

fire. It is reported that the kaiser himself directed the assault on Ypres. Around Arras there was sanguinary fighting. A despatch dealing with operations in that section says:

"The French evacuated the villages north of Arras and kept their troops carefully concealed in the city. The Germans, expecting no opposition, marched into the suburb of St. Nicholas with bands playing and colors flying. Suddenly fire was opened from the houses as the enemy debouched onto the bridge over the Scarpe.

"A battalion of French aviators, dashed forward, hoping to escape into the city, but French dragoons unexpectedly appeared. Caught between quick-firers and the sabres of the cavalry, the guardsmen threw down their arms, while the troops behind them beat a hasty retreat.

"Meanwhile a French aviator dropped bombs, destroying the track behind an armored train, which was following the columns. On the train was found a 16-inch gun, which was being transported in sections, and accompanied by a number of engineers from Krupp's."

"SITUATION IN FLANDERS. The Belgian statement of today reviews succinctly the situation in Flanders, saying:

"The enemy is showing no activity on the Yser front, but several detachments, with quick firing guns, still occupy the left bank of the Yser near St. George and Stuyvenkerke.

"On the Belgian frontier, between Middelkerke and Zeebrugge. On the Dixmude-Bixchoote front the Anglo-French offensive movement continues. Violent German attacks in the direction of Bixchoote have been repulsed.

"Between Wytschaete and Messines the offensive movement of the allies has progressed as far as the road joining these two towns."

"At every point on the long front in Lorraine, France and Belgium the situation is favorable to the allies. The Germans are sacrificing men with an extravagant disregard of the 'human element' that draws forth the greatest admiration from the opposing forces. But the result is everywhere futile.

"The following official communication was issued by the French War Office tonight:

"To the north the fighting continues to be severe. According to the latest reports our offensive was proceeding to the region to the south and east of Ypres.

"In the region of Arras and from Arras to the Oise several German attacks have been repulsed.

"To the region of the lane we have retaken, to the east of Vailly, the Village of Soupir, which was lost the other day.

"In the Argonne the enemy keeps attacking violently, but without result.

"On the heights of the Meuse and to the east of Verdun we have captured some trenches.

"The French War Office issued the following statement this afternoon:

"There was no perceptible modification during the day of yesterday anywhere on the front. The fighting continued between Dixmude and the Yse with the same characteristics as previously and without any marked advance or retirement at any point. There was violent cannonading to the north of Arras, and also directed upon Arras, without result for the enemy.

"The German effort in Belgium and in the north of France continues. The Germans seem to have undertaken changes in the composition of their forces, which are operating in this region, and are reinforcing their reserve corps, composed of new organizations which have been very severely tested with active troops, with the idea of undertaking a new offensive movement, or at least to mitigate the bloody checks which have been inflicted upon them.

"ADVANCE IS CONSOLIDATED. Between the Somme and the Oise and between the Oise and the Meuse there have been minor actions. We have consolidated our advance on the Village of Andoche, to the west of Roye. A column of German wagons has been destroyed by the fire of our artillery at long range in the region of Namport, to the northeast of the forest of Aigue.

"Near Berry-au-Bac we have retaken the Village of Sagnone, which had been captured by the Germans. There has been a furious fight in the Argonne, where, as a result of fighting with the bayonet, our troops drove the Germans back.

"In the Woerwe district fresh attacks by the enemy have been repulsed. To the northeast and east of the Grande Couronne of Nancy, in the region of the forest of Perroy, and between Bacourant and Blamont, our advance posts have been attacked by mixed detachments of the enemy, whose movements everywhere were checked.

"Russia announces officially a great victory in Galicia."

"GERMANS CLAIM SUCCESSES. The Marconi Wireless Company has received the following official statement issued by the German general headquarters today:

"Our offensive to the northwest and southwest of Ypres has made good progress.

"At La Bassée, to the north of Arras and in the Argonne region we have gained ground.

"Our troops captured important positions southeast of St. Mihiel and have inflicted heavy losses on the French.

