What is Scrofula

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors." It is a more formidable enemy than consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How can it be cured? By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. For all affections of the blood Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled, and some of the cures it has effected are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula in any of its various forms, be sure to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

FIXING THINGS.

Probable Sale of the Toledo Baseball Team to Columbus.

Balk Line Billiards in Philadelphia—Turf and Other Sporting News.

THE TRIGGER.

The four handsome competition cups of the London Gun Club, the ownership of which will be decided on to-morrow afternoon, are on exhibition in the window of Priddis Bros., Dundas street. The four classes will shoot, commencing at 10:30 in the morning. The cups will be awarded to the winners in the Grigg House parlors on the evening of the shoot. As there is considerable friendly rivalry among the club's members the competition promises to be keen.

Everything points to a successful issue for the club's big tournament which commences in this city on Jan. 26. The rules of the tournament require that the programme shall be shot off on the four following days. The liberal prizes offered, amounting in all to $1,500, have attracted the attention of sports in every part of the Province, and many of them have already signified their intention of being present.

During yesterday's practice at the grounds a rapid firing contest took place between a quartet of the members. Each man shot at 30 birds from a sixteen-yard rise with the following result:

Nichols, c. 10101001
01111010100001111010001—15
Brownell, c. 1010011 0
0100001101000110011111 0—14
Windfield, d. 00110001
1010110101 1110011011 1—17
Redpath, a. 11111101
0111111111101111010110—24

CURLING.

The second game in the series for the Lindsay and Peterboro Challenge Cup was played Tuesday, two rinks playing in Peterboro and two rinks at Lindsay, resulting in a victory for Peterboro by 17 shots.

Plattsville curlers visited Bright on Tuesday and was defeated by 12 shots. The Bright skips were John McKie and M. Stewart and their score 42. Plattsville's skips were Geo. Milne and E. Sauer and their score 30 shots.

PEDESTRIANISM.

Dan Hurty won the six days' race at St. Louis, with a score of 513 miles.

SKATING.

McCormick, the St. John, N. B., skater, has received a challenge from Harold Hagan, the Norwegian, for three races in Norway, McCormick's expenses to be paid. McCormick will go early in January.

The victories which the amateur skating champion, Joe Donoghue, has achieved in Europe are all the more gratifying to his countrymen on account of the boy's modest bearing. Donoghue's 9 minutes and 17 seconds for three miles made in Holland recently in a race open to all amateurs is the best on record.

THE TURF.

The Washington Park Club of Chicago will give $110,000 in added money during its summer race meeting.

The American trotting mare Polly won £4,350 in English money in European trotting races this season.

The Latonia Jockey Club of Covington, Ky., is building new betting quarters at an outlay of $15,000.

The tax of seven guineas levied by the Jockey Club on every racehorse trained on Newmarket heath must bring into that body a sum exceeding £18,000 annually.

There are about 200 horses in winter quarters at Memphis.

It is estimated that the Futurity of 189 will be worth $100,000.

Phil Dwyer says that he will spend $100,000 for horses before spring.

BASEBALL.

The consolidated Pittsburg will have players to dispose of, not counting Jack McCormick and Pete Conway. The club has nine pitchers on the reserve list—Hecker, Anderson, Day, Smith, Galvin, Staley, Maul, Conway and McCormick.

Manager W. W. Burnham of the New Haven club is trying to organize an Eastern league by placing clubs in eight of the following cities: Syracuse, Buffalo, Rochester, Utica, Troy and Albany, in the west, Hartford, New Haven, Worcester, Providence, Bridgeport and Lowell in the east.

President Thurman returned to Columbus, O., from his Toledo mission yesterday. He feels sure President Ketcham will accept his offer of $7,000 for the Toledo team's option to run to Feb. 15. The matter will be definitely settled next Saturday. A meeting of the Joint Conference Committee is to be held at Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, on Jan. 13, and a meeting of the entire American Association on Jan. 14, the same place to settle the affairs of the association.

ATHLETICS.

Prof. W. F. Gearhart, superintendent of the Louisville Athletic Club, is reported to have made a best on record at high kicking with both feet together. The height was measured by the judges—W. B. Harris, Philip E. Allison and E. W. Kelly—viz., 8 feet 3½ inches.

The new building of the Young Men's Christian Association, New York, will contain a commodious and thoroughly equipped gymnasium. Special privileges will also be provided for members of the gymnasium department, who need not necessarily be members of the association.

CHECKERS.

