

going to school, become pale and bloodless after attending school;" while there is nothing perhaps that could act more directly and powerfully in the improvement and development of the race.

A CASE OF TYPHOID FEVER arising from sewage emanation is reported in the London, Eng., *Medical Times and Gazette* for March, by C. Orton, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., etc., of Newcastle. Death took place about the twentieth day of the fever. The patient was an amateur gardener, and had a communication made by means of a pipe between his garden and the cesspool common to two houses standing on an eminence far apart from any other habitation. The liquid from this pool he had used but a fortnight, or even less, when he began to be ill. The inhabitants of the two houses had been and remained in good health.

THE CONTEMPLATED CHANGE.—This number of the SANITARY JOURNAL is the last of the bi-monthly series. After the next number, which will be issued in the latter part of June, the JOURNAL will be published monthly. This change will, of course, double the cost of publication, and the subscription price will therefore be two dollars per annum, free of postage. Dunning is an unpleasant business, but we are constrained to say that our friends will confer a favor by remitting the amount of subscription. Two dollars will pay for the JOURNAL from number one to the end of the present year, or for twelve numbers. Please remit early.

DEATH BY DROWNING is of frequent occurrence, and if proper means of restoration were generally known, by their timely application a life might sometimes be saved which would be quite irresuscitable before the services of a physician could be obtained. On another page may be found rules, &c., for resuscitating those apparently dead from suspended breathing. We have incurred some extra expense in the illustrative cuts, and hope they will serve to make sufficiently plain a simple