"Nothing of note has happened in the eastern theatre of the war."

"GERMANS CLAIM 433,000 PRISONERS. A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam says that advices received there from Berlin are to the effect that up to last Sunday the German concentration camps and hospitals held the following prisoners: French, 3138 officers and 188,618 men; Russians, 3121 officers and 186,779 men; Belgians, 537 officers and 34,907 men; British, 417 officers and 15,730 men—a total of 7213 officers and 426,034 men.

"The correspondent adds that the Berlin despatch says these figures do not include prisoners not encamped.

"250,000 TURKS MOVE ON EGYPT. An advance of Turkish troops in the Sinai Peninsula, in the direction of Egypt, is reported in Berlin from Switzerland. The Turkish army operating against Egypt is said to number a quarter of a million men. This news was given officially to the press in Berlin today.

"MOHAMMEDAN DECREE ISSUED. According to information given out in official quarters today to the press, Sheikh Ul Islam, the chief ecclesiastical dignitary of Mohammedanism in Turkey, has issued a decree in Constantinople, saying in the fighting with Russia, England and France, the duty of every Muslim man is to his faith. This decree has been spread throughout the Mohammedan world and announced to the pilgrims at Mecca.

"AFGHANS MENACING INDIA? A report received in Berlin from Constantinople says that the Amir of Afghanistan has sent an army of 170,000 men, with 135 guns, to the Indian frontier. This news was given out in official quarters in Berlin today to the press.

"The railroad from Herat to Kushk has been destroyed. A number of Indian border tribes have joined the Afghans.

"The clash between the Austro-German forces and the Russians in Poland, which has been expected for several days, has not yet developed. One reason is that the condition of the roads makes rapid movements impossible. The cold weather is now making some improvement in this regard.

"GERMAN DEFEAT ON YSER COMPLETE. A despatch from Sluis to The Telegraph says: 'It is now obvious that the Germans have abandoned their attempts to cross the Yser. Belgian troops occupy both banks of the river.'

"German troops have retreated eastward in large numbers, and continued to arrive in Bruges throughout yesterday."

"TURKEY DECLARES A HOLY WAR. Advices which have reached here by German channels state that Turkey has declared a holy war against France, England and Russia. It is said that Esad Effendi, Sheikh Ul Islam, the head of the Mohammedan church, has issued a call to the faithful, bidding them take up arms against Turkey's enemies in the name of the prophet. He is to undertake a pilgrimage to Mecca immediately, it is stated, to solemnize the event.

GERMANS ROBBED BELGIUM OF FOOD

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Nov. 6.—(8.30 p.m.)—Joseph Botogne, Belgian deputy and member of the Namur Town Council, and A. Journez, deputy and member of the Liege Town Council, in a signed statement sent to the Belgian Relief Commission say: 'We have suffered from the consequences of the war. We have had to suffer from the lack of food, and we have seen the streets an horrors of war as we now

HAMILTON UNIONS ENDORSED ROLLO

Trades and Labor Council to Give Candidate Every Support

HAVE CAMPAIGN FUND Seceding Garment Workers Will Not Be Recognized by Labor Bodies.

By a Staff Reporter. LONDON, Saturday Morning, Nov. 7.—It was announced at an open-air meeting held at the Trades and Labor Council last night that every union in Hamilton had endorsed Walter W. Rollo, the Independent Labor representative, as Labor candidate in the West Hamilton by-election.

The council made a handsome donation to defray the campaign expenses of Rollo, and it was announced that an open-air mass meeting would be held at the Central Market this evening, when Allan Strohmeier, M.L.A., and other prominent labor men will speak.

The council was warned not to recognize a seceding garment workers' organization, which might be formed as a result of many garment workers in the United States breaking away from the present organization.

Address on Music. W. H. Hewlett, Mus. Bac, addressed the Hamilton Association in the old library building, on 'Music and the Masses,' last night.

