

"Semi-ready" Spring 1901

The military man's broad shoulders and the athlete's erect form have furnished models for the fertile brains of the fashionists.

You will see the effect in the artistic lines of "Semi-ready"—the correct clothing for Spring 1901.

Shoulders are broader than formerly. Coats fit snugger at the waist line and are inclined to be shorter.

Good taste has kept color down and forms away from radicalisms.

"Semi-ready" is conceived by the best clothing designer in Canada.

It is gentlemen's clothing of a quality—materials and workmanship—to compare with any at any price.

Absolute safety from loss or dissatisfaction—your money back cheerfully if you ask for it. Sold at the trying-on stage. Finished to order and delivered the same day. Catalog free to askers.

Semi-ready

The Men's Outfitting Co., Limited 140 Dundas St., LONDON.

Wholesale Tailorers and Mail Order Dept. 230 St. James St., Montreal.

SCHOOL LAW CHANGES

Bills Relating to High and Public Schools Prepared by Minister of Education Harcourt.

Toronto, March 6.—The minister of education has prepared bills relating to the high school and the public school bills. The bills are printed in a new form, so that all the new parts can be seen at a glance.

There is a section in the high school act which relates to the amalgamation of high and public school boards in municipalities where there are more high schools than one. This means the city of Toronto, and clauses are inserted to make amalgamation of the public and high school boards workable providing the boards join.

Section 13 relates to trustees. Sub-section 5 is amended to limit the action of trustees in the case of a board of education to strictly high school proceedings. They will have nothing to do with public school matters. This touches the case where county councils name trustees for seats on the boards in towns which are separated from the county.

The clauses which give gratuities or retiring allowances are incorporated in the act. The sections passed in 1900, dealing with the disposition of moneys received as legacies or gifts for school purposes are also retained.

A clause which has caused much discussion was section 24. The conditions which govern the amount of the grant by the government to high schools and colleges are: (1) Salaries paid to teachers; (2) attendance at the school; (3) equipment in the way of laboratories, gymnasiums, etc.; (4) the fixed minimum grant to every school. As amended section 24 provides for county grants to high schools and collegiate institutes. The county is to get a detailed financial statement from the board. In a case of a dispute the county judge shall settle the matter. Pupils living outside the high school district, but in the same county of the district, shall be called county pupils.

In case of towns separated from counties there has always been trouble. The county councils, in granting to all schools, has included schools in cities or towns separated from the county regardless of the fact that these cities or towns paid nothing into the county funds. This had been the case in York, Lincoln, Welland and Carleton.

The section to do away with the trouble reads: "In adjusting the liability of the municipal corporation of the county for the maintenance of county pupils in attendance at any high school situated in any city or town separated from the county, the county council (or in case of disagreement the assessment of such separated municipality) shall deduct from the amount for which such county is liable for maintenance in such cases, such amount as the municipality so separated from the county would have paid toward such grant had such municipality formed part of the county, due regard being had to the equalization of the assessment of such separated municipality."

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The public school bill is being consolidated, particularly because the supply of bills has run out, and there is a constant demand for them. The amendments passed at the sessions since 1897 were incorporated in the new bill. Some of the matters taken hold out of the law as it now stands are: Continuation classes, appointment of instructors in agriculture, supporting voters' lists by clerks, readjustment of boundary school sections, issue of debentures for school houses, election of trustees where ward system is abolished, appointment of assistant inspectors by township councils.

The changes in the act of 1900 regarding the age of superannuation and retiring allowances to teachers are incorporated without change. A number of sections are being prepared by Mr. Harcourt, and will be submitted to the house when the bill goes into committee.

EAT HUMAN FLESH

Chinese Villagers Suffering From Famine—Mohammedan Revolution Growing.

Victoria, B. C., March 6.—Chinese papers, received by the Empress of India, state that in Kansu the Mohammedan revolution, of which the moving spirit is Gen. Fuh Siang, is growing. The count, fearing that the rebels may invade Shen Si, is talking of moving his capital to Szachuen.

