

ish government: and the proposition of the Times, though possibly conceived in a good spirit, will never, we think, be favorably accepted by the Irish Church. Some other plan must then be devised, if it be intended to do full justice to Ireland.

The great difficulty of Ireland,—the greatest difficulty with which statesmen and legislators have ever been called upon to grapple—is presented by the Irish land question; but because this question is so difficult, it should not therefore be entirely ignored. Owing to the peculiar social condition of Ireland, to the almost total absence of all industries except one, and the consequent abnormal competition for land on any terms, at any price—the relative positions of tenant and landlord are not in Ireland what they are in the sister island. This abnormal condition is the direct result of the exceptional legislation of Great Britain since the Reformation, the disastrous effects of which remain, though the wicked laws which begat them have been repealed: for the evil that bad laws do lives after them, as does the evil done by wicked men. Upon these grounds it may well be argued that, since exceptional legislation to the disadvantage of Irishmen has been freely resorted to in the past, so some exceptional legislation, but in their favor, may be very justly resorted to in the future, in order to restore the balance, disturbed by the now repealed Penal Laws. How this is to be done we cannot pretend to say: but certainly there is nothing contrary to the principles of equity in the demand that the out-going tenant should always receive full pecuniary compensation for all bona fide improvements by him made on the land during his term of occupancy; increasing the letting value of his farm, and whose value was not exhausted at the time of his restoring the said farm to the hands of the landlord. And it is to secure this; if to make the equitable right of the Irish tenant farmer good in law, exceptional legislation be required, then we contend that the exceptional legislation to which Irishmen were long cruelly subjected, constitutes a good and valid argument for fresh legislation in the present century, exceptional though it be.

From the sanction given by the highest ecclesiastical authorities to the action of the Irish Catholics of Toronto, it will be evident that though the Catholic Church, speaking by the mouth of her pastors, whether in Canada, or in Ireland, has but one word of condemnation for all illegal and revolutionary attempts to obtain redress of grievances she cordially approves of all legal and constitutional modes of action: and that the Irish Catholic clergy of Canada sympathize as deeply with their fellow-countrymen in the old country, as do their flocks. All good Catholics hate and detest Fenianism as the enemy of the Church, as the enemy of Ireland: but one of the best ways to kill off Fenianism is to encourage legal and constitutional action for the redress of grievances.

ORDINATIONS AT THE GRAND SEMINARY.—On Saturday morning last, the 24th instant, His Lordship Right Rev. Dr. Bourget, Bishop of Montreal, conferred the following Orders at the Grand Seminary of St. Sulpice of this city: Priesthood—Rev. Louis D. Laferriere, of the Diocese of Montreal; Rev. J. Alfred Larose, do.; Rev. Henry Millette, Saint Hyacinthe.

Deaconship.—Rev. William H. Fitzpatrick, of the Diocese of Boston; Rev. Arsenius Landry, Montreal.

His Lordship was assisted on the occasion by the Rev. Mr. Larue, Director of the Grand Seminary, as Arch-deacon, the Rev. Mr. Delavigne, as Assistant Priest, and the Rev. Mr. Rouxel, as Master of Ceremonies. Immediately before proceeding to the Ordination, our venerable Bishop addressed a short but impressive discourse to those who were present, in which he exhorted his hearers to offer up their most fervent supplications to the Throne of Grace on behalf of those who were to be, in a few moments, elevated to such important and exalted dignities. He likewise recalled to the attention of his hearers that that was a day specially set apart by the whole Church for conferring Holy Orders on the aspirants to the Sacerdotal Office; and he earnestly besought those who were listening to him, not to forget, in their pious prayers, the Ordinations that were on that day conferred throughout the whole Catholic world.

ST. ANN'S CONCERT.—It was our pleasure to be present at the Concert given in Mechanics Hall, on Monday evening last, for the benefit of St. Ann's Juvenile Band, whose performance added greatly to the amusement of the evening. The spacious Hall was crowded to its utmost capacity by a highly respectable and appreciative audience, composed chiefly of the members of St. Ann's Congregation, besides others from different parts of the city.