At a largely attended smoker of the Central Conservative Association last evening many speakers were heard in the interests of Mayor Allan, the Conservative nominee in West Hamilton. Speeches were made by Mayor Allan, T. J. Stewart, M.P.; Gordon Wilson, M.P.; J. H. T. Rogan, M.L.A.; Dr. A. F. Ryckert, M.L.A.; Controller Cooper and Jutten; ex-Mayor Morden, ex-Alie Charles W. Hemming and M. Neilligan.

Death Much Exaggerated. The investigation committee of the Hamilton United Relief Association found at one house a man lying on a sofa, who was supposed to have died from starvation. The committee gave the wife \$20 to cover burial expenses. They then left the house, but in a few minutes a messenger returned to find the supposed corpse had been given to bury him. Cases have been found where people have asked for coal, and when the driver was putting the half-ton in the cellar he discovered that there was a large supply already in some instances the people had six or eight tons lying in their cellars.

GERMAN RIGHT IS SHATTERED?

'Smashed Like Fallen Wine Glass,' is One Picturesque Description

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Nov. 6.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail in the north of France, under date of Nov. 5, describes the retreat of the German forces at the retreat of the Germans, which he declares, amounts to nothing less than a rout. He says:

"The German right is smashed like a fallen wine glass. Guns, stores, rifles, and even the wounded were abandoned in the rush from this fatal battlefield. The chance of the German forces was well on the wane when the flooding of their positions came as a climax of the disaster."

"There is now left no more than a remnant of the German force which met its fate at the Yser. Thirty thousand Germans, say the Belgians, have been put out of the fight on this line."

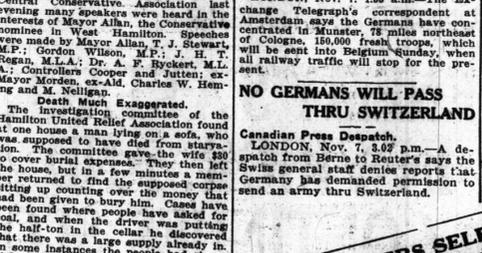
"Not a single gun remains on this side of the river, and the wounded, dead, the drowned, and the wounded, with the memory of all the trains of wounded that left the front line in recent days, lead one to think that there is no over-selling of the enemy's loss. There must be many thousands of prisoners."

Demoralized by Cold. The Russian war office today claims that the Germans are retreating precipitately into East Prussia with the Russian armies harassing them at every point. The cold weather has apparently demoralized the Germans and many of them are reported surmounting without a fight. At several points the Russians have already penetrated the Prussian border, and some of the reports indicate that the German left wing has been isolated from the main body of the troops.

SHIPS LONG OVERDUE NOW SAFELY IN PORT. PORT WILLIAM, Nov. 6.—The steamer Island, five days overdue, light for with freight and turret coat, four days heavy gales and snowstorms in Lake Superior ever since they left the sea.

NEW ARMY OF GERMANS TO BE USED IN BELGIUM. Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Nov. 7, 1.55 a.m.—The Exchange Telegraph's correspondent at Amsterdam says the Germans have concentrated in Munster, 78 miles northwest of Cologne, 150,000 fresh troops, which will be sent into Belgium Sunday, when all railway traffic will stop for the present.

NO GERMANS WILL PASS THRU SWITZERLAND. Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Nov. 7, 2.02 p.m.—A despatch from Bern to Reuters says the Swiss general staff denies reports that Germany has demanded permission to send an army thru Switzerland.



MEN OF THE 48TH HIGHLANDERS SELECTED FOR THE SECOND CONTINGENT

One hundred and twenty men and five officers of the 48th chosen for the second contingent marching to take up their quarters in the Exhibition grounds.

ADMIRALTY ADMITS GOOD HOPE'S LOSS

Flagship of Pacific Squadron Set on Fire Early in Fight. MONMOUTH ASHORE Reports Give Rise to Strong Hopes—Glasgow Little Injured.

(Continued From Page 1.)