The Chinese army of the north has been transferred to Yu Nan and Kwei Chou, and Gen. Feng Tsi says the eastern army of 20,000 has been ordered north to Shen Si. It is stated at the Chinese capital that in the event of peace negotiations failing these troops were to be pitted against the allies.

The Japan Gazette says: "By order of the governor of Shan Tung large posters have been put up at Che Foo, the contents of which are as follows: 1. Pastors and priests are invited to return to their various stations. 2. Magistrates to receive them and escort them from district to district. 3. Should there in the future be outbreaks against the Christians, similar to those of the past few months, magistrates over the districts which are disturbed, are to be cashiered. 4. The magistrate who keeps the district peaceful is to get a good mark. If he keeps it peaceful three years he is to be recommended for promotion. 5. The gentry of districts which remain peaceful for one year are to get a good mark; if peaceful for three years they are to get buttons. 6. Goods looted must be restored; if not restored within a certain period, the holders of them are to be treated as having received stolen property. 7. Goods that cannot be restored must be paid for in money."

The pirates are getting more bold on the sea. They have recently attacked a European house boat. They killed a Chinese boatman and severely wounded Brockhurst and Spalinger, European passengers. In Sian Fu, because of famine, the villagers are eating human flesh.

DR. DAWSON'S SUCCESSOR.

Ottawa, March 5.—At today's meeting of the cabinet, Dr. Robert Bell, assistant director of the geological survey, was appointed director, in succession to the late Dr. G. M. Dawson.

STUDENTS AND POLICE!

Orderly Gathering Brutally Attacked by St. Petersburg Officers.

Duke of York's Official Programme—Angry Debate Expected in the Commons—Pay for Irish Members—Curious Death From Shock.

BRUTAL ATTACK ON RUSSIAN STUDENTS.

St. Petersburg, March 6.—Today was the 40th anniversary of the emancipation of the serfs. The students had been planning for sometime to keep the day as a holiday and perhaps make some demonstration. At noon 1,000 or 1,500 men students and women students gathered in and around the Kasan Cathedral, where mass was being celebrated for the repose of the soul of Czar Alexander II. After the mass the students began singing, and the police gathered in great numbers, including a force of mounted police. The students were surrounded and driven in a crowd towards the city hall, not far away, and also on the Nevsky Prospect.

For no special reason, the police began beating the students and trampling them under the feet of their horses. The Nevsky Prospect, the principal street of St. Petersburg, was filled with spectators. Banks and business houses were nearly all closed, with shutters fastened and doors locked. The spectators and the women students screamed with horror, but the police kept up their attack on the students until 400 of the latter were driven into the courtyard of the city hall, the others escaping into the crowd. The entire city was horrified by the conduct of the police. The police had been warned beforehand, and 25 delegates from the various St. Petersburg higher educational institutions were arrested on Friday night for meeting to consider student affairs. Sixty-one new arrests were recently made at Kief.

BIG BUSINESS FAILURES.

London, March 6.—A dispatch from Glasgow announces that a large woollen firm there has called a meeting of its creditors. An intention has also reached Glasgow of the failure of a big German company. The loss through the latter occurrence is estimated at \$300,000.

ROW IN THE REICHSRATH.

Vienna, March 6.—Fists were again a prominent feature in yesterday's session of the Reichsrath. A Czech Radical, Zazvorka, started the uproar by insisting on making a speech in the Czech language. The acting president, Prade, prohibited him from speaking, whereupon Fressel, a Czech Radical, rushed up to the speaker's chair, snatched the papers from the desk, and crumpled them into a ball. A member of the German People's Party, named Malik, sprang upon Fressel and belabored him. Berger, Pan-German, joined in the fray, and showered blows upon Fressel. Others joined in the fighting, and a noise became terrific. Eventually the combatants were separated, and the sitting of the house was suspended.

CONTINUE THE FESTIVITIES.

Amsterdam, March 6.—The festivities which began here yesterday in connection with the state entry of Queen Wilhelmina and the prince consort were made today. An enormous crowd gathered before the palace to listen to a choir of 2,000 voices singing the royal couple. The latter stood on the balcony, the queen bareheaded, bowing their acknowledgments in response to the popular acclamations.

DEATH FROM SHOCK.