The first part of the programme being performed, the Rev. Mr. O'Farrell, in the absence of Mr. McGee, addressed the audience in a few elegant and appropriate remarks, adding, as usual, as a clergyman and as an Irishman, for

establishing a Juvenile Band in the midst of his congregation; the reverend gentleman referred to the encouragement the Church has ever given to the cultivation of music, the ingenious use made of the influence of the enchanting art, with so happy a success, by the earliest Jesuit Missionaries, on the banks of the St. Lawrence, in attracting the wild man of the forest to the light of knowledge and the blessings of Christianity; he showed that Ireland, according to her most inveterate enemies, among whom was Gerald Barry, who found nothing good in Irishmen or Irishwomen, had attained a degree of proficiency in the science of music far superior to that of other nations; and therefore it was not unbecoming for him to (establish) improve the taste for music in the Irish youth of his congregation.

The order of the programme was then resumed, in which the favorites of the evening, Mr. Hamell and Miss Wilson, again appeared, and were determinedly encored; at the conclusion the patriotic desire of the audience for "St. Patrick's Day" and "Garry Owen" was gratified by the Band, after which they dispersed highly delighted with the evening's entertainment.

We cannot refrain from complimenting the Rev. Mr. O'Farrell, Signor Danell, and others concerned, on the complete success of their efforts. Success crowns the endeavors of an enlightened zeal; that Mr. O'Farrell's is such, is apparent from the deep interest he manifests for the welfare of the children of St. Ann's.—Com.

DIOCESE OF ST. BONIFACE, RED RIVER.—In consideration of the necessities of this struggling diocese, the losses which it has sustained in the destruction of the episcopal residence and the Cathedral by fire, and the spiritual wants of the people, His Lordship the Bishop of Toronto has issued his Pastoral enjoining that a collection be taken up during the course of Lent on any Sunday that may be found most convenient, in aid of the Rt. Rev. Mgr. Tache of Red River and his missionary priests.

In his letter to the Mayor of Toronto, His Lordship the Bishop of Toronto, attributed much of the cruel insults that the Clergy and Religious of his diocese are doomed to bear, to the inflammatory harangues of so-called ministers of the Gospel of Peace, from their pulpits, and to the pernicious teachings given in the schools. His Lordship was roundly taken to task for his statements, and called upon to give proofs of their truth, and to cite an instance of such inflammatory addresses, or improper teachings.

We have not had long to wait for an answer, and the Protestant press itself has gratuitously furnished us with those proofs which it challenged the Bishop of Toronto to adduce. It is not necessary, we say, for the Catholic journalist to vindicate the truthfulness of Mgr. Lynch's statements, for that is done for him by the Globe. We ask the candid reader, in short, to read the following extracts which we make from the Globe of the 24th inst., and to say whether they do not fully bear out the statements made by the above named amiable Prelate, in his letter to the Mayor of Toronto:—

The speaker, we must premise, from whose discourse as reported in the Globe we are about to lay some extracts before our readers, rejoices in the name of the Rev. Wm. Cochrane, and his discourse was delivered in connection with Knox's Church, Sabbath School, Guelph:—

"But though Popery is silent, it is not because she has changed—the self same ideas which kindled the flames around the martyr's stake in by-gone days, are nursed and preserved by the great Mother of Harlots to this very day. In France and Italy liberty is but a name, and so will continue as long as Popery reigns. It is her proudest boast that she is inflexible—that she remains unchanged, and unmoved by the roll of ages. Since the day Pope Gregory consolidated the infernal system of the Papal hierarchy has her monasteries and academies, and conventicles been cemented, multiplied, and strengthened by the blood of unnumbered martyrs. To day her greatest foes are science and literature. And it would be well for the people of this country to watch every movement she is making.—That church, by her insidious acts, seeks to gain an ascendancy in the political as well as the intellectual world. She is working for the expulsion of the Bible from our Common Schools, and, if she succeeds, will continue to make further advances on our liberties."