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Rear Admiral Sir Christopher Cradock, who commanded the Pacific Squadron from the cruiser Good Hope, and who probably went down with her, was in charge of the British fleet in Mexican waters at the time the American marines occupied Vera Cruz. He was 62 years old. Sir Christopher had a distinguished record and received many honors and decorations. During the Sudan campaign in 1898 he served in the British army and also saw service in China in 1900. His gallantry at Taku earned him promotion to a captaincy. During 1894-1896 Sir Christopher was a commander of the King's yacht. He served as aide-de-camp to the King in 1908, and became a rear admiral in 1910. He was made a knight commander of the Victorian Order in 1912. Among his decorations are the Royal Spanish order of the second class for naval merit and the Royal Humane

RUSSIANS PRESSING INTO EAST PRUSSIA

Germans Reported to Be Demoralized and in Precipitate Retreat.

Canadian Press Despatch. PETERSBURG, Nov. 6.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail (via London) writes that the Russian advance in the north of East Prussia. The Germans, it is declared, soon will be forced to evacuate, being threatened by a flank movement of the Russians.

"The backward movement of the remainder of the German line left this point without sufficient support."

"Austrian troops are pushing thru the passes of the Carpathians to support the Austrians who are falling back before the Russian advance in the region west of the San River. A correspondent at Lemberg states that these troops have been exhausted by the struggle thru the snow-filled mountain passes and are incapable of a serious resistance."

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MADE GRAND VIZIER REMAIN IN OFFICE

Turkish War Party Overawes Populace of Capital Who Desires Peace.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Nov. 6.—(4.45 p.m.)—The British Telegram Company sends the following despatch from Constantinople: "A number of subjects of the powers in the empire entente have arrived here from Constantinople. They report that the Turkish capital is quiet, and that the military law is being enforced with the strictest rigor."

"I learned that even the grand vizier was unable to free himself from the trammels of the military party. He tried three times to resign, but was threatened with court-martial and forced to remain in office against his will."

"The best-informed of the Turkish public are opposed to war, it is said. They consider the situation as more critical for Turkey, but have kept silent thru fear of assailing the sanity of the military party."

Trade in Constantinople is at a standstill. The cruiser Goshan, accompanied by four torpedo boats, proceeded to the Black Sea Tuesday."

NO FRENCH TROOPS USED CATHEDRAL OF RHEIMS. Canadian Press Despatch. ROME, Nov. 6, 12.10 p.m.—The Pope has received from Cardinal Lucon, Archbishop of Rheims, an emphatic denial of the reports that the Cathedral of Rheims has been used by French troops for military purposes.

The cardinal says he has personally ascertained that the cathedral has not been used as an observation post. He states that no guns have been placed near it and no soldiers have been employed in its vicinity.

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BRITAIN WILL SEIZE COPPER SHIPMENTS

Large Consignments of Contraband for Germany Pass Thru Italy.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Nov. 6.—Information is in the possession of the British Government, it is said, which proves conclusively that very large shipments of copper, rubber and other commodities are passing thru Italian ports on their way to Germany.

In New York large purchases of copper are being made by representatives of houses in Rotterdam, Amsterdam and Copenhagen, who, it is said, are working in German account. Dispositions at the same time are given that these consignments of copper are to be carried by German ships, which are usually insist on payment in cash before they allow the copper to be shipped.

To Confiscate Copper. The British Government is determined that it will use every legitimate means to prevent copper reaching Germany. Great Britain, therefore, is diverting various steamers which are carrying copper to Italy, to Gibraltar, where the copper is discharged. The steamers are promptly released. Some of this copper actually has been found packed in cases marked for Danzig. Other lots are shipments made upon orders thru German houses in Amsterdam and Rotterdam. Some of these shipments are said to be connected with the Krupp's manufacturers of big guns. It is understood that representatives of some big copper refining firms recently sailed from New York for Europe with the object of consulting agents of German firms as to the best means of forwarding copper to Germany. Italian firms also have been approached by German purchasers of copper with a view of arranging for the use of the names of the former for the purpose of concealing the fact that American copper shipped to the Krupp's is destined for Germany.