London, March 6.—A temperance lecturer at Bridgend, Glamorganshire, emphasized his arguments by stimulating the actions of a sufferer from delirium tremens. A woman in the audience, who was an habitual drunkard, was so shocked that she became unconscious, and died a few hours afterwards.

BRITISH BURN NIGERIAN TOWNS

London, March 6.—Intelligence just received from Northern Nigeria, bringing events there up to Jan. 31, describes the operations of a superior expedition of 200 against marauding Emirs of Bida and Kofta Gora. Both capital towns were burned by the British. Two hundred slaves were freed, and the King of Bida were released by 36 men, under the command of two officers, who successfully engaged 1,000 armed natives.

DUKE'S OFFICIAL PROGRAMME.

London, March 6.—The official programme of the Duke of Cornwall and York's colonial visits gives his arrival at Halifax for Sept. 15. He will leave Halifax Sept. 17, arriving at Quebec Sept. 20, and leaving there Oct. 17. He will arrive at St. John's, Oct. 22, and leave there Oct. 25, and arrive at Portmouth, Nov. 1.—The present intention of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York appears to be to go to Vancouver overland, between Sept. 20 and Oct. 17, possibly passing through the United States on a part of their return journey.

THIRTY SNOWSHOVELERS KILLED.

London, March 6.—The Moscow correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

COLDS

The quickest relief for a cold is by Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

You will find the edge taken off in a night; and, in three or four days, you'll be wondering whether that cold amounted to anything anyhow.

That's relief. If you tackle it quick, the relief is quick; if you wait, the relief won't come—you know how colds hang on.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Canada.

The Lists will be opened Thursday, March 14, and closed at 3 p.m. on Monday, March 18, 1901.

ISSUE OF \$3,000,000, 7 Per Cent PREFERRED STOCK, IN 30,000 SHARES OF \$100 EACH. At \$85.00 and Accrued Dividend for Each \$100.00 Share.

Dominion Iron and Steel Company, Limited SYDNEY, CAPE BRETON, CANADA.

Incorporated By Special Act of the Province of Nova Scotia, 62 Vic, Chap. 139.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

President, H. M. WHITNEY, Boston, Mass. Vice-President and General Manager, A. J. MOXHAM, Sydney, C. B. H. J. DIMOCK, New York. J. S. McLELLAN, Boston. HON. GEO. A. COX, Toronto. ELIAS ROGERS, Toronto. B. F. PEARSON, Halifax. JAMES ROSS, Montreal. HON. DAVID McKEEN, Halifax. W. B. ROSS, K.C., Halifax.

TRANSFER AGENT AND TRUSTEE FOR THE BONDBOLDERS, NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg.

CAPITAL:

150,000 Shares Common Stock, par value \$100 each, issued and fully paid \$15,000,000 50,000 Shares 7 per cent Cumulative Preference Stock, par value \$100 each 5,000,000 First Mortgage 5 per cent Gold Bonds 8,000,000

PREFERRED STOCK—This stock is preferred both as to capital and dividends. The Shares are entitled, from the net earnings of the Company, to cumulative preferential dividends at the rate of 7 per cent, per annum, payable half-yearly on the first days of April and October. They may, at the option of the holder, be exchanged for Common shares. They are subject to be called in by the Company at \$115 per share and accrued dividends.

The total issue of Preferred Stock will be \$5,000,000 or 50,000 shares, of which 30,000 shares are now offered. THE BANK OF MONTREAL, THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE, AND THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA,

Are authorized to receive subscriptions for 30,000 shares of \$100 each of the 7 per cent Preferred Stock of THE DOMINION IRON AND STEEL CO., LIMITED, at \$85 and accrued dividend for each \$100 share, payable as follows: \$20 per share on allotment \$20 per share on 15th April, 1901, \$20 per share on 15th May, 1901,

and the balance, with the amount due for accrued dividends on 15th June, 1901.

The whole of the installments remaining unpaid at any time may be prepaid in full. Applications will be received by the Branches and Agencies of the above Banks in the Maritime Provinces, and the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, from any of which Forms of Application and copies of the Prospectus may be obtained.

