred physicians in Germany alone have attested to its astonishing merits. There is nothing whatever harmful in it, being in this respect vastly superior to the majority

All druggists keep it, and a trial package can be had for 25 cents. Larger packages holding sufficient for nearly three weeks' treatment are sold at \$1. JOHN J. BROUGHTON, 145 York street, London, General Agent for Ontario.

HAS ANTITOXIN BAD AFTER-

EFFECTS. The opponents of the serum treatment of diphtheria have maintained that it is often followed by bad results, sometimes by serious cases, chief among which is paralysis. In a discussion of the matter in the Medical Record. Prof. Joseph McFarland, of the Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia, tells us that though paralysis often follows the administration of antitoxin it does so not because of the treatment, but in spite of it, and is due to insufficiency of the dose. Says Dr. McFarland:

"It the treatment of a case of diphthe: a according to the rules given for the administration of antitoxin, the physician injects as his first dose a quantity of the serum that is more than enough for the cure of a mild case, and probably enough for the cure of a bad case. In doing this, however, he makes no mistake, for the impossibility of estimating exactly what work the remedy has to do must not be forgetten. The one dose may be all that is necessary for the cure, or it may need to be repeated, sometimes may need to be repeated several times. "In either case, if the patient recovers the physician has done one or the other of two things-either he has exactly neutralized the toxin in the child's body, or he has done more than exactly neutralize it. In the latter case nothing of interest will be noted; in the former case the exact neutralization that would save life may not be

enough to prevent the sequelae of the disease, and that most common oneparalysis-will appear. 'Need I add that in this illustration the antitoxin is not the cause of the palsy? Yet in a certain sense it is, for if the patient had died he would not have had palsy. It is because he lived that he has palsy; he lived because he received antitoxin; therefore he has palsy because he had antitoxin! This argument will surely make clear to everyone that palsy is more common in diphtheria treated with antitoxin than in diphtheria treated without it. I would be glad to have the palsy if only I could be cured of the dreadful disease. The only suggestion for the avoidance of the palsy that I can give is to use

more of the remedy, and let the increase be given at the first dose. How Much Do You Weigh. Thinness is wasting. Wasting is tearing down. Scott's Emulsion builds 16 up; it never makes waste. It will give

Positively cured by these

Little Pills. Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They
Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable

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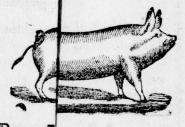
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