We make no comments upon the above—for we are sure that the inflammatory and insulting language will be reprobated by hundreds and thousands of Protestant gentlemen, who must feel themselves humiliated by having their religion advocated by such a champion as this Rev. Mr. Wm. Cochrane. But we ask if it be strange that an audience or congregation, fed upon such stuff as that which we have ventured to mark in Italics, should be ready to commit every act of outrage upon their Catholic fellow-citizens? or whether it is to be wondered at that little children, who are accustomed to hear the Catholic clergy denounced by their spiritual teachers as the children of "the great Mother of Harlots," and as members of an "infernal system," should seek to reduce those teachings to practise, by insulting priests and nuns in the public streets?

The strongest statements of the Bishop of Toronto's letter to the Mayor are thus fully established by the Globe: and having then vindicated that Prelate's character for veracity, we leave the language of the Protestant champion,

to the judgment of his co-religionists. What do they think of it? Do they approve of such means of stirring up strife; betwixt two classes of Her Majesty's subjects—at a time like this, when unity of all loyalists is the one thing needful?

We have been requested to state that the exhibition which was to have been given by the Pupils of the Bishop's School on the evening of the 22nd ult., has been postponed to the evening of Thursday next, the 8th inst. Holders of tickets are informed that their tickets will be good for the last named day.

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE—March 1866. Dawson Brothers, Montreal.

We have amongst the selected matter of the current number of this periodical the usual supply of tales, but of the original matter the greater part is devoted to the incidents of the late civil war. There is, however, one long and interesting article, handsomely illustrated, on the burrowing animals, being a natural history of the habits of the mole, the fox, the prairie dog, and other burrowing animals of North America.

HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, QUEBEC.

At a meeting of the Hibernian Benevolent Society, held at the Champlain Market Hall, on Wednesday evening, the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year:— Richard Albery, Esq.—President. William Convey, Esq.—1st Vice President. Charles Gibbidge, Esq.—2d Vice President. Mr. Jas. S. Raymond, and Mr. Francis Gunn—Secretaries. Mr. Michael Walsh—Treasurer. Rev. D. McGowan—Chaplain. P. D. Moser, Esq.—and J. L. Wherry, Esq.—Physicians.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Messrs. John Heary, Francis Christie, Daniel O'Connell, Thomas McHenry, Wm. J. McAlpin, Wm. Danahy, Stephen Davis, David Noonan, Thomas Doran, John O'Malley, John O'Brien, Patrick Walsh, Thomas Gleason, P. J. Power, George Rucce James Delaney, Patrick Monaghan, James Maguire, Thomas Barry, and Thomas McConnell.

COMMITTEE OF ACCOUNTS.

Messrs. Thomas O'Connell, and Patrick Finn.

COMMITTEE OF PREPARATION.

Messrs. Michael Kelly, Daniel O'Connell, Patrick Walsh, Thomas Doran, P. J. Christie, and Stephen Battis.

MARSHAL ON FOOT.

Mr. Michael Kelly.

MARSHALS ON HORSEBACK.

Messrs. Francis Gilben, John Connors, Florence Driscoll, and the Masters Driscoll. Jas. S. Raymond, Secretary.

REMOVED RECALL OF THE VOLUNTEERS.—The

London Evening Advertiser says, it is stated on pretty good grounds that the Volunteers now on the "front" will be recalled on the 1st of March. The ice bridges made during the winter by the river freezing over have disappeared, so there can be no danger of the Finnegans crossing in large numbers without alarming the authorities. The Volunteers generally who have gone through the winter campaign will not be sorry to hear the news. The same paper says that the ice in the St. Clair is broken up. The river now entirely free. In consequence of this, the midnight patrol along the river bank has been discontinued, to the great satisfaction of the Volunteers.

BANK OF MONTREAL.—The public should guard against counterfeit \$5 bills, now in circulation, purporting to be those of the Bank of Montreal. These bills differ materially from the genuine notes. They are printed on paper tinted with green, with the exception of the corners, upon which the vignettes are situated, and on close examination the City Arms in the left corner, will be found not to be complete, the motto "Concordia in Salutis" has been omitted. The words "the Bank of Montreal" in the centre of these notes, differ from the genuine in being shaded, and the "five" in large type is also an addition not in the genuine one.—Transcript.