Notice of allotment will be sent through the office of the Bank at which the application is received, and payment may be made there.

It is intended to apply to the Stock Exchanges in Montreal and Toronto for the listing of the Stock and Bonds of the Company. Montreal, 4th March, 1901.

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY.

If the production from the Company's works be as estimated, 300,000 tons of Pig Metal and 60,000 tons of Steel Blooms in 1901, and thereafter 400,000 tons of Iron and Steel per annum, made from foreign (Newfoundland) ore, the bounties to be received from the Canadian Government will be as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Year and Amount. 1901: \$870,000; 1902: 2,075,000; 1903: 1,850,000; 1904: 1,450,000; 1905: 1,000,000; 1906: 625,000; 1907: 225,000. Total: \$8,095,000

CAPITALIZATION.

The Bonds, as well as the Common Stock, have been issued and paid for; with the money thus obtained, and the proceeds of the Preferred Stock, the cost of organization, construction of the works, and the purchase of mining properties will be entirely defrayed, and about one million dollars remain for working capital.

The Bond issue, \$8,000,000, is secured by a mortgage to the National Trust Company, Limited, covering all the property of the Company.

The General Manager, Mr. A. J. Moxham, has written as follows: Mr. H. M. WHITNEY, President, Dominion Iron and Steel Company, Limited, Montreal, Canada.

Dear Sir.—I am glad to advise you that No. 1 furnace is in successful operation, and we have been able to measure results by accomplished facts. Whatever doubt may have existed as to the manufacturing possibilities at Sydney are now removed. Speaking in detail:

1. IRON ORE—The developments at Bell Islands, both by the drilling done and by headings put in, have demonstrated the certainty of the ore supply. The ore under cover is of better quality than we had counted on as standard. It exists in a bed of full depth—low in silica and high in iron. Notwithstanding the fact that we mined last year only about 120,000 tons, and that we unloaded this by hand instead of by machinery, and that we charged off into this small tonnage the expense of a long strike at Bell Island, the cost of the ore delivered at our dock, I.O.B. steamer, was only \$1 62 a ton. Our estimate is based upon the figure of \$1 25. This result shows our estimate to be a safe one. The ore, as anticipated, works kindly in the furnace, and guarantees to us a large product per furnace.

2. LIMESTONE—We have two supplies—Georges River and Marble Mountain. We are operating at present with the Georges River stone at a cost of 60 cents a ton, which is within our estimate. The unusual purity of our flux has enabled us to control both the silica and the sulphur in our pig metal to an unusual degree, and with the use of a minimum amount of flux. We have in our very pure flux an asset of great value.

3. COAL—We are operating our bi-product ovens with unwashed coal, nevertheless the coke manufactured is of excellent physical quality. It is capable of hard driving, and of maintaining the burden in the blast furnace without trouble. While slightly higher in sulphur—as must be the case until we wash it—our pure flux, as stated, renders this no disadvantage to us. We have demonstrated that the question of washing is not a necessity, but purely an economic question. The coke from washed coal will be fully equal to the celebrated Connelleville standard—the sulphur will be no higher, the ash lower, and carbon higher.

4. LABOR—The plant is constructed with every modern labor-saving device, and after that interval of time necessary to get every new plant well organized in its labor department, our cost sheet will challenge comparison with that of any steel plant elsewhere.

5. COST OF PRODUCTION—I am confined in my opinion, hitherto expressed, that after crediting the value of the bi-products from the coke ovens, the cost of our pig iron should not exceed \$5 50 per ton after everything has been reduced to steady practice. The quality is all that could be desired. In conclusion, we are safe in counting upon a reasonable profit from the start, and a handsome increase in the same as the product reaches its maximum. (Signed) A. J. MOXHAM, General Manager Dominion Iron and Steel Company, Limited.

"During the recent heavy snowstorms 29 men were sent to clear the snow out of a railway cutting near Wolove, on Riazan-Ural line. They were just leaving the cutting when the train came down at full speed and crushed about 20 into shapeless masses, their clothing clogging the axles and stopping the train. Inquiry shows that the engine driver and all the guards were drunk."