Big Shipments to Italy. Since October 25, vessels bound from New York for Italy, having on board a total of 7,700 tons of copper, have been diverted to Gibraltar, and the British Government is informed that some thousands of tons additional are now en route to Italy. The larger part of these copper shipments were shipped show that for two and one-half

GREAT VICTORY FOR RUSSIANS NEW FIGHT ON

Another Big Battle Believed Necessary to Clear Way to Silesia.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Nov. 6, 9.40 p.m.—The Russian report that having driven the Germans back to their border in the north and forced their centre to retreat from the Vistula to the Warta River the Russian general staff has turned its attention to the Austrians, who have so stubbornly been holding their positions along the San River in Galicia.

According to a telegram received from Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russians have won a victory more important than any preceding it. The Russians, they say, have again captured Jaroslau, north of Przemysl, capturing 5000 prisoners and much war material.

It is believed here, however, that there will have to be another big battle on the Warta before the armies of Emperor Nicholas seriously threaten Silesia.

Little Change in West. In the struggle between the Germans and the allies in the west, there has again been little, if any change.

"The Germans, twice balked in their attempt to reach the French coast, are preparing for another attack, which, like the last, is directed at the line held by the British on both sides of the Town of Ypres where for a fortnight some of the fiercest fighting of the war has been in progress and where the casualties on both sides have been very large. It is reported that those on such a restricted front in a previous battle.

Berlin Report Discredited. A Berlin official report claims that the Germans have made progress here, but this is in direct contradiction to the claims of the allies, who say they are holding all their positions and have made some advances.

Reports come from the Dutch frontier that the Germans are making preparations for retirement, but military observers here say that from the fact that the reinforcements are being moved up, it is certain they have not yet abandoned breaking thru the allied front and reaching either Calais or Boulogne.

Elsewhere along the great front there has been a repetition of local encounters which, in the past, have had little effect on the main line of communications, are referred to as minor affairs, but which in ordinary circumstances would be considered full-scale battles.

Fleet Bombers Coast. The British fleet, according to official accounts, again has been seen along the Belgian coast and has been bombarding Knocke and Zeebrugge, where the Germans are supposed to be organizing bases for their submarines.

Except for the Russian announcement of their invasion of Turkey, the territory from the Caucasus, alliance would be as to the operations in the east.

For the present, interest centers on the possibilities of the Balkan States becoming involved in the war. It is stated, has annexed Epirus, which she was denied by the London Conference after the first Balkan war.

JAPANESE SINK VESSEL. Special Direct Copyright Cable to TOKIO, Nov. 6.—Most official statements by the Japanese navy say that a Japanese cruiser has overtaken a German sailing vessel in the neighborhood of the Hawaiian Islands, captured the crew and sunk the vessel.

TRAGEDIES TODAY. At the Alexandra Theatre matinee today at 2 sharp, Mr. Mantell will be seen as Hamlet, and tonight at 8 sharp will close his Toronto engagement with Macbeth.

months prior to October 19, imports of copper into Genoa amounted to only 1000 tons. A comparison of these figures with the more recent shipments shows, it is said, that the present trade in copper with Italy is entirely artificial one, and that the Italian imports are not for the consumption of that country.

Britain to Stop Trade. In view of all this accumulative evidence the British Government maintains that there is no alternative but to stop their contraband trade in copper with Germany thru Italy. With a few possible exceptions, American exporters do not suffer, as they have been paid already, but the German Government, not wishing to be unreasonable in any way, is prepared, so far as concerns shipments made, before October 25, when copper was transferred from the conditional to the actual contraband list, to arrange for the purchase of copper which it has obtained.

Hamilton Hotels. HOTEL ROYAL. 270-272 Front Street East. Fully equipped with new beds, carpets and thoroughly redecorated. January, 1914. \$3.00 and up—American Plan.

E. PULLAN. SUE ALL GRADES OF WASTE PAPER. ADELAIDE 776. Office 60 Adelaide.