The following is from the Minneapolis Journal: J. P. Reed, the checker player, who visited this city on Monday, went away with few laurels about his brow than he came with. The local player pitted against him, P. Head, champion of Minnesota, played five games, with a score of 2 in Reed's favor, 1 drawn, 1. The result was a surprise to the local players, and Reed went to Kansas City last night on his engagement.

THE RING.

Between the presentation of £200 and his share of the gate receipts Big Joe McAuliffe cleared about $5,000 on his farewell benefit in London. He will land in New York shortly.

"Swipes, the Newsboy," and Brennen fought for a purse of $250 at a resort in New York, Monday afternoon. "Swipes" weighed 123 pounds, Brennan 138. The former won, knocking out his opponent with a blow in the fifth round. One of the best slugging matches of the year.

The annual boxing contest between the Middle States will be held under the auspices of the Varuna Boat Club, on Jan. 9 and 13. The competitions are open to all amateurs, the weights being as follows: One hundred and five pounds and under, 115 pounds and under, 125 pounds and under, 135 pounds and under, 145 pounds and under, and all comers. All winners of firsts, who compete in the finals, have to secure first or second places, such as nickel, plain-face, fifth-second, register, half-back, stop-watch, etc. The actual winners in each class will receive a handsome diamond medal, and second chairs, to second men getting second honors. The entrance fee has been fixed at $5, of which one-half will be returned to every one who competes.

BILLIARDS.

In the recent handicap tournament between balk-line billiard players, Frederick Laughlin made a grand average of 196.389 in 2,224 points. His average was 10 10-39, he playing 200 points. This hardly suggests that he stood much chance of winning against Cook, Carter, Maggioli or Gallagher, however.

POISONOUS CANDY

Another Attempt at Wholesale Murder in St. John.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Dec. 31.—Another attempt at wholesale poisoning comes to light under peculiar circumstances. A report reaches Carleton street, where a number of children live. In this locality resides a Mr. Stewart, his wife and family occupying a little upstairs flat. The children, of them, were strewn in every direction; temperature "in the shade." It was a jolly gathering, however, and the more so as the four of them had recently passed through the experience of poisoning and recovered. On Friday night last a man gave one of the boys a package of candy. This was taken to the house and immediately divided by the mother, the eldest daughter, a little girl and a smaller boy partaking liberally of the contents. In a moment they were violently ill, and only by the use of emetics were their systems cleared of the poisonous mixture. The eldest girl's case, the symptoms of which were sleepiness, faintness and nausea, was more severe than that of the others, but she finally recovered. The father was hastily summoned, and after the recovery of his family ate the rest of the candy, and it is known what poisonous element was used in it, and the identity of the villain is unknown.

Got Drunk and Froze to Death.

OTTAWA, Dec. 31.—A man named Jones was found dead on the road near Carleton county. He drank a bottle of liquor, and, falling down, was frozen to death. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts.

Seven Years for Train-Wrecking.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 31.—John Reid, who with Cain and Burt was tried for placing the cabbage switch on the Hudson road near Greenbush during the big strike, and who made a confession before the grand jury, was sentenced by the Court of Sessions by Judge Ingalls to seven years.

Very Likely Not.

"I wonder how a composer feels when he encounters an organ grinder turning one of his compositions."

"I don't believe he likes it better than we do when we have to meet our own dues."

The Old Customs.

"Going to swear off drinking smoking this New Year?"

"Of course. I have always did, and I am not going to quit now. I'm a believer in keeping up old customs."

A Dude of 1770.

From a newspaper printed the year 1770 is the following description of a dandy: "A few days ago a macaroni made his appearance in the assembly rooms in a White Haven dressed in red silk breeches, satin waistcoat and breeches covered with an elegant silk net, white stockings with pink clocks, pink shoes and large buttons, a mushroom of stock, covered with fine point lace dressed remarkably high and stuck of pearl pins."

Nathan Plummer, M.D. Auburn, N.H., says that he has used VISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY in practice for more than ten years, and is the best effectual remedy with his knowledge. He recommends it to great confidence to those subject to colds and pulmonary complaints.

Professor (a little distrait)—I'm very glad to see you. How's your wife? "I regret it, professor, but I'm married." Ah, yes; then, of course, your wife's still single!"

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine introduced for dysentery, diarrhoea and all summer complaints, sea sick, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Walker—Weeks has a painful round-shoulders, hasn't he? Weeks does any work, does he? Went to see, but you might to see the load he has to carry!

Worms cause feverish moaning and sleeplessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure for you.