THE BOMBAY CENSUS. Bombay, March 6.—The census returns show the city of Bombay has 770,000 inhabitants, a decrease of over 50,000 in ten years, mainly due to the exodus of the past two months on account of the plague. Partial returns from the rural districts show terrific decreases in population through famine. The population of Manicantha has declined 26,000; Bijapore, 61,000 and Poona city 7,400.

PAY FOR IRISH M.P.'S. London, March 6.—At a meeting of Irish Nationalists yesterday afternoon, at which John Redmond presided, a resolution was passed to the effect that it was inconsistent and improper for any member of the party to use influence, direct or indirect, to obtain government situations or appointments of any kind for any person. It was also decided to pay to members unable to attend the sessions of the

House of Commons without a subsidy the sum of 25 weekly during the session, non-attendance being fined at the rate of 15 shillings per day.

IN PORTUGUESE PARLIAMENT. Lisbon, March 6.—In the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, Senhor Fernandez interpellated the government regarding the troubles in Oporto, which he attributed to the insolence and audacity of the ultramontane reactionaries and the weakness of the government. The premier, Senhor Ribeiro, defended the authorities of Oporto, and accepted all their responsibilities growing out of the existing situation.

REPORTED DUEL A FAKE. Paris, March 6.—The report that Mr. John Wilson Durant, of Albany, N. Y., who has been living during the last two years in Paris, had been killed at Ostend in a duel with a Russian count, was an invention of his own. Mr. Durant is still alive. No duel was fought. The whole story was a pure fabrication.

CLOSURE CONDEMNED. London, March 7.—Mr. Balfour's proposal to make suspension for the remainder of the session the penalty of disobedience to the chair is expected to lead to an angry debate. Mr. Balfour's attempt to drive rather than lead the house meets with much disapprobation. It is argued that the

government knew they had a very heavy financial session, and yet, instead of calling parliament earlier, called it later than usual. It is understood that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman will protest against wholesale closing. His view is that the difficulties parliament has to face would have been to a great extent prevented if it had met a fortnight earlier.

CABLE NOTES. Peter Benoit, the distinguished composer, is dead at Brussels. The Roman Tribune asserts that Signor Pansa, Italian ambassador to Turkey, has accepted the Italian embassy in London. It also says that Baron Pava will be recalled from Washington.

The Portuguese censor stopped dispatches from Oporto reporting that a crowd had stoned the Sarado monastery, in the suburbs of the town, last Sunday, and that the cavalry were called out. There have been 200 arrests in Macedonia in consequence of the discovery of a revolutionary plot.

Special from Newcastle, Ont. Newcastle, March 7.—Mr. Joseph Hays is again a well man, and says: "As one who suffered for ten years from Asthma, I recommend Catarrhone. Three bottles cured me perfectly. It is clear, effective, and pleasant to use."

ITALIAN SHOT AND KILLED. Hazleton, Pa., March 5.—As Rudolph Dimaria, an Italian, was leaving his barber shop at noon today he was shot and instantly killed, the contents of a shotgun entering his body below the heart. The murder took place on the principal street of the town. Nicholas Lapias, a countryman, with whom Dimaria quarreled recently, was arrested on suspicion of having committed the murder.

After the grip, or other serious illness, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine to take to restore the appetite and strength. It is estimated one-third of the dwellers upon earth are habitual users of tobacco.

WORMS CAUSE FEVERISHNESS, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Warm Extremator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

"Do you think that the receiver is as bad as the thief?" "Sometimes, and occasionally he is as bad as the original board of directors."—Judge.

RHEUMATISM CURED QUICKLY. And surely with Trask's Magnetic Ointment. 25 and 40 cents at C. McCallum & Co.

A passion play will be given at Selzach in the Canton of Solothurn, Switzerland, on June 14.



If you have a hard hacking cough that no other remedy seems able to cure, try a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. There is nothing to equal it for loosening the phlegm, allaying the irritation and healing and strengthening the lungs and bronchial tubes. Miss M. Erndshaw, Wesleyville, Ont., says: "My brother was troubled with a very bad hacking cough, which stuck to him in spite of everything we could do, but after using three bottles of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup he was completely cured."