SMALL-POX AT WELAND.—We are informed that the small-pox is spreading in Weland, and has extended from that village to the village of Welandport, where two cases are reported, and one at the Junction, besides several among the farmers in the neighbourhood. Three more cases have occurred in Weland village, one of the afflicted being Mr. Charles Leach, the proprietor of a hotel near the Court-house. It is said that it is the intention of the village authorities of Weland to send one or more of the afflicted to the hospital here for treatment, as it is thought that better care and superior treatment will be had. It is also said that the disease has appeared near Fort Erie, and is making rapid progress through the country. The authorities of Lincoln and Weland should at once take means to have every person, who has not taken the precaution to be vaccinated. It is the only preventative against the spread of this loathsome and dangerous disease.—St. Catharines Journal.

INOCULATION.—We are informed on the very best authority that there are a large number of cases of small-pox among the Indians at Oaugsnawaga, and that the practice of inoculation is carried on universally by their medicine women, vaccination not being understood, and their prejudices being strongly against its employment. From the proximity of Montreal to the Village Oaugsnawaga, and the daily intercourse which occurs between the two places, the presence of the disease to a considerable extent is an important fact; but when we consider that inoculation is performed, the fact becomes so important as to demand the prompt interference of the authorities, to put down a practice which the law prohibits, and against which there is a heavy fine. We have also heard of other portions of the country where inoculation is performed in preference to vaccination. As this direct violation of a most important statute propagates instead of preventing the disease, we trust that the profession, in places where it is practiced, will, in the interest of the public, see that those concerned do not go unpunished. In the meantime we call upon the Government to take prompt action concerning the practice at Oaugsnawaga.—Canada Medical Journal.

The Canada Gazette contains a proclamation forbidding the importation of cattle by sea.

PREVENTION OF CHOLERA.—The Board of Asylums and Prisons have issued a circular to the Sheriffs of each County in Upper and Lower Canada, and the Warden of the Penitentiary and Reformatory Prisons and all Jailors, in the Province, to take measures against the approach of cholera; to use disinfectants and when required, to provide distant depositories for filth; and have instructions in thorough cleanliness; to remove all snow before the sun melts it, and to keep heating apparatus ready for use during the winter.

The Mayor of Kingston has issued a proclamation, as chairman of the Board of Health, directing that all yards, cellars, stables, out-houses or other buildings, or alleys, be thoroughly cleaned of all filth, dirt, nuisance, soil or other impurities, before the 15th of March. All slaughter houses to be removed out of the city limits, chandlers shops to be looked after, no pigs to be kept in the city after the 1st March.

The St. Catharines Journal says that preparations are being made in the county of Welland to operate very largely in getting out peat during the ensuing spring and summer, and there is reason to believe that the different companies will reap a rich reward. One company composed of three Canadians, has purchased 1,000 acres in the cranberry marsh, and one of the partners has recently returned from Europe.

We are informed that, in consequence of the very rapid thaw and heavy rain of Saturday, there have been considerable floods in various parts of the country, and amongst other mischief which has resulted from this has been the submerision and washing away of parts of the Railway track between Montreal and Island Pond.

FIRE AT RAWDON, C. E.—About two p.m., on the 21st inst., a fire broke out in the kiln of the late Mr. Charles Grant, Rawdon, C. E., and destroyed it, along with six hundred bushels of oats.—Total loss \$900. No insurance.

FIRE.—Last Sunday, the manse of the priest of the parish of St. Joseph, was totally consumed by fire.

BANK ROBBERY AT STANBRIDGE.—There were some about numbers of men yesterday of a Fenian attack upon Stanbridge, a village some half way distant between St. Catharines and the frontier. The work is that some robbers, it is not known whether from whom, attacked the agency of the Eastern Townships Bank in Stanbridge on Wednesday night. The father of the cashier, whose name we believe is Baker, sits in the bank building, and the cashier is in an adjoining building. The robbers contrived to lock up the cashier's father, and attempted to pillage the bank; but their purpose was discovered, and they were fled upon. Upon this they decamped, taking nothing with them, and leaving their burgherous tools behind. We have different statements as to the effect of the firing, which is said to have been returned by the thieves. One account represents that Baker was wounded, and that his shot also wounded one of the burglars; but we rather think it will turn out that no one was hurt. Colonel Bunting went out to the scene of the burglary yesterday.—Montreal Herald 23 ult.