A $2 bromide given with each dozen cabinets at Norton's, 310 Dundas and Richmond street. Three for 50 cents. ywt

ULSTERS

Irish Friezes & Scotch Cheviots in all the newest shades

LEAVE YOUR ORDER WITH

HARRY LENG

And you will have one of the best Ulsters in the Dominion of Canada.

RHER PERSONAL.

The ndidates' Speeches in Ward Five.

The spective Mayors Say What They Will Do.

Wat ommissioners Essery and Davis ald. Jones Do Some Talking—A Lively and Lengthy Meeting.

ting of the ratepayers was held in the End Hall Tuesday night, the place being comfortably crowded. The usual qu s were gone over in full by the sp s, but with no startling developments. The chair was taken by Squire Ja

A. C. Courtice made a rousing sp in support of the Liquor License Act was well received. "In attending the nominations Monday," said he, "I heard a good deal of talk about expenses and the high rate of taxation. It was said a large amount of money had been paid out in paving and in South London. I have contributed my share willingly as a taxpayer, for I am just as much a citizen as a ratepayer."

Voices—"Clergy don't pay taxes."

Mr. Courtice—"You mean that church property is exempt; but I pay on my income. (Hear, hear.) I believe that ratepayers will have to come down and pay taxes on their property the same as any other people. (Cheers.) There is also said to have been a large amount expended on the schools, and to that I cheerfully submit to be taxed. It would be better to cut down the Board of Works' expenditure and have muddy roads than deprive the children of a single educational advantage. (Cheers.) Let us look at the expenditure of the police commissioners, three-fourths of which is caused by the liquor traffic, and if you ask me to reduce the expenses of the city, I say cut it in the police department. I do not mean that it should be done by cutting down the policeman's salary or depriving him of warm clothing; but cut down the expense of this police business entirely. Now for myself I don't want a policeman, and I dare say there are many in this hall that don't either; if everyone were that way we would need none in the city." In conclusion he appealed for their suffrages for the license reduction bylaw. There would be no interference with vested right in cutting off the fifteen licenses. They had no proper hotel accommodation and were merely places of temptation.

Mr. Wm. Bowman was received with applause. "I have a record of many years' standing in the city," said he, "and it has always been my business in my spare hours to devote myself to the boys that are growing up." (Cheers.) The speaker then instanced a certain house in a neighborhood, which he said was a disgrace and a ruin to many of the rising generation. "Hundreds of our women are suffering because their husbands are indulging in strong drink. Every mother has a right in her children, every sister in her brother, and they have the right to go to this city and say, 'Do, for God's sake, interfere in our behalf, and prevent this cursed thing be perpetuated.' (Applause.) I appeal to you as citizens to look at it from the standpoint of figures. Here is $40,000 or $50,000 spent in this way every year; and what we get for it? Fifty cents a day for license! Look at the money there would be in circulation were this amount not wasted into the liquor dealer's pockets. Even reduce the number of licenses to 50 and we would be behind Toronto. We should have one for every 600 people, but in Toronto they have only one to every 1,000 (Applause). He appealed for support to the by-law on Monday next.

Mr. Jarvis said there were a few difficulties in the way of reduction. The legislature said it was right to sell liquor, then the British constitution or man was called as another. In Michigan they had reduced the price of a license in one to reduce the number, and $3,000 sure had to be paid. In another State in the union every man who drank had to take out a $5 license to do so. (Laughter). The question was what was the right method.

Mayor Taylor was applauded on rising and defended the actions of the Council at length, accounting for the high rate by pointing to the heavy expenses the schools had affected the rate by Hills, the disbandment consequent upon the amalgamation of South London, the annual hospital expenditure, the repairing the fire hall, the increase in the account of the police commissioners resulting from the additional men required to give No. 6 ward protection, the Board of Works expenditure on block paving, the work being done chiefly on the petition of citizens, and the amount given to charities. "I intend next year I am going to be there—when I broke my address to the Council, to recommend to that body request the School Board, Hospital Trustees, Police Commissioners, and the various boards of the City to present their estimates at the very earliest date, so that we can strike a rate and try to keep within that, and not have it 21 or 22 mills on the citizens. (Applause.) I believe that you would have the whole assessment of the city placed before you so that each can see what proportion he pays his neighbor." (Cheers, hear.) Some had told him that if the assessment were printed there would be a rebellion; he was going to try to have it done nevertheless. The statement made by Alderman Anderson that he wished to hand over the $37,000 bonus to the C.P.R. was untrue. The speaker then went at length into the nature of the agreement, the communications between the Council and Mr. Van Horne to corroborate his statement. He was sorry to have to everything away as he knew the Press would publish it for the C. P. R. to read and know what the Council was doing. Until they were satisfied that the agreement had been carried out he could not consent to the handing over of the bonus. London West had been annoying the city with sewage suits, but proceedings had been stayed by the Council agreeing to build an opening to the dam. He believed in the city owning its electric light, but rather than take the Ball Company's offer he preferred the present contract. The waterworks debentures was rehashed. He claimed the $70,000 was desired to recoup the city for extending the mains in South London and the purchase of works, and the $60,000 to recoup the city for mains already laid. By the solicitor's advice application was made for $130,000 worth of debentures in one act. He thought the Council did wrong in taking the action they did on the question, as the water commissioners took it as a personal matter and kicked up a row. The seventh clause in the act he considered as showing that they was intended to have been returned if the Board had handed back every $37,000 fairly asked for by the Council. The rate would have been lower. He did not wish to issue a dollar of the $60,000, but if the water commissioners asked for money, he thought they should have it. He favored the consolidation of the city debt when the market was favorable. The citizens of London could hold the Port Stanley Railway in one way. Who could tell when the G. T. R. and C. P. R. might become one, and then the only salvation lie in the power of bringing the goods over the L. and P. S. from the Port. An agreement should be made that would be of benefit to the citizens. Mr. Minhinnick had complained of the oil refineries moving from the East End, but it was while Mr. Minhinnick was in the Council that the event happened.

Mr. Minhinnick—That's not so.

Mayor Taylor—Mr. Minhinnick said he paid more wages in one week than I have in a year. That's all nonsense.

Voice—He pays 75 cents a day. (Laughter.)

Continuing, Mayor Taylor said his taxes were far higher than Mr. Minhinnick's. "He belongs to a party that favors protection, but when it comes to his own interest it is a different thing. He belongs to an oil ring and they found it would be cheaper to get oil barrels into the country free of duty and their request to the Government was granted. The result was the barrels were piled up on his premises and the coopers here turned away for want of work. (Laughter.)

Ald. Anderson was received with cheers. "I take issue with Mayor Taylor on the C. P. R. bonus question," said he. "He came to me before Council meeting commenced and told me of the company's letter, and he recommended to me that we hand over the $25,000 to the company. He asked me to consult with the other members of the Council about it, but we decided we would not hand over until the matter had been explained. Mr. Van Horne perfectly understood his business when he made that agreement and knew what he was doing, but the city men who were a party to that agreement did not understand their business. (Hear, hear.) The result was we were overmatched. I have always done my duty on the Council and will continue to do it. When I went to the Council the city was paying 7 per cent. on its debt. I moved that the Finance Committee consider the question with a view to securing a lower rate, and the Council sent that resolution to a committee, of which I was a member. I had information that the debt could be placed on a sound capitalist's hands at a rate of 3½ per cent., and under those circumstances we brought in a report asking the Council to apply to the Government for an act to consolidate the debt and obtain money at a less rate. If the present notice succeeds I have no doubt that it can be carried out at 3½ per cent., and we are saving of about $60,000 a year to the city. My experience with the London and Port Stanley Railway leads me some knowledge of its affairs. The lease comes during eighteen months. We could ask for an act of Parliament to sell the road—a better way." Ald. Anderson stated he had advocated a fixed assessment for local manufacturers as a means of encouragement, and he was glad to see it had been taken advantage of. In again dealing with the Port Stanley road he said he had moved that Government application be made regarding the harbor, because he knew the assets of the railway depended almost entirely upon the state of that harbor. It was of the utmost importance that appropriation be made to put it in a good state of repair. Mayor Taylor had told him that he (Taylor) was a candidate again in order to pave the way for higher honors in Parliament. In conclusion he appealed for the suffrages of the voters as an old and tried servant of the people, and was cheered on resuming his seat.

Mr. Minhinnick then presented his views. He had been in the ward for years and had spent more in it than any citizen there. The frontage tax, license and ward reduction questions were in the electors' hands, and he would carry out their wishes. The $60,000 debentures should never have been issued for that which had been spent. The Water Commissioners were perfectly right in not handing that over to the Council. It was the duty of the mayor to find out the amount required for the year, and the present high rate had come about because a man in that Council had not done his duty.

Voice—Tell us about the coopers.

Some uproar followed and it was several minutes before the speaker could be heard.

Continuing, Mr. Minhinnick took up the refinery question. "When this London East was a hive of industry, when the air was black with smoke, when the refineries were running night and day, what do you think was the thing that stared us in the face?"

Voice—The blue barrels. (Loud laughter.)

Mr. Minhinnick hereupon stated that at the time in question the Canadian coopers could not get the dry material for the barrels in time to supply the demand and the oilmen had procured temporary relief from the Government. Furthermore, the statement which had been circulated about his having said a laboring man should not have more than 75 cents a day was false. The remark by Mayor Taylor that he was in the Council when the refineries were removed was also untrue. They would never have been removed if he had been there. The Council had refused to grant aid to a pipe line company and thereby encourage the oil industries. London East was the finest of land for oil purposes, owing to the water beneath the ground surface.

A Voice—Why didn't they stop?

Mr. Minhinnick—Didn't I tell you why? Last year I spent $40,000 in the works here. I repeat that I have paid more wages in one week than Mayor Taylor ever has.

A man in the rear then made himself obstreperous, and speaking had to be discontinued for a while. The chairman remarked that the conduct was disgraceful, which had a quieting effect.

Continuing Mr. Minhinnick supported his claims to the mayoralty, and pointed out his past record in the Council and Water Commission Board. If elected he would do his utmost to bring the refineries back to the city. He also believed the existing bylaw that refineries should not be built north of the track should be rescinded. As to the wages question his men were paid from $1 25 a day to $10 per week, and it was known that no one paid their employes better than those in the oil interests.

Water Commissioner Davis was cheered on rising, and spoke with his usual fluency and effect. He read the annual statement of the department, showing an increase of revenue and balance. Ald. Jones' statement that there was only one man on the Board instead of three as provided by statute was a vile slander on him (the speaker) because Mr. Essery had stood by him in the $60,000 deal and the Springbank bargain. It was because he had stood up for the right that he was accused of being a nonentity on the commission. Ald. Jones had said that the job at Springbank had cost 33⅓ per cent. more than it ought. The wages paid to the workmen were $1 25 a day. Ald. Jones would give them 83⅓ cents. (Laughter.) The work could not be done by contract; no specifications could be given for the work. It had to be done as it went on, for it was impossible to tell how deep it would be necessary to go. The work was done under the supervision of the engineer. "We could not tell where the water was to be found, so it was an utter impossibility to give specifications of the work. But there was not a nail driven not a plank or tile laid but what was contracted for, everything but labor was given to the lowest tenderer. Citizens of all classes commended us for the manner in which we did the work. I visited the springs several times in the company of a brilliant young architect and land surveyor of recognized ability, and he in conjunction with other practical men expressed his approval of the manner we carried out the laudable and gigantic project." He defended the action of the commissioners on the debenture question and the refusal to allow $37,000 to be handed over to the Council. In conclusion he said: "I have honestly and faithfully endeavored to serve you, and I trust that I will meet with continued support at your hands. Whatever the result of the election may be, to me it will be all right, for if you elect me I will be proud of your esteem, and if you defeat me I can say that while I was in office I conscientiously tried to do my duty." (Loud cheers.)

Commissioner Essery was welcomed by applause. He went into the Springbank and debenture business and repeated his assertions made at Monday's nomination. He said if he were mayor he would call the heads of the various executive bodies together early in the year, ask for estimates, and tell them there was so much controllable expenditure to be used in the interests of the people. Speaking of the special committee called to consider the debenture business he said: "There were two lawyers, the heads of different committees, the city treasurer and other aldermen, and yet when asked to put a plain statement in writing they could not draw it up. (Laughter). We (the commissioners) retired to give them time, and amused ourselves by telling stories, and when we returned they were sitting around the table still. Somebody made a motion to adjourn, and out the aldermen filed like a funeral possession, while we went on with our business. (Laughter.) At the next Council meeting Ald. Boyd reported verbally, and Ald. Jones moved that the verbal report be filed! He might as well have rasped it. (Laughter.) Now Ald. Jones is leaving the sinking aldermanic ship and is trying like a rat to crawl into the Water Commission boat. (Laughter). Trickery will not win, and it will be found that Ald. Jones and his galloping mate, the mayor, will be left at home on Monday next." (Uproar.) When a main was laid the commissioners took so much out of the till and increased the water services, thereby bringing in more money. But who owned the pipes when laid? The corporation did, and in this way got $60,000 worth of work. But whenever the Board took a dollar more out of their funds, if there was not enough the Council taxed the people to make it up. He defied Ald. Jones to point out anything in the Springbank contract that was wrong. The aldermen and flannel-mouthed members of the Board of Trade were hobbling down there one beautiful summer's day, at the Board's expense, looking at the works, and did they say anything to him? (Laughter.) In conclusion he appealed to the electors to return him and his colleague, Chairman Davis, who had acted manfully by him. (Applause.)

It was going on 12 o'clock when Mr. Essery finished and the crowd began to file out. Ald. Jones appealed for a hearing and the greater majority granted it fairly. In closing, he handled the contract business and said the commissioners were great men at figures, but not at construction. He was going to let that big man Essery frighten him. (Laughter.) That gentleman had done the same thing the day before and talked so long that he crowded out the other speakers. He had polled the highest vote in the ward, which Mr. Essery could not do at his door to where he lived. Again Mr. Essery had made great ado about equal rights, but when he got into power he was a perfect czar. (Laughter.) He maintained that the Springbank job had been wrongly carried. In conclusion he expressed his confidence in being returned.

The meeting broke up at about 12 o'clock.

Brokers Break Loose.

TORONTO, Jan. 31.—At the call board this morning after the farewell, the members began pelting each other with flour from sample tubes, and had for half an hour a most uproarious time, which ceased only when most of the members had become unrecognizable.

As Bad as the Grippe.

AMSTERDAM, N.Y., Dec. 31.—An epidemic which is as annoying as last year's grippe is prevalent here. The disease is an enteric fever, having most of the symptoms of the typhoid. The first sign is nausea, followed by violent headache, soreness in the muscles, pains in the back, diarrhoea and high fever. It is said that over 60 sufferers are now under doctors' care.

Peculiar

In the combination, proportion, and preparation of its ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures whereof other preparations entirely fail. Peculiar in its good name at home, which is a "tower of strength abroad," peculiar in the phenomenal sales now attained, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most successful medicine for purifying the blood, giving strength, and creating an appetite. w

"This is a pretty time to be coming home!" cried Mrs. Oldwed, as she met her husband at the head of the stairs about 2 a.m. "Deep snow always make males late, m' dear," exclaimed her worthy spouse.

Mr. John Scales, of Toronto, writes: "A short time ago I was suffering from Kidney Complaint and Dyspepsia, our stomach and lame back; in fact, I was completely prostrated and suffering intense pain. While in this state a friend recommended me to try a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. I used one bottle, and the permanent manner in which it has cured and made a new man of me is such that I cannot withhold from the proprietors this expression of my gratitude."

Badly "Gone."—Johnnie (entertaining the young man before "Sis" entered the parlor)—I 'lowed you'd never come back here any more. Young Man—Why so, Johnnie? Johnnie—Sis said yesterday you was clean "gone."

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

Something Missing—"Are you disappointed in your Christmas gifts, Willie?" asked his mother. "N-no," he answered, looking them over again, "I'm not 'xactly disappointed, but I don't see anything here I can make a noise with."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

You have dropped half the labor of housework when you have taken up Pearline. You can wash anything with it—you can hurt nothing. Little labor, with little Pearline brings big results. There is no excuse for rubbing and scrubbing, when Pearline stands ready to do the work. Many of your friends can tell you about it. You can help yourself with it by helping yourself to it.

Never peddled. 219 JAMES PYLE, New York.

Christmas Trade.

WHOLESALE.

CUTLERY.

Carvers in cases.
Coffee spoons in cases.
Bronzes and ornaments.
Piano and banquet lamps, silver and brass.
Cut glass and Crown Derby marmalades.
Scissors in cases, fancy patterns.
Easels and brass tables.
Brass coal boxes and wood carriers.
Dessert sets in silver pearl.

Hobbs Hardware Co.

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Will be mailed to any address for a limited period upon the receipt of $1. With the same, we will send free a copy of our latest publication, "A Compilation of the U. S. Revenue Law and New Tariff Rates."

Address United States Commerce, 25n Boston, Mass

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WHOLESALE

HATS, FURS, Etc.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID

For all descriptions of Raw Furs. 25tf wty

We are not going to advertise that we do the best tailoring in London—that is generally conceded—Neither shall we announce a "Great Reduction Sale," so common among merchant tailors. We are constantly buying new patterns, and at no time are we burdened with unseasonable goods. Low prices, good fabrics and perfect fit, and satisfaction guaranteed to every customer. Will use up our stock as fast as required and give place for new goods.

SANAGAN, Merchant Tailor

353 Richmond Street. tyw

HAMILTON LADIES' COLLEGE

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