TORONTO FIRE.—The Astoria House in this city was destroyed by fire on the 23rd inst., American property. The vault was not saved by means of its own key, which had been moved early in the building. As yet no trace of the burglars can be found.—Transcript.

A correspondent in Hawkerbury writes us to say: Upon Sunday last a young man, D. Sherry by name, residing in the township of Atford accidentally shot his brother, a lad of 11 or 12 years. He had taken the gun with the object of shooting at a mark which his little brother had set up. When the piece having missed fire, or partially so at least, the contents passed through the body of the boy, causing death a few hours after.

DISTRESSING CASE OF SUICIDE.—Toronto, Feb. 22nd.—A frightful case of suicide occurred at the General Hospital in this city about half-past five o'clock this morning. Yesterday afternoon a man named John Grogan, of about 44 years of age, and residing in the vicinity of the Lunatic Asylum, was conveyed to the Hospital by his friends for the purpose of having a surgical operation performed. The unfortunate man, however, feared to have the operation performed and hinted to some of those in the same ward with him, that he would rather die than suffer himself to be operated upon by the surgeons; indeed he said he would never leave the institution alive. No attention was paid to his remarks, and he went to bed and remained there quietly till the hour above referred to this morning, when he secured a common knife from the table beside his bed, the half of the blade having been previously broken off. He then left his room and sat down on the floor and deliberately cut a frightful looking gash of about three inches and a half in length right across the front part of his throat, completely passing through the gullet and windpipe. As soon as he was discovered, the nurse gave the alarm, and the surgery man jumped out of his bed and came to the rescue, but was afraid to approach the unfortunate man, who still held the bloody knife firmly in his hand. The doctor was called up, but nothing could be done for the unhappy man, as the work of self destruction had been performed too successfully. Doctors Newcomb and King succeeded, some hours later in the day, to inject beef tea into the stomach through the orifice of the throat by means of a pump, but the man was little more than alive at six o'clock this evening.

HALIFAX, Feb. 22.—Parliament met to-day. Lieut. Gov. Williams made a speech, which congratulates the members upon the condition of the Province. Its trade and the receipts from other sources greatly exceeded any previous year. The Lieut. Governor is gratified at the condition of the militia, and regrets that notwithstanding the efforts of the British North American Colonies, the United States adhered to their determination to abrogate the Reciprocity Treaty. It sanguine of the co-operation of the Province and the fostering care of England, and that trade will be so directed in new channels, and the Fisheries protested, to meet the emergency forced upon us.

Contracts for a Railway from Truro to New Brunswick, and from Windsor to Annapolis, have been made.

NEW LEGISLATURE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.—The Legislature of this Province has been called together for the despatch of business for the 8th March next. Mr. Gordon, the Lieut.-Governor, is now in Canada with the Governor General.

FOUND FROZEN.—A day or two ago a man, unknown, was found frozen on the ice of Lake St. Peter. He had a sleigh with him with some provisions and goods, and was evidently crossing on his way from St. Thomas to Maskinonge, when overcome by fatigue and cold. After a coroner's inquest, he was temporarily buried at St. Barthelemy until relieved by relatives.

REMITTANCES RECEIVED. Point Edward, R. Rielly, \$2; Point Claire, J. Broderick, \$2.50; Ayton, R. Hannan, \$3; Jarvis, T. Heenan, \$2; Yankleek Hill, D. Hurley, \$2; East Hawkesbury, M. McCormick, \$3; Williamstown, R. McDonald, \$4; Geneva Wis US Rev. R. O'Connor, \$2. Per J. Murray, St. Columban, —Self, \$2; St. Canite, J. Power, \$2. Per J. Carroll, Rawdon, —P. Daly, \$1.60. Per J. O'Bagan, Oshawa—P. Lyons, \$2; J. Foran, \$5; P. Delaney, \$2.

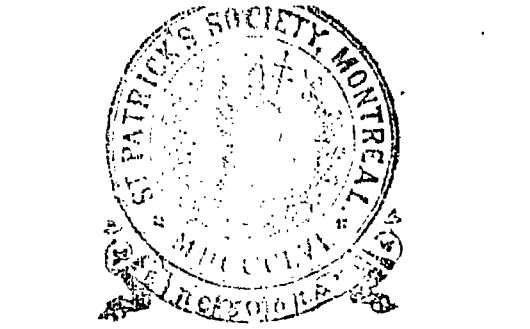
ST. PATRICK'S HALL.

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS.

THE time for the reception of plans for this Building has been extended to 6th of APRIL next. Full particulars can be had on application to the undersigned, at the Office of the Directors, No. 40, Little St. James Street, every day from 2 to 4 P.M. (Saturdays excepted). By order of the Directors, R. MOSEMAN, Secretary.

Table with 2 columns: Montreal Wholesale Markets and Montreal Retail Market Prices. Lists various goods like flour, wheat, and butter with their respective prices.

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THE Regular MONTHLY MEETING of the above Corporation will take place in NORTHEMBERS HALL, on MONDAY EVENING next, 5th inst. at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is particularly requested. Chair to be taken at Eight o'clock. By Order, P. M. GASSIDY, Sec. Secretary.



ST. ANN'S HALL.

WINTER COURSE OF LECTURES.

THE FOURTH LECTURE OF THE COURSE will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 14th MARCH, BY EDWARD MURPHY, ESQ.

SUBJECT: "THE WONDERS OF THE MICROSCOPE."

TO illustrate this Lecture Mr. Murphy will exhibit, by means of a powerful OXYHYDROGEN GAS MICROSCOPE, a member of wonderful and curious objects; after which there will be a Magic Lantern entertainment in which he will introduce some novelties of interest; and at the close he will exhibit the New Magnesian Light, the most brilliant artificial light known. Lecture to begin at EIGHT o'clock. Tickets—25 cents.

WANTED.

FOR the Municipality of St. Sylvester, a SCHOOL MISTRESS with a diploma for elementary school, able to teach both languages. Direct (if by letter post-paid) to the undersigned, PATRICK OULLINAN, Sec. Treasurer.

COLLEGE OF REGIOPOLIS.

KINGSTON, C. W., Under the Immediate Supervision of the Right Rev. E. J. Horan, Bishop of Kingston.

THE above Institution, situated in one of the most agreeable and healthful parts of Kingston, is now completely organized. Able Teachers have been provided for the various departments. The object of the Institution is to impart a good and solid education in the fullest sense of the word. The health, morals, and manners of the pupils will be an object of constant attention. The Course of instruction will include a complete Classical and Commercial Education. Particular attention will be given to the French and English languages. A large and well selected Library will be OPEN to the Pupils.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, \$100 per Annum (payable half yearly in Advance.) Use of Library during stay, \$2. The Annual Session commences on the 1st September, and ends on the First Thursday of July, July 21st 1861.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

DALTON'S NEWS DEPOT, Corner Craig and St. Lawrence Streets.—W. Dalton respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he keeps constantly for sale the following Publications:— Frank Leslie's Newspaper, Harper's Weekly, Boston Pilot, Irish American, Irish Canadian, Comic Monthly, Yankee Notions, Nick-Nax, N.Y. Tablet, Staats Zeitung, Original Zeitung, Courier des Etats Unis, Franco-Americain, N. Y. Herald, Times, Tribune, News, World, and all the popular Story, Comic and Illustrated Papers. Le Bon Ton, Mad. Demogogue's Fashion Book, Leslie's Magazine, Godey's Lady's Book, and Harper's Magazine.—Montreal, Herald, Gazette, Transcript, Telegraph, Witness, True Witness, La Minerve, Le Pays, L'Ordre, L'Union National, Le Paroquet, Le Soleil and Le Desfriseur.—The Novelle, Dime Novels, Dime Song Books, Joke Books, Almanack, Diaries, Maps, Guide Books, Music Paper, Drawing Books, and every description of Writing Paper, Envelopes, and School Materials, at the very lowest prices. Albums, Photographs and Prints.—Subscriptions received for Newspapers and